228-356

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RIVERDALE

DTDAM/DMA-TEA-DMA SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

FOR SELECTIVE BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL IN ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF GRASSES

CONTAINS 2,4-D, TRICLOPYR, AND DICAMBA

CONTROLS: DANDELION, CHICKWEED, BLACK MEDIC, KNOTWEED, PLAINTAIN, OXALIS, CLOVER, COCKLEBUR, THISTLE AND MANY OTHER SPECIES OF BROADLEAF WEEDS.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Ac:	iđ*
Triethylamine Salt of 3,5,6-Trichloro-2-Pyridinylos	
Dimethylamine Salt of 3,6-Dichloro-o-Anisic Acid***	* 4.67%
INERT INGREDIENTS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · <u>52.59</u> %
	TOTAL 100.00%
By Isomer Specific AOAC Method, Equivalent to: *2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid	3.88%, 0.375 lbs./gal.

DTDATM is a Trademark of Riverdale - A Nufarm Company Riverdale is a Registered Trademark of Riverdale - A Nufarm Company

FOR SALE TO AND USE BY COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS, MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL AND PROFESSIONAL LANDSCAPERS ONLY.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

> SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA REG. NO. 228-356

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MANUFACTURED BY NUFARM AMERICAS, INC., BURR RIDGE, ILLINOIS 60527-0866

ACCEPTED	
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Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 2 , 2 , $8 - 3$, 51_2	

NOTE: Spanish language is optional

Revised 4/18/03 Changed First Aid Statement per PR 2001-1 via Amendment.

Riverdale DTDATM/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide

(Inside Booklet)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER - PELIGRO

Corrosive. This concentrate causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear face shield, goggles, or safety glasses and long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves when mixing, loading, or applying this product. It is recommended that safety glasses include front, brow, and temple protection. In addition to the clothing and eye protection listed above, commercial mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves in place of rubber gloves except when the product is to be applied to a golf course. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year. Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried.

If this container is over one gallon and less than five gallons, then persons engaged in open pouring of this product must also wear coveralls or a chemical resistant apron. If this container is five gallons or more in capacity, do not open pour product from this container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

FIRST AID STATEMENT

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

- **IF IN EYES:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- **IF SWALLOWED:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO

PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. When cleaning equipment, do not pour washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D, have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling these phenoxy pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious bad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS.

DTDA^m/DMA-TEA-DMA SELECTIVE HERBICIDE is for use on Ornamental Turf such as Lawns, Parks, Cemeteries, Golf Courses (Fairways, Aprons, Tees* and Roughs) and similar non-crop areas. Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes. *Excluding Bentgrass Tees.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Avoid drift of spray mist to vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near desirable plants. Do not use on Centipede, St. Augustine, Dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Avoid fine mists. Use lawn type sprayer with coarse spray as wind drift is less likely. Avoid contact with exposed feeder roots of ornamentals and trees. Maximum control of weeds will be obtained from Spring or early Fall applications when weeds are actively growing. Use the higher rate for hard-to-control weeds. Do not exceed specified losages for any area; be particularly careful within the dripline of tree and other ornamental species. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established. Do not spray when air temperature exceeds 90°F.

The suitable use of DTDATM/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide on non-recommended turf species may be determined by treating a small area at any rate/acre which does not exceed 3 pints/acre. The treated area should be observed for any sign of turf injury for a period of 30 days of normal growing conditions to determine the phytotoxicity and efficacy to the treated area.

For optimum results: (1) avoid applying during excessively dry or hot periods unless irrigation is used; (2) turf should not be mowed 1 to 2 days before and following application; (3) reseed no sooner than 3 to 4 weeks after application of this product. Adding oil, wetting agent, or other surfactant to the spray may be used to increase effectiveness on weeds but doing so may reduce selectivity to turf resulting in turf damage. Clean and rinse spray equipment using soap or detergent and water, and rinse thoroughly before reuse for other sprays.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY DTDAT/DMA-TEA-DMA SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

