



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

228-733

Date of Issuance:

4/6/15

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

NUP-14068 Fungicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Danielle A. Larochelle
Nufarm Americas Inc.
4020 Aerial Center Parkway, Suite 101
Morrisville, NC 27560

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Signature of Approving Official:

Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21
Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

4/6/15

2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, “EPA Reg. No. 228-733.”
 - Add appropriate Net Contents information and an EPA Establishment Number
3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 02/25/2015

If you have any questions, you may contact Maryam K. Muhammad at 703-347-0301 or via email at Muhammad.maryam@epa.gov.

Enclosure: Accepted NUP-14068 Fungicide Product Label

NUP-14068 Fungicide

[Alternate brand name: INDICT™ 40WSP Fungicide]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Myclobutanil: α -Butyl- α -(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile 40.0%

OTHER INGREDIENTS 60.0%

TOTAL 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**SEE [BACK PANEL] [LABEL BOOKLET] FOR FIRST AID AND
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

EPA Reg. No. 228-XXX

EPA Est. No. _____

MANUFACTURED FOR
NUFARM AMERICAS INC.
11901 S. AUSTIN AVENUE
ALSIP, IL 60803
(800) 345-3330



NET WEIGHT: _____ LB (_____ KG)

ACCEPTED

04/06/2015

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide
and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the
pesticide registered under
EPA Reg. No. 228-733

[Grow a better tomorrow.]

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact (877) 325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
2. Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (selection category A)
3. Shoes plus socks
4. Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift or runoff from areas treated.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)

USE INFORMATION

Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

NUP-14068 Fungicide is a systemic, protectant and curative fungicide used for the control of specific diseases mentioned on this label. Optimum disease control is achieved when the fungicide is applied in a regularly scheduled preventative spray program.

Handling

NUP-14068 Fungicide is packaged in water-soluble pouches. Do not allow pouches to become wet prior to adding to the spray tank. Do not handle the pouches with wet hands or wet gloves. Always reseal overwrap bag to protect remaining unused pouches. Do not remove water-soluble pouches from overwrap except to add directly to the spray tank.

Use Rate Determination

Carefully read, understand and follow label use rates and restrictions. Under low disease conditions, minimum label use rates may be used while maximum label rates and shortened spray schedules will provide optimum disease control under severe or threatening disease conditions. For proper application, determine the number of acres to be treated, the specified label use rate and the gallonage to be applied per acre. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the measured acreage. Carefully calibrate spray equipment prior to use.

Rotational Crops

Crops on this label may be planted immediately after the last treatment. Do not plant other crops within 30 days after the last application.

Application

Ground:

Thorough coverage sprays generally result in optimum disease control. To achieve good coverage use proper spray pressure, gallonage per acre, nozzles, nozzle spacing and tractor speed. Consult spray nozzle and accessory catalogues for specific information on proper equipment calibration.

Aerial:

Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur.

CHEMIGATION USE DIRECTIONS

Sprinkler Irrigation

NUP-14068 Fungicide must be applied on a regular protectant fungicide schedule, not an irrigation schedule. If irrigation cycles are less frequent than the specified application intervals for this product, ground or aerial applications must supplement chemigation applications to achieve adequate disease control.

- Apply NUP-14068 Fungicide only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center-pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Lack of fungicidal effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialist, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water system are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Before applying NUP-14068 Fungicide through sprinkler irrigation equipment, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- Systems not connected to a public water supply must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located in the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Center-pivot, Lateral Move, End Tow, and Traveler Irrigation Equipment (use only with electric or oil hydraulic drive systems, which provide a uniform water distribution):

- Determine size of area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply no more than 1/4 inch water (6,750 gallons water per acre) over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Run system at 80 to 95% of manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of NUP-14068 Fungicide required for treatment area.
- Add the required amount of NUP-14068 Fungicide and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until NUP-14068 Fungicide solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid-set, Side (wheel) Roll, and Hand Move Irrigation Equipment:

- Determine acreage covered by sprinkler.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use contents over a 10 to 30 minute interval.
- Determine the amount of NUP-14068 Fungicide required for treatment area.
- Add the required amount of NUP-14068 Fungicide into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection equipment.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Operate system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time interval established during calibration.
- Inject NUP-14068 Fungicide at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application to maximize foliar fungicide retention.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until NUP-14068 Fungicide solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

Mixing

Always place NUP-14068 Fungicide into solution prior to adding co-applied agricultural chemicals registered for use on specific crop or crops being treated. Add the required number of unopened pouches of product into the spray tank with agitation. Depending on the water temperature and the degree of agitation, the pouches should dissolve completely within approximately ten minutes from the time they are added to the water.

Compatibility

NUP-14068 Fungicide is compatible with most commonly used agricultural fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, micronutrients and spray adjuvants. When preparing tank mixes, user should consult spray compatibility charts or State Cooperative Extension Service Specialists prior to actual use.

Note: NUP-14068 Fungicide is compatible with boron and spray oils; however, the water-soluble pouches must be completely dissolved before adding spray oils or products containing boron to spray mixtures.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR TREE FRUITS

Best control of labeled diseases is achieved when the product is applied on a 7- to 10-day application schedule.

NUP-14068 Fungicide is a systemic fungicide and does not redistribute with rainfall after application. Application equipment spray nozzles should be adjusted to apply a uniform spray throughout the entire tree canopy.

Use the following directions to determine the amount of product needed per 100 gallons spray or per acre. Refer to specific tree fruit use directions to determine actual use rates for the control of labeled diseases.

Determination of Use Rates on an Acre Basis

The amount of NUP-14068 Fungicide required per acre varies with tree size and the volume of fruit and foliage to be treated. Use the following summary table to determine appropriate per acre use rates for NUP-14068 Fungicide:

TREE HEIGHT (ft)	NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	
	Apples and Mayhaws	Stone Fruits
10 (or less)	2.5 to 5.0	2.5 to 4.0
15	3.75 to 6.0	4.0 to 6.0
20 (or more)	5.0 to 10.0	6.0

Concentrate Spray Applications: NUP-14068 Fungicide may be used at the specified use rate per acre in either dilute or concentrate sprays. Use the following formula to determine the equivalent amount of product per acre in 2X, 3X, etc. spray solutions:

$$\frac{\text{Ounces NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre} \times 100}{\text{Gallons of spray applied per acre}} = \text{Ounces of NUP-14068 Fungicide per 100 gallons}$$

Example: An apple orchard consisting of apple trees 18 feet in height will require 5 ounces NUP-14068 Fungicide for adequate apple scab control. Application equipment has been calibrated to apply 80 gallons spray per acre, therefore:

$$\frac{5 \text{ ounces NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre} \times 100}{80 \text{ gallons spray applied per acre}} = 6.25 \text{ ounces per 100 gallons}$$

Dilute, Thorough Coverage Applications: Dilute thorough coverage applications are based on the amount of spray solution required to thoroughly wet trees until spray run-off. The following specific use directions for apples and mayhaws utilizes a 400 gallon per acre dilute basis and the specific use directions for stone fruits utilize a 250 gallon per acre dilute basis.

Thorough spray coverage is essential for good disease control. NUP-14068 Fungicide should be applied in sufficient water to insure adequate coverage.

**USE DIRECTIONS FOR ALMONDS
(For Use in California, Arizona and Hawaii Only)**

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide		Application Directions++	Restrictions
	(oz/100 gal)+	(oz/acre)		
Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.) Shothole (<i>Stigmina</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	5.0 to 8.0 (2.0 to 3.2 oz a.i.)	Begin applications at pink bud stage (about 5% bloom). If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and at petal fall.	Do not apply within 90 days of harvest. Do not make more than three applications or apply more than 1.5 lbs. (0.6 lbs. myclobutanil a.i.) NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre per season.
Rust (<i>Tranzschelia</i> spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz. myclobutanil a.i.) per acre. Begin application approximately 8 weeks after flowering if environmental conditions are favorable for disease development. For optimum disease control, do not apply on an application schedule exceeding 21 days.	
Anthrachnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)			The application of NUP-14068 Fungicide for control of blossom blight and shothole will suppress anthracnose.	

+Based on a standard of 400 gallons of dilute spray per acre, or the equivalent amount of product per acre.

++Best disease control is achieved in thorough coverage sprays applied on a protectant schedule, which does not exceed 10 days.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR ARTICHOKE

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe Cichoracearum</i>)	4	Scout crops on a regular basis and treat when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development. Apply uniformly in a spray volume that provides thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 30 gallons of spray volume per acre. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes or if spray coverage is not adequate. Consult your Nufarm representative, extension specialist, certified crop advisor, or your state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use information for your area.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 4 oz. (0.25 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.1 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per application or 24 oz (1.5 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.6 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. • Do not make more than 6 applications per season. • Pre-harvest Interval: Do not harvest within 3 days of application. • Re-treatment Interval: 14 days

USE DIRECTIONS FOR GRAPES			
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Anthracnose (<i>Elsinoe</i> spp.)	3 to 5 (1.2 to 2.0 oz a.i.)	Begin application when new shoots are 1 to 3 inches in length and continue on an application schedule, which does not exceed 14 days.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.6 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per year.
Black Rot (<i>Guignardia</i> spp.)		Preventative Schedule: Begin application when new shoots are 1 to 3 inches in length and continue applications on an application schedule which does not exceed 14 days. Use the higher specified rate under heavy disease pressure. Post Infection Schedule: Apply within 72 hours after the beginning of an infection period.	
Powdery Mildew (<i>Uncinula</i> spp.)		Begin application at prebloom (12 to 18-inch shoots) and do not extend applications beyond a 21-day interval. Use the higher specified rate or shorter specified spray interval on susceptible varieties or under heavy disease pressure.	

Aid in the Control of Certain Vine Diseases Following Pruning in Grapevines

To protect pruning wounds from vine diseases caused by *Botryosphaeria rhodina*, *Eutypa lata*, *Phaeoacremonium aleophilum* or *Phaeomoniella chlamydospora*, apply NUP-14068 Fungicide at 5 oz per acre in 50 gallons of water per acre using power operated ground application equipment. Lower application volumes may be used only if the spray thoroughly wets all susceptible grapevine tissue and the same ratio of NUP-14068 Fungicide to water is maintained: 4 oz. of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre in 42 gallons of water, or 3 oz of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre in 33 gallons of water per acre. Control may be reduced at these lower application rates. Do not apply less than 4 oz of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre per application.

Apply as a directed spray immediately after pruning (within 24 hours). Assure thorough coverage of cordons, spurs and all cut wood surfaces. For optimal control, make a second application approximately two weeks later. A second application is necessary if rainfall occurs or if humid conditions persist.

Double pruning involves two pruning passes. Canes first are cut non-selectively to a uniform height. Later, selective pruning reduces canes to their final spur length. When conditions do not favor infections developing beyond where the final pruning cuts will be made, the first pass pruning cuts do not need to be treated. In this case, apply NUP-14068 Fungicide immediately after the second pruning only. Make a second application approximately two weeks later if rainfall occurs or is expected, or if conditions favor spore dispersal and germination. If there is risk of infection moving beyond the second set of pruning cuts, applications should be made after the first and second prunings.

