241-306 11.4.2008



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

4 2008

Dr. Jeffrey H. Birk, Ph.D. Product Registration BASF Corporation, Agricultural Products PO Box 13528 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3528

SUBJECT: Application for Pesticide Notification (PRN 98-10) Request General Label Change EPA Reg. No.241-306 Application Dated August 7, 2008

Dear Registrant:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated 08/07/08 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Owen F. Beeder of my staff at 703-308-8899.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

NOV

	2/19
Please read instructions on reverse before completing form. United States Environmental Protection Ag Washington, DC 20460	Form Approved. OMB No. 2070-0080. Approvel expires 2-28-95 Registration OPP Identifier Number Amendment ✓ Other
Application for	Pesticide - Section I
1. Company/Product Number 241-306	2. EPA Product Manager 3. Proposed Classification James Tompkins None
4. Company/Product (Name) SCEPTER 70 DG herbicide	PM#
5. Name and Address of Applicant <i>(Include ZIP Code)</i> BASF 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Rept (w. hap phanes in FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition And labeling to: EPA Reg. No
Se	ction - II
95-2 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have be understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any with violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and pen	herbicide (241-306). This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice een made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent
Se	ction - III
Yes Yes No No If "Yes" No. per If "Y	rr Soluble Packaging 2. Type of Container Yes Metal No Glass es" No. per age wgt container Other (Specify)
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Retail Cont Label Container 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph	ainer 5. Location of Label Directions
Paper glued Stenciled	
Sec	tion - IV
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of ind	ividual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)
Name Title Jeffrey H. Birk Regular	atory Manager
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attact I acknowledge that any knowlingly false or misleading statement both under applicable law. 2. Signature	may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or and a Stämped)
4. Typed Name 5. Date Jeffrey H. Birk 5. Date	August 7, 2008

Electronic Labeling Record LABEL INFORMATION Record Id#: ELL002974 Attachment 000241-00306.20080807.NVA **Product** Active Name: 2008-04-136-0226.pdf Status: Registration #: 000241-00306 Product: SCEPTER 70 DG HERBICIDE PC Code: 128848 RM Team: BM 25 Submission 08/07/2008 Date: Version: Initial **Receipt Date:** CD Enclosed?: Yes Comments: NVA 2008-04-136-0226 Application **Correspondence:** Attachment: 000241-00306,20080807.NVA 2008-04-136-0226.pdf SUBMISSION INFORMATION Status: Pending Submisssi 834565 on BC: Action 332 Code: OPPIN Receipt Date: 08/08/2008 Action Comments: Notification for final print label with minor label change for Scepter 70 DG Herbicide (241-306) **Reviewer Comments: User Reviews & Response Letters**



The Chemical Company

August 7, 2008

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Pesticide Programs (7505P) Document Processing Desk 7504P (**NOTIF**) Room S-4900 One Potomac Yard 2777 S. Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202 Attention: Mr. James Tompkins, (PM 25)

RE: Notification Scepter[®] 70 DG herbicide minor label change EPA Reg. No. 241-306

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

BASF is hereby submitting a notification with revised labeling for Scepter 70 DG herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 241-306) removing the tank mix recommendation for Status herbicide. The Status tradename was previously used for a soybean use herbicide, but now is used with the dicamba + diflufenzopyr herbicide (7969-242) used in corn. No other substantive changes have been made to the labeling.

Enclosed please find:

- Application form 8570-1
- CD containing electronic copy of the label
- Certification with Respect to Label Integrity
- Scepter 70 DG herbicide label
- Approved Scepter 70 DG herbicide label

No PRIA fee is required for this notification.

Thank you for your assistance with this matter. If you should have any questions, please feel free to call me at (919) 547-2622.

Regards,

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Jeffrey H. Birk, Ph.D. Regulatory Manager Phone 919-547-2622 Mobile : 919-225-9220 Fax: 919-547-2850 Email: jeffrey.birk@basf.com

Registered Trademark of BASF

Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

version: 9/11/02

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

PROPOSED LABEL				
EPA Registration # Date Submitted Electronic file name to EPA				
241-306	8/7/08	000241-00306.20080807.NVA 2008-04-136-0226.pdf		

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

A 30

08/07/2008 Date

Jeffrey H. Birk Name (typed)

Regulatory Manager Title



NOTIFICATION NOV 0 4 2008



FOR USE IN SOYBEANS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Imazaquin (2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	
5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-3-quinoline-carboxylic acid)	0.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	
TOTAL	0.0%

EPA Reg. No. 241-306

EPA Est. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION!/iPRECAUCIÓN!

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside for additional First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Warranty.

Net Contents:

BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

 FIRST AID

 If in eyes
 • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.

 • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
 • Call a poison control center for treatment advice.

 If on skin or clothing
 • Take off contaminated clothing.

 • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

 • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

 • MOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night, 1-800-832-HELP (1-800-832-4357).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS

CAUTION!

Causes eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Harmful if absorbed through skin.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users Should:

• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This chemical demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Observe all cautions and limitations on this label and on the labels of products used in combination with **Scepter**[®] **70 DG herbicide**. **DO NOT** use **Scepter 70 DG** other than in accordance with the instructions set forth on this label. The use of **Scepter 70 DG** not consistent with this label may result in injury to crops. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your. State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: if the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing. **DO NOT** store below 32° F. **DO NOT** contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Dispose of container in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Scepter[®] 70 DG herbicide is a uniquely flexible broad-spectrum herbicide which may be applied preplant incorporated, preemergence or postemergence in soybeans.

When **Scepter 70 DG** is applied to the soil, susceptible weeds emerge, growth stops, and then the weeds either die or are not competitive with the crop.

When **Scepter 70 DG** is applied postemergence, absorption occurs through both the foliage and roots. Susceptible weeds stop growing and either die or are not competitive with the crop.

A timely cultivation may aid in the control of certain weeds or improve general weed control when adequate moisture is not received after application. Cultivation should be shallow. After postemergence treatments, wait at least 10 days before cultivating.

The mode of weed killing activity involves uptake of **Scepter 70 DG** by weed roots and/or foliage and rapid translocation to growing points. Therefore, adequate soil moisture is important for optimum **Scepter 70 DG** activity. The amount of rainfall or irrigation required following application depends on existing soil moisture, soil texture and organic matter content. Sufficient water to moisten the soil to a depth of 2 inches is normally adequate. If adequate moisture is not received within 7 days after treatment, then a cultivation or postemergence herbicide application may be needed to improve weed control. When adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, **Scepter 70 DG** will provide residual control of susceptible germinating weeds; activity on established weeds will depend on the weed species and the location of its root system in the soil.

A soil treatment of **Scepter 70 DG** followed by a postemergence application of **Scepter®**, **Scepter® O.T.®**, or Classic® herbicides will control certain problem weeds. Use sequential treatments in recommended states only.

Occasionally, internode shortening of soybean plants may be observed with **Scepter 70 DG** applications. This has no effect on soybean yields.

