FOR USE IN SOYBEANS

PROWL PLUS CANOPY TANK MIXTURE

ACCEPTED

FEB | 5 1989

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fun pende, on a Rodamicale Act, as anner dead, for the posteride ray stored under EPL Rog. No. 541-347

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL AND CANOPY LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

See the PROWL leaflet label for Mixing Instructions, Incorporation Instructions, and Liquid Fertilizer Compatibility Determinations. Use one-half the teaspoons of herbicide specified for AAtrex Nine- 0^2 or atrazine 4L when determining liquid fertilizer compatibility with Canopy.

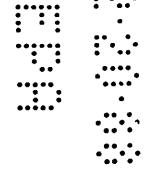
GENERAL INFORMATION

Destroy existing weeds before applying PROWL tank-mix combinations. Unusually cold, excessively we, or hot and dry conditions that delay germination or extend germination over a long period of time can reduce weed control.

Applied according to label directions and under normal growing conditions, PROWL tank-mix combinations will not cause crop injury. Over-application can result in crop stand loss, crop injury, or soil residues. Uneven application or improper soil incorporation can decrease weed control or cause crop injury.

¹Canopy is a trademark of E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.)

²AAtrex Nine-O is a trademark of Ciba-Geigy Corporation.





inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Canopy with a properly calibrated low pressure (20 to 40 psi) fixed-boom sprayer equipped with fan type nozzles and screens no finer than 50 mesh. Use 10 to 40 gallons of water or 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre. DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Continuous agitation in the spray tank is required to keep the material in suspension. Avoid overlap and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing or stopping, or crop injury may result.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils or soils having a calcareous surface layer.

DO NOT apply to soils with a pH greater than 7.0, except as directed on the Canopy leaflet label.

Consult the Canopy label for sensitive soybean varieties. Before use on any soybean variety, tolerance to Canopy must first be determined.

PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATIONS

Apply immediately before planting or up to two weels prior to planting. Incorporate prior to planting and within 7 days of application. Follow the Incorporation Instructions in the PROWL leaflet label. Use the PROWL and Canopy rates listed in the table on page 5.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Apply at planting or up to 2 days after planting, but before weeds and crop emerge. Use the PROWL and Canopy rates listed in the table on page 5. DO NOT APPLY POSTEMERGENCE. Preemergence treatments are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall or overhead irrigation is received within 7 days after application.

If moisture is insufficient to activate the herbicides, a shallow cultivation (preferably with a rotary hoe) should be made after emergence of soybeans, but while weeds are still small enough to be controlled by mechanical cultivation.

DO NOT make applications of PROWL preemergence north of Interstate 80.

MINIMUM AND NO-TILL SYSTEMS

PROWL plus Canopy may be applied preemergence in minimum or no-till soybeans. Emerged weeds will be suppressed by this tank mixture. Roundup 3 or paraquat may be added to the tank mixture to achieve control of emerged weeds.

Uniformly apply in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment. Use the higher gallonage for fields with heavy weed infestations or excessive crop residues.

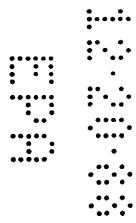
WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

When applied as directed, PROWL plus Canopy tank mix will control the following grass and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

Barnyardgrass	(<u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u>)
Crabgrass	(<u>Digitaria</u> spp.)
Crowfootgrass	(<u>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</u>)
Field sandbur	(Cenchrus incertus)
Foxtails	
Giant	(<u>Setaria</u> <u>faberi</u>)
Green	(<u>Setaria viridis</u>)
Yellow	(<u>Setaria glauca</u>)
Goosegrass	(Eleusine indica)
Johnsongrass (from seed)	(Sorghum halepense)
Panicum	
Fall	(Panicum dichotomiflorum)
Texas	(<u>Panicum texanum</u>)
Signalgrass	(Brachiaria platyphylla)
Witchgrass	(Panicum capillare)

 3 Roundup is a trademark of Monsanto Co.



BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

(Mollugo verticillata) Carpetweed Cocklebur* (Xanthium strumarium) Florida beggarweed (<u>Desmodium tortuosum</u>) Florida pusley (Richardia scabra) Hemp sesbania (<u>Sesbania exaltata</u>) Hophornbeam copperleaf (Acalypha ostryaefolia) Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium) Kochia (Kochia scoparia) (Chenopodium album) Lambsquarters Morningglory* Entireleaf (<u>Ipomoea</u> <u>hederacea</u> var. intergriuscula) Ivyleaf (<u>Ipomoea hederacea</u>) Pitted (<u>Ipomoea lacunosa</u>) **Smallflower** (<u>Jacquemontia tamnifolia</u>) Tall (<u>Ipomoea purpurea</u>) Pigweed (Amaranthus spp.) Prickly sida (teaweed) (Sida spinosa) (Portulaca oleracea) Purslane Ragweed Common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia) Giant* (<u>Ambrosia trifida</u>) Sicklepod* --<u>(Cassia obstusifolia)</u> Smartweed (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Spurge, annual (Euphorbia spp.) (<u>Helianthus annuus</u>) Sunflower Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)

Tank mixtures of PROWL plus Canopy will aid in the control of and reduce competition from:

Itchgrass(Rottboellia exaltata)Red rice(Oryza sativa)Shattercane(Sorghum bicolor)Woolly cupgrass(Eriochloa villosa)

*Cultivation or application of a postemergence herbicide may be required for season long control.

Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Canopy Preplant Incorporated and Preemergence Tank Mixtures

_	PROWI	- (p	ints) +	Canopy (ounces)	!	
	0.5% Organ		o 3% matter	More than Organic m		
SOIL* TEXTURE	PROWI	. +	Canopy	PROWL	+ Canopy	,
COARSE	1	+	6 to 10	1.5	+ 6 to 1	0
MEDIUM	1.5	+	8 to 12	1.5 to 2	+ 8 to 1	2
FINE	1.5	+	10 to 14	2 to 2.5	+10 to 1	4

^{*}See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

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Use the higher rates on soils with higher organic matter or heavy weed pressure.

NOTE: If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions and corn is replanted, seeding depth must be below retilled area.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL and Canopy labels. Always follow the most restrictive label.

^{**}DO NOT apply to soil with less than 0.5% organic matter.

FOR USE IN FIELD CORN AND SWEET CORN

PROWL PLUS BICEP1 TANK MIXTURE

ACCEPTED

FEB 15, 1989

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 247

PROWL may be applied in sweet corn (processing varieties) in Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL AND BICEP LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Bicep with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 to 40 gallons of water or 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Preemergence applications in field corn may be made through center pivot irrigation systems. CHEMIGATION: Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, PROWL and Bicep leaflet labels for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils.

¹Bicep and Cotoran are trademarks of CIBA-GEIGY Corp.



DO NOT INCORPORATE or serious corn injury can result.

DO NOT apply following in-furrow systemic insecticide applications made at planting.

DO NOT apply on highly alkaline soils or on eroded areas where calcareous subsoils are exposed.

EARLY POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Apply after corn emergence but no later than when corn is in the 4-leaf stage of growth and when weeds are no larger than the 1-2 leaf growth stage. Use the PROWL rates listed in the following table with the Bicep rates listed under the "More than 3% Organic matter" section of the table. Emerged weeds may not be controlled by this tank mix. Destroy emerged weeds by cultivation prior to application.

DO NOT INCORPORATE.

DO NOT apply postemergence in liquid fertilizer.

DO NOT apply following PROWL preemergence treatments.

WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

When applied preemergence as directed, PROWL plus Bicep tank mix will control the following grass and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

Barnyardgrass Browntop panicum Crabgrass Crowfootgrass Field sandbur	(Echinochloa crus-galli) (Panicum fasciculatum) (Digitaria spp.) (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) (Cenchrus incertus)	•••••
Foxtails giant green yellow Goosegrass Johnsongrass (from seed Red rice	(Setaria faberi) (Setaria viridis (Setaria glauca) (Eleusine indica) i) (Sorghum halepense) (Oryza sativa)	
Panicums fall Texas Signalgrass Southwestern cupgrass Witchgrass Woolly cupgrass Yellow nutsedge	(Panicum dichotomiflorum) (Panicum texanum) (Brachiaria platyphylla) (Eriochloa gracilus) (Panicum capillare) (Eriochloa villosa) (Cyperus esculentus)	

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

Black nightshade (Solanum nigrum) Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) (Xanthium strumarium) Cocklebur Florida pusley (Richardia scabra) Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp.) (Solanum sarrachoides) Hairy nightshade Jimsonweed (<u>Datura stramonium</u>) (Kochia scoparia) Kochia Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) (Ipomoea spp.) Morningglory Pigweed (Amaranthus spp.) (Portulaca oleracea) Purslane (Ambrosia spp.) Ragweed Smartweed (Polygonum pensylvanicum) (Euphorbia spp.) Spurge, annual Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)

Preemergence tank mixtures of PROWL plus Bicep will aid in the control of and reduce competition from:

Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor)
Sicklepod (Cassia obstusifolia)
Volunteer sorghum (Sorghum vulgare)
Wild proso millet (Panicum miliaceum)

when applied early postemergence as directed, PROWL plus Bicep tank mix will control the following grass and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.) Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Field sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) Foxtails giant (Setaria faberi) green (Setaria viridis) yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla) Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)	Barnyardgrass	(<u>Echinochloa</u> <u>crus-galli</u>)		
Field sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) Foxtails giant (Setaria faberi) green (Setaria viridis) yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	Crabgrass	(<u>Digitaria</u> spp.)		
Foxtails giant (Setaria faberi) green (Setaria viridis) yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	Crowfootgrass	(<u>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</u>)		
giant (Setaria faberi) green (Setaria viridis) yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	Field sandbur	(Cenchrus incertus)		•
green (Setaria viridis) yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	Foxtails			•
yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	giant	(<u>Setaria faberi</u>)		
Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	green	(<u>Setaria viridis</u>)		•
Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	yellow	(<u>Setaria glauca</u>)	•	• • .
Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	Goosegrass	(<u>Eleusine indica</u>)	****	•••••
fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	Johnsongrass (from	seed) (Sorghum halepense)	•••	. :::
Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	Panicums		****	•• •
Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	fall	(Panicum dichotomiflorum)	••••	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Texas	(Panicum texanum)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Signalgrass	(Brachiaria platyphylla)		•••
	Witchgrass			

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

(Mollugo verticillata) Carpetweed (Richardia scabra) Florida pusley (<u>Datura stramonium</u>) Jimsonweed Kochia (Kochia scoparia) (Chenopodium album) Lambsquarters Mustard (Brassica spp.) (Amaranthus spp.) Pigweed Prickly sida (Sida spinosa) (Portulaca oleracea) Purslane Ragweed ' (Ambrosia spp.) (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Smartweed Spurge, annual (Euphorbia spp.) (Abutilon theophrasti) Velvetleaf

Early postemergence tank mixtures of PROWL plus Bicep will aid in the control of and reduce competition from:

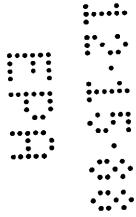
Cocklebur (Xanthium strumarium)

Morningglory (Iponoea spp.)

