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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

> > AUG 2 0 2003

Russell F. Sawyer Nufarm Americas Inc. 1333 Burr Ridge Parkway, Suite 125A Burr Ridge, IL 60527-0866

Dear Mr. Sawyer:

Subject: Revised Labeling Riverdale DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide EPA Registration Number 228-332 Your Submission Dated June 25, 2003

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended is acceptable provided that you:

1. When this product is formulated with a Clopyralid Technical marketed with the labeling approved by this office on September 27, 2002 (or later) you must modify the turf directions for use to include the following statements :

For use only on non-residential turf such as athletic and recreational sports fields, cemeteries, golf courses, industrial sites, non-cropland, parks, rights-of-way, and roadsides.

- Do not use on residential turf
- Do not send clippings to a compost facility
- Do not collect grass clippings for mulch or compost
- Applicator must give notice to landowners/property mangers to not use grass clippings for composting.

2. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Mr. James Stone at 703-305-7391.

Sincerely yours,

Gorma J. Mille.

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Joanne I. Miller Product Manager (23) Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

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PLEASE SEE SPECIAL EDITOR'S NOTE ON LAST PAGE **RIVERDALE** DCDATH L.A.C. SELECTIVE HERBICIDE FOR SELECTIVE BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL IN ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF GRASSES CONTAINS 2,4-D, CLOPYRALID AND DICAMBA 14 CONTROLS: Dandelion, Chickweed, Black medic, Knotweed, Plantain, Oxalis, Clover, Cocklebur, Thistle and many other species of broadleaf weeds; some of which are listed on this label. していび エレーエーク いわやゆき シーチャ ingen, ants blai yingerenyy and the second ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid* 37.32% Monoethanolamine Salt of 3,6-Dichloro-2-Pyridinecarboxylic Acid** 2.54% · • • Dimethylamine Salt of Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-o-Anisic Acid)*** 4.65% INERT INGREDIENTS: 55.49% TOTAL 100.00% 1.60 4 By Isomer Specific AOAC Method, Equivalent to: 31.00%, 3.000 lbs./gal. *2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid Riverdale is a Registered Trademark of Riverdale - A Nufarm Company DCDA is a Trademark of Riverdale - A Nufarm Company Start Line Cars FOR USE BY PROFESSIONAL TURF MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL, LANDSCAPING OR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS ONLY. NOT FOR SALE TO OR USE BY HOMEOWNERS. Դ անգերին են կարվել ապատերի NOT FOR SALE OR USE IN MASSAU AND SUFFOLK COUNTIES IN N.Y. STATE IN WASHINGTON, THIS PRODUCT MAY NOT BE USED ON RESIDENTIAL LAWNS. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN -E .eoire ្រុះ ស្ថារ ភាព នៅ 1.⁹⁷ DANGER - PELIGRO تلاد الإرداد و Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. -121,121,43 SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS EPA REG. NO. 228-332 MET CONTENTS GALS. EPA EST. DOL. 228-IL-1 MANUFACTURED BY NUFARM AMERICAS INC., BURR RIDGE, ILLINOIS 60527-086 NOTE: Spanish language is optional Revised 4/4/03 Changed First Aid Statement per PR 2001-1, revised the Mulching Statement,

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Amendment. 6/25/03 Corrected Ornamental Sites per EPA's Request 5/28/03 Meeting. Also added Special Editor's Note.

also added the State of Washington and New York's Restrictions via

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(Inside Booklet)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER - PELIGRO

Corrosive. This concentrate causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear face shield, goggles, or safety glasses and long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves when mixing, loading, or applying this product. It is recommended that safety glasses include front, brow, and temple protection. In addition to the clothing and eye protection listed above, commercial mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant in place of rubber gloves except when the product is to be applied to a golf course. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year. Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried.

If this container is over one gallon and less than five gallons, then persons engaged in open pouring of this product must also wear coveralls or a chemical resistant apron. If this container is five gallons or more in capacity, do not open pour product from this container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

FIRST AID STATEMENT

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

- IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- IF ON SKIN Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of OR CLOTHING: water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. When cleaning equipment, do not pour washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Clopyralid, an active ingredient in this product, may leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions of use. Use of this product where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in leaching to groundwater Caution should be exercised when handling this product at mixing, loading, and disposal sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

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It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS.

DCDA^M L.A.C. SELECTIVE HERBICIDE is for use on Ornamental Turf Lawns (Residential, Industrial and Institutional), Parks, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields and Golf Courses (Fairways, Aprons, Tees* and Roughs) and similar turf areas. Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes. *Excluding Bentgrass Tees.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Avoid drift of spray mist to vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near desirable plants. Do not use on Centipede, St. Augustine, Dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Avoid fine mists. Use lawn type sprayer with coarse spray as wind drift is less likely. Avoid contact with exposed feeder roots of ornamentals and trees. Maximum control of weeds will be obtained from Spring or early Fall applications when weeds are actively growing. Use the higher rate for hard-to-control weeds. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within the dripline of tree and other ornamental species. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established. Do not spray when air temperature exceeds 90°F. Do not use grass clippings from turf treated with this product for composting and/or mulch in the growing season of application.

The suitable use of DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide on non-recommended turf species may be determined by treating a small area at any rate/acre which does not exceed 3 pints/acre. The treated area should be observed for any sign of turf injury for a period of 30 days of normal growing conditions to determine the phytotoxicity and efficacy to the treated area.

For optimum results: (1) avoid applying during excessively dry or hot periods unless irrigation is used; (2) turf should not be mowed 1 to 2 days before and following application; (3) reseed no sooner than 3 to 4 weeks after application of this product. Adding oil, wetting agent, or other surfactant to the spray may be used to increase effectiveness on weeds but doing so may reduce selectivity to turf resulting in turf damage. Clean and rinse spray equipment using soap or detergent and water, and rinse thoroughly before reuse for other sprays.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY DCDA L.A.C. SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

Alder, Alfalfa, Artichoke, Aster, Austrian fieldcress, Beggartick, Biden, Bindweed, Bitter wintercress, Bitterweed, Black medic, Blackeyed Susan, Blessed thistle, Blue lettuce, Box elder, Broomweed, Buckbrush, Buckhorn, Buffalobur, Bull thistle, Bur ragweed, Burdock, Burhead, Buttercup, Canada thistle, Carpetweed, Catnip, Chamise, Cherokee rose, Chickweed, Chicory, Cinquefoil, Coastal redstem sage, Cockle, Cocklebur, Coffee bean, Coffeeweed, Common groundsel, Common sowthistle, Common sunflower, Cornflower (bachelor button), Corn speedwell, Coyotebrush, Creeping jenny, Croton, Curly Indigo, Dandelion, Devil's'claw, Dock, Dogbane, Dogfennel, Elderberry, English daisy, False Chamomile (scentless), Fanweed, Fiddle neck, Flea bane (daisy), Flixweed, Florida pusley, Frenchweed, Galinsóga, 🗧 Goatsbeard, Goldenrod, Goosefoot, Ground ivy, Gumweed, Halogeton, Hawkweed, Healall, Heartleaf drymary, Hemp, Henbit, Hoary cress, Honeysuckle, Horsetail, 'Horsetail, Horsetail', 'Horsetail', 'H mallow, Indigo, Ironweed, Jerusalem artichoke, Jewelweed, Jimsonweed, Klamathweed, Knapweed (diffuse, Russian, & spotted), Knawel, Knotweed, Kochia, Ladysthumb, " Lambsquarter, Lespedeza, Little starwort, Locoweed, Lupine, Mallow, Mary flowsred.aster, Manzanita, Marijuana, Marshelder, Matchweed, Meadow salsify (goatsbeard), Mexican weed, Milkvetch, Morningglory, Musk thistle, Mustard, Narrowleaf hawksbearth, Mettle, Nightshade (cutleaf & hairy), Orange hawkweed, Oxalis (stricta and corniculata), Parrotfeather, Parsley-piert, Parsnip, Pennycress, Pennywort, Peppergrass, Pepperweed, Pigweet, Pineappleweed, Pinnate tansymustard, Plantain, Poison hemlock, Poison ivy, Poison oak, Pokeweed, Poorjoe, Povertyweed, Prickly lettuce, Primrose, Puncture vine, Purstane, Rabbitbrush, Ragweed, Red clover, Red sorrel, Redroot pigweed, Redstem, Rush, Russian thistle, Salsify, Sheep sorrel, Shepherdspurse, Sicklepod, Smartweed, Sneezeweed, Southern wild rose, Sowthistle, Spanishneedle, Spatterdock, Speedwell, Spiderwort, Spurge, Spotted catsear, Spurweed, St. Johnswort, Starthistle, Stinging nettle, Stinkweed, Stitchwort,

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Sumac, Sunflower, Sweet clover, Tansymustard, Tansyragwort, Tarweed, Texas blueweed, Thistle, Toadflax, Tumbleweed, Velvetleaf, Veronica, Vervain, Vetch, Virginia creeper, Wild aster, Wild buckwheat, Wild carrot, Wild garlic, Wild geranium, Wild lettuce, Wild parsnip, Wild radish, Wild rape, Wild strawberry, Wild sweet potato, Wild violet, Witchweed, Wormseed, Wormwood, Woodsorrell, Yarrow, Yellow rocket, Yellow starthistle, and other broadleaf weeds.