Naturally occurring biotypes* of some of the weeds listed on this label may not be effectively controlled by this and/or other products with either the ALS/AHAS enzyme inhibiting mode of action. Other herbicides with the ALS/AHAS enzyme inhibiting mode of action include the sulfonylureas (e.g., Accent®, Basis®, Classic, Concert®, Exceed®, Permit®, Pinnacle® herbicides, etc.), the sulfonamides (e.g., Broadstrike® herbicide, etc.) and the pyrimidyl benzoates (e.g. Staple® herbicide, etc.). If naturally occurring ALS/AHAS resistant biotypes are present in a field, **Scepter 70DG** and/or any other ALS/AHAS enzyme inhibiting mode of action herbicide should be tank-mixed or applied sequentially with an appropriate registered herbicide having a different mode of action to ensure control.

* A weed biotype is a naturally occurring plant within a given species that has a slightly different, but distinct, genetic makeup from other plants.

See your BASF representative for additional information.

PRECAUTIONS

Crops other than soybeans, such as cotton, corn and vegetables, may be injured by spray drift or other indirect contact with **Scepter 70 DG**.

To avoid injury to sensitive crops from spray drift, follow all use directions and precautions in **SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS** section.

DO NOT use **Scepter 70 DG** other than in accordance with the instructions set forth on this label or approved supplemental labels.

To avoid injury to sensitive crops, spray equipment used for **Scepter 70 DG** applications must be drained and thoroughly cleaned with water before being used to apply other products to these crops.

DO NOT apply this product more than once per year to soybeans.

There must be an interval of at least 90 days between the last **Scepter 70 DG** application and soybean harvest.

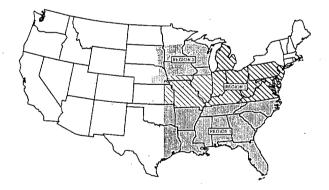
DO NOT graze or feed treated soybean forage, hay or straw to livestock.

Use of **Scepter 70 DG** herbicide in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of rotational crops in most situations; however, various environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product and, therefore, crop injury, is always possible. See **ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS** section.

Replanting: If replanting is necessary in a field previously treated with **Scepter 70 DG**, the field may be replanted to soybeans. Rework the soil no deeper than the treated zone. **DO NOT** apply a second treatment of **Scepter 70 DG**.

USE AREA

For use in soybeans, **Scepter 70 DG** can be applied only in the states or parts of states shaded in the following map:



USE REGION 1 includes eastern Oklahoma (east of I-35), Arkansas, the Missouri bootheel, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and eastern Texas (east of I-35 north of San Antonio, east of I-37 south of San Antonio).

USE REGION 2 includes eastern Kansas (east of U.S. 81; the counties of Cloud, Ellsworth, Harvey, Jewell, Lincoln, Mitchell, McPherson, Ottawa, Republic, Saline, Sedgewick, and Sumner), southeastern Nebraska (east of U.S. 81, south of U.S. 34), Missouri, Illinois (south of S.R. 116 west of Peoria, south of U.S. 24 east of Peoria), Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, and New Jersey. Iowa in the counties of Mills, Fremont, Montgomery, Page, Adams, Taylor, Union, Ringgold, Clarke, Decatur, Lucas, Wayne, Monroe, Appanoose, Wapello, Davis, Jefferson, Van Buren, Henry, Lee, and Des Moines.

USE REGION 3 includes Nebraska (east of U.S. 81, north of U.S. 34 and also that area east of U.S. 283, south of U.S. 30, and west of U.S. 81), South Dakota (east of U.S. 81), Illinois (north of S.R. 116 west of Peoria; north of U.S. 24 east of Peoria), Wisconsin, Iowa (in counties other than those listed in USE REGION 2) and Minnesota (south of S.R. 210).

NOTE: See the **ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS** section for recommendations applying to each USE REGION.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY SOIL APPLICATIONS

When applied as directed, soil-applied treatments of **Scepter® 70 DG herbicide** will control or suppress the following weeds:

BROADLEAF WEEDS

w	FF	=n	

LEVEL OF CONTROL

Alligatorweed	Control
Beggarweed, Florida	Control ¹
Bristly Starbur	Control
Burcucumber	Control ²
Cocklebur, Common	Control
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	Control ³
Jimsonweed	Control
Lambsquarters, Common	Control
Mallow, Venice	Control
Mexicanweed	Suppression
Morningglory,	
Entireleaf	Control ⁴
lvyleaf	Control ⁴
Palmleaf	Control
Pitted	Control
Smallflower	Control
Tall	Control ^₄
Mustard species	Control
Nightshade, Eastern Black	Control
Pigweed,	
Palmer	Control .
Redroot	Control
Smooth	Control
Spiny	Control
Poinsettia, Wild	Control
Puncturevine	Control
Pusley, Florida	Control
Ragweed,	
Common	Control
Giant	Control ⁵
Redweed	Control ²
Sesbania, Hemp	Control ³
Sicklepod	Control ⁶
Sida, Prickly (teaweed)	Control
Smartweed	
Ladysthumb	Control
Pennsylvania	Çontrol
Spurge, Spotted	Suppression
Sunflower, Common	Control
Suntiower, Common	Control

Texasweed	Suppression	
Velvetleaf	Control ⁷	
Waterhemp,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Common	Control ⁸	
Tall	Control ⁸	
GF	RASSES	
Barnyardgrass	Suppression	
Corn, Volunteer	Suppression ⁹	
Foxtail,		
Giant	Control	
Green	Control	
Yellow	Control	
Goosegrass	Suppression	
Johnsongrass, seedling	Control	
Shattercane	Suppression	
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Suppression	
S	EDGES	
Nutsedge, Yellow	Suppression ²	

- ¹ A soil application of **Scepter 70 DG** will provide suppression of Florida beggarweed. A postemergence application of Classic[®] herbicide must be applied at 1/2 to 3/4 ounces per acre following a soil application of **Scepter 70 DG** in a planned sequential program to control this weed. Apply the higher rate of Classic if weed seedlings are taller than 2 inches. Apply Classic before weeds exceed the 1 to 2 true leaf stage. Refer to the **ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS** section of this label for instructions on planting follow crops when using this program. **Scepter 70 DG** followed by Classic sequential program may be used only in USE REGION 1 (except Oklahoma), Virginia, and Kentucky.
- ² To obtain consistent control or suppression of these weeds under a wide range of environmental conditions, a preplant incorporated application is required.
- ³ USE REGION 1 and USE REGION 2: Scepter[®] O.T. herbicide must be applied postemergence at 1 pint per acre following a soil application of Scepter 70 DG for control of these weeds. The total amount of Scepter O.T. applied should not exceed 1 pint per acre in USE REGION 2 or 2 pints per acre in USE REGION 1 in one season when following 2.8 ounces per acre of Scepter 70 DG. Refer to the Scepter O.T. label for application instructions. In USE REGION 2, refer to the ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS section of this label for special instructions on planting follow crops when using this program.
- ⁴ A 2.8 ounces per acre soil application of Scepter 70 DG will provide suppression of these weeds. For control of these morningglory species, the sequential program in footnote #3 should be used.
- ⁵ Some broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed germinating deep in the soil or with subsequent flushes may require a cultivation or postemergence herbicide application for season-long control.
- ⁶ Only light to moderate infestations of sicklepod are controlled. Later sicklepod flushes may require a cultivation or a postemergence herbicide application. For heavy sicklepod infestations Classic may be applied postemergence at 1/2 to 3/4 ounces per acre following a soil application of Scepter 70 DG at 2.8 ounces per acre. Apply the higher rate of Classic if sicklepod seedlings are taller than 2 inches. A cultivation 14 days after Classic application may be required to control sicklepod escapes. Refer to the ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS section of this label for instructions on planting follow crops when using this program. Scepter 70 DG followed by Classic sequential program may be used only in USE REGION 1 (except Oklahoma), Virginia and Kentucky.