Wild proso millet (Panicum miliaceum)

Woolly cupgrass (Eriochloa villosa)

Yellow nutsedge (Cyperus esculentus)



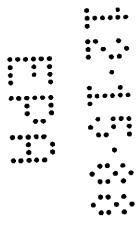
Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus BICEP Preemergence and Early Postemergence Tank Mixtures In Corn (PROWL may be applied in sweet corn in Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.)

		Pi.WL (pints)	+	Bicep (quarts)	
	Less that			% to :	3 % natter		than 3%
SOIL* TEXTURE	PROWL +	Bicep	PRO	WL +	Bicep	PRO	JL + Bicep
COARSE	1.5 to 2	+ 2	2	+	2	3	+ 2.4
MEDIUM	2 +	2.4	3	·+	2.4	3	+ 3.2
FINE	2 +	3.2	3	+	3.2	3	+ 3.2 to 4

^{*}See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions and corn is replanted, seeding depth must be below retilled area.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL and Bicep labels.



FOR USE IN FIELD CORN AND SWEET CORN

PROWL PLUS LARIAT OR PROWL PLUS BULLET TANK MIXTURE

PROWL may be applied in sweet corn (processing varieties) in Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.

ACCEPTED

FEB 15 1989

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rudenticide Act, as amended, to the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 24/-24/3

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL, LARIAT AND BULLET LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Lariat or PROWL plus Bullet with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 to 40 gallons of water or 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Preemergence applications in field corn may be made through center pivot irrigation systems. CHEMIGATION: Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, PROWL and Lariat/Bullet leaflet labels for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed.

See the PROWL leaflet label for Mixing Instructions and Liquid Fertilizer Compatibility Determinations. Use the teaspoons of herbicide specified for $Bladex^2$ 80W when determining liquid fertilizer compatibility with Lariat or Bullet.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils.

DO NOT graze treated area or feed treated forage to livestock for 21 days following application.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Apply preemergence (surface treatment) after planting, but before weeds and crop emerge. Use the PROWL and Lariat or Bullet rates listed to following table.

DO NOT INCORPORATE or serious corn injury can result.

 1 Lariat and Bullet are trademarks of Monsanto Co. 2 Bladex is a trademark of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company



Apply after corn emergence but no later than when corn is in the 4-leaf stage of growth and when weeds are no larger than the 2 leaf growth stage. Use the PROWL and Lariat or Bullet rates listed in the table on page 4.

DO NOT INCORPORATE.

DO NOT apply postemergence to sweet corn.

DO NOT apply postemergence in liquid fertilizer.

DO NOT apply following PROWL preemergence treatments.

WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

When applied as directed, PROWL plus Lariat or PROWL plus Bullet tank mixtures will control the following grass and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

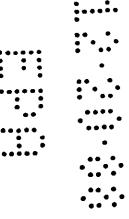
Witchgrass

Woolly cupgrass

Barnyardgrass	(Echinochloa crus-galli)
Browntop panicum	(Panicum fasciculatum)
Crabgrass	(<u>Digitaria</u> spp.)
Crowfootgrass	(Dactyloctenium aegypt:um)
Field sandbur	(Cenchrus incertus)
Foxtails	
giant	(<u>Setaria</u> <u>faberi</u>)
green	(<u>Setaria</u> <u>viridis</u>)
yellow	(<u>Setaria</u> <u>glauca</u>)
Goosegrass	(Eleusine indica)
Johnsongrass (from seed	(Sorghum halepense)
Panicums	
fall	(Panicum dichotomiflorum)
Texas	(Panicum texanum)
Red sprangletop	(Leptochloa filiformis)
Signalgrass	(Brachiaria spp.)
Wild proso millet	(Panicum miliaceum)

(Panicum capillare)

(Eriochloa villosa)



BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

Pennsylvania

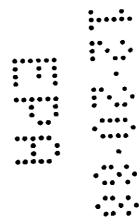
Spurge, annual

Velvetleaf

(Solanum nigrum) Black nightshade (Mollugo verticillata) Carpetweed (Xanthium strumarium) Cocklebur Common ragweed (Ambrosia artemisiifolia) (Richardia scabra) Florida pusley Hairy nightshade (Solanum sarrachoides) (<u>Datura stramonium</u>) Jimsonweed (Kochia scoparia) Kochia (Chenopodium album) Lambsquarters (Brassica spp.) Mustard (Amaranthus spp.) Pigweed (Portulaca oleracea) Purslane Smartweed Ladysthumb

(Polygonum persicaria)
(Polygonum pensylvanicum)
(Euphorbia spp.)

(Abutilon theophrasti)



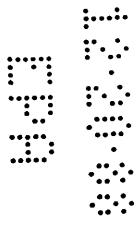
Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Lariat or PROWL Plus Bullet Preemergence and Early Postemergence Tank Mixtures
In Corn (PROWL may be applied in sweet corn in Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.)

