Ms Mandy Slack  
The Scotts Company  
d/b/a The Ortho Group  
PO BOX 190  
Marysville, OH 43040

Subject: Notification for Label Revisions under PRN 98-10 and 2008-1: Environmental Hazards and other changes  
Submission date: 10/24/2012  
Product Name: Ortho Daconil 2787 Multipurpose Fungicide  
EPA Reg. No. 239-2522  
Decision Number 471797

Dear Registrant:

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 2008-1 and 98-10, and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN2008-1 and 98-10. The label has been date-stamped “Notification” and will be placed in our records.

If you have questions concerning this letter, please call Banza Djapao at 703-305-7269 or you may call me at 703-308-9443.

Sincerely,

Tony Kish  
Product Manager 22  
Fungicide Branch  
Registration Division (7504P)
Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number
The Scotts Company d/b/a The Ortho Group / 239-2522

2. EPA Product Manager
Tony Kish

3. Proposed Classification
☐ None  ☑ Restricted

4. Company/Product (Name)
The Ortho Group / Ortho® Daconil 2787® Multipurpose Fungicide

5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)
The Scotts Company d/b/a The Ortho Group
PO Box 190
Marysville, OH 43040

☐ Check if this is a new address

Section II

☐ Amendment - Explain below.
☐ Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated
☐ Notification - Explain below.

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Updated the Environmental Hazards section per PR Notice 2008-1; minor labeling additions/corrections per PR Notice 98-10. See attached letter for details.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:
   ☑ Child-Resistant Packaging
   ☑ Unit Packaging
   ☑ Water Soluble Packaging
   ☑ Other

*Certification must be submitted

2. Type of Container
   ☑ Metal
   ☑ Plastic
   ☑ Glass
   ☑ Paper
   ☑ Other (Specify)

3. Location of Net Contents Information
   ☑ Label
   ☑ Container

4. Size(s) Retail Container

5. Location of Label Directions
   ☑ On Label
   ☑ On Labeling accompanying product

6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product
   ☑ Lithograph
   ☑ Paper glued
   ☑ Stenciled

Section IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)
   Name
   Mandy Slack

   Title
   Analyst, Regulatory Affairs

   Telephone No. (Include Area Code)
   (937) 844-7487

2. Signature
   The Scotts Company LLC
   BY: [Signature]

3. Title
   Analyst, Regulatory Affairs

4. Typed Name
   Mandy Slack

5. Date
   October 24, 2012

Certification

I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

2. Signature
   The Scotts Company LLC

3. Title
   Analyst, Regulatory Affairs

4. Typed Name
   Mandy Slack

5. Date
   October 24, 2012
October 24, 2012

Tony Kish (PM # 22)
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7505P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

SUBJECT: The Scotts Company d/b/a The Ortho Group
Ortho® Daconil 2787® Multipurpose Fungicide (EPA Reg. No. 239-2522)
Submission of Label Notification per PR Notice 2008-1 and PR Notice 98-10

Dear Mr. Kish:

The Scotts Company d/b/a The Ortho Group is submitting a label notification for Ortho® Daconil 2787®
Multipurpose Fungicide, 239-2522. In support of this submission, please find enclosed the following
materials:

• One (1) fully executed Form 8570-1;
• One (1) "marked up" copy of the master label highlighting the revisions;
• One (1) copy of the revised master label.

The following changes have been made to the enclosed master label:
• Updated the Environmental Hazards section as noted in PR Notice 2008-1.
• Minor labeling additions/corrections per PR Notice 98-10.

If you have any questions concerning this correspondence please contact me by telephone at
937.644.7187 or by email at amanda.slack@scotts.com.

Sincerely,

Mandy Slack
Analyst, Regulatory Affairs

Enclosures
ORTHÒ DACIONIL 2787® Multipurpose Fungicide

ABN’s:
- Ortho® Garden Disease Control Concentrate
- Ortho® MAX™ Garden Disease Control Concentrate
- Ortho® Disease B Gon Daconil® Fungicide Concentrate

Specially formulated for residential use

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Chlorothalonil....................................................... 29.6%

OTHER INGREDIENTS........................................... 70.4%

Total............................................................... 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING
See back panel booklet for additional precautionary statements

NET CONTENTS 32 FL OZ (1 QT) 946 mL, 16 FL OZ (1 PT) 473 mL

Product Facts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STOPS &amp; PREVENTS</th>
<th>WHERE TO USE/AMOUNT TO USE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DISEASES</td>
<td>Roses: 1 1/2 tsp per 4 gal water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Other Listed Ornamentals (except conifers &amp; pachysandra): 2 tsp per gal water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vegetables &amp; Fruit Trees: See inside label for list of fruits and vegetables, and dilution rates.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Questions, Comments or Medical Information [computer icon]
call 1-800-225-2883 www.ortho.com

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING.

