1/14

(COMMERCIAL LABEL)

TRIPLET® LOW ODOR PREMIUM LAWN WEED KILLER CONCENTRATE

SELECTIVE BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL FOR ORNAMENTAL TURFGRASSES.
TO CONTROL DANDELION, CLOVER, HENBIT, PLANTAINS, WILD ONION, AND
MANY OTHER BROADLEAF WEEDS.
ALSO FOR HIGHWAYS, RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND OTHER SIMILAR NON-CROP AREAS

CONTAINS 2,4-D, MECOPROP-p AND DICAMBA

1 GALLON TREATS (COVERS) 32,000 SQ. FT.

GET THE OPTICAL ADVANTAGE®

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Triisopropanolamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid* Dimethylamine Salt of Mecoprop-p,**‡ Dicamba Acid*** OTHER INGREDIENTS:	2.29% 0.64%
TOTAL:	
Isomer Specific Method, Equivalent to: *2,4-D Acid	4 lbs./gal.
±CONTAINS THE SINGLE ISOMER FORM OF MECOPROP-0	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

EPA REG. NO. 228-489 EPA EST. NO. 228-IL-1 MANUFACTURED BY NUFARM AMERICAS INC. BURR RIDGE, IL 60527



NET CONTENTS

GALS.

000228-00489.20061207.pending

ACCEPTED

MAR 1 5 2007

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

228-489

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks, shoes, protective eyewear and chemical-resistant gloves when handling or applying this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower. Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pet on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried.

If this container is over one gallon and less than five gallons, then persons engaged in open pouring of this product must also wear coveralls or a chemical resistant apron. If this container is five gallons or more in capacity, do not open pour product from this container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters nor pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells, other water sources and desirable plants. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. If spills occur, collect the material and dispose of by following disposal instructions on this label.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D, MCPP and 2,4-DP have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling these phenoxy pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can be used on Ornamental Turf Lawns (Residential, Industrial and Institutional), Parks, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields and Golf Courses (Fairways, Aprons, Tees and Roughs), also along Highways, Rights-of-Way, Drainage Ditches and other similar turf areas. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT, USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS.

USE PRECAUTIONS

fMPORTANT; Do not use this product for controlling weeds in flower or vegetable beds or around shrubs or ornamental plantings. Do not spray exposed roots of desirable plants. Do not spray on Dichondra, Lippia, nor on grasses where desirable Clovers are present. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until they have been moved 3 times. Do not reseed for 3 to 4 weeks after use. If lawn needs watering, water thoroughly before application. For best results, do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment. Watering will wash off weed killing material. Do not apply if rainfall is expected within 24 hours. Avoid fine mists. Use a lawn type sprayer with a coarse spray as wind drift is less likely. Spray entire lawn, wetting weeds and lawn grasses. Do not exceed recommended rates because damage to turf may occur. Spray when air is calm to avoid spray drift that might injure desirable ornamental plants. Avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 90 degrees. When using small, spot treatment applications in temperatures over 90 degrees, turf injury may occur. When treating Carpetgrass and St. Augustine grass, avoid broadcast applications when air temperature exceeds 80 degrees. When air temperatures exceed 80 degrees, limit application to spot treatment only. Make new

dilution for each use. This product can be mixed with some liquid fertilizers or liquid iron materials. Because liquid fertilizer and liquid Iron differ in pH, free ammonia content, density, salt concentration and percentage of water, a compatibility test is recommended prior to mixing in application equipment. All regulations, either State or Federal, relating to the application of liquid fertilizers or liquid iron and this product must be strictly followed.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Curly dock Alder Annual yellow sweet clover Curly indigo Artichoke Dandelion Aster Austrian fieldcress Bedstraw. Beggartick Biden Bindweed **Bird vetch** Bitterweed Bitter wintercress Black-eyed Susan Black medic Black mustard Blackseed plantain Blessed thistle Blue lettuce Blue vervain Box elder Bracted plantain Brassbuttons Bristly oxtongue Broadleaf dock Broadleaf plantain Broomweed Buckhorn Buckhorn plantain Bulbous buttercup Bull nettle **Bull thistle** Burdock Burning nettle Bur ragweed Burweed Buttercup Canada thistle Carolina geranium Carpetweed Catchweed bedstraw Catsear Catnip Chickweeed Chicory Cinquefoil Clover Cockle Cocklebur Coffeebean Coffeeweed Common chickweeed Common mullein Common sowthistle Corn chamomile Creeping Jenny Crimson clover, croton Cudweed

