Do not use green forage or green fodder for animal feed.
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS
DANGER
Causes irreversible eye damage and causes skin irritation. Can cause allergic skin reactions. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin. May be harmful following long duration or repeated exposure. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles, mid forearm to elbow length chemical resistant gloves, long sleeve shirt and long pants when handling. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Mixers and loaders must wear dust mask. Contaminated clothing should be laundered separately in hot water before reuse. Persons in treated areas engaged in activities such as pruning, thinning, cultivation, weeding, harvesting or packing and grading operations may become sensitized and suffer allergic contact dermatitis. Exposure during these operations can be reduced by wearing a long sleeve shirt, long pants and gloves.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT
If in eyes, wash eyes for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor. For skin contact, wash immediately with soap and water. See a doctor if irritation occurs or rash develops. If swallowed, give water or milk to drink and telephone for medical advice. Consult medical personnel before inducing vomiting. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take person and product container to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital. If inhaled, remove person from exposure area. Note to Physicians: Emergency Information - call (415) 233-3737

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is extremely toxic to fish. Fish may be killed at recommended application rates. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
If it is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

REENTRY STATEMENT
Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Do not allow persons to enter treated areas within 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn. Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Conspicuously post reentry information at site of application. Written or oral warnings regarding use of protective clothing, reentry times and accidental exposure must be given to workers who are expected to be in treated areas or in areas about to be treated.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
PROHIBITIONS
Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.
STORAGE
Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store or transport near feed or food. For help with any spill, leak, fire, or exposure involving this material, call day or night (415) 233-3737.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL
This product is acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL
Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Do not reuse container. Dispose of liner and container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities.

Do not rotate nor use treated crops with crops other than those with registered captafol uses. DO NOT ADD SURFACTANT EXCEPT WHERE SPECIFICALLY INDICATED BELOW.
Wear mid forearm to elbow length chemical resistant gloves, and full body clothing during handling and application.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER - PELIGRO
SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ONLY. DO NOT STORE IN AREAS ACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN.
PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee inglés, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

Ortho Agricultural Chemicals Division
San Francisco CA 94120-7144
Chevron Chemical Company © 1984
Product No. 5482 Made in U.S.A.