PROWL (pints) Lariat or Bullet (quarts) More than 3% Less than 1.5% 1.5% to 3% Organic matter Organic matter Organic matter SOIL* TEXTURE PROWL + lariat PROWL + Lariat PROWL + Lariat or Bullet or Bullet or Bullet COARSE 1.5 to 2 + 2.5 2 2.5 3 + 3 MEDIUM 3.75 2 + 3 3 3 3 + FINE 2 + 3.75 3.75 3.75 3 + to 4.5

*See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

NOTE: If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions, corn or grain sorghum may be planted the same year without adverse effects. Seeding depth must be below the retilled area.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL and Lariat or Bullet labels.



FOR USE IN FIELD CORN AND SWEET CORN

PROWL PLUS LASSO¹ TANK MIXTURE

ACCEPTED

FEB 1 5 1989

Under the Federal Insecticide.
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No.

PROWL may be applied in sweet corn (processing varieties) in Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL AND LASSO LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Lasso with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 to 40 gallons of water or 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform-application. Preemergence applications in field corn may be made through center pivot irrigation systems. CHEMIGATION: Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, PROWL and Lasso leaflet labels for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed.

See the PROWL leaflet label for Mixing Instructions and Liquid Fertilizer Compatibility Determinations. Use the teaspoons of herbicide specified for Cotoran² when determining liquid fertilizer compatibility with Lasso.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Apply preemergence (surface treatment) after planting, but before weeds and crop emerge. This treatment must be applied within 5 days of the last preplant tillage. Use PROWL and Lasso rates listed in the table in 'page 3.'

DO NOT INCORPORATE or serious corn injury can result.

¹Lasso is a trademark of Monsanto Co. ²Cotoran is a trademark of CIBA-GEIGY Corp.



Apply after corn emergence but no later than when corn is in the 4-leaf stage of growth and when weeds are no larger than the 1-2 leaf growth stage. Use PROWL and Lasso rates listed in the table on page 3. EMERGED WEEDS WILL NOT BE CONTROLLED BY THIS TANK MIX. Destroy emerged weeds by cultivation prior to application.

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DO NOT INCORPORATE.

DO NOT apply postemergence in liquid fertilizer.

DO NOT apply following PROWL preemergence treatments.
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WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

When applied as directed, PROWL plus Lasso tank mix will control the following grass and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli) (Digitaria spp.) Crabgrass Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Field sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) Foxtails giant (<u>Setaria faberi</u>) green (Setaria viridis) vellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) (Brachiaria platyphylla) Signalgrass Witchgrass (Panicum capillare) (Eriochloa villosa) Woolly cupgrass BROADLEAF WEEDS Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) Florida pusley (Richardia scabra) Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp.) (Kochia scoparia) Kochia Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Pennsylvania ::martweed (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Pigweed (Amaranthus spp.) Purslane (Portulaça oleracea) Spurge, annual (Euphorbia spp.) Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)

Tank mixtures of PROWL plus Lasso will aid in the control of and reduce competition from:

Wild proso millet (Panicum miliaceum)

Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Lasso Preemergence and Early Postemergence Tank Mixtures In Corn (PROWL may be applied in sweet corn in Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.)

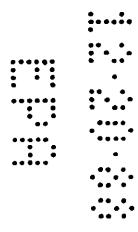
PROWL	(pints) +	Lasso	(quarts)
	(Price)	, .		(4/

		an 1.5% matter	1.5% to 3% Organic matter	More than 3% Organic matter
SOIL* TEXTURE	PROWL	+ Lasso	PROWL + Lasso	PROWL + Lasso
COARSE	1.5 to	2 + 1.5 to 2.5	2 + 1.5 to 2.5	3 + 2 to 3
MEDIUM	2	+ 1.75 to 2.5	3 + 1.75 to 2.5	3 + 2 to 3
FINE	2	+ 2.25 to 3	3 + 2.25 to 3	3 + 3 to 4

^{*}See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

NOTE: If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions, corn, cotton or soybeans may be planted the same year without adverse effects. Seeding depth must be below retilled area.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL label.



ACCEPTED

EPA Reg. No. 241-243

FEB 15 1989

is the Federal Insecticide.

I socienticide Act,

for the pesticide

and under

EPA Reg Na 141-343

FOR USE IN FIELD CORN

PROWL PLUS MARKSMAN¹ OR PROWL PLUS MARKSMAN PLUS BLADEX²
TANK MIXTURES

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL, MARKSMAN AND BLADEX LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

Recommended for use ONLY in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota and Wisconsin

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Marksman or PROWL plus Marksman plus Bladex with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 to 40 gallons of water or 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre, or by aircraft in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

See the PROWL leaflet label for Mixing Instructions and Liquid Fertilizer Compatibility Determinations. Use the teaspoons of herbicide specified for Atrazine 4L when determining liquid fertilizer compatibility with Marksman.

Apply only on level planted corn. Plant corn at least 1 1/2 inches deep to insure good seed coverage.

AVOID drift of these mixtures to soybeans or other sensitive crops.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils.

1Marksman is a trademark of Sandoz Ltd.
2Bladex is a trademark of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.



Apply preemergence (surface treatment) after planting, but before weeds and crop emerge. Use PROWL, Marksman and Bladex rates listed in the tables on pages 4 and 5.

DO NOT INCORPORATE or serious corn injury can result.

DO NOT use on furrow irrigated corn.

EARLY POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Apply after corn emergence but no later than when corn is in the 2-leaf stage of growth and when weeds are no larger than 1 inch tall. Use PROWL, Marksman and Bladex rates listed in the tables on pages 4 and 5.

DO NOT INCORPORATE.

DO NOT apply postemergence in liquid fertilizer.

DO NOT use Bladex 4L postemergence on corn.

DO NOT apply PROWL plus Marksman plus Bladex under extended cold (below 50 degrees F), wet weather conditions, or when cold, wet conditions are predicted.

DO NOT apply following PROWL preemergence treatments.

WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

When applied as directed, tank mixtures of PROWL plus Marksman or PROWL plus Marksman plus Bladex will control the following annual grasses and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

Woolly cupgrass

Barnyardgrass	(<u>Echinochloa</u> <u>crus-galli</u>)
Crabgrass	(Digitaria spp.)
Crowfootgrass	(Dactyloctenium aegyptium)
Field sandbur	(Cenchrus incertus)
Foxtails	
giant	(<u>Setaria faberi</u>)
green	(<u>Setaria viridis</u>)
yellow	(Setaria glauca)
Goosegrass	(Eleusine indica)
Johnsongrass (from seed	
Panicums	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
fall	(Panicum dichotomiflorum)
Texas	(Panicum texanum)
Signalgrass	(Brachiaria platyphylla)
Witchgrass	(Panicum capillare)
	/5 / 1 / 1 / 1

(Eriochloa villosa)

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

Annual clover (Trifolium spp.) Black nightshade (Solanum nigrum) Burcucumber (Sicyos angulatus) Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) (Xanthium strumarium) Cocklebur Chickweed, common (Stellaria media) Florida pusley (Richardia scabra) (<u>Datura stramonium</u>) Jimsonweed (Kochia scoparia) Kochia Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Mallow (Malva spp.) Common (Hibiscus trionum) Venice (Brassica spp.) Mustard (Sinapsis arvensis) Wild (Amaranthus spp.) Pigweed Puncturevine (Tribulus terrestris) (Portulaca oleracea) Purslane Ragweed Common* (Ambrosia artemis<u>iifolia</u>)

Giant (<u>Ambrosia trifida</u>)
Sicklepod (<u>Cassia obtusifolia</u>)

Sida, prickly (Teaweed) (<u>Sida spinosa</u>)

Smartweed

Green (<u>Polygonum nodosum</u>)
Ladysthumb (<u>Polygonum persicaria</u>)
Pennsylvania (<u>Polygonum pensylvanicum</u>)

Spurge

Annual (Euphorbia sp.)

Prostrate (Euphorbia humistrata)
Sunflower, common (Helianthus annus)
Tansymustard (Descurainia pinnata)

Thistle, Russian (Salsola kali)

Velvetleaf

Wild buckwheat

Wild cucumber

(Salvata Rata)

(Abutilon theophrasti)

(Polygonum convolvulus)

(Echinocystis lobata)

Tank mixtures of PROWL plus Marksman or PROWL plus Marksman plus Bladex will aid in the control of and reduce competition from the following annual weed species. Consult the Marksman label for perennial weed species suppressed by these tank mixtures.

Annual morningglory (<u>Ipomoea</u> spp.)
Shattercane (<u>Sorghum</u> bicolor)
Wild proso millet (<u>Panicum</u> miliaceum)

^{*}PROWL plus Marksman plus Bladex tank mixtures only

Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Marksman Preemergence and Early Postemergence Tank Mixtures In Field Corn

PROWL (pints) + Marksman (pints)

		than 1.5% nic matter		to enic	3% matter	More Organ		an 3% matter
SOIL* . TEXTURE		. + Marksman	PRO	JL +	Marksman	PROWL	+	Marksman
COARSE**	1.5 t	0 2 + 2	2	+	2	3	+	2
MEDIUM	2	+ 3.5	3	+	3.5	3	+	3.5
FINE	2	+ 3.5	3	+	3.5	3	+	3.5

^{*}See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

NOTE: If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions and corn is replanted, seeding depth must be below retilled area.

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Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL and Marksman labels.

^{**}DO NOT apply preemergence on coarse textured soils or any soil with less than 2.5% organic matter.

Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Harksman Plus Bladex Preemergence and Early Postemergence Tank Mixtures In Field Corn

	PROWL (pints) +	Marksman (pints) + Bla	adex 90DF ¹ , ² (lbs.)
	Less than 1.5% Organic matter	1.5% to 3% Organic matter	More than 3% Organic macter
SOIL* TEXTURE	PROWL + Marksman + Bladex 90DF	PROWL + Marksman + Bladex 90DF	PROWL + Marksman + Bladex 90DF
COARSE**	1.5 to 2 + 2 + 1	2 + 2 + 0.67 to 1.11	3 + 2 + 0.67-1.3
MEDIUM	2 + 3.5 + 1	3 + 3.5 + 1 to 1.5	3 + 3.5 + 1.3-1.8
FINE	2 + 3.5 + 1 to 1.5	3 + 3.5 + 1.3 to 2.2	3 + 3.5 + 1.3-2.2

When using Bladex 4L or Bladex 80W use equivalent rates. One quart of Bladex 4L equals 1.11 lbs. of Bladex 90DF. One pound of Bladex 80W equals 0.89 lbs. of Bladex 90DF. Consult the PROWL leaflet label for Formulation Conversion Tables.