Dead Nettle Dock Dogbane Dogfennel Elderberry English daisy Fall dandelion False dandelion False flax False sunflower Fiddleneck Field bindweed Field pansy Flea bane (Daisy) Flixweed Florida betony Florida pusley Frenchweed Galinsoga Garlic mustard Goathead Goatsbeard Goldenrod Ground ivy Gumweed Hairy bittercress Hairy fleabane Hawkweed Healall Heartleaf drymary Hedge bindweed Hedge mustard Hemp Henbit Hoary cress Hoary plantain Hoary vervain Honeysuckle Hop clover Horsenettle Horsetail Indiana mallow Ironweed Jewelweed Jimsonweed Kochia Knawel Knotweed Lambsquarter Lespedeza Locoweed Lupine Mallow Marshelder

Matchweed Mexicanweed Milk vetch Milkweed bloodflower Mugwort Morningglory Mouseear chickweed Musk thistle Mustard Narrowleaf plantain Narrowleaf vetch Nettle Nutgrass Orange hawkweed Oxalis Oxeve daisy Parsley-piert Parsnip Pearlwort Pennycress Pennywort Peppergrass Pepperweed Pigweed Pineywoods bedstraw Plains coeopsis Plantain Poison hemlock Poison ivy Poison oak Pokeweed Poorice Povertyweed Prickly lettuce Prickly sida Primrose Prostrate knotweeed Prostrate pigweed Prostrate spurge Prostrate vervain Puncture vine Purslane Ragweed Red clover Redroot pigweed

Sowthistle Spanishneedle Spatterdock Speedwell Spiny amaranth Spiny cocklebur Spotted catsear Spotted knapweed Spotted spurge Spurge Spurweed Stinging nettle Stinkweed Stichwort Strawberry clover Sumac Sunflower Sweet clover Tall nettle Tall vervain Tansy mustard Tansy ragwort Tanweed Tarweed Thistle Tick trefoil Toadflax Trailing crown vetch Tumble mustard Tumble pigweed Tumbleweed Velvet leaf Venice mallow Veronica Vervain Vetch Virginia buttonweeed Virginia creeper Virginia pepperweed Wavvleaf bullthistle Western clematis Western salsify White clover White mustard Wild mustard Wild aster Wild buckwheat Wild carrot Wild four-o'clock. Wild geranium

Shepherdspurse

Slender plantain

Smartweed

Smooth dock

Smooth pigweed

Smallflower galinsoga

Sneezeweed southern wild rose

Red sorrel

Rush

Redstem filaree

Rough cinquefoil

Rough fleabane

Russian pigweed

Scarlet pimpernel

Russian thistle

St. Johnswort

Scotch thistle

Sheep sorre!

Roundleafed marigold

Wild lettuce Wild marigold Wild parsnip Wild radish

Wild rape

Wild strawberry Wild sweet potato Wild vetch Willow Witchweed

Wooly morningglory Woodsorrel Woolly croton Woolly plantain Wormseed

Yellow Rocket Yellow flower pepperweed and other broadleaf weeds

Yarrow

USE TIPS

- 1. Spray during the growing season when weeds are growing actively.
- 2. For best results, do not mow for 2 days before or after treating.
- 3. Do not treat when air temperatures exceed 90°F or damage to grass may occur.
- For best results, do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment. Poor weed control may result if rainfall occurs within 24 hours of application.
- Shake well before using.
- 6. On new lawns, wait until the grass has reached a height of 2 inches before making an overall spray treatment. However, a spot treatment may be made at any time with a small pressure sprayer. Wait 3 weeks before seeding or planting stolons, plugs, or sprigs.
- 7. Do not allow spray to get on ornamental plants or vegetables since injury may result. Do not spray around roots of ornamentals and trees. Clover will be damaged if sprayed.
- Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure sprayer, avoid sprays which are too fine because they can drift and damage other plants.
- If certain tough weeds are not dead within 3 weeks, repeat treatment. Broadcast application is not necessary; follow spot treatment directions.

HOW MUCH TO USE

SPOT TREATMENT

Pressure (Trigger) Sprayer: Adjust spray nozzle to give coarse spray. Aim at center of weed and spray to wet. One application should be sufficient. Effects begin to show after a few days and weeds gradually die. A repeat application may be required in 3 to 4 weeks for hard-to-kill (or control) weeds. Do not use a hose-end sprayer for spot treatment.

GRASS TYPE	AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE	AMOUNT OF WATER	AREA TREATED
Cool Season Grasses Bluegrass Fescue Ryegrass	4 Fluid Ounces (8 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon 、	1,000 Square Feet
Warm Season Grasses Bahiagrass Common Bermudagrass Centipedegrass St.Augustinegrass Zoysiagrass	2 Fluid Ounce (4 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon	1,000 Square Feet

ENTIRE LAWN

Hose-End Sprayer: Use a hose-end sprayer designed for lawns. Pour recommended amount of product (Column 2) in bottle and add water to indicated level (Column 3), and spray on area shown in Column 4. For example in cool season grasses, to spray 4,000 square feet measure 16 fluid ounces (32 Tablespoons) in jar, add water to the 4 gallon level and mix. Turn on garden hose and spray as evenly as possible over 4,000 square feet.

GRASS TYPE	AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE	AMOUNT OF WATER	AREA TREATED
Cool Season Grasses Bluegrass Fescue Ryegrass	4 Fluid Ounces (8 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon	1,000 Square Feet
Warm Season Grasses Bahiagrass Common Bermudagrass Centipedegrass St.Augustinegrass Zoysiagrass	2 Fluid Ounce (4 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon	1,000 Square Feet

NOTE: Do not apply to Floratam variety of St. Augustine grass in Florida. Contact your local County Extension Agent if you are not sure as to what type of grass you have.

ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF

Pressure Sprayer: Measure indicated amount of this product, pour into tank, and add proper amount of water according to the following chart. Use a spray pattern with coarse spray droplets without any fine mist.

GRASS TYPE	AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE	AMOUNT OF WATER
Cool Season Grasses Bluegrass Fescue Ryegrass	1.375 Gallons (175 ounces)	43.5 Gallons
Warm Season Grasses Bahiagrass Common Bermudagrass Zoysiagrass	0.6875 Gallons (87.5 ounces)	43.5 Gallons
Warm Season Grasses Centipedegrass St. Augustinegrass*	0.3475 Gallons (43.75 ounces)	43.5 Gallons

^{*}Do not apply to Floratam variety of St. Augustine grass in Florida. Contact your local County Extension Agent if you are not sure as to what type of grass you have.

NON-TURF AREAS

For roadsides (including aprons and guardrails), rights-of-way, drainage ditchbanks, and other similar non-crop areas mix this product at a rate of 0.75 to 4.5 gallons per 50 to 300 gallons of water. This will cover 1 acre. Thoroughly saturate all weeds with spray mixture. Apply when plants come into full leaf (spring) to the time plants begin to go dormant. Best results are obtained when weeds are young and actively growing. Do not cut weeds until this product has translocated throughout the plant causing root death. For small broadleaf weeds, use the lower rate. Heavy, dense stands require the higher rate with high water volume.

The maximum seasonal application rate to non-crop sites is 4 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application site.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing, to be stored in original container and placed in areas inaccessible to children.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

PESTICIDE CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CROP INJURY OR INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR

SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR RISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

(RV080606)

Triplet and The Optical Advantage are Registered Trademarks of Nufarm Americas, Inc.