⁷ A preplant incorporated application is recommended for velvetleaf control. A preemergence application of **Scepter 70 DG** will aid in the control and reduce competition from velvetleaf. If a heavy infestation of waterhemp sp. is anticipated, a tank mix of Scepter 70 DG herbicide plus Prowl 3.3 EC herbicide is required for control. For coarse textured soils tankmix Prowl 3.3 EC at 2.4 pints/acre, for medium textured soils tankmix Prowl 3.3 EC at 3.0 to 3.6 pints/acre, and for fine textured soils tankmix Prowl 3.3 EC at 3.6 pints/acre. Refer to the Prowl 3.3 EC label for specific use rates, application methods and application timings based on soil texture and soil organic matter content. A postemergence application of a diphenylether herbicide may be needed to control waterhemp sp. escapes, or for season-long control. Examples of diphenylether herbicides. Refer to individual product labels for specific uses and recommendations.

⁹ A soil application of Scepter 70 DG will suppress only those field corn hybrids which DO NOT possess tolerance or resistance to Scepter 70 DG or other imidazolinone herbicides (e.g., Pursuit[®] herbicide).

NOTE: The total amount of **Scepter 70 DG** applied should not exceed 5.6 ounces per acre in one year.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

When applied as directed, postemergence treatments of **Scepter 70 DG** will control the following weeds:

MAXIMUM WEED HEIGHT CONTROL (inches)				
WEEDS CONTROLLED*	1.4 ounces /acre	2.8 ounces /acre		
Cocklebur, Common	8	12		
Pigweed,				
Palmer	N	6		
Redroot	4	12		
Smooth	4	12		
Spiny	N	12		
Poinsettia, Wild	N	6		
Sunflower, Common	4	8		
Volunteer Corn**	8	12		
N - Not Controllod				

N = Not Controlled

Apply when weeds are actively growing. **DO NOT** apply **Scepter 70 DG** postemergence when soybeans and weeds have been subjected to stress conditions such as temperature and moisture extremes.

- Use a nonionic or organo-silicone surfactant or crop oil concentrate.
- ** A postemergence application of Scepter 70 DG will control only those field corn hybrids which DO NOT possess tolerance or resistance to Scepter 70 DG or other imidazolinone herbicides (e.g., Pursuit herbicide).

DIRECTIONS FOR CONVENTIONAL, MINIMUM, AND NO-TILL APPLICATIONS

APPLICATION RATE

Apply **Scepter 70 DG** at a broadcast rate of 2.8 ounces per acre for preplant incorporated and preemergence (including minimum and no-till systems) applications. Apply **Scepter 70 DG** at a broadcast rate of 1.4 or 2.8 ounces per acre for postemergence applications.

NOTE: For preplant incorporated and preemergence applications on sands and loamy sands, 2.15 ounces per acre can be used without a substantial reduction in the control of only cocklebur and pigweed.

NOTE: In USE REGION 3 as defined by the **USE AREA** section of this label, apply **Scepter 70 DG** prior to July 1.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

SOIL APPLICATIONS

Scepter 70 DG may be applied in conventional, minimum, or no-till as a preplant incorporated or preemergence application up to 45 days (30 days in USE REGION 1) before planting. Preemergence applications may also be applied during or after planting but before the crop emerges.

Adequate moisture is required for activation of **Scepter**. **70 DG**.

PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATIONS

Apply **Scepter 70 DG** before planting and incorporate uniformly into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil.

Scepter 70 DG may be applied immediately before planting or up to 30 days prior to planting in USE REGION 1. For USE REGION 2 and USE REGION 3, Scepter 70 DG may be applied up to 45 days prior to planting. Incorporate within 7 days after application.

If soybeans are planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation using PTO-driven equipment or rolling cultivator.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS (including no-till and reduced tillage)

Apply Scepter 70 DG up to 45 days (30 days in USE REGION 1) before, during or after planting but before the crop emerges. As with other herbicides applied preemergence, rainfall or irrigation is necessary to activate Scepter 70 DG in the soil. If sufficient rainfall or irrigation to activate Scepter 70 DG is not received within 7 days after application, a thorough shallow tillage, cultivation, or postemergence. treatment may be required for control of emerged weeds.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Scepter 70 DG applied postemergence not only controls the emerged weed species listed previously, but can also provide residual control of susceptible weeds that may emerge after application. Application should be made to small soybeans so more herbicide reaches the soil surface. The level of residual control will depend on weed density and canopy closure, which affect the amount of Scepter 70 DG reaching the soil surface, and environmental conditions, such as rainfall, at the time of and following application.

To maximize weed control following a postemergence **Scepter 70 DG** application, wait at least 10 days before cultivating. This timely cultivation will enhance residual weed control, especially under dry conditions.

Use a nonionic or organo-silicone surfactant or crop oil concentrate. The nonionic surfactant should contain at least 80% active ingredient and be applied at 0.25% v/v (1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mixture). The organosilicone surfactant should be applied at a rate of at least 0.125% v/v (1 pint per 100 gallons of spray mixture). Refer to the specific surfactant label for more specific use instructions. Apply the crop oil concentrate (COC) at the rate stated on the COC label.

There must be an interval of at least 90 days between the last **Scepter 70 DG** application and soybean harvest.

HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS

A soil treatment of **Scepter 70DG** is active against many grass species, but for maximum grass control **Scepter 70 DG** should be tank mixed with **Prowl 3.3 EC**., trifluralin, **Frontier® herbicide**, Lasso® or Dual® herbicides. **Scepter 70 DG** may also be applied as a sequential preemergence

or postemergence treatment following application of one of the above grass herbicides.

For no-till uses, **Scepter® 70 DG herbicide** may be tank mixed with Gramoxone® Extra, Roundup Ultra®, Touchdown®, 2,4-D, or 2,4-DB herbicides to kill existing vegetation. **Scepter 70 DG** may also be tank mixed with Bronco® herbicide, a product which gives both preemergence control of annual grasses and postemergence control of existing vegetation. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. Use higher gallonage for fields with dense vegetation or heavy crop residues. Use ground equipment only. Plant soybeans at least one inch deep and adjust planters to ensure adequate seed coverage.

In addition to those broadleaf herbicides specifically mentioned elsewhere in this label, a **Scepter 70 DG** application may be followed by one or more of the following herbicides: **Basagran®**, **Blazer®**, Cobra®, Flexstar®, **Galaxy®**, Reflex®, **Storm®**, or Roundup Ultra® herbicides. **DO NOT** apply Roundup Ultra postemergence to soybeans that are not glyphosate-resistant. For sequential treatments with **Scepter 70 DG** and other products, a sufficient time period should occur between treatments to allow an appropriate assessment of weed control needs.

Heavy infestations of some broadleaf weeds such as common ragweed and giant ragweed, which germinate deep in the soil and may emerge at various times during the growing season, may require a cultivation or the application of a postemergence herbicide, such as a diphenylether for season long control.

Scepter 70 DG may be tank mixed or followed by herbicides registered for postemergence grass control in soybeans, in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions. In some cases the activity of the grass herbicide may be reduced when mixed with **Scepter 70 DG**. The reduction in activity may be overcome by delaying the application of the postemergence grass herbicide 7 days following the application of **Scepter 70 DG**. If the grass herbicide is applied first, wait 3 days before applying **Scepter 70 DG**. Refer to the respective grass herbicide label for recommended application rate, weed size and restrictions.

When used in combination with another herbicide, **Scepter 70 DG** should be used only in accordance with recommendations on this label. Always follow the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. **Scepter 70 DG** cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

SOIL TEXTURE

Although the rate of **Scepter 70 DG** does not vary with soil texture, the recommended rates of other herbicides used with this product generally do vary with soil texture. Combination rate tables in this label refer to three soil texture groups: COARSE, MEDIUM, and FINE. The following table lists soil textures included in each of these three groups:

COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
sands	sandy clay loams*	silty clay loams*
loamy sands	sandy clays	silty clays
sandy loams	loams	clay loams
	silt loams	clays
	silts	

* Sometimes considered transitional soils

ADDITIONAL WEEDS CONTROLLED BY COMBINATION TREATMENTS

When applied as directed, **Scepter 70 DG** preplant incorporated or preemergence combination treatments with **Prowl 3.3 EC**, trifluralin, **Frontier**, Lasso or Dual will control, as indicated, weeds listed in the following table in addition to those controlled by **Scepter 70 DG** alone.

WEED	PROWL 3.3 EC	Trifluralin ^a	Frontier	Lasso	Dual
GRASSES	,			· ·	
BARNYARDGRASS	X	· X	x	x	X
CRABGRASS, SMOOTH	X	X	· X	X	X
CRABGRASS, LARGE	X	X	X	X	X
CROWFOOT GRASS	X	X			
CUPGRASS, SOUTHWESTERN			X	_	X
GOOSEGRASS	X	X	X	X	X
PANICUM, FALL	X	X°	X	X	X
PANICUM, TEXAS	X	X			
RICE, RED		· · · ·	Xq	Xª	Xe
SANDBUR, FIELD	X	X			
SHATTERCANE	X ^{a,b}	Xc			
SIGNALGRASS	X	X	X	X	X
WITCHGRASS	X	Х	X	X	X
BROADLEAF WEEDS					
CARPETWEED	X	X	X	X	X
GALINSOGA		· · ·		X	X
KOCHIA	X	X			
PURSLANE	X	X	X	X	
SPURGE, ANNUAL	X				
SPURGE, NODDING			Х		

WEED	PROWL [®] 3.3 EC herbicide Triflura	lin ^a Frontier [®]	Lasso®	Dual®
SEDGES	······································			
NUTSEDGE, YELLOW	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Xq	Xa	X ·
RICE FLATSEDGE		X		
^a Preplant incorporated	d treatments only.			
^b See Scepter® 70 D	G herbicide Plus Prowl 3.3 EC Tank Mixture s	ection.		· · ·
° See Scepter 70 DG	Plus Trifluralin Tank Mixture section.			
	Die English Track Mith at a Stars		•	

^d See Scepter 70 DG Plus Frontier Tank Mixture section.

* Scepter 70 DG plus Dual will provide suppression of red rice.

Scepter 70 DG Plus PROWL 3.3 EC Tank Mixture

Apply Scepter 70 DG plus Prowl 3.3 EC preplant incorporated or preemergence. Follow use directions under APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS in this label. For preplant incorporated applications, incorporate into the soil within 7 days after application, and plant soybeans within 45 days after application (30 days in USE REGION 1). For preemergence applications, apply from up to 45 days prior to planting (30 days in USE REGION 1) to a maximum of 2 days after planting. DO NOT apply if soybeans have emerged.

Prowl 3.3 EC can be tank mixed with **Scepter 70 DG** and applied preplant incorporated or preemergence if heavy or difficult to control infestations are anticipated from broadleaf and grass weeds listed in this leaflet. **Scepter 70 DG** plus **Prowl 3.3 EC** must be applied preplant incorporated if shattercane or woolly cupgrass infestations are anticipated. Refer to the **Prowl 3.3 EC** label **SOYBEAN SPECIAL WEEDS** section for specific use rates, application methods and application timings based on soil texture and soil organic matter content.

Scepter 70 DG Plus Trifluralin Tank Mixture

Apply Scepter 70 DG plus trifluralin preplant incorporated using rates in the table below. Follow use directions under **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS** in this label. Incorporate into the soil within 24 hours after application, and plant soybeans within 45 days after application (30 days in USE REGION 1). Use equipment that provides uniform 2-inch incorporation.

Broadcast Rate of Scepter 70 DG Plus Trifluralin Tank Mixture

Soil Texture	Scepter 70 DG ¹ ounces/acre	Trifluralin ² pints/acre
Coarse	2.8	. 1
Medium	2.8	1.5 - 2
Fine .	2.8	. 2 - 2.5

¹ Broadcast rate of Scepter 70 DG and trifluralin.

If fall panicum, shattercane or waterhemp sp. (pigweed) infestations are anticipated, refer to the trifluralin label for higher use rates to control these weeds. Trifluralin rates based on 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon. Observe all precautions and limitations on the trifluralin label.

Scepter 70 DG Plus Frontier Tank Mixture

Apply **Scepter 70 DG** plus **Frontier** in conventional, minimum, or no-till soybeans as a preplant or preemergence surface application or preplant incorporated application up to 30 days before planting. Surface applications may also be applied during planting or early postemergence to soybeans (up to unifoliate stage) but before weeds emerge.

The **Frontier** use rate to be tank mixed with **Scepter 70 DG** varies by soil type. The most accurate indicator of appropriate use rate for **Frontier** is the Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC) of the soil to be treated. CEC values are available in standard soil testing procedures. When use rates are expressed in ranges, use the lower end of the rate range for lower CEC values and use the higher end of the rate range for higher CEC values.

Broadcast Rate of Scepter 70 DG Plus Frontier Determined by Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC) of Soil

Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC) of Soil (meq/100 g)	Frontier Use Rate (Fluid ounces/acre)	Scepter 70 DG Use Rate (Ounces/acre)
<5	13	2.8
5-9	14-18	2.8
10-14	18-22	2.8
15-20	22-24	2.8
>20	25	2.8

If CEC values are not available, the recommended use rate of **Frontier** may be determined using the soil texture and organic matter. If texture and organic matter are used to determine use rates, use the lower end of the rate range for more coarsely textured soils low in organic matter and the higher end of the rate range for more finely textured soils that are high in organic matter.

Broadcast Rate of Scepter[®] 70 DG herbicide Plus Frontier[®] herbicide Determined by Soil Texture and Organic Matter Content

	Less than 3% Organic Matter		<u>3% or More Organic Matter</u>	
Soil Texture	Scepter 70 DG ounces/acre	Frontier fluid ounces/acre	Scepter 70 DG ounces/acre	Frontier fluid ounces/acre
Coarse	2.8	13 - 16	2.8	16-20
Medium	2.8	16-20	2.8	20-24
Fine	2.8	18-22	2.8	22-25

For early preplant applications and/or uses on soils with heavy surface plant residue add 2-4 fluid ounces per acre to the rates given in the preceding table. **DO NOT** exceed 25 fluid ounces of **Frontier**, in the tank mixture, per acre per crop year.

NOTE: For best control of red rice and yellow nutsedge use the highest recommended rate by soil type. If dry conditions exist near application or excessive rainfall occurs early in season, a postemergence herbicide and /or cultivation may be required to aid in control of these weeds.

Observe all precautions and limitations on Frontier label.

Scepter 70 DG Plus Lasso® Herbicide Tank Mixture

Apply **Scepter®** 70 DG herbicide plus Lasso preplant incorporated or preemergence using rates in the table below. Follow use directions under **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS** in this label. For preplant incorporated applications, apply and incorporate within 7 days prior to planting. For preemergence applications, apply up to 7 days prior to, during or immediately after planting.

Broadcast Rate of Scepter 70 DG Plus Lasso

	Less than 3%	Örganic I	<u>Matter</u>	<u>3% or More</u>	Organic	<u>Matter</u>
	Scepter 70 DG ounces/acre		Lasso arts/acre	Scepter 70 DG ounces/acre		_asso arts/acre
Soil Texture		Preplant Incorporate	Preemergence d		Preplant Incorporate	Preemergence d
Coarse	2.8	2.0 to 2.5	2.0	2.8	2.0 to 2.5	2.0
Medium	2.8	2.5 to 3.0	2.0 to 2.5	2.8	2.5 to 3.0	2.0 to 2.5
Fine	2.8	2.5 to 3.0	2.0 to 3.0*	2.8	2.5 to 3.0	2.5 to 3.0

* On silty clay and heavy clay soils of the Mississippi Delta, use 2 to 2.5 quarts of Lasso.

NOTE: For preplant incorporated applications, use the higher rate of Lasso if heavy weed populations are anticipated.

Use the higher rate of Lasso (1) when heavy grass infestations are anticipated, (2) when fall panicum or crabgrass will be present or (3) when previous crop residues are extremely dense. Apply up to 7 days before, during or immediately after planting.

Observe all precautions and limitations on the Lasso label.

Scepter 70 DG Plus Dual[®] Herbicide Tank Mixture

Apply Scepter 70 DG plus Dual preplant incorporated or preemergence using rates in table below. Follow use directions under **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS** in this label. For preplant incorporated applications, apply up to 29 days prior to planting. Incorporate within 7 days after application. For preemergence applications, apply up to 29 days prior to, during or immediately after planting.

Broadcast Rate of Scepter 70 DG Plus Dual

	<u>Less than 3% Or</u>	<u>ganic Matter</u>	<u>3% or More Org</u>	<u>anic Matter</u>
Soil Texture	Scepter 70 DG ounces/acre	. Dual pints/acre	Scepter 70 DG ounces/acre	Dual . pints/acre
Coarse	2.8	1.25	2.8	1.5
Medium	2.8	1.5	2.8	2.0
Fine	2.8	2.0	2.8	2.0 to 2.5*

* Use the higher rate of Dual if heavy weed populations are anticipated.

Observe all precautions and limitations on the Dual label.

Scepter® 70 DG herbicide Plus PROWL® 3.3 EC herbicide or Trifluralin herbicide Plus Command® 4EC herbicide Tank Mixture

Observe all precautionary statements and limitations in the **Prowl 3.3 EC** or trifluralin and Command 4EC labels before using. The **Scepter 70 DG**, plus **Prowl 3.3 EC** or trifluralin, plus Command 4EC preplant incorporated tank mixture may be used when heavy infestations of velvetleaf are anticipated. Uniformly apply the tank mixture with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.

Apply **Scepter 70 DG**, plus **Prowl 3.3 EC** or trifluralin, plus Command 4EC to the soil surface and uniformly incorporate. Refer to the Command 4EC label for incorporation instructions. **DO NOT** apply aerially or through irrigation equipment. **DO NOT** apply this tank mixture to overly moist or wet soils

SPECIAL PRECAUTION

Command 4EC is a volatile compound. Off-site movement of spray drift or vapors of Command 4EC can cause foliar whitening or yellowing of some plants. Prior to using Command 4EC, read and strictly follow all precautions and application instructions in the Command 4EC label. The use of an agriculturally approved drift reducing agent is required at finished spray volumes of 10 to 15 gallons per acre.

BROADCAST RATE PER ACRE OF SCEPTER 70 DG PLUS PROWL 3.3 EC OR TRIFLURALIN PLUS COMMAND 4EC

Apply Scepter 70 DG at 2.8 ounces per acre. Apply Command 4EC at 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Refer to **HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS** section for PROWL 3.3 EC or trifluralin use rates.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS: Follow all rotational crop restrictions on the **Scepter 70 DG**, **Prowi 3.3 EC** or trifluralin, and Command 4EC label.

ALWAYS FOLLOW THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABEL.

Scepter 70 DG Plus Metribuzin Tank Mixtures

Before using, observe all precautionary statements in the Scepter 70 DG, Sencor[®], Lexone[®], Prowl[®] 3.3 EC, Lasso[®], Dual[®], and trifluralin herbicide leaflet labels. Scepter 70 DG may be applied in tank mix combination with Sencor or Lexone herbicides plus one of the following grass herbicides: Prowl 3.3 EC, Lasso, Dual, or trifluralin; either preplant incorporated or preemergence (excluding trifluralin). Scepter 70 DG may also be applied in tank mix with any one of the above grass herbicides as a preplant incorporated application followed by a preemergence application of Sencor or Lexone. For preemergence applications, apply during or immediately after planting. These treatments will control Florida beggarweed, hemp sesbania, hophornbeam copperleaf and sicklepod in addition to the weeds controlled by a soil application of Scepter 70 DG plus the grass herbicide.