READ ENTIRE LABEL AND USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS.

[Reentry ICON showing adult person & dog] Keep people and pets off treated area until dry.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact other persons, or pets, either directly or through drift.

DIRECTIONS: Readily mixes with water and can be used in an ORTHÒ SPRAY-ETTE®, or tank-type sprayer. Fine spray required for proper coverage [; use an ORTHÒ SPRAY-ETTE® for best results.]

[ILLUSTRATION - Plant with Brown Patch]

tsp = teaspoon 
tbsp = tablespoon
### VEGETABLES & MELONS

**HOW TO APPLY:** Spray thoroughly to cover all plant surfaces.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VEGETABLES &amp; MELONS DISEASES CONTROLLED</th>
<th>AMOUNT TO USE (for each 200 sq ft)</th>
<th>WHEN TO APPLY</th>
<th>DAYS TO WAIT TO HARVEST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Beans (green)**                       | 2⅔ tsp per gal water  
Rust & Gray Mold                     | 4 applications/season  
4 applications/season                 | (1) Start spraying during early bloom or at first sign of disease  
(2) Apply every 7 days to maintain control. | 7 |
| **Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage & Cauliflower** |  |  |  
- Alternaria Leaf Spot & Downy Mildew | 1½ tsp per gal water | (1) (a) Start spraying when conditions favor disease; or (b) after transplanting; or (c) when sprouts appear  
- Ring Spot in Brussels Sprouts (CA only) | 2 tsp per gal water  
7 applications/season | (2) Apply every 7 days. | 0 |
| **Carrots**                             | 2 tsp per gal water  
Early & Late Blight                    | 9 applications/season | (1) Start spraying at first sign of disease.  
(2) Apply every 7 days to maintain control. | 0 |
| **Celery**                              |  |  |  
- Early & Late Blight                  | 1⅔ tsp per gal water  
- Basal Stalk Rot & Pink Rot (suppression) | 2⅔ tsp per gal water  
8 applications/season | (1) Start spraying after transplanting.  
(2) Apply every 7 days. | 7 |
| **Corn (sweet)**                        | 1⅔ tsp per gal water  
Helminthosporium Leaf Blight & Rust    | 6 applications/season | (1) Start spraying when conditions favor disease.  
(2) Apply every 7 days to maintain control. | 14 |

**NOTE:**
- **Bold, italicized text is information for the reader and is not part of the label.**
- **Bracketed information is optional text.** Text separated by / denotes and/or options.

EPA Reg. No. 239-2522
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VEGETABLES &amp; MELONS DISEASES CONTROLLED</th>
<th>AMOUNT TO USE (for each 200 sq ft)</th>
<th>WHEN TO APPLY</th>
<th>DAYS TO WAIT TO HARVEST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cucumbers, Melons, Pumpkins &amp; Squash</td>
<td>2 tsp per gal water</td>
<td>(1) Start spraying when plants are in the first true leaf stage or when conditions favor disease.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Anthracnose, Downy Mildew &amp; Target Spot</td>
<td>2½ tsp per gal water 7 applications/season</td>
<td>(2) Apply every 7 days to maintain control.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Scab, Gummy Stem Blight (Black Rot), Leaf Blight, Leaf Spot, Powdery Mildew (except southwestern states) &amp; Fruit Rot on Cucumbers (suppression)</td>
<td>2½ tsp per gal water 7 applications/season</td>
<td>(1) Start spraying when plants are in the first true leaf stage or when conditions favor disease.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onion (green and dry bulb); Leek; Shallot &amp; Garlic</td>
<td>2¼ tsp per gal water 3 applications/season</td>
<td>(2) Apply every 7 days. However, do not use more than 3 times per season on green onion, leek or shallot.</td>
<td>Onion (green), Leek &amp; Shallot: 14 Onion (dry bulb) &amp; Garlic: 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Botrytis Leaf Blight (Blast), Purple Blotch &amp; Downy Mildew (suppression)</td>
<td>Onion (dry bulb) &amp; Garlic: 7 applications/season</td>
<td>(2) Apply every 7 days.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato Early &amp; Late Blight &amp; Botrytis Vine Rot</td>
<td>1½ tsp per gal water 9 applications/season</td>
<td>(1) Start spraying when plants are 6 inches high or at first sign of disease.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomato Early &amp; Late Blight, Gray &amp; Septoria Leaf Spots, Gray Leaf Mold, Anthracnose, Alternaria Fruit Rot (Black Mold), Rhizoctonia Fruit Rot &amp; Botrytis Gray Mold</td>
<td>2½ tsp per gal water 7 applications/season</td>
<td>(2) Apply every 5 days to maintain control.</td>
<td>(2) Apply every 7 days to maintain control.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**FRUIT TREES**