[OPTIONAL BOX]

PRODUCT FACTS

What it Does:

Kills all Major Broadleaf Weeds including Chickweed, Clover and Dandelion (See inside for complete list)

Where to Use: (Icon weeds)
Lawns: Kills the Weeds not the Lawn

When to Use:

Do not apply when daytime temperatures are above 90°F as lawn injury

can occur.

Questions and Comments: (Icon phone) (icon computer)
Call xxxxxxxx or visit our website at www.xxxxxxxxxxx

MEASUREMENT CALCULATIONS

3 teaspoons = 1 Tablespoon	1 fluid ounce = 6 teaspoons
1/2 fluid ounce = 3 teaspoons	1 fluid ounce = 2 Tablespoons
1/2 fluid ounce = 1 Tablespoon	4 fluid ounces = 1/2 cup

OPTIONAL MARKETING HYPE - FRONT PANEL

Low Odor Formulation

Kills Over 250 Weed Types

Kills 250+ Weed Types

Kills Over 250 Weed Listed

Kills Over 250 Weeds

Kills All Major Broadleaf Weeds

Kills Dandelion, Clover and Other Broadleaf Weeds

Kills Dandelion, Clover and Other Listed Broadleaf Weeds

Controls Over 250 Weeds

Use When Weeds Are Actively Growing

May Be Used on Bahia, Common Bermuda, Bluegrass, Centipede, Fescue, Ryegrass, St. Augustine and Zoysia Grass

Controls Weeds Such As Dandelions, Chickweed, Henbit, Oxalis, Plantain, And Many More

Overnight Results

Works in 24 Hours

Kills the Weeds, Not the Lawn

Rainproof in Hours - Won't Wash Away

Colorless Formulation

Won't Harm the Home Lawn

Illustration(s) of various weeds listed on label

Contains Triplet Low Odor Formula

Easy to Use

For Thick, Weed-Free Turf

Three Way Control

Apply to a Moist Lawn Contains The Three Way Power of Triple Low Odor One Gallon Covers 32,000 Square Feet (One XXX covers XX,XXX square feet) Easy to Mix Just Add Water **New Formulation** Specially formulated for residential use.

ALTERNATE HOSE-END SPRAYER INSTRUCTIONS

How To Use:

(Illustrations)

- 1. Attach garden hose to spray nozzle.
- Turn on water supply.
 Bend safety tab down and turn control to "water"
- 4. Point nozzle toward lawn and turn control to "on". Product will automatically mix with water. Walk back and forth at a steady pace.

(RESIDENTIAL LABEL)

TRIPLET® LOW ODOR

PREMIUM LAWN WEED KILLER CONCENTRATE

FOR SELECTIVE BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL IN RESIDENTIAL TURF
WHEN USING A HOSE-END SPRAYER, JUST CONNECT HOSE, TURN ON WATER AND SPRAY.
ONE QUART COVERS 8,000 SQUARE FEET
(SEE DIRECTIONS FOR DIFFERENT GRASSES.)
CONTAINS 2,4-D, MECOPROP-p AND DICAMBA

GET THE OPTICAL ADVANTAGE®

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
Triisopropanolamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid	i*
	2.29
Dicamba Acid***	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
	TOTAL: 100.00°
somer Specific Method, Equivalent to:	
*2,4-D Acid	
	1.89%, 0.164 lbs/ga
	0.64%, 0.056 lbs/ga

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

EPA REG. NO. 228-489 EPA EST. NO. 228-IL-1 MANUFACTURED BY NUFARM AMERICAS INC. BURR RIDGE, IL 60527



NET CONTENTS

GALS.

MAR 15 2007

ACCEPTED

000228-00489.20061207.pending

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the penticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

228-489

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks, shoes, protective eyewear and chemical-resistant gloves when handling or applying this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower. Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pet on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried.