EPA Reg. No. 239-2495

NET WEIGHT 25 POUNDS
APPLES: Apply Scab (for protection to pink or petal fall stage to prevent primary infection stage only)—Spraying Application in dormant or up to 1/4" growth. Fruits not yet set and before petal fall Stage—Apply 15 lbs. in 100 to 400 gals. of spray per acre. Use the high gallonage for thorough coverage. Fruits set and before petal fall Stage—Apply 15 lbs. per acre in 100 to 400 gals. of spray per acre. Use the higher gallonages for thorough coverage, may be combined with Super-Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules application as phototoxicity may occur. Application of Disolatan on 80 Water Dispersible Granules made during 1/4" green stage may cause fruit set or phototoxicity to primary leaves. For control of secondary apple scab and superior disease suppression use Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules applications at 20 lbs. per acre in 100 to 400 gals. of spray per acre. Use the higher gallonages for thorough coverage, may be combined with Super-Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules application as phototoxicity may occur. Blueberries: For Control of Fusarium Canker, Mummyberry and Phomopsis Twig Blight anthracnose fruit Rot—Apply 2 to 4 lbs. per acre. Applications at 2 to 4 lbs. per acre interval during wet seasons. Mummyberry and Phomopsis Twig Blight anthracnose fruit Rot—Begin applications at budbreak and repeat at 4 to 6 week intervals. Reseume applications immediately after harvest and continue through 2-2 weeks after harvest. Sour Cherries (Montmorency Variety Only) — Mechanically Harvested Only—Apply 2 to 4 lbs. per acre in 70 to 120 gals. spray per acre. Applications at 2 to 4 lbs. per acre interval during wet seasons. Apply the high gallonages for thorough coverage. Begin applications at the popup stage of blossom development. During wet periods repeat at 2 to 3 day intervals for a total of 12 applications. Cucumber—Leaf Spot—Apply 4 lbs. per acre in 100 to 200 gals. spray per acre. Applications at 4 lbs. per acre interval when first leaves unfold or for control through harvest. Post-harvest (late season) Control—Apply 1 lb. per 100 gals. spray per acre for thorough coverage. Use the 1 lb. per 100 gals. rate only during the wettest conditions to provide thorough control of disease development. Mandarins Fruit Brown Rot—Apply 3/4 lbs. per 100 gals. spray per acre for thorough coverage. Use the 3/4 lb. per 100 gals. rate only during the wettest conditions. Orange, Grapefruit, Tangerines, Lemons in Florida (only): Ground Application—Apply in sufficient water to insure thorough coverage, failure to cover tops of trees will result in poor control. Aerial Application—Apply 10 lbs. of spray mix per acre. Add CHEVRON Spray Sticker at the rate of 1/2 to 1 gals. per 100 gals. of spray mix. Apply near budbreak and the last week of March. Peaches and Plums—Apply 15 lbs. per acre. Disolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules per acre for early dormant through bloom. When disease pressure follows Difolatan fungicide with a recommended field fungicide, Disolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules can also be applied at 1/4" to 1/2" per acre. From late bloom through 3 weeks after petal falls Disolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules may cause a vein spotting when applied to young citrus trees. This spotting may be avoidable on fruit grown for the fresh market. Rusk Mite Control Note: When Difolatan fungicide is applied above or ground by aerial or garden application for disease control and when rust mites first appear, rust mites may also be controlled. Rusk mites may be necessary for late season infections. Caneberries: Alfalfa, Tangerines, Figs, Summer Fruiting Cherries—3 lbs. per acre in 100 to 200 gals. spray mix per acre. (Figs) To protect the spring flush, apply 1 lb. per acre. Disolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules per acre (ground only). Spray immediately if disease appears on the fruit growth flush, otherwise delay application until bloom. With 2 applications of an approved fungicide at postbloom and again in June. When Difolatan fungicide is applied on 5 gals. of ground or aerial application for disease control and when rust mites first appear, rust mites will also be controlled. A recommended miticide may be necessary for late season infections. Note: Do not mix Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules and a miticide as phototoxicity will result. Do not apply oil within 60 days of a Difolatan fungicide application. Ethion EC tank mixed with Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules may increase the chances of phototoxicity. Do not apply to trees with a mummylike appearance. BING Cherries—Apply 1/2 lb. to 1 lb. per acre in 100 to 200 gals. of spray mix per acre. Applications at 1/2 lb. per acre, 1/lb. per acre, 2/1b. per acre, 3/1b. per acre, and 4/1b. per acre in 100 to 200 gals. of spray mix per acre are required for thorough coverage. When disease conditions are prevalent, use 2, 3, 4 of the required application rates or a combination of all to control new growth. As a preventive measure or under light disease conditions, use 1 to 1/2 lb. per acre for 2, 4, or 6 day schedule. Do not feed treated foliage to livestock or allow animals to graze late on treated areas. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.® Peaches and Plums—Apply 15 lbs. per acre in 100 to 200 gals. spray mix per acre. Applications at 15 lbs. per acre interval during wet seasons. Applications may be combined with Disolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules. May apply to young citrus trees at 1 1/2 lbs. per acre on the young trees. Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules may cause a vein spotting when applied to young citrus fruit. This spotting may be avoidable on fruit grown for the fresh market. Peaches and Plums—Apply 15 lbs. per acre in 100 to 200 gals. spray mix per acre. Applications at 15 lbs. per acre interval during wet seasons. Applications may be combined with Disolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules. May apply to young citrus trees at 1 1/2 lbs. per acre on the young trees. Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules may cause a vein spotting when applied to young citrus fruit. This spotting may be avoidable on fruit grown for the fresh market. Peaches and Plums—Apply 15 lbs. per acre in 100 to 200 gals. spray mix per acre. Applications at 15 lbs. per acre interval during wet seasons. Applications may be combined with Disolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules. May apply to young citrus trees at 1 1/2 lbs. per acre on the young trees. Difolatan 80 Water Dispersible Granules may cause a vein spotting when applied to young citrus fruit. This spotting may be avoidable on fruit grown for the fresh market.