²Apply only Bladex 80 W in postemergence tank mixtures with Marksman.

*See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

**DO NOT apply preemergence on coarse textured soils or any soil containing less than 2.5% organic matter.

NOTE: If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions and corn is replanted, seeding depth must be below retilled area.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL, Marksman and Bladex labels.

FOR USE IN DRY, LIMA, AND SNAP BEANS

ACCEPTED

FEB 15 1983

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 2012

PROWL® PLUS Dual 8E1 TANK MIXTURE

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL AND Dual 8E LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Dual 8E with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 to 40 gallons of water or liquid fertilizer per acre, or by aircraft in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils.

PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATIONS

Apply immediately before planting, or up to 14 days prior to planting. Incorporate uniformly into the top 2 inches of soil within 7 days after application. See INCORPORATION INSTRUCTIONS section of the PROWL label for acceptable incorporation techniques. Use PROWL and Dual 8E rates listed in the table on page 3.



¹Dual 8E is a trademark of CIBA-GEIGY Corp.

When applied as directed, PROWL plus Dual 8E tank mix will control the following grass and broadleaf weed species.

GRASSES CONTROLLED

(Echinochloa crus-galli) Barnyardgrass (Digitaria spp.) Crabgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Crowfootgrass (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Fall panicum Field sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) Foxtails (Setaria faberi) giant (<u>Setaria viridis</u>) green yellow (<u>Setaria</u> <u>glauca</u>) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Red rice (Oryza sativa) (Brachiaria platyphylla) Signalgrass Southwestern cupgrass (Eriochloa gracilus) (Panicum texanum) Texas panicum Witchgrass (Panicum capillare) Yellow nutsedge (Cyperus esculentus)

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) (Richardia scabra) Florida pusley Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp.) Kochia (Kochia scoparia) Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Pigweed (Amaranthus spp.) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea) Spurge, annual (Euphorbia spp.)

Tank mixtures of PROWL plus Dual 8E will aid in the control of and feduce competition from:

Cocklebur (Xanthium strumarium) Hairy nightshade (Solanum sarrachoides) Pennsylvania smartweed (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor) Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti) Volunteer sorghum (Sorghum vulgare) Wild proso millet (Panicum miliaceum) Woolly cupgrass (<u>Eriochloa villosa</u>)

Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Dual 8E Preplant Incorporated Tank Mixture In Dry, Lima or Snap Beans

PROWL (pints) + Dual &E (pints)

	Northern States 1		Southern States ¹		
•	Up to 3%		Up co 3% Organic matter	More than 3%	
SOIL* TEXTURE	PROWL + Dual 8E	PROWL + Dual 8E	PROWL + Dual 8E	PROWL + Dual 8E	
COARSE	1 to 2 + 1.5 to 2	2 + 2	1 to 1.5 + 1.5 to 2	1 to 1.5 + 2	
MEDIUM	1.5 to 2.5 + 2 to 2.5	2.5 to 3 + 2 to 2.5	1.5 to 2 + 2 to 2.5	1.5 to 2 + 2 to 2.5	
FINE	2 to 3 + 2 to 2.5	3 + 2.5 to 3	1.5 to 3 + 2 to 2.5	1.5 to 3 + 2.5 to 3	

1See map at end of this label for specific states.

NOTE: If loss of dry, lima or snap bean crop occurs due to weather conditions, any crop registered for preplant incorporated use on the PROWL and DUAL 8E labels may be replanted the same year without adverse effects. If replanting is necessary, DO NOT rework the soil deeper than the treated zone.

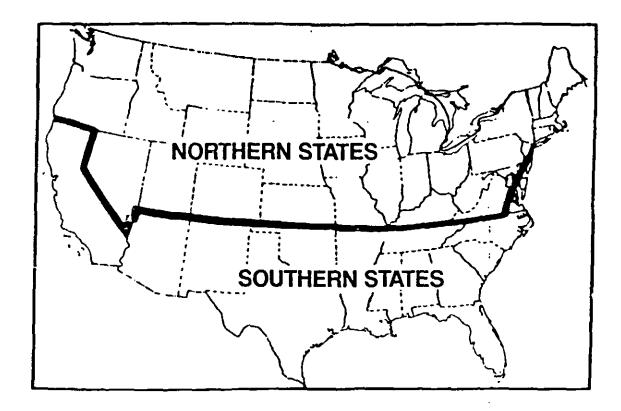
PRECAUTION: DO NOT APPLY PREEMERGENCE (surface treatment) to dry lima and snap beans or serious crop injury can result.

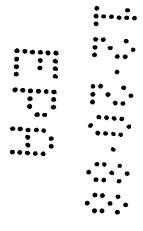
DO NOT graze or feed forage or fodder.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL and Dual 8E labels.

^{*}See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

REGIONAL MAP FOR RATE DETERMINATION





FOR USE IN SOYBEANS

PROVL PLUS PREVIEW1 TANK MIXTURE

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicule, and Releasticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 341-343

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL AND PREVIEW LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

See the PROWL leaflet label for Mixing Instructions, Incorporation Instructions, and Liquid Fertilizer Compatibility Determinations. Use one-half the teaspoons of herbicide specified for AAtrex Nine- 0^2 of atrazine 4L when determining liquid fertilizer compatibility with Preview.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Destroy existing weeds before applying PROWL tank-mix combinations. Unusually cold, excessively wet, or hot and dry conditions that delay germination or extend germination over a long period of time can reduce weed control.