Alder, Alfalfa, Artichoke, Aster, Austrian fieldcress, Beggartick, Beggarweed, Biden, Bindweed, Bittercress, Bitterweed, Bitter wintercress, Black medic, Blackeyed Susan, Blessed thistle, Blue lettuce, Box elder, Broomweed, Buckbrush, Buckhorn, Bullnettle, Buffalobur, Bull thistle, Bullrush, Burdock, Bur ragweed, Buttercup, Canada thistle, Carolina geranium, Carpetweed, Catnip, Chamise, Chickweed, Chicory, Cinquefoil, Clover, Cockle, Cocklebur, Coffee bean, Coffeeweed, Common sowthistle, Common sunflower, Cornflower (bachelor button), Corn speedwell, Creeping jenny, Croton, Curly Indigo, Dandelion, Day flower, Devil's claw, Dock, Dogbane, Dogfennel, Elderberry, English daisy, Fanweed, Flea bane (daisy), Flixweed, Florida pusley, Frenchweed, Galinsoga, Goatsbeard, Goldenrod, Goosefoot, Ground ivy, Gumweed, Hawkweed, Healall, Hemp, Henbit, Hoary cress, Honeysuckle, Hop clover, Horsetail, Horseweed, Indiana mallow, Indigo, Ironweed, Jerusalem artichoke, Jewelweed, Jimsonweed, Knapweed (diffuse, Russian, & spotted), Knawel, Knotweed, Kochia, Ladysthumb, Lambsquarter, Lespedeza, Little starwort, Locoweed, Lupine, Mallow, Many flowered aster, Marijuana, Marshelder, Matchweed, Meadow salsify (goatsbeard), Mexican weed, Milkweed, Morningglory, Mousetail, Musk thistle, Mustard, Narrowleaf hawksbeard, Nettle, Nightshade (cutleaf & hairy), Orange hawkweed, Oxalis (stricta and corniculata), Parrotfeather, Parsley-piert, Parsnip, Pennycress, Pennywort, Peppergrass, Pepperweed, Pigweed, Pineappleweed, Pinnate tansymustard, Plantain, Poison hemlock, Poison ivy, Poison oak, Pokeweed, Poorjoe, Povertyweed, Prickly lettuce Primrose, Puncture vine, Purslane, Queen Anne's lace, Rabbitbrush, Ragweed, Red clover, Red sorrel, Redroot pigweed, Redstem, Rush, Russian thistle, St. Johnswort, Salsity, Sheep sorrel, Shepherdspurse, Sicklepod, Smartweed, Sneezeweed, Southern wild rose, Southistle, Spanishneedle, Spatterdock, Speedwell, Spiderwort, Spurge, Spotted catsear, Starthistle, Stinging nettle, Stinkweed, Sumac, Sunflower, Sweet clover, Tansymustard, Tansyragwort, Tanweed, Tarweed, Thistle, Toadflax, Tumbleweed, Velvetleaf, Vervain, Vetch, Virginia

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copperleaf, Virginia creeper, White clover, Wild aster, Wild buckwheat, Wild carrot, Wild geranium, Wild lettuce, Wild parsnip, Wild radish, Wild rape, Wild strawberry, Wild sweet potato, Willow, Witchweed, Wormseed, Wormwood, Woodsorrell, Yarrow, Yellow rocket, Yellow starthistle, and other broadleaf weeds.

Some of these species may require repeat spot applications and/or use of higher rate recommended on this product label even under ideal conditions for application.

ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF

Apply DTDATM/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide at the rate of 2 to 3 pints in 20 to 240 gallons of water per acre (0.73 to 1.10 fl. ozs. in 0.5 to 5.5 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet) to control weeds growing in turf planted to Bluegrass, Fescue, Rye, Bent (excluding golf course greens and tees), Bahia, Bermuda and Zoysia.

Note: On closely mowed golf course fairway bentgrass, apply this product at a maximum rate of 2 pints in 20 to 240 gallons of water per acre (0.73 fluid ounces in 0.5 to 5.5 gallons of water per 1000 sq. Ft.). During conditions which promote turf stress use lower rates, 1 to 1-1/2 pints in 20 to 240 gallons of water, per acre (0.36 to 0.55 fluid ounces in 0.3 to 5.5 gallons per 1000 sq. ft.). Slight turf yellowing will disappear after one week. To minimize grass injury, a second application should not be made for at least 4 weeks. Avoid swath overlaps. Do not use on golf course greens or tees.