Apply Sencor or Lexone at the broadcast rate per acre specified in the table below, in tank mix combination with 2.8 ounces per acre* of **Scepter 70 DG** plus one of the above grass herbicides.

Sencor or Lexone Rate*

	Sencor 4L	Sencor or Lexone 75%DF
Coarse Soils	1/2 pint	1/3 lb.
Medium Soils	1/2 pint	1/3 lb.
Fine Soils	2/3 pint	1/2 lb.
	11 F L L L ON L	

* Do not use Sencor or Lexone on coarse soils of less than 2% organic matter. Use 1/2 lb. or 2/3 pint of Sencor or Lexone on medium soils of greater than 4% organic matter.

Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D

2;4-D may be used with **Scepter 70 DG** alone or in combination with other **Scepter 70 DG** tank mixes prior to planting for control of some annual broadleaf weeds. Use the following rates of 2,4-D in tank mixtures with **Scepter 70 DG**;

2,4-D Formulation	Rate (lb a.i./A)	Minimum Days Before Planting
Ester	0.5	7
Amine	0.5	15
Ester or Amine	1.0	30

Refer to the 2,4-D label for weeds controlled. Observe all cautions and limitations on the 2,4-D product label.

Tank Mixtures with 2,4-DB

2,4-DB may be used with **Scepter 70 DG** alone or in combination with other **Scepter 70 DG** tank mixes for the control of some annual broadleaf weeds. Refer to the 2,4-DB label for specific use recommendations, rates and weeds controlled.

Observe all cautions and limitations on the 2,4-DB label.

Tank Mixtures With Bronco® herbicide

Use the following rates of Bronco for Scepter® 70 DG herbicide plus Bronco tank mixtures:

 Soil Texture	Bronco (quarts/acre)	
 Coarse	3 to 5	
 Medium	4 to 5	······································
 Fine	4 to 5	······································

Use the higher rate of Bronco (1) when previous crop residues are extremely dense, (2) when emerged weeds are over 6 inches tall, (3) when heavy infestations of weeds are expected, and (4) when soils contain more than 3% organic matter. Apply up to 7 days before, during or immediately after planting.

Observe all precautions and limitations on the Bronco label.

Tank Mixtures with Roundup Ultra® or Touchdown® herbicides

When applied early preplant or preemergence, Roundup Ultra or Touchdown, may be mixed with **Scepter 70 DG** for control of weeds common to no-till production, such as marestail and prickly lettuce. Always include a nonionic surfactant in the spray solution. Roundup Ultra or Touchdown will aid in burndown of existing weeds, while **Scepter 70 DG** controls non-emerged weeds and some emerged weeds.

The rate of Roundup Ultra or Touchdown for tank mixes with **Scepter 70 DG** is the same as the rate of these products when used alone.

Observe all precautions and limitations on the Roundup Ultra or Touchdown product labels.

Tank Mixtures With Gramoxone® Extra herbicide

Gramoxone Extra, at 1.5 to 2.5 pints per acre, may be used with **Scepter 70 DG** alone or in combination with other tank mixes for control of certain emerged grasses and broadleaf weeds. Use the 2.5 pint rate if weeds are 4 to 6 inches tall. Weeds over 6 inches may not be controlled with this treatment. Apply up to 14 days before, during or immediately after planting.

When Gramoxone Extra is included in a tank mixture, add a nonionic spreader surfactant at a rate of 8 fl. oz. per 100 gallons of spray mixture as the last ingredient in the tank.

Gramoxone Extra will control most annual emerged weeds and suppress many emerged perennials. Refer to the Gramoxone Extra label for specific use recommendations and weeds controlled.

Observe all precautions and limitations on Gramoxone Extra label.

Sequential or Tank Mixture Programs with Roundup Ultra

(glyphosate-resistant soybeans only)

Scepter 70 DG may be applied early preplant, preplant incorporated, preemergence, or postemergence to Roundup Ready[®] soybeans for early season weed control and residual activity on broadleaf weeds and some grass weeds.

In soil applications of **Scepter 70 DG**, if weeds emerge later, Roundup Ultra may be applied postemergence for weed control. For these sequential treatments, a sufficient time period should elapse between treatments to allow an appropriate assessment of weed control needs.

In postemergence programs, **Scepter 70 DG** can be tank-mixed with Roundup Ultra for weed control. **Scepter 70 DG** may also be tank-mixed with other herbicides for postemergence applications on Roundup Ready soybeans. For recommended herbicides, refer to the section **HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS** in this label. Refer to the other herbicide labels for weeds controlled and recommended application rates.

Refer to the Roundup Ultra product label for specific use recommendations, rates, and weeds controlled.

Observe all cautions and limitations on the Roundup Ultra product label.

NOTE: DO NOT apply Roundup Ultra postemergence to non glyphosate-resistant soybeans.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Fill the spray tank one-fourth to one-half full with clean water. While agitating add the required amount of **Scepter® 70 DG herbicide**, and then fill the remainder of the tank with water.

For postemergence applications, add the nonionic or organo-silicone surfactant or the crop oil concentrate as last ingredient in the tank. An antifoaming agent may be added to the tank if needed. Maintain agitation while spraying to ensure a uniform spray mixture.

When tank mixing **Scepter 70 DG** with recommended herbicides, add **Scepter 70 DG** to the spray tank first and make sure it is thoroughly mixed before adding the other herbicide.

When tank mixing 2,4-D, Roundup Ultra®, Touchdown®, Gramoxone® Extra, or 2,4-DB herbicides with **Scepter 70 DG** and **Prowl® 3.3 EC**, **Frontier**®, Lasso® or Dual® herbicides, add herbicides to the tank in the following order: (1) **Scepter 70 DG**, (2) **Prowl 3.3 EC**, **Frontier**, Lasso or Dual, (3) 2,4-D, Roundup Ultra, Touchdown, Gramoxone Extra, or 2,4-DB and (4) nonionic surfactant.

SOIL APPLICATIONS IN LIQUID FERTILIZERS

Scepter 70 DG can be applied to the soil in liquid fertilizers, alone or in combination with **Prow! 3.3 EC**, trifluralin, Lasso, Dual, Command[®] 4EC, or metribuzin.

If **Scepter 70 DG** is applied in liquid fertilizer as a carrier, a pre-slurry must first be made. **Scepter 70 DG** must be completely dispersed in at least one gallon of water. Always test the compatibility of the **Scepter 70 DG** slurry with the liquid fertilizer before mixing in the spray tank.

Follow all **Scepter 70 DG** label recommendations regarding incorporation, timing of application, special instructions and precautions. Apply treatments in 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre with ground equipment.

All individual state regulations relating to fluid fertilizer mixing, registration, labeling and application are the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the **Scepter 70 DG**/liquid fertilizer mixture.

SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: DO NOT apply if wind conditions, temperature inversion conditions, or other conditions may cause drift onto adjacent areas or sensitive crops. Sensitive crops include leafy vegetables, sugarbeets, and cotton.

Avoid overlaps when spraying.

GROUND APPLICATIONS:

Uniformly apply with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 or more gallons of water per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. To minimize drift, use a maximum spray pressure of 40 psi.

To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre when applying **Scepter 70 DG** as a postemergence treatment. Use higher gallonage for fields with dense vegetation or heavy crop residues.

For band treatment, apply the broadcast equivalent rate and volume per acre. To determine these:

Band width in inches Row width in inches	Broadcast RATE per acre	æ	Band RATE per acre
Band width in inches Row width in inches	Broadcast VOLUME per acre	н	Band VOLUME per. acre

AERIAL APPLICATIONS:

Uniformly apply with properly calibrated aerial equipment in 5 or more gallons of water per acre.

To avoid injury to sensitive crops from drift, aerial applicators must adhere to the following SPECIAL AERIAL USE DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- Use nozzles which produce a coarse spray.
- Nozzle height above ground must be a maximum of 10 feet.
- Nozzles must be pointed toward the rear of the aircraft. The downward angle of the nozzle should not be greater than 20 degrees.
- To minimize wing-tip vortex roll, nozzles or spray boom must not be located any closer to end of wing or rotor than three-fourths the distance from the center of the aircraft.
- Use a maximum spray pressure of 40 psi.
- A buffer zone must be established between the area to be sprayed and sensitive crops.

Applicator is responsible for any loss or damage which results from spraying **Scepter 70 DG** in a manner other than recommended in this label. In addition, applicator must follow all applicable state and local regulations and ordinances in regard to spraying.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

The following rotational crops may be planted after applying **Scepter[®] 70 DG herbicide** at recommended rates in soybeans:

CROP	USE REGION 1	USE REGION 2 (except Michigan ⁵)	USE REGION 3
Soybeans	No restrictions	No restrictions	No restrictions
Wheat	3_months ²	3 months ^{2,6}	18 months ^{8,9}
Rice	Spring following Scepter 70 DG application	Spring following Scepter 70 DG application ⁶	,
Barley	11 months	11 months ⁶	18 months ⁸
IMI-CORN ^{®1} seed hybrids	9.5 months	9.5 months	9.5 months
Field Corn (non IMI-CORN seed hybrids)	9.5 months ³	9.5 months ⁶ , ⁷	18 months ^{8,9}
Edible Beans	11 months	11 months ⁶	. 11 months
Grain Sorghum	1 <u>1 months</u>	11 months ⁶	11 months
Oats .	11 months	11 months ⁶	18 months ⁸
Peanuts	11 months	11 months ⁶	
Торассо	9.5 months⁴	9.5 months ^{4.6}	9.5 months⁴
Sugar Beets & Red Table Beets	40 months	40 months	40 months
Other Crops	18 months	18 months	See FOOTNOTE 10

¹ Contact your chemical dealer, seed supplier, or BASF to obtain information regarding the availability of imidazolinone tolerant field corn hybrids which are adapted to your area.

² In USE REGIONS 1 and 2 east of Interstate Highway 35, wheat may be planted 3 months following a soil application of Scepter 70 DG at a rate of 2.8 ounces per acre or a postemergence application up to 1.4 ounces per acre.

³ For USE REGION 1 as defined in the USE AREA section of this label, field corn may be planted in the spring of the year following **Scepter 70 DG** application unless extreme drought conditions develop (less than 15 inches of rainfall or irrigation is received within 6 months following the date of last application). A minimum of 10 inches of rainfall is needed for a postemergence application of **Scepter 70 DG** only if the total amount of **Scepter 70 DG** applied in one season does not exceed 1.4 ounces per acre.

If the minimum rainfall requirement is not met, only field corn hybrids which possess tolerance or resistance to Scepter 70 DG and other imidazolinone herbicides (IMI-CORN) may be planted the spring of the year following a Scepter 70 DG application.

⁴ Tobacco may be planted 9½ months following an application of **Scepter 70 DG** at up to 2.8 ounces per acre and no more than a total of 0.125 pounds of imazaquin applied per acre.

⁵ Growers in the Michigan counties of Berrien, Cass, St. Joseph, Branch, Hillsdale, Lenawee, Monroe, Van Buren, Kalamazoo, Calhoun, Jackson, Washtenaw, and Wayne may use the rotational crop restrictions for USE REGION 2.

Growers in other Michigan counties may NOT plant oats or barley in the fall or spring of the year following a **Scepter 70 DG** application. In this geography, only field corn hybrids which possess tolerance or resistance to **Scepter 70 DG** and other imidazolinone herbicides (IMI-CORN) may be planted the spring of the year following an application including **Scepter 70 DG**.

⁶ ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS for an application of Scepter O.T. following a soil application of Scepter 70 DG (USE REGION 2 only):

For USE REGION 2 as defined in the USE AREA section of this label, soybeans may be planted anytime. Barley, edible beans, grain sorghum, oats, peanuts, rice, tobacco, and wheat may be planted 15 months after the last herbicide application. Cotton may be planted 18 months after the last herbicide application.

Only field corn hybrids which possess tolerance or resistance to **Scepter 70 DG** and other imidazolinone herbicides (IMI-CORN) may be planted the spring of the year following a sequential **Scepter 70 DG** application. Other field corn varieties may be planted 15 months after the last herbicide application.

⁷ For USE REGION 2 (except Michigan⁵) as defined in the USE AREA section of this label, field corn may be planted in the spring of the year following Scepter 70 DG application unless extreme drought conditions develop (less than 15 inches of rainfall or irrigation is received from two weeks prior to the date of last application through November 15 of the same year). A minimum of 10 inches of rainfall is needed for a postemergence application of Scepter 70 DG only if the total amount of Scepter 70 DG applied in one season does not exceed 1.4 ounces per acre.

If the minimum rainfall requirement is not met, only field corn hybrids which possess tolerance or resistance to Scepter 70 DG and other imidazolinone herbicides (IMI-CORN) may be planted the spring of the year following a Scepter 70 DG application.

⁸ For USE REGION 3 as defined in the USE AREA section of this label, field corn, wheat, barley, or oats may be planted as a rotational crop in the fall or in the spring of the year following Scepter 70 DG application ONLY if Scepter 70 DG was applied as a postemergence application at 1.4 ounces per acre and at least 10 inches of rainfall or irrigation has been received from the date of application through October of the same year.

For soil applications of **Scepter 70 DG** in USE REGION 3, as defined in the **USE AREA** section of this label, field corn may be planted as a rotational crop 18 months following the application of **Scepter 70 DG** unless extreme drought conditions develop (less than 15 inches of rainfail or irrigation is received from two weeks prior to the date of **Scepter 70 DG** application through November 15 of the same year). If the minimum rainfail requirement is not met; field corn (non IMI-CORN) may not be planted in the spring of the year following the 18 month crop rotation period. If the minimum rainfall requirement is not met, only field corn hybrids which possess tolerance or resistance to **Scepter 70 DG** and other imidazolinone herbicides (IMI-CORN) may be planted in the spring of the year following a **Scepter 70 DG** application.