The addition of a labeled rate of a registered organosilicone spray adjuvant may increase penetration into cut wood surfaces. It is the responsibility of the user to assure that the organosilicone spray adjuvant is safe to the crop under the existing conditions of use. Add a registered spray dye to the tank mix and visually inspect pruning cuts after application to ensure thorough coverage of all susceptible tissue.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 24 oz of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre per year including these applications and applications for powdery mildew control.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR HOPS

**For Use and Distribution Only in the States of Alaska,
Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming)**

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Uncinula</i> spp.)	2 – 4 (0.8 to 1.6 oz a.i.)	Apply every 7 - 10 days during emergence to training growth stage. Do not apply less than 2 oz of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre or adequate efficacy may not be achieved.	Do not make more than 4 applications of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre per season. Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1 lb myclobutanil a.i. ingredient) per acre per season.
	4 – 6 (1.6 to 2.4 oz a.i.)	Apply every 5 – 10 days during training to wire growth stage (prior to beginning of bloom when vines are rapidly growing). Do not apply less than 4 oz of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre or adequate efficacy may not be achieved.	Pre-Harvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or harvest crops grown in treated areas for silage or hay.
	6 – 10 (2.4 to 4.0 oz a.i.)	Apply every 7 – 10 days during wire to 14 day pre-harvest stage. Do not apply less than 6 oz of NUP-14068 Fungicide per acre or adequate efficacy may not be achieved.	Chemigation: Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.

Apply NUP-14068 Fungicide in sufficient water for thorough coverage using ground equipment or by air in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons of water per acre. Thorough coverage is essential. Use the shorter specified spray interval on susceptible varieties or under disease pressure.

Resistance Management: NUP-14068 Fungicide belongs to the sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) class of fungicides and is classified as a Group 3 Fungicide by EPA. Since certain fungi can develop resistance to this class of products, the use of NUP-14068 Fungicide should be part of a resistance management strategy that includes alternation and/or tank mixing with fungicides of different modes of action. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for resistance management strategies that are appropriate for your disease management program.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR PEPPERMINT AND SPEARMINT

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	4 to 5 (1.6 to 2.0 oz a.i.)	Begin application in early spring when plants break dormancy. Continue applications on a 14- to 21 - day application schedule.	Do not apply more than 15 ounces of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.375 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per growing season. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR APPLES AND MAYHAWES

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/100 gallons)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.5 (0.5 to 1.0 oz a.i.)	Begin application at tight cluster and continue through the second cover spray. Additional sprays beyond second cover may be needed on susceptible varieties or under heavy disease pressure. Use the higher specified label rate if powdery mildew was present in previous years.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 5 pounds of NUP-14068 Fungicide (2 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season.
Rusts (<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	Begin applications at pink stage and continue through the second cover spray.	
Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.) Prebloom	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	Begin application at green tip or when environmental conditions become favorable for primary scab development. Apply NUP-14068 Fungicide alone or tank mixed with a protectant fungicide on a 7- to 10-day schedule.	
Bloom, Postbloom	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	Use NUP-14068 Fungicide in a tank mixture with the specified rate of a protectant fungicide, registered for use on apples, for improved fruit scab and summer disease control.	
Post Infection	2.0 (0.8 oz a.i.)	NUP-14068 Fungicide provides 96-hour post-infection control or curative activity. Apply as soon as possible after infection period. Follow with a standard preventative spray schedule.	

+ Based on dilute sprays with a 400-gallon per acre basis.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR SMALL FRUITS			
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Blackberry +			
Cane and Leaf Rust (<i>Kuehneola</i> spp.) Orange Rust (<i>Arthuriomyces</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Yellow Rust (<i>Phragmidium</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.5 (0.5 to 1.0 oz a.i.)	Applications should be initiated as early as bud break and should continue at 10- to 14-day intervals, depending on the disease(s) to be controlled. Use the shorter specified spray interval under heavy disease pressure.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 10 ounces of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.25 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per growing season.
Currant			
Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)	5.0 (2.0 oz a.i.)	Make applications at pre-bloom, full bloom and 2 weeks later.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 40 ounces of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1.0 lb. myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per growing season.
Gooseberry			
Anthracnose (<i>Drepanopeziza</i> spp.)	5.0 (2.0 oz a.i.)	Begin applications when the first leaf has completely unfolded, then at 10- to 14-day intervals as long as environmental conditions favor continued disease development.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 40 ounces of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1.0 lb. myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per growing season.
Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)		Make applications at pre-bloom, full bloom and 2 weeks later.	
Raspberry			
Cane and Leaf Rust (<i>Kuehneola</i> spp.) Leaf Spot (<i>Sphaeruiina</i> spp.) Orange Rust (<i>Arthuriomyces</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Yellow Rust (<i>Phragmidium</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.5 (0.5 to 1.0 oz a.i.)	Applications should be initiated as early as bud break and should continue at 10- to 14-day intervals, depending on the disease(s) to be controlled. Use the shorter specified spray interval under heavy disease pressure.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 10 ounces of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.25 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per growing season.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR SMALL FRUITS (Continued)			
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Strawberry			
Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Leaf Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella</i> spp.) Leaf Blight (<i>Phomopsis</i> spp.)	2.5 to 5.0 (1.0 to 2.0 oz a.i.)	Begin applications when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat applications at 14- to 21 -day intervals.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 30 ounces of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.75 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per year.

+ Includes use on the following members of the berries group including varieties and/or hybrids:

Bingleberry Black satin berry Boysenberry Cherokee blackberry Chesterberry Cheyenne blackberry Coryberry Darrowberry Dewberry	Dirksen thornless berry Himalayaberry Hullberry Lavacaberry Lowberry Lucretiaberry Mammoth blackberry Marionberry Nectarberry	Olallieberry Oregon evergreen berry Phenomenalberry Rangeberry Ravenberry Rossberry Shawnee blackberry Youngberry
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USE DIRECTIONS FOR STONE FRUIT

Stone Fruits - Apricots				
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide		Application Directions++	Restrictions
	(oz/100gal)	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz a.i.)	Begin application at early red bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 2.75 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1.1 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. Applications may be made up to the day harvest (PHI=0 days).
Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz myclobutanil a.i.) per acre on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Applications should be made whenever environmental conditions favor disease development during the month prior to harvest.	
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals until terminal growth ceases.	
Shothole (<i>Stigmina</i> spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 7- to 10-day intervals as long as needed.	

Stone Fruits - Cherries				
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide		Application Directions++	Restrictions
	(oz/100gal)	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz a.i.)	Begin application at early popcorn stage, before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 3.25 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1.3 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. Applications may be made up to the day harvest (PHI=0 days).
Brown Rot (Monilinia spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz myclobutanil a.i.) per acre on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Applications should be made whenever environmental conditions favor disease development during the month prior to harvest.	
Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera and Sphaerotheca spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals until terminal growth ceases.	
Leaf Spot (Blumeriella spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule and continue applications at 7- to 10-day intervals. Make additional applications after harvest.	

Stone Fruits - Nectarines				
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide		Application Directions++	Restrictions
	(oz/100gal)	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz a.i.)	Begin application at early pink bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 3.25 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1.3 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. Applications may be made up to the day harvest (PHI=0 days).
Brown Rot (Monilinia spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz myclobutanil a.i.) per acre on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Applications should be made whenever environmental conditions favor disease development during the month prior to harvest.	
Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera and Sphaerotheca spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals until terminal growth ceases.	
Shothole (Stigmina spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 7- to 10-day intervals as long as needed.	

Stone Fruits - Peaches				
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide		Application Directions++	Restrictions
	(oz/100gal)	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz a.i.)	Begin application at early pink bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 3.25 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1 .3 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. Applications may be made up to the day harvest (PHI=0 days).
Brown Rot (Monilinia spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz myclobutanil a.i.) per acre on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Applications should be made whenever environmental conditions favor disease development during the month prior to harvest.	
Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals until terminal growth ceases.	
Rust (Tranzschelia spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz myclobutanil a.i.) per acre. Begin application approximately 8 weeks after flowering if environmental conditions are favorable for disease development. For optimum disease control, do not apply on an application schedule exceeding 21- days.	

Stone Fruits - Plums, Prunes				
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide		Application Directions++	Restrictions
	(oz/100gal)	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz a.i.)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz a.i.)	Begin application at green tip, before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 2.75 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (1.1 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. Applications may be made up to the day harvest (PHI=0 days).
Brown Rot (Monilinia spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz myclobutanil a.i.) per acre on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Applications should be made whenever environmental conditions favor disease development during the month prior to harvest.	
Rust (Tranzschelia spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals until terminal growth ceases.	

+ 250 gallon dilute spray per acre basis.

**Tropical Fruits - Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango,
Papaya, Sapodilla, and Star Apple**

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery mildew (<i>Oidium caricae</i>)	10	<p>Scout crops on a regular basis and treat when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development.</p> <p>Apply uniformly in a spray volume that provides thorough coverage of the fruit and foliage. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes or if spray coverage is not adequate.</p> <p>Consult your Nufarm representative, extension specialist, certified crop advisor, or your state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use information for your area.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 10 oz. (0.63 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.25 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per application or 80 oz (5 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (2 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. • Do not make more than 8 applications per season. • Pre-harvest Interval: None • Re-treatment Interval: 14 days

USE DIRECTIONS FOR VEGETABLES

Vegetables - Asparagus

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	5.0 (2.0 oz a.i.)	<p>Begin applications to the developing ferns after harvest has taken place. Repeat applications on a schedule not to exceed 14 days. Apply with a spray adjuvant, such as Latron B-1956 or Latron CS-7.</p>	<p>Do not apply to harvestable spears. Do not apply within 180 days of harvest in all states except California.</p> <p>When a 180-day pre-harvest interval (PHI) is used, do not make more than 6 applications of 5 oz of (0.125 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per growing season. This is equivalent to 30 ounces product (0.75 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per year.</p> <p>When a 30-day pre-harvest interval (PHI) is used, do not make more than 4 applications of 5 oz (0.125 lb myclobutanil a.i.) or 20 ounces of product (0.5 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per year.</p> <p>In California, either a 30 or 180 day pre-harvest interval (PHI) may be used.</p>

Vegetables – Cucurbits†

†Balsam apple, bitter melon, cantaloupe, casaba, Chinese cucumber, Chinese waxgourd, citron melon, crenshaw melon, cucumber, golden pershaw melon, edible gourd, ornamental gourd, honey balls, honeydew melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, pumpkin, Santa Claus melon, snake melon, summer squash, winter squash, and watermelon

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe and Sphaerotheca spp.)	2.5 to 5 (1.0 to 2.0 oz a.i.)	<p>Begin application at first sign of disease development and continue on a 7- to 10-day application schedule.</p> <p>For the control of other foliar cucurbit diseases, co-applications of registered protectant fungicides should be made according to label use directions.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 1 .5 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.6 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per crop.</p> <p>Applications may be made up to, and including the day of harvest.</p>

Vegetables – Head and Leaf Lettuce

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe Cichoracearum</i>)	5	<p>Scout crops on a regular basis and treat when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development.</p> <p>Apply uniformly in a spray volume that provides thorough coverage. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes or if spray coverage is not adequate.</p> <p>Consult your Nufarm representative, extension specialist, certified crop advisor, or your state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use information for your area.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 5 oz. (0.31 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.125 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per application or 20 oz (1.25 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.5 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. • Do not make more than 4 applications per season. • Pre-harvest Interval: Do not harvest within 3 days of application. • Re-treatment Interval: 14 days.