Herbi^{IM} Controlled Droplet Applicator: Add 1-1/2 to 2-1/4 pints of DTDA^M/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide to the 5 pint Herbi bottle, then fill with water to make 5 pints of mixture or substitute 1/2 pint of a surfactant for water while agitating the solution. While walking at approximately 1 pace (3 feet) per second, spray entire contents over 33,000 square feet (3/4 of an acre). Do not overlap (double coverage) at edge of spray patterns. Reduced rates (use 1/2 of rate shown above) of DTDA^M/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide must be applied when grass is stressed from heat, drought, etc. Herbi^{IM} is a trademark of North American Micron.

Controlled Droplet Applicators - (CDA), Atomizers, and Spinning Disk Applicators: Use DTDATM Selective Herbicide at the rate of 2 to 3 pints per acre (0.73 to 1.10 fluid ounces per 1,000 square feet) in sufficient water to assure coverage (1 to 4 gallons of water per acre is normal for this type of equipment).

Lower Volume Equipment: Use as little as 5 gallons of water per acre. Use only application equipment that is capable of spreading a uniform droplet, wetting each weed surface.

NOTE: For all grasses (1) Do not overlap spray patterns; (2) Use reduced rates if grass is stressed from heat, drought, etc.; and (3) Follow CDA equipment spray instructions.

COMPATIBILITY

DTDA^M/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide can be mixed with some liquid fertilizers or liquid iron materials. Because liquid fertilizers and liquid iron differ in pH, free ammonia content, density, salt concentration and percentage of water, a compatibility test (given below) is recommended prior to mixing in the application equipment. All regulations, either State or Federal, relating to the application of liquid fertilizers or liquid iron and this product must be strictly followed. The following compatibility test should always be performed prior to full-scale mixing.

- 1. Pour 18 ounces of water into a guart jar.
- 2 Add 1 ounce of either the liquid fertilizer or liquid iron to be used.
- 3 Add 1 'ounce of DTDAm/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide.
- 4. Close jur and shake well.

*

- 5. Watch the mixture for several seconds after shaking and check again after 30 minutes.
- 6. If the mixture does not show signs of separating, the combination may be used. If the mixture foams excessively, gels, separates or gets very thick, do not combine for field application.

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- 7. Compatibility may be improved by the use of a compatibility agent. Some suggested compatibility agents to try are Kalo Laboratories Complex, Hopkins Chemical's Unite, Farm Chemicals Inc.'s Compat, Harcros Chemicals' T-Mulz 734-2, Rigo Company's Rigo Compatibility Agent, Witco Chemical's Sponto 168D, Amoco Oil's Amoco Spray Mate and Universal Coop.'s Chem-Link. These agents are all used in the same manner. Follow the previously outlined test procedures and add 1/6 ounce of the compatibility agent between steps (the compatibility agent must be added to the fertilizer or iron before adding the DTDA^M/DMA-TEA-DMA Selective Herbicide).
- If the mixture does not separate, gel, foam or get very thick, it may be used for field application. Mix only the amount to be sprayed. Do not allow to stand overnight.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Always use original container to store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Store at temperatures above 32°F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using. This does not alter this product. Containers should be opened in well ventilated areas. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. Do not store near open containers of fertilizer, seed, or other pesticides. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

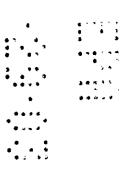
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent), adding rinsate to spray tank. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

WARRANTY

.ufarm Americas, Inc. warrants that this herbicide conforms to the chemical description on its label. When used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions, this herbicide is reasonably fit for its intended purposes. Since timing, method of application, weather, plant and soil conditions, mixtures with other chemicals and factors affecting the use of this product are beyond our control, no warranty is given concerning the use of this product contrary to label directions or under conditions which are abnormal or not reasonably foreseeable. The user assumes all risks of any such use, including the use of this product on turf species not recommended on this label.

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