**HOW TO APPLY:** Spray thoroughly to uniformly cover tree canopy (generally sufficient to treat 200 sq. ft.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FRUIT TREES DISEASES CONTROLLED</th>
<th>AMOUNT TO USE</th>
<th>WHEN TO APPLY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Peach, Nectarine &amp; Apricot</strong></td>
<td><strong>3¾ tsp per 4-gal water</strong></td>
<td>Do not apply between fruit formation and harvest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Peach Leaf Curl, Coryneum Blight (Shothole)</td>
<td><strong>5 applications/season</strong></td>
<td>(1) Spray at leaf fall in late autumn. (2) Reapply 1 to 2 more times in mid to late winter before buds begin to swell. <em>Additional directions for Shothole,</em> to prevent fruit infections: (3) Also apply 1 to 2 weeks after petal fall when fruit just begins to form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Scab &amp; Brown Rot Blossom Blight</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Cherry, Plum &amp; Prune</strong></th>
<th><strong>3¾ tsp per 4-gal water</strong></th>
<th>Do not apply between fruit formation and harvest.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Brown Rot Blossom Blight</td>
<td><strong>5 applications/season</strong></td>
<td>(1) Spray when buds begin to show color. (2) Reapply at full bloom. (3) If cool, moist weather continues, make a 3rd application at petal fall.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Cherry Leaf Spot on cherries</td>
<td></td>
<td>(4) Additional directions for Cherry Leaf Spot: (4) also apply when fruit just begins to form, and (5) again 7 days after fruit is removed. (6) Apply once more 10 to 14 days later, if tree has a history of leaf spot.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Papaya</strong></th>
<th><strong>2¾ tsp per 4-gal water</strong></th>
<th>(1) Start spraying when fruit spots appear (April to July). (2) Spray every 14 days until dry weather returns.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Alternaria Fruit Spot, Anthracnose &amp; Stem End-Rot</em></td>
<td><strong>3 applications/season</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Passion Fruit (Hawaii only)</strong></th>
<th><strong>1¾ tsp per 4-gal water</strong></th>
<th>(1) Start spraying before spots appear on fruit (April to July). (2) Spray every 14 days until dry weather returns.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Alternaria Fruit &amp; Leaf Spot (Passion Fruit Brown Spot)</em></td>
<td><strong>5 applications/season</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

HOW TO APPLY: Spray thoroughly to cover all plant surfaces (generally sufficient to cover 200 sq. ft.)

AMOUNT TO USE

Roses: 1 1/2 tbsp per 4-gal water
Pachysandra: 3/4 tsp per gal water
Conifers (Pine, Douglas Fir & Spruce): 5 tsp per 4-gal water
Other Ornamental Plants: 2 tsp per gal water