Applied according to label directions and under normal growing conditions, PROWL tank-mix combinations will not cause crop injury. Over-application can result in crop stand loss, crop injury, or soil residues. Uneven application or improper soil incorporation can decrease weed control or cause crop injury.

Seedling diseases, cold weather, excessive moisture, deep planting, low or high soil pH, high soil salt concentration, or drought can weaken seedlings and plants and increase the possibility of crop damage from PROWL. Under these conditions, crop yields can be reduced.

¹Preview is a trademark of E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.)
²AAtrex Nine-0 is a trademark of Ciba-Geigy Corporation.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Preview with a properly calibrated low pressure (20 to 40 psi) fixed-boom sprayer equipped with fan type nozzles and screens no finer than 50 mesh. Use 10 to 40 gallons of water or 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre. DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Continuous agitation in the spray tank is required to keep the material in suspension. Avoid overlap and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing or stopping, or crop injury may result.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils, soils having a calcareous surface layer, or soils with a pH greater than 6.8.

Consult the Preview label for sensitive soybean varieties. Before use on any soybean variety, tolerance to Preview must first be determined.

PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATIONS

Apply immediately before planting or up to two weeks prior to planting. Incorporate prior to planting and within 7 days of application. Follow the Incorporation Instructions in the PROWL leaflet label. Use the PROWL and Preview rates listed in the table on page 5.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Apply at planting or up to 2 days after planting, but before weeds and crop emerge. Use the PROWL and Preview rates listed in the table on page 5. DO NOT APPLY POSTEMERGENCE. Preemergence treatments are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall or overhead irrigation is received within 7 days after application.

If moisture is insufficient to activate the herbicides, a shallow cultivation (preferably with a rotary hoe) should be made after emergence of soybeans, but while weeds are still small enough to be controlled by mechanical cultivation.

DO NOT make applications of PROWL preemergence north of Interstate 80.

MINIMUM AND NO-TILL SYSTEMS

PROWL plus Preview may be applied preemergence in minimum or no-till soybeans. Emerged weeds will be suppressed by this tank mixture. Roundup³ or paraquat may be added to the tank mixture to achieve control of emerged weeds.

Uniformly apply in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment. Use the higher gallonage for fields with heavy weed infestations or excessive crop residues.

WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

When applied as directed, PROWL plus Preview tank mix will control the following grass and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli) Crabgrass (<u>Digitaria</u> spp.) Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Field sandbur (Cenchius incertus) Foxtails Giant (Setaria faberi) Green (Setaria viridis) Yellow (<u>Setaria glauca</u>) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicum Fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla) Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)

³Roundup is a trademark of Monsanto Co.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

(Mollugo verticillata) Carpetweed Cocklebur* (Xanthium strumarium) (Richardia scabra) Florida pusley Hophornbeam copperleaf (Acalypha ostryaefolia) Jimsonweed (<u>Datura stramonium</u>) Kochia (Kochia scoparia) (Chenopodium album) Lambsquarters Mustards (Brassica spp.) Pigweed' . (Amaranthus spp.) Prickly sida (teaweed) (Sida spinosa) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea) Ragweed, common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia) Smartweed (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Spurge, annual (Euphorbia spp.) Sunflower* (<u>Helianthus</u> <u>annuus</u>) Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)

Tank mixtures of PROWL plus Preview will aid in the control of and reduce competition from:

Black nightshade (Solanum nigrum) Burcucumber (Sicyos angulatus) Itchgrass " (Rottboellia exaltata) Morningglory* Entireleaf ('pomoea hederacea var. intergriuscula) Ivyleaf (Ipomoea hederacea) Pitted (Ipomoea lacunosa) Tall (<u>Ipomoea purpurea</u>) Nutsedge (Cyperus spp.) Ragweed, giant* (Ambrosia trifida) Red rice (Oryza sativa) Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor) Sicklepod (<u>Cassia obstusiiolia</u>) Woolly cupgrass (Eriochloa villosa)

^{*}Cultivation may be required to achieve season long control.

Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Preview Preplant Incorporated and Preemergence Tank Mixtures

	PROWL	(p	ints)	+	Preview (or	unces)		
SOIL* TEXTURE	0.5%** to 3% Organic matter				More than 3% Organic matter			
	PROVI	. +	Preview		PROV	L +	Preview	
COARSE	1	+	6		1.5	+	7	
MEDIUM	1.5	+	7		1.5	to 2 +	8	
FINE	1.5	+	8		2 to	2.5 +	9 to 10	

^{*}See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

NOTE: If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions and corn is replanted, seeding depth must be below retilled area.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL and Preview labels. Always follow the most restrictive label.

^{**}DO NOT apply to soil with less than 0.5% organic matter.

FOR USE IN FIELD CORN AND SWEET CORN

PROWL PLUS Dual 3E TANK HIXTURE

FEB 15 1989

Uniter the Federal Insecticide,
English de la la enticide Act,
as a ne late tour an pesticide
regist ried under
EPA Reg. No. 241-243

PROWL may be applied in sweet corn (processing varieties) in Illinois, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL AND Dual 8E LEAFLET LABELS BEFORE USING.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Uniformly apply PROWL plus Dual 8E with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 to 40 gallons of water or 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre, or by aircraft in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Applications in field corn may be made through center pivot irrigation systems. CHEMIGATION: Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, PROWL and Dual 8E leaflet labels for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed.