	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER Italiner or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also 40 for emergency medical treatment information.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water. If spills occur, collect the material and dispose of by following disposal instructions on this label. Do not pour product or rinse water down any drain.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS. Shake well before using.

USE PRECAUTIONS

IMPORTANT: Do not use this product for controlling weeds in flower or vegetable beds or around shrubs or ornamental plantings. Do not spray exposed roots of desirable plants. Do not spray on Dichondra, Lippia, nor on grasses where desirable Clovers are present. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until they have been mowed 3 times. Do not reseed for 3 to 4 weeks after use. If lawn needs watering, water thoroughly before application. For best results, do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment. Watering will wash off weed killing material. Do not apply if rainfall is expected within 24 hours. Avoid fine mists. Use a lawn type sprayer with a coarse spray as wind drift is less likely. Spray entire lawn, wetting weeds and lawn grasses. Do not exceed recommended rates because damage to turf may occur. Spray when air is calm to avoid spray drift that might injure desirable ornamental plants. Do not apply when temperature exceeds 90°F. Make new dilution for each use. This product can be mixed with some liquid fertilizers or liquid iron materials. Because liquid fertilizer and liquid iron differ in pH, free ammonia content, density, salt concentration and percentage of water, a compatibility test is recommended prior to mixing in application equipment. If necessary, contact your local Extension Agent.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Alder Annual yellow sweet clover Artichoke Aster Austrian fieldcress **Bedstraw** Beggartick Biden **Bindweed** Bird vetch **Bitterweed** Bitter wintercress Black-eyed Susan Black medic Black mustard Blackseed plantain Blessed thistle Blue lettuce Blue vervain Box elder Bracted plantain Brassbuttons Bristly oxtongue Broadleaf dock Broadleaf plantain Broomweed Buckhorn Buckhorn plantain **Bulbous buttercup Bull nettle Bull thistle** Burdock **Burning nettle** Bur ragweed Burweed Buttercup Canada thistle

Carolina geranium Carpetweed Catchweed bedstraw Catsear Catnip Chickweeed Chicory Cinquefoil Clover Cockle Cocklebur Coffeebean Coffeeweed Common chickweeed Common mullein Common sowthistle Corn chamomile Creeping Jenny Crimson clover, croton

Creeping Jenny
Crimson clover, cro
Cudweed
Curly dock
Curly indigo
Dandelion
Dead Nettle
Dock

Dogbane Dogfennel Elderberry English daisy Fall dandelion False dandelion False flax False sunflower Fiddleneck Field bindweed Field pansy Flea bane (Daisy) Flixweed Florida betony Florida pusley Frenchweed Galinsoga Garlic mustard Goathead

Goatsbeard
Goldenrod
Ground ivy
Gumweed
Hairy bittercress
Hairy fleabane
Hawkweed
Healail
Heartleaf drymary
Hedge bindweed
Hedge mustard
Hemp
Henbit

Hoary cress Hoary plantain Hoary vervain Honeysuckle Hop clover Horsenettle Horsetail Indiana mallow ironweed Jewelweed Jimsonweed Kochia Knawel Knotweed Lambsquarter Lespedeza Locoweed Lupine Mallow Marshelder Matchweed Mexicanweed Milk vetch

Milkweed bloodflower

Mugwort Morningglory Mouseear chickweed Musk thistle Mustard

Narrowleaf plantain

Nettle
Nutgrass
Orange hawkweed
Oxalis
Oxeye daisy
Parsley-piert
Parsnip
Peartwort
Pennycress
Pennywort
Peppergrass

Narrowleaf vetch

Plains coeopsis
Plantain
Poison hemlock
Poison oak
Pokeweed
Poorjoe
Povertyweed
Prickly lettuce
Prickly sida
Primrose
Prostrate knotweeed

Prostrate pigweed

Pepperweed

Pineywoods bedstraw

Pigweed

Prostrate spurge
Prostrate vervain
Puncture vine
Purstane
Ragweed
Red ckover
Redroot pigweed
Red sorret
Redstem filaree
Rough cinquefoil
Rough fleabane
Roundleafed marigold
Rush
Russian pigweed
Russian thistle