Some of these species may require repeat spot applications and/or use of higher rate recommended on this product label even under ideal conditions for application.

ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF

Apply DCDATM L.A.C. Selective Herbicide at the rate of 2 to 3 pints in 20 to 240 gallons of water per acre (0.73 to 1.10 fl. oz. in 0.5 to 5.5 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet) to control weeds growing in turf planted to Bluegrass, Fescue, Rye, Bent (excluding golf course greens and tees), Bahia, Bermuda and Zoysia.

Herbi^m Controlled Droplet Applicator: Add 1-1/2 to 2-1/4 pints of DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide to the 5 pint Herbi bottle, then fill with water to make 5 pints of mixture or substitute 1/2 pint of a surfactant for water while agitating the solution.

While walking at approximately 1 pace (3 feet) per second, spray entire contents over 33,000 square feet (3/4 of an acre). Do not overlap (double coverage) at edge of spray patterns. Reduced rates (use 1/2 of rate shown above) of DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide must be applied when grass is stressed from heat, drought, etc. Herbi^m is a trademark of North American Micron.

Controlled Droplet Applicators - (CDA), Atomizers, and Spinning Disk Applicators: Use DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide at the rate of 2 to 3 pints per acre (0.73 to 1.10 fluid ounces per 1,000 square feet) in sufficient water to assure coverage (1 to 4 gallons of water per acre is normal for this type of equipment).

Lower Volume Equipment: Use as little as 5 gallons of water per acre. Use only application equipment that is capable of spreading a uniform droplet, wetting each weed surface.

NOTE: For all grasses (1) Do not overlap spray patterns; (2) Use reduced rates if grass is stressed from heat, drought, etc.; and (3) Follow CDA equipment spray instructions.

COMPATIBILITY

DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide can be mixed with some liquid fertilizers or liquid iron materials. Because liquid fertilizers and liquid iron differ in pH, free ammonia content, density, salt concentration and percentage of water, a compatibility test (given below) is recommended prior to mixing in the application equipment. All regulations, either State or Federal, relating to the application of liquid fertilizers or liquid iron and this product must be strictly followed. The following compatibility test should always be performed prior to full-scale mixing.

- 1. Pour 18 ounces of water into a quart jar.
- 2. Add 1 ounce of either the liquid fertilizer or liquid iron to be used.
- 3. Add 1 ounce of DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide
- 4. Close jar and shake well.
- 5. Watch the mixture for several seconds after shaking and check again after 30 minutes.
- 6. If the mixture does not show signs of separating, the combination may be used. If the mixture foams excessively, gels, separates or gets very thick, do not combine for field application.
- 7. Compacibility may be improved by the use of a compatibility agent. Some suggested compatibility agents to try are Kalo Laboratories Complex, Hopkins Chemical's Unite, Farm Chemicals Inc.'s Compat, Harcros Chemicals' T-Mulz 734-2, Rigo Company's Rigo Compatibility Agent, Witco Chemical's Sponto 168D, Amoco Oil's Amoco Spray Mate and Universal Coop.'s Chem-Link. These agents are all used in the same manner. Follow the previously outlined test procedures and add 1/6 ounce of the compatibility agent between steps (the compatibility agent must be added to the fertilizer or iron

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before adding the DCDA L.A.C. Selective Herbicide).

 If the mixture does not separate, gel, foam or get very thick, it may be used for field application. Mix only the amount to be sprayed. Do not allow to stand overnight.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Always use original container to store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Store at temperatures above 32°F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using. This does not alter this product. Containers should be opened in well ventilated areas. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. Do not store near open containers of fertilizer, seed or other pesticides. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent), adding rinsate to spray tank. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

WARRANTY

Seller warrants that this herbicide conforms to the chemical description on its label. When used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions, this herbicide is reasonably fit for its intended purposes. Since timing, method of application, weather, plant and soil conditions, mixtures with other chemicals and factors affecting the use of this product are beyond our control, no warranty is given concerning the use of this product contrary to label directions or under conditions which are abnormal or not reasonably foreseeable. The user assumes all risks of any such use, including the use of this product on turf species not recommended on this label. (RV 062503)

¹The State Sale and Use Prohibitions of this product must be part of printed label text for any product which might possibly enter the channels of trade in the state of New York and/or Washington. The label prohibitions are optional for all other states.

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