See the PROWL leaflet label for Mixing Instructions and Liquid Fertilizer Compatibility Determinations. Use the teaspoons of herbicide specified for... Atrazine 4L when determining liquid fertilizer compatibility with bull 8E.

DO NOT apply on peat or muck soils.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Apply preemergence (surface treatment) after planting, but before weeds and crop emerge. Use PROWL and Dual 8E rates listed in the table on page 3.

DO NOT INCORPORATE or serious corn injury can result.

1Dual 8E is a trademark of CIBA-GEICY COTYANAMIC

the following grass and broadleaf weed species:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli) (Digitaria spp.) Crabgrass Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Field sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) **Foxtails** giant (Setaria faberi) green (Setaria viridis) yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Johnsongrass (from seed) (Sorghum halepense) Panicums fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum) Texas (Panicum texanum) Red rice (Oryza sativa) Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla) Southwestern cupgrass (Eriochloa gracilus) Witchgrass (Panicum capillare) Yellow nutsedge (Cyperus esculentus) BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED Black nightshade (Solanum nigrum) Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) Florida pusley (Richardia scabra) Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp.) Kochia (Kochia scoparia) Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Pigweed (Amaranthus spp.) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea) Spurge, annual (Euphorbia spp.)

Tank mixtures of PROWL plus Dual 8E will aid in the control of and reduce competition from:

Florida beggarweed* (Desmodium tortuosum) Hairy nightshade (Solanum sarrachoides) Pennsylvania smartweed (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor) Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti) Volunteer sorghum (Sorghum vulgare) Wild proso millet (Panicum miliaceum) Woolly cupgrass (Eriochloa villosa)

^{*}Use a minimum of 2 pints of Dual 8E per acre.

Broadcast Rates per Acre of PROWL Plus Dual 8E
Preemergence Tank Mixture In Corn
(PROWL may be applied in sweet corn in Illinois,
Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin ONLY.)

PROWL (pints) + Dual 8E (pints)

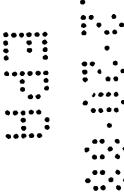
		s than anic m	•	1.5% Organ		3% Ratter	More Organ		n 3% matter	
SOIL* TEXTURE	PRO	л. +	Dual 8E	PROWI	. +	Dual 8E	PROWL	+	Dual	8E
COARSE	1.5	to 2	+ 1.25 to 1.5	2		1.25 to 1.5	3	+	1,5	_
MEDIUM	2	+	1.5 to 2	3	+	1.5 to 2	3	+	2	
FINE	<u>2</u>	+	2	3	+ :	2	3	+	2 to 2	. 5

*See the PROWL label for soil textures classified as coarse, medium and fine.

NOTE: If crop loss occurs due to weather conditions, corn, cotton, potatoes, or soybeans may be planted the same year without adverse effects.

Observe all cropping restrictions on the PROWL and Dual 8E labels.

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FOR USE IN COTTON IN NO-TILL SYSTEMS

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS ONTHE PROWL LEAFLET LABEL •

SEE THE PROWL LEAFLET FOR APPLICATION INFORMATION AND WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

PROWL alone or in tank mixture may be applied preplant up to 14 days before or preemergence up to 2 days after planting in no-tili cotton as follows:

PROWL alone
PROWL + Roundup ¹
PROWL + paraquat

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Roundup and paraquat should be used to kill existing vegetation, if present at application. See paraquat and Roundup labels for use rates. Observe all precautions on the paraquat and Roundup labels.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT apply PROWL or PROWL tank mixtures postemergence to cotton. No-till applications are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall or overhead irrigation is received with the days after application.

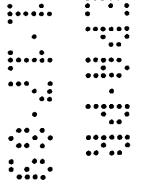
¹Roundup is a trademark of Monsanto Ag. Products Co.



COARSE	1.5
MEDIUM	2.0
FINE	2.0 - 3.0*

^{*}The high rate should be used if heavy weed populations are anticipated, or if extensive crop residues are present. DO NOT USE on peat or muck soils.

OBSERVE ALL CROPPING RESTRICTIONS ON THE PROWL LABEL



FOR USE IN FIELD CORN GROWN IN NO-TILL SYSTEMS EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER

Under the Federal Insecticide.
Fun a rie, and Rojenticide Act, as a more to it, for the posticide 10 posticide in posticide in the posticide i

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IN THE PROWL LEAFLET LABEL BEFORE USING.

See the PROWL leaflet label for Application, Mixing, and Spraying Instructions, Use Rates, Weed Species Controlled, and Rotational Crop Restrictions.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PROWL alone and in tank mix combinations may be applied in field corn grown in no-till systems. Plant corn AT LEAST 1 1/2 inches deep to ensure good seed coverage. CORN SEED MUST BE COMPLETELY COVERED WITH SOIL. The use of no-till planters under conditions which do not allow good soil coverage of the corn seed can result in reduced crop stand or injury if PROWL contacts germinating corn seed. Check equipment to ensure good seed coverage. Apply in 20 or more gallons of spray solution per acre. CHEMIGATION: Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, PROWL leaflet label for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed.

DO NOT apply tank mix combinations unless each product is labeled for use in no-till systems.

