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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

DANGER

Corrosive. This concentrate causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear face shield or goggles when mixing and loading this product. After product has been diluted in accordance with the directions for use on turf below, goggles, face shield or safety glasses are not required. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not re-enter or permit workers to re-enter area until sprays have dried.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Call physician.
IF SWALLOWED: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites or gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol.
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.
IF ON SKIN: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention.
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and apply respiration if indicated.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Drift or runoff may adversely affect nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. When cleaning equipment, do not pour washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Most cases of ground water contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as MCPA and MCPP have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling these phenoxy pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Tri-Power® is for use on Lawns, Turf, Golf Courses (Fairways, Aprons, Tees and Roughs), Parks, Cemeteries and similar non-crop areas. Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Avoid drift of spray mist to vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near desirable plants. Do not use on Dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present.

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Avoid fine mists. Use lawn type sprayer with coarse spray as wind drift is less likely. Avoid contact with exposed feeder roots of ornamentals and trees. Maximum kill of weeds will be obtained from Spring or early Fall applications when weeds are actively growing. Use the higher rate for hard-to-kill weeds. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within the dripline of tree and other ornamental species. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established. Do not spray when air temperature exceeds 90°F.

For optimum results: (1) avoid applying during excessively dry or hot periods unless irrigation is used; (2) avoid applying if rainfall is expected within 24 hours, nor should lawns be irrigated (watered) for 24 hours following application; (3) turf should not be mowed 1 to 2 days before and following application; (4) reseed no sooner than 3 to 4 weeks after application of this product. Adding oil, wetting agent, or other surfactant to the spray may be used to increase effectiveness on weeds, but doing so may reduce selectivity to turf resulting in turf damage. Clean and rinse spray equipment using soap or detergent and water, and rinse thoroughly before reuse for other sprays.

Tri-Power® can be mixed with some liquid fertilizers or liquid iron materials. Because liquid fertilizers and liquid iron differ in pH, free ammonia content, density, salt concentration, and percentage of water, a compatibility test (given below) is recommended prior to mixing in the application equipment. All regulations, either State or Federal, relating to the application of liquid fertilizers or liquid iron and this product must be strictly followed. The following compatibility test should always be performed prior to full-scale mixing.

1. Pour 18 ounces of water into a quart jar.
2. Add 1 ounce of either the liquid fertilizer or liquid iