

ACCEPTED

DEC 19 1986

EPA Reg. No. 241-243

FOR USE IN SOYBEANS

PROWL® plus SCEPTER® preplant incorporated and preemergence tank mixes may be applied in soybeans.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Uniformly apply PROWL plus SCEPTER with properly calibrated equipment in 10 or more gallons of water per acre. Use sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. To minimize drift, use a maximum spray pressure of 40 psi.

For aerial applications, apply PROWL plus SCEPTER with properly calibrated aerial equipment in 5 or more gallons of water per acre. To avoid injury to sensitive crops from drift, aerial applicators must adhere to the SPECIAL AERIAL USE DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS found in the SCEPTER label.

For PROWL plus SCEPTER preplant incorporated applications, incorporate into the soil within 7 days after application, and plant soybeans within 30 days after application. Refer to the SCEPTER leaflet for complete incorporation instructions.

For preemergence applications, apply at planting or up to 2 days after planting. **DO NOT APPLY** if soybeans have emerged. Preemergence treatments are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall or overhead irrigation is received within 7 days after application. If moisture is insufficient to activate the herbicides, a shallow cultivation (preferably with a rotary hoe) should be made after emergence of soybeans, but while weeds are small enough to be controlled by mechanical cultivation. A shallow, thorough mixing of soil after herbicide application, with a rotary hoe or similar implement will improve consistency of performance and reduce dependency on rainfall to activate herbicides.

DO NOT make applications of PROWL preemergence north of Interstate 80.

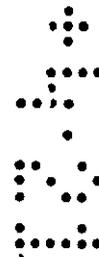
OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS ON PROWL LABEL.
OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS ON SCEPTER LABEL.

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Barnyardgrass	(<u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u>)
Crabgrass	(<u>Digitaria spp.</u>)
Crowfootgrass	(<u>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</u>)
Foxtail	
Giant	(<u>Setaria faberi</u>)
Green	(<u>Setaria viridis</u>)
Yellow	(<u>Setaria glauca</u>)
Goosegrass	(<u>Eleusine indica</u>)
Johnsongrass, seedling	(<u>Sorghum halepense</u>)
Panicum, Fall	(<u>Panicum dichotomiflorum</u>)
Panicum, Texas	(<u>Panicum texanum</u>)
Sandbur, Field	(<u>Cenchrus incertus</u>)
Shattercane*	(<u>Sorghum bicolor</u>)
Signalgrass	(<u>Bracharia platyphylla</u>)
Witchgrass	(<u>Panicum capillare</u>)

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

Carpetweed	(<u>Mollugo verticillata</u>)
Cocklebur, common	(<u>Xanthium strumarium</u>)
Galinsoga	(<u>Galinsoga spp.</u>)
Jimsonweed	(<u>Datura stramonium</u>)
Kochia	(<u>Kochia scoparia</u>)
Lambsquarter, common	(<u>Chenopodium album</u>)
Mallow, Venice	(<u>Hibiscus trionum</u>)
Morningglory	
Pitted	(<u>Ipomoea lacunosa</u>)
Smallflower	(<u>Jacquemontia tamnifolia</u>)
Mustard Species	(<u>Brassica spp.</u>)
Nightshade, Eastern black*	(<u>Solanum ptycanthum</u>)
Pigweed	
Palmer	(<u>Amaranthus palmeri</u>)
Redroot	(<u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>)
Smooth	(<u>Amaranthus hybridus</u>)
Spiny	(<u>Amaranthus spinosus</u>)
Tall Waterhemp	(<u>Amaranthus tuberculatos</u>)
Pointsettia, Wild	(<u>Euphorbia heterophylla</u>)
Purslane	(<u>Portulaca oleracea</u>)
Pusley, Florida	(<u>Richardia scabra</u>)
Ragweed	
Common	(<u>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</u>)
Giant*	(<u>Ambrosia trifida</u>)
Sida, Prickly (Teaweed)	(<u>Sida spinosa</u>)
Smartweed	
Ladysthumb	(<u>Polygonum persicaria</u>)
Pennsylvania	(<u>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</u>)
Spurge, annual	(<u>Euphorbia spp.</u>)
Sunflower, common	(<u>Helianthus annus</u>)
Velvetleaf*	(<u>Abutilon theoprasiti</u>)



PROWL plus SCEPTER soil applied treatments will aid in the control and reduce competition from:

Morningglory**	
Entireleaf	(<u>Impomoea hederacea</u> var. <u>intergriuscula</u>)
Ivyleaf	(<u>Impomoea hederacea</u>)
Tall	(<u>Impomoea purpurea</u>)
Nutsedge, Yellow	(<u>Cyperus esculentus</u>)

*Preplant incorporated applications only. Use the high rates of Prowl if heavy weed populations are anticipated of shattercane.

**For best activity on morningglory species, use a preplant incorporated application.

BROADCAST RATES OF PROWL PLUS SCEPTER, PREPLANT INCORPORATED OR PREEMERGENCE TANK MIX APPLICATIONS IN SOYBEANS¹

Soil Texture	Less than 3% organic matter		More than 3% organic matter	
	PROWL(pints)	SCEPTER (pints)	PROWL(pints)	SCEPTER(pints)
Coarse	1-1½	2/3	1½	2/3
Medium	1½-2	2/3	1½-2	2/3
Fine	1½-2	2/3	2-2½	2/3

NOTE: Use the higher rate of PROWL if heavy weed populations are anticipated or if shattercane will be present.

¹See USE AREA map for states PROWL plus SCEPTER can be applied.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

The following rotational crops may be planted after applying PROWL plus SCEPTER at recommended rates in soybeans:

1. Winter wheat, rice, and barley may be planted in the fall 120 days after a PROWL plus SCEPTER application in soybeans. The soybeans must be grown to maturity before planting wheat and barley.

2. The following crops may be planted eleven months after PROWL plus SCEPTER applications:

Corn	Grain Sorghum
Cotton	Peanuts
Edible Beans	Tobacco

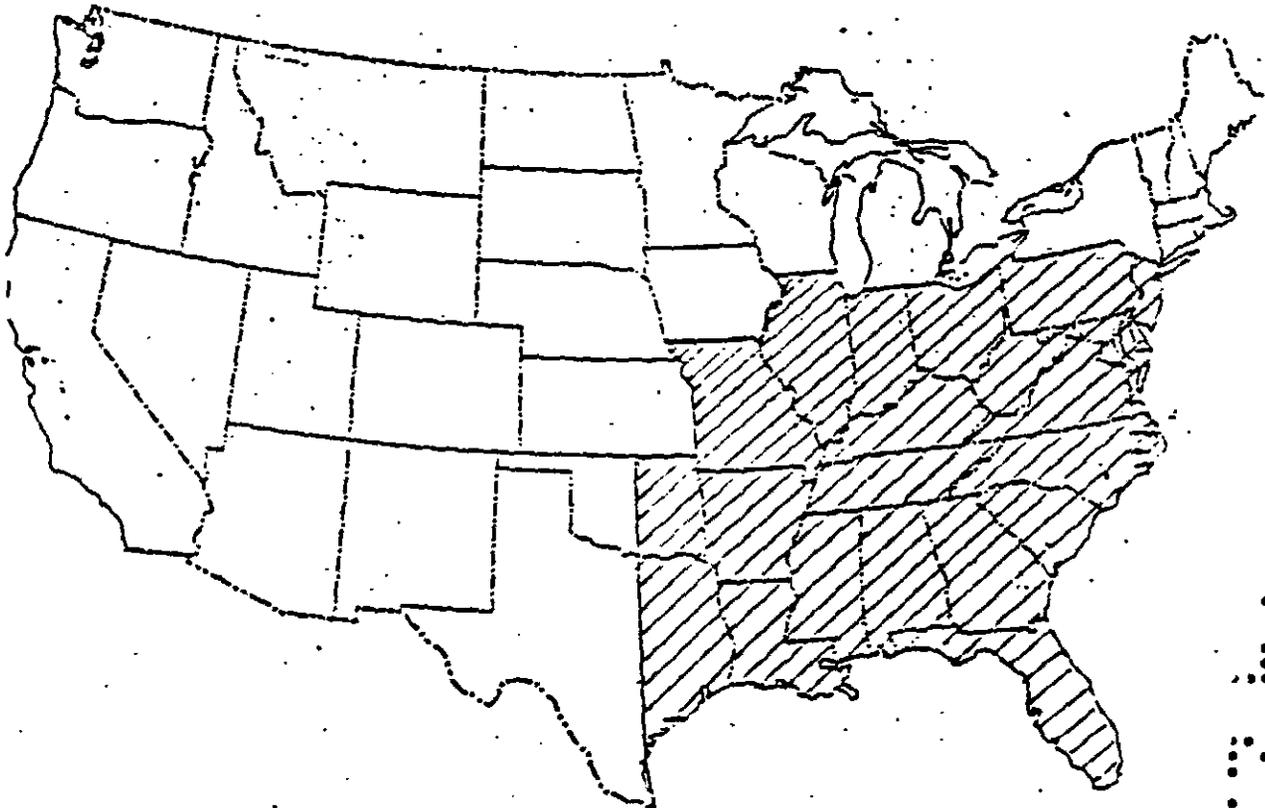
3. Only rotational crops harvested at maturity may be used for feed or food.
4. DO NOT plant other rotational crops prior to 18 months after last PROWL plus SCEPTER application.

In the event of a crop loss due to weather conditions, soybeans can be replanted. DO NOT work the soil deeper than 2 inches.

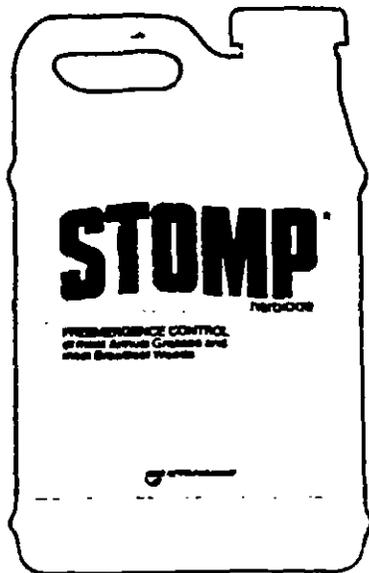
DO NOT GRAZE OR FEED TREATED SOYBEAN FORAGE, HAY OR STRAW TO LIVESTOCK.

USE AREA

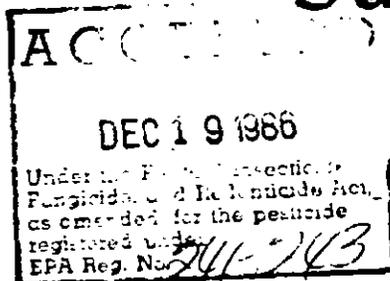
PROWL plus SCEPTER can be applied only in the states or parts of states shaded in the following map.



American Cyanamid Company
Agricultural Division
Crop Protection Chemicals Department
Wayne, NJ 07470



Supplemental Labeling



EPA Reg. No. 241-243

FOR CONTROL OF MOST ANNUAL GRASSES AND CERTAIN BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ORNAMENTAL TREES

OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS ON THE CONTAINER LABEL BEFORE USING

STOMP is recommended for preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds as they germinate on areas planted with Austrian Pine (Pinus nigra), Scotch Pine (Pinus sylvestris), Colorado Blue Spruce (Picea pungens), White Spruce (Picea glauca), Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuca taxifolia), Balsam Fir (Abies balsamiae), and White Fir (Abies concolor). STOMP treatments are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall is received within 7 days after application.

STOMP will not control established weeds. Therefore, areas to be treated should be free of established weeds at the time of treatment, or STOMP may be used in conjunction with herbicides registered for postemergence use in ornamental trees. Consult the labels of those herbicides for suggested treatments, rates to be used and precautions or restrictions for use in ornamental trees.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill tank one-half to three-quarters full with clean water.
2. Add STOMP to the partially filled tank while agitating and then fill the remainder of the tank with water.
3. MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS AGITATION WHILE ADDING STOMP AND UNTIL SPRAYING IS COMPLETED. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle for any period of time, thorough agitation is essential to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed. Continue agitation while spraying.

SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS

Uniformly apply with properly calibrated ground equipment in sufficient water per acre to uniformly treat the area with a spray pressure of 25 to 50 psi. Maintain continuous agitation during spraying with good mechanical or bypass agitation.

WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

The following grass and broadleaf weed species are controlled by preemergence treatments of STOMP at the rates recommended below:

GRASSES CONTROLLED

- Barnyardgrass (*Echinochloa crus-galli*)
- Bluegrass (annual) (*Poa annua*)
- Browntop panicum (*Panicum fasciculatum*)
- Crabgrass (*Digitaria* spp.)
- Fall panicum (*Panicum dichotomiflorum*)
- Foxtail (giant) (*Setaria faberi*)
- Foxtail (green) (*Setaria viridis*)
- Foxtail (yellow) (*Setaria lutescens*)
- Goosegrass (*Elyusine indica*)
- Itchgrass (*Rottboellia exaltata*)
- Johnsongrass (from seed) (*Sorghum halepense*)
- Junglerice (*Echinochloa colonum*)
- Lovegrass (*Eragrostis* spp.)
- Signalgrass (*Brachiaria platyphylla*)
- Texas panicum (*Panicum texanum*)
- Witchgrass (*Panicum capillare*)
- Woody cupgrass (*Eriochloa villosa*)

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

- Carpetweed (*Mollugo verticillata*)
- Chickweed (common) (*Stellaria media*)
- Fiddleneck (*Amsinckia intermedia*)
- Filaree (*Erodium* spp.)
- Florida pusley (*Richardia scabra*)
- Henbit (*Lamium amplexicaule*)
- Knotweed (prostrate) (*Polygonum aviculare*)
- Lambsquarters (*Chenopodium album*)
- London rocket (*Sisymbrium irio*)
- Pigweed (*Amaranthus* spp.)
- Purslane (*Portulaca oleracea*)
- Shepherdspurse (*Capsella bursa-pastoris*)
- Smartweed (*Polygonum pensylvanicum*)
- Spurge (annual) (*Euphorbia* spp.)
- Velvetleaf (Buttonweed) (*Abutilon theophrasti*)

RECOMMENDED RATES

- Short-term control (4 months) : 2 quarts STOMP per acre
- Long-term control (6-8 months) : 4 quarts STOMP per acre