Scarlet pimpernel
Scotch thistle
Sheep sorrel
Shepherdspurse
Slender plantain
Smallflower galinsoga
Smartweed
Smooth dock

St. Johnswort

Smooth pigweed Sneezeweed southern wild rose Sowthistle

Spanishneedle Spatterdock Speedwell Spiny amaranth Spiny cocklebur Spotted catsear Spotted knapweed Spotted spurge Spurge Spurweed Stinging nettle Stinkweed Stichwort Strawberry clover

Strawberry clov
Sumac
Sunflower
Sweet clover
Tall nettle
Tall vervain
Tansy mustard
Tansy ragwort
Tanweed
Tarweed
Thistle
Tick trefoil
Toadflax

Trailing crown vetch
Trailing crown vetch
Tumble mustard
Tumble pigweed
Tumbleweed
Vetvet leaf
Venice małlow
Veronica
Vervain
Vetch
Virginia buttonweeed

Virginia creeper Virginia pepperweed Wavyteaf bullthistle Western clematis Western salsify White clover White mustard Wild mustard Wild aster Wild buckwheat Wild carrot Wild four-o'clock, Wild geranium Wild lettuce Wild marigold Wild parsnip Wild radish Wild rape Wild strawberry Wild sweet potato Wild vetch Willow

Willow
Witchweed
Woolly morningglory
Woodsorrel
Woolly croton
Woolly plantain
Wormseed
Yarrow
Yellow Rocket

Yellow flower pepperweed and other broadleaf weeds

USE TIPS

- 1. Spray during the growing season when weeds are growing actively.
- 2. For best results, do not mow for 2 days before or after treating.
- 3. Do not treat when air temperatures exceed 90°F or damage to grass may occur.
- For best results, do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment. Poor weed control may result if rainfall occurs within 24 hours of application.
- 5. Shake well before using.
- 6. On new lawns, wait until the grass has reached a height of 2 inches before making an overall spray treatment. However, a spot treatment may be made at any time with a small pressure sprayer. Wait 3 weeks before seeding or planting stolons, plugs, or sprigs.
- Do not allow spray to get on ornamental plants or vegetables since injury may result. Do not spray around roots of ornamentals and trees. Clover will be damaged if sprayed.
- Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure sprayer, avoid sprays which are too fine because they can drift and damage other plants.
- 9. If certain tough weeds are not dead within 3 weeks, repeat treatment. Broadcast application is not necessary; follow spot treatment directions.

HOW MUCH TO USE

SPOT TREATMENT

Pressure (Trigger) Sprayer: Adjust spray nozzle to give coarse spray. Aim at center of weed and spray to wet. One application should be sufficient. Effects begin to show after a few days and weeds gradually die. A repeat application may be required in 3 to 4 weeks for hard-to-kill (or control) weeds. Do not use a hose-end sprayer for spot treatment.

GRASS TYPE	AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE	AMOUNT OF WATER	AREA TREATED
Cool Season Grasses Bluegrass Fescue Ryegrass	4 Fluid Ounces (8 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon	1000 Square Feet
Warm Season Grasses Bahiagrass Common Bermudagrass Centipedegrass St.Augustinegrass Zoysiagrass	2 Fluid Ounce (4 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon	1000 Square Feet

ENTIRE LAWN

Hose-End Sprayer: Use a hose-end sprayer designed for lawns. Pour recommended amount of product (Column 2) in bottle and add water to indicated level (Column 3), and spray on area shown in Column 4. For example in cool season grasses, to spray 4,000 square feet measure 16 fluid ounces (32 Tablespoons) in jar, add water to the 4 gallon level and mix. Turn on garden hose and spray as evenly as possible over 4,000 square feet.

GRASS TYPE	AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE	AMOUNT OF WATER	AREA TREATED
Cool Season Grasses Bluegrass Fescue Ryegrass	4 Fluid Ounces (8 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon	1000 Square Feet
Warm Season Grasses Bahiagrass Common Bermudagrass Centipedegrass St.Augustinegrass Zoysiagrass	2 Fluid Ounce (4 Tablespoons)	1 Gallon	1000 Square Feet

NOTE: Do not apply to Floratam variety of St. Augustine grass in Florida. Contact your local County Extension Agent if you are not sure as to what type of grass you have.

Pressure Sprayer: Measure indicated amount of this product, pour into tank, and dilute with 1 gallon of water according to the following chart. Use a spray pattern with coarse spray droplets without any fine mist.

AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE IN 1 GALLON OF WATER REQUIRED TO TREAT 1000 SQ. FT. OF LAWN		
GRASS TYPE	AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE	
Cool Season Grasses Bluegrass Fescue Ryegrass	4 Fluid Ounces (8 Tablespoons)	
Warm Season Grasses Bahiagrass Common Bermudagrass Zoysiagrass	2 Fluid Ounce (4 Tablespoon)	
Warm Season Grasses Centipedegrass St. Augustinegrass*	1 Fluid Ounce (2 Tablespoon)	

^{*}Do not apply to Floratam variety of St. Augustine grass in Florida. Contact your local County Extension Agent if you are not sure as to what type of grass you have.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing, to be stored in original container and placed in areas inaccessible to children.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: If empty: Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR RISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

(RV080806)

Triplet and The Optical Advantage are Registered Trademarks of Nufarm Americas, Inc.

[OPTIONAL BOX]

PRODUCT FACTS

What it Does:

Kills all Major Broadleaf Weeds including Chickweed, Clover and Dandelion (See inside for complete list)

Where to Use: (Icon weeds)
Lawns: Kills the Weeds not the Lawn

When to Use:

Do not apply when daytime temperatures are above 90°F as lawn injury can occur.

Questions and Comments: (Icon phone) (icon computer)
Call xxxxxxxx or visit our website at www.xxxxxxxxxxx

MEASUREMENT CALCULATIONS

3 teaspoons = 1 Tablespoon	1 fluid ounce = 6 teaspoons
1/2 fluid ounce = 3 teaspoons	1 fluid ounce = 2 Tablespoons
1/2 fluid ounce = 1 Tablespoon	4 fluid ounces = 1/2 cup

OPTIONAL MARKETING HYPE - FRONT PANEL

Low Odor Formulation

Kills Over 250 Weed Types

Kills 250+ Weed Types Kills Over 250 Weed Listed

Kills Over 250 Weeds

Kills All Major Broadleaf Weeds

Kills Dandelion, Clover and Other Broadleaf Weeds

Kills Dandelion, Clover and Other Listed Broadleaf Weeds

Controls Over 250 Weeds

Use When Weeds Are Actively Growing

May Be Used on Bahia, Common Bermuda, Bluegrass, Centipede, Fescue, Ryegrass, St. Augustine and Zoysia Grass

Controls Weeds Such As Dandelions, Chickweed, Henbit, Oxalis, Plantain, And Many More

Overnight Results

Works in 24 Hours

Kills the Weeds, Not the Lawn

Rainproof in Hours - Won't Wash Away

Colorless Formulation

Won't Harm the Home Lawn

Illustration(s) of various weeds listed on label

Contains Triplet Low Odor Formula

Easy to Use

For Thick, Weed-Free Turf

Three Way Control

Apply to a Moist Lawn

Contains The Three Way Power of Triple Low Odor

One Quart Covers 8,000 Square Feet (One XXX covers XX,XXX square feet.)

Easy to Mix

Just Add Water

New Formulation

Specially formulated for residential use.

ALTERNATE HOSE-END SPRAYER INSTRUCTIONS

How To Use: (Illustrations)

- 1. Attach garden hose to spray nozzle.
- 2. Turn on water supply.
- Bend safety tab down and turn control to "water"
 Point nozzle toward lawn and turn control to "on". Product will automatically mix with water. Walk back and forth at a steady pace.