- ⁹ In Nebraska, east of U.S. 283, south of U.S. 30, and west of U.S. 81, wheat may be planted 4 months after a Scepter 70 DG application. In this geography, only field corn hybrids which possess tolerance or resistance to Scepter 70 DG and other imidazolinone herbicides (IMI-CORN) may be planted the spring of the year following an application including Scepter 70 DG.
- ¹⁰ For USE REGION 3 as defined in the USE AREA section of this label; canola, strawberries, cabbage, tomatoes, potatoes, carrots, celery, cole crops, garlic, onions, spinach, asparagus, cauliflower, and broccoli may be planted 26 months after a Scepter 70 DG application. Other crops may be planted 18 months after a Scepter 70 DG application.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS for a Classic[®] herbicide application following Scepter[®] 70 DG herbicide soil treatments (USE REGION 1 (except Oklahoma), Virginia and Kentucky only):

Soybeans may be planted anytime. Barley, edible beans, field corn, grain sorghum, oats, peanuts, rice, tobacco, and wheat may be planted 15 months after the last herbicide application. Cotton may be planted 18 months after the last herbicide application. Refer to rotational crop restrictions listed in the Classic label. Always follow the more restrictive label.

Only rotational crops harvested at maturity may be used for feed or food.

Use of **Scepter 70 DG** herbicide in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of rotational crops in most situations; however, various environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product and, therefore, crop injury is always possible.

Application of products containing chlorimuron ethyl (e.g., Classic, Canopy[®], Concert[®], Gemini[®], Lorox Plus[®], Preview[®], Pinnacle[®], Synchrony[®] herbicides, etc.), imazaquin (e.g., **Detail[®]**, **Scepter[®]**, **Scepter[®]O.T.[®]**, **Squadron[®]**, **Steel[®]**, **Tri-Scept[®] herbicidea**), imazethapyr (e.g., **Pursuit[®]**, **Pursuit[®] Plus EC herbicides**, etc.), or flumetsulam (e.g., Broadstrike[®]) the same year as labeled rates of **Scepter 70 DG** may increase the risk of injury to sensitive rotational crops. Consult labels for recommended uses of these products in combinations.

In the event of a crop loss due to weather conditions, soybeans can be replanted. **DO NOT** work the soil deeper than 2 inches.

DO NOT graze or feed treated soybean forage, hay or straw to livestock.

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WEED SCIENTIFIC NAMES

BROADLEAF WEEDS

BROADLEAF WEEDS Alligatorweed	(Alternanthera philoxeroides)		
Beggarweed, Florida	(Desmodium tortuosum)		
Bristly Starbur	(Acanthospermum hispidum)		
Burcucumber	(Sicyos angulatus)		
Carpetweed	(Mollugo verticillata)		
Cocklebur, Common	(Xanthium strumarium)		
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	(Acalypha ostryaefolia)		
Galinsoga	(Galinsoga spp.)		
Jimsonweed	(Datura stramonium)		
Kochia Lambsquarters, Common	(Kochia scoparia) (Chenopodium album)		
Mallow, Venice	(Hibiscus trionum)		
Mexicanweed	(Caperonia castanifolia)		
Morningglory,			
Entireleaf	(Ipomoea hederacea var. intergriuscula)		
lvyleaf	(lpomoea hederacea)		
Palmleaf	(Ipomoea wrightii)		
Pitted	(Ipomoea lacunosa)		
Smallflower	(Jacquemontia tamnifolia)		
Tall	(Ipomoea purpurea)		
Mustard species	(Brassica spp.)		
Nightshade, Eastern Black	(Solanum ptycanthum)		
Pigweed, Palmer	(Amaranthus palmeri)		
Redroot	(Amaranthus palmeri) (Amaranthus retroflexus)		
Smooth	(Amaranthus hybridus)		
Spiny	(Amaranthus spinosus)		
Poinsettia, Wild	(Euphorbia heterophylla)		
Puncturevine	(Tribulus terrestris)		
Purslane	(Portulaca oleracea)		
Pusley, Florida	(Richardia scabra)		
Ragweed,			
Common	(Ambrosia artemisiifolia)		
Giant	(Ambrosia trifida)		
Redweed	(Melochia corchorifolia)		
Sesbania, Hemp	(Sesbania exaltata) (Cassia obtusifolia)		
Sicklepod Sida, Prickly (teaweed)	(Sida spinosa)		
Smartweed,			
Ladysthumb	. (Polygonum persicaria)		
Pennsylvania	(Polygonum pensylvanicum)		
Spurge,	I offganam panafitamaanj		
Annual	(Euphorbia spp.)		
Spotted	(Euphorbia maculata)		
Nodding	(Euphorbia nutans)		
Sunflower, Common	(Helianthus annuus)		
Texasweed	(Caperonia palustris)		
Velvetleaf	(Abutilon theophrasti)		
Waterhemp,			
common	(Amaranthus rudis)		
tall	(Amaranthus tuberculatus)		
GRASSES			
Barnyardgrass	(Echinochloa crus-galli)		
Corn, Volunteer	(Zea mays)		
Crabgrass,			
Smooth	(Digitaria ischaemum)		
Large	(Digiteria sanguinalis)		
Crowfoot Grass	(Dactyloctenium aegyptium)		
Cupgrass, Southwestern	(Eriochloa gracilis)		
Foxtail,	(Setaria faberi)		
Giant			
Giant Green	(Setaria viridis)		
Giant Green Yellow	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum,	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas Rice, Red	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Oryza sativa)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas Rice, Red Sandbur, Field	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Oryza sativa) (Cenchrus incertus)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas Rice, Red Sandbur, Field Shattercane	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Oryza sativa)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas Rice, Red Sandbur, Field Shattercane Signalgrass, Broadleaf	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Oryza sativa) (Cenchrus incertus) (Sorghum bicolor)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas Rice, Red Sandbur, Field Shattercane Signalgrass, Broadleaf Witchgrass	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Oryza sativa) (Cenchrus incertus) (Sorghum bicolor) (Brachiaria platyphylla)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas Rice, Red Sandbur, Field Shattercane Signalgrass, Broadleaf Witchgrass SEDGES	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Oryza sativa) (Cenchrus incertus) (Sorghum bicolor) (Brachiaria platyphylla) (Panicum capillare)		
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass, seedling Panicum, Fall Texas Rice, Red Sandbur, Field Shattercane Signalgrass, Broadleaf Witchgrass	(Setaria viridis) (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) (Sorghum halepense) (Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Oryza sativa) (Cenchrus incertus) (Sorghum bicolor) (Brachiaria platyphylla)		

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