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLANTS</th>
<th>DISEASES CONTROLLED</th>
<th>WHEN TO APPLY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ash</td>
<td>Cercospora, Cercosporidium &amp; Cylindrosporum Leaf Spots</td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Azalea & Rhododendron | • Phytophthora Die-Back  
|                    | • Ovulinia Flower Blight | • New leaf emergence  
|                    | (Discoloration of blooms has been noted on certain varieties when applied during flowering.) | • Early bloom |
| Buckeye (Horsechestnut) | Leaf Blotch & Anthracnose | Spring bud break |
| Carnation | • Alternaria Leaf Spot  
|            | • Branch Rot & Botrytis | • Transplant of cuttings  
|            |                          | • Cool, moist conditions |
| Cherry-Laurel | Cercospora Leaf Spot | Petal fall |
| Chrysanthemum (Daisy) | Mycosphaerella Ray Blight & Septoria Leaf Spot | Transplant of cuttings |
| Conifers (Pine, Douglas Fir & Spruce) | • Needlecast, Rhabdocline & Swiss Needlecast on Douglas Fir  
|                                        | • Scirrhia Brown Spot & Sclerotoderris Canker on Pine  
|                                        | • Rhizosphaera Needlecast on Spruce  
|                                        | • Lophodermium Needlecast | (1) Start spraying in spring when new shoots are 1/2 to 2 inches long.  
|                                        |                                       | (2) Spray every 21 days (7 days for seed beds only) until dry weather returns.  
|                                        |                                       | • North Central & Northeastern States:  
|                                        |                                       | (1) Start spraying in mid-July to early August before disease occurs.  
|                                        |                                       | (2) Spray every 21 days (7 days for seed beds only) until dry weather returns.  

WHEN TO APPLY

Apply every 7-14 days (unless otherwise specified) until conditions no longer favor disease. During periods when conditions favor severe disease, generally cloudy or wet weather, use the shorter interval between applications.

SUGGESTED TIMING FOR FIRST APPLICATION

- Spring bud break
- New leaf emergence
- Early bloom
- Transplant of cuttings
- Cool, moist conditions
- Petal fall
- Transplant of cuttings

- North Central & Northeastern States:
- (1) Start spraying in mid-July to early August before disease occurs.
- (2) Spray every 21 days (7 days for seed beds only) until dry weather returns.
### PLANTS & DISEASES CONTROLLED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLANTS</th>
<th>DISEASES CONTROLLED</th>
<th>WHEN TO APPLY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crabapple</td>
<td>Scab, Cedar-apple Rust &amp; Sphaeropsis Leaf Spot</td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Dogwood             | Anthracnose (Discula sp.), Septoria Leaf Spot            | • Spring bud swell  
|                     |                                                          | • Early bloom                                                                                           |
| Dracaena            | Fusarium Leaf Spot                                       | Pre-transplant                                                                                          |
| Euonymus            | Anthracnose                                              | Spring bud break                                                                                        |
| Flowering Almond    | Anthracnose                                              | Early bloom  
| Cherry & Hawthorn   | Monilinia Blossom/Branch Blight                           | Pre-bloom                                                                                               |
|                     | Rust & Fabraea Leaf Spot                                 |                                                                                                         |
| Geranium            | Botrytis Flower Blight (Gray Mold)                      | Pre-bloom                                                                                               |
|                     | Rust                                                     | Cool, moist conditions                                                                                  |
| Gladiolus           | Curvularia Leaf/Flower Spot & Botrytis Leaf/Flower Spot | Early propagation                                                                                        |
| Holly               | Rhizoctonia Web Blight                                   | Warm, moist conditions                                                                                  |
| Hollyhock           | Rust                                                     | Early seedling stage                                                                                    |
| Hydrangea (foliage| Cercospora & Septoria Leaf Spots, & Rust                 | Early propagation                                                                                        |
|                     | (Discoloration of blooms has been noted on certain      |                                                                                                         |
|                     | varieties when applied during flowering.)               |                                                                                                         |
| Iris                | Botrytis Blossom Blight & Didymellina Leaf Spot          | Cool, moist conditions                                                                                  |
| Leatherleaf Fern    |                                                         |                                                                                                         |
|                     | Ascochyta & Rhizoctonia Blights, Cercospora &            | Spring bud break                                                                                        |
|                     | Cylindrocladium Leaf Spots                              |                                                                                                         |
| Lily                | Botrytis Gray Mold (foliar phase) & Phytophthora Blight  | Pre-bloom                                                                                               |
| Mountain Laurel     | Cercospora Leaf Spot                                     | Spring bud break                                                                                        |
| Oak (red group only)| Taphrina Blister, Actinopeltie Leaf Spot &               | Dormant bud swell                                                                                        |
|                     | Anthracnose                                              |                                                                                                         |
| Oregon-Grape (Mahonia)| Rust                                             | Spring bud break                                                                                        |
| Oyster Plant (Rhoeo)| Tan Leaf Spot                                            | Early propagation                                                                                        |

**SUGGESTED TIMING FOR FIRST APPLICATION**
- Spring bud break
- Early bloom
- Pre-bloom
- Cool, moist conditions
- Warm, moist conditions
- Early seedling stage
- Early propagation
- Spring bud break
- Dormant bud swell
- Early propagation

**WHEN TO APPLY**
- Apply every 7-14 days (unless otherwise specified) until conditions no longer favor disease.
- During periods when conditions favor severe disease, generally cloudy or wet weather, use the shorter interval between applications.
### PLANTS DISEASES CONTROLLED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLANT/CONDITION</th>
<th>WHEN TO APPLY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pachysandra</strong></td>
<td>Apply every 7-14 days (unless otherwise specified) until conditions no longer favor disease. During periods when conditions favor severe disease, generally cloudy or wet weather, use the shorter interval between applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Volutella Leaf Blight</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Parlor Palm (Chamaedorea)</strong></td>
<td>Cool, moist conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bipolaris Leaf Spot (Helminthosporium)</strong></td>
<td>Pre-bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Petunia</strong></td>
<td>Pre-bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Botrytis Gray Mold (foliar phase), Phytophthora &amp; Botrytis Blights</strong></td>
<td>Pre-bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(Discoloration of blooms has been noted on certain varieties when applied during flowering.)</strong></td>
<td>Pre-bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Philodendron</strong></td>
<td>Moist conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phytophthora Blight &amp; Dactylaria Leaf Spot</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Photinia</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fabrea (Entomosporium) Leaf Spot</strong></td>
<td>New leaf emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pieris (Andromeda)</strong></td>
<td>New leaf emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phytophthora Die-Back</strong></td>
<td>New leaf emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Poplar</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Marssonina Leaf Spot</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prayer Plant (Maranta) Helminthosporium Leaf Spot</strong></td>
<td>Early propagation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Privet</strong></td>
<td>Early propagation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cercospora Leaf Spot</strong></td>
<td>Prolonged wet conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pyracantha (Firethorn) Scab</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rose</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Black Spot &amp; Botrytis Blight</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Statice</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Anthracnose, Cercospora &amp; Alternaria Leaf Spots &amp; Botrytis Leaf Blight</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sycamore (Planetree) Anthracnose</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Syngonium Cephalosporium Leaf Spot</strong></td>
<td>Spring bud break</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viburnum Powdery Mildew</strong></td>
<td>Warm, moist conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Zinnia Powdery Mildew</strong></td>
<td>Mid-summer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SUGGESTED TIMING FOR FIRST APPLICATION**

- Spring bud break
- Cool, moist conditions
- Pre-bloom
- New leaf emergence
- Early propagation
- Prolonged wet conditions
- Spring bud break
- Mid-summer
- First sign of disease

**Combination Spray(s) with Insecticides - on Ornamental Plants**

ORTH® DACONIL 2787 Multi-purpose Fungicide [ORTHO Garden Disease Control] may be mixed with the following insecticides for use on ornamental plants (at the label rates for both products): ORTHO Bug-B-Gon Max Lawn and Garden Insect Killer, ORTHO MAX Malathion Insect Spray Concentrate, or ORTHO® Systemic Insect Control. Apply fungicide on a regular schedule to control disease and add insecticide only when insect control is desired. Do not apply more than three consecutive applications of combination sprays. Do not use combination sprays with Dial-n-Spray or similar devices.
**NOTE:**
*Bold, italicized text is information for the reader and is not part of the label.*
[Bracketed information is optional text]. Text separated by / denotes and/or options.

**ORTHO® DIAL-N-SPRAY® DIRECTIONS**
[Dial-N-Spray applicator illustration] TO USE/FOR ORTHO® DACONIL 2787 Multi-purpose Fungicide
[IN THE ORTHO® DIAL-N-SPRAY®]

1. Always set dial to 4 oz.
2. Add product + water to sprayer jar as specified in the tables below.
3. Spray until jar is empty.

Do not store unused spray. Do not pour unused spray back into this Ortho Multi-Purpose Fungicide container.

1 Tablespoon (tbsp) = 3 teaspoons (tsp)  
1 fluid ounce (fl oz) = 2 tbsp  
8 fl oz = 1 cup

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FRUITS, VEGETABLES &amp; ORNAMENTAL PLANTS</th>
<th>Gallons of Spray Produced</th>
<th>Amount of Product to Add</th>
<th>Amount of Water to Add</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dilution Rate</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1½ tsp per gal water See Vegetables</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1½ tsp</td>
<td>7½ tbsp[*]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1¾ tsp per gal water See Vegetables</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1¾ tsp</td>
<td>7½ tbsp[*]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 tsp per gal water See Vegetables and Ornamental Plants.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2 tsp</td>
<td>7½ tbsp[*]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2½ tsp per gal water See Vegetables</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2½ tsp</td>
<td>7½ tbsp[*]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2½ tsp per gal water See Vegetables</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2½ tsp</td>
<td>7½ tbsp[*]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3¾ tsp per gal water See Pachysandra.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3¼ tsp</td>
<td>6½ tbsp[*]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1½ tsp per 4-gal water See Passion Fruit</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1¾ tsp</td>
<td>15½ fl oz[**]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2¼ tsp per 4-gal water See Papaya</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2¾ tsp</td>
<td>15½ fl oz[**]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3¾ tsp per 4-gal water See Fruit Trees</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3¾ tsp</td>
<td>15½ fl oz[**]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4⅛ tsp per 4-gal water See Roses</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4⅛ tsp</td>
<td>15½ fl oz[**]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tsp per 4-gal water See Conifers</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5 tsp</td>
<td>15½ fl oz[**]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Optional Text:]
*Amount of water will bring volume to 4-oz mark on Dial-n-Spray.*

**Amount of water will bring volume to 16-oz mark on Dial-n-Spray.**
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Store in a cool, dry place, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: If empty: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Note to User: Product may produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation, and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician.

FIRST AID

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Note to Physicians: Persons suffering with temporary allergic skin reactions may respond to treatment with oral antihistamines and topical or oral steroids. Emergency Information Call 1-800-225-2883.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with infield canals or ditches that
NOTE: 

**Bold, italicized text is information for the reader and is not part of the label.**

[Bracketed information is optional text. Text separated by / denotes and/or options.]

...drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

**NOTICE:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this product not in accordance with directions.

Questions, Comments or Medical Information? Call 1-800-225-2883 www.ortho.com

**The ORTHO Guarantee:** If for any reason you, the consumer, are not satisfied with this product, mail us proof of purchase to obtain a full refund of your purchase price.

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Manufactured for / Sold by:

**The ORTHO Group**
P.O. Box 190
Marysville, OH 43040
EPA Reg. No. 239-2522
EPA Est. 239-IA-3, 58996-MO-1

Superscript is first letter of lot number.

Made in USA

**Optional Marketing Claims**

Makes up to 64 Gallons Diluted Spray [*Pint size only*]
Makes up to 128 Gallons Diluted Spray [*Quart size only*]

Concentrate
Controls diseases on: shrubs, vegetables, fruit trees, flowers, and shade trees

CONTAINS DACONIL 2787® FUNGICIDE

CONTROLS DISEASES - Leaf Spots, Rust, Blights, Fruit Rots, Mildews, Scab, Molds, etc. ON: Vegetables, Fruit Trees, Flowers, Shrubs and Shade Trees.

Controls/Prevents diseases on vegetables, fruits, roses, flowers, shrubs & trees/ornamentals

Controls/Prevents/Stop garden diseases

Stops & Prevents Garden Disease

Designed for Independent Retailers

For effective control of a broad spectrum of vegetable, fruit, and ornamental plant diseases. Controls: Leaf Spots, Rust, Blights, Fruit Rots, Mildews, Scab, Molds, etc. on Vegetables, Fruit Trees, Flowers, Shrubs and Shade Trees.

**ORTHO & YOUR ENVIRONMENT**

Your home and yard are places for family and pets to enjoy. That's why Ortho® products are designed with care to provide effective solutions to garden disease problems. For best results and a healthy environment, please follow instructions for appropriate usage, storage and disposal.

[OPEN Resealable Label for Directions & Precautions] [PRESS TO RESEAL]