Vegetables - Okra
(Not for Use In the States of Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming)

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca Fuliginea)	2.5 – 5	<p>Scout crops on a regular basis and treat when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development.</p> <p>Apply uniformly in a spray volume that provides thorough coverage of the fruit and foliage. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes or if spray coverage is not adequate.</p> <p>A lower rate and 14-day re-treatment interval may be used for small plants and under low disease pressure conditions.</p> <p>Use the highest specified rate and shorter specified re-treatment interval for larger plants and severe or threatening disease conditions. If reliable predictive modeling (risk index) systems are available, these can help to indicate disease pressure conditions.</p> <p>Consult your Nufarm representative, extension specialist, certified crop advisor, or your state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use information for your area.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 5 oz (0.31 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.125 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per application or 20 oz (1.25 of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.5 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. • Do not make more than 4 applications per season. • Pre-harvest Interval: None • Minimum Re-treatment Interval: 10 to 14 days

**Vegetables – Peppers (Bell Pepper, Chili Pepper, Cooking Pepper, Pimento, Sweet Pepper)
and Eggplant**

**(Not for Use In the States of Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho,
Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming)**

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery mildew (Leveillula taurica)	2.5 – 5	<p>Scout crops on a regular basis and treat when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development.</p> <p>Apply uniformly in a spray volume that provides thorough coverage of the fruit and foliage. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes or if spray coverage is not adequate.</p> <p>A lower rate and 14-day re-treatment interval may be used for small plants and under low disease pressure conditions.</p> <p>Use the highest specified rate and shorter specified re-treatment interval for larger plants and severe or threatening disease conditions. If reliable predictive modeling (risk index) systems area available, these can help to indicate disease pressure conditions.</p> <p>Consult your Nufarm representative, extension specialist, certified crop advisor, or your state agricultural experiment station for any additional local use information for your area.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 5 oz (0.31 lb) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.125 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per application or 20 oz (1.25 of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.5 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per season. • Do not make more than 4 applications per season. • Pre-harvest Interval: None • Minimum Re-treatment Interval: 10 to 14 days

Vegetables - Snap Beans

Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Rust (Uromyces spp.) Pod Tip Rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)	4 to 5 (1.6 to 2.0 oz a.i.)	Begin applications when rust is first observed. For pod tip rot, begin applications when pods begin to develop. Continue applications on a 7- to 10-day schedule if conditions remain favorable for disease development.	Applications may be made up to, and including the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 1 .25 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.5 lb. myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per crop.

Vegetables - Tomatoes			
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (Leveillua spp.)	2.5 to 4.0 (1.0 to 1.6 oz a.i.)	<p>Begin applications at the first sign of disease or when environmental conditions are favorable for disease development.</p> <p>Do not exceed 21 days between application intervals.</p> <p>Apply using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre by ground or a minimum of 10 gallons of water by air.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 1 .25 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.5 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per crop.</p> <p>Applications may be up to, and including the day of harvest.</p>

USE DIRECTIONS FOR NON-FOOD USE			
Diseases	Rate of NUP-14068 Fungicide (oz/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Hybrid Poplar (For use in nurseries or forested areas used for wood pulp production)			
Rust (Melampsora spp.)	4 to 6 (1.6 to 2.4 oz a.i.)	Begin applications at the first sign of disease and repeat applications at 10- to 14-day intervals.	Do not apply more than 1 .5 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.6 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per year.
Douglas Fir (Nursery Use Only)			
Needle Rust (Melampsora spp.)	5 to 10 (2 to 4 oz a.i.)	<p>Begin applications in early spring. Continue applications at 2 to 3 week intervals until the threat of infection is past.</p> <p>A spray adjuvant such as Latron CS-7 or Latron B-1956 should be added to obtain good spray coverage and disease control.</p>	Do not apply more than 1 .5 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.6 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per year.
Loblolly Pine (Nursery Use Only)			
Fusiform Rust (Cronartium quercuum)	5 to 10 (2 to 4 oz a.i.)	Begin applications in early spring. Continue applications at 2 to 3 week intervals until the threat of infection is past. A spray adjuvant such as Latron CS-7 or Latron B-1956 should be added to obtain good spray coverage and disease control.	Do not apply more than 1 .5 lb of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.6 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per acre per year.

COTTON SEED TREATMENT

Use NUP-14068 Fungicide as a seed treatment to protect against sore shin (*Rhizoctonia solani*) and black root rot (*Thielaviopsis basicola*), diseases which impair good cotton seed germination and seedling development. NUP-14068 Fungicide may be applied to dry seed with conventional slurry or mist seed treating equipment. This product can be pumped or poured directly into the cotton seed treater provided the specified amount of product is applied. For best results, the seed must be completely and uniformly covered with fungicide. NUP-14068 Fungicide can be tank mixed with other properly labeled cotton seed protectants such as Apron TL for Pythium control. Do not tank mix with products whose labels contain a prohibition against tank mixing.

Commercial Cotton Seed Treatment

In California, this product must be applied through a closed system such as WECO-RED (Returnable Evacuation Device).

Use 0.05 to 0.155 lb (0.8 to 2.5 oz) of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.019 to 0.062 lb myclobutanil a.i.) per 100 lb of cotton seed to reduce seedling damage caused by sore shin (*Rhizoctonia solani*) and black root rot (*Thielaviopsis basicola*).

For cotton seed treatment, always use NUP-14068 Fungicide with an EPA approved dye or colorant that imparts an unnatural color to seed.

Seed Bag Label Requirements

The Federal Seed Act requires that containers containing treated seeds shall be labeled with the following statements:

- ◆ This seed has been treated with NUP-14068 Fungicide which contains myclobutanil.
- ◆ Do not use treated seed for feed, food, or oil purposes.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requires the following statements on containers containing seed treated with myclobutanil:

- ◆ Store treated seed away from food and feedstuffs.
- ◆ Do not allow children, pets or livestock to have access to treated seeds.
- ◆ Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt and protective gloves when handling treated seed.
- ◆ Treated seeds exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to wildlife. Cover or collect treated seeds spilled during loading and planting.
- ◆ Dispose of all excess treated seed by burying seed away from bodies of water.
- ◆ Do not contaminate bodies of water when disposing of planting equipment wash water.
- ◆ Dispose of seed packaging or containers in accordance with local requirements.
- ◆ Excess treated seed may be used for ethanol production if (1) by-products are not used for livestock feed and (2) no measurable residues of pesticide remain in ethanol by-products that are used in agronomic practice."

On Farm Cotton Seed Treatment

For mechanical treaters or hopper box treatments, dilute 0.8 to 2.5 oz of NUP-14068 Fungicide (0.32 to 1 oz a.i.) with 8 to 10 fl oz of water and apply per 100 lb of cotton seed. Other cotton seed hopper box products as DeltaCoat AD or DeltaCoat ND may be applied with NUP-14068 Fungicide. Always follow the label directions on the respective products. For on farm cotton seed treatment, loaders must wear a chemical-resistant apron in addition to the PPE listed on the label affixed to the container.

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool dry area above freezing. The water-soluble pouch may become brittle at storage temperatures below 32°F, but the fungicide is not affected. Do not remove the water-soluble pouches from the container except for immediate use.

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Wear eye protection. Wear protective clothing. Spray water on powder and dust. Scoop or shovel solid material into a suitable container for recovery or disposal. Keep dust to a minimum. Flush contaminated area with a large amount of water to a chemical or sanitary sewer containing a settling pit. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Thoroughly launder clothing before reuse. Refer to Precautionary Statements promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting in the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Water Soluble Packaging - Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty outer foil pouch in the trash as long as WSP is unbroken.

[Nonrefillable Containers 50 lb or Less]

Nonrefillable container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

[Nonrefillable Containers larger than 50 lb]

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

[Fiber Drums with Liners]

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment or a mix tank. Then offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner.

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If you do not agree with or do not accept any of the directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations of liability, do not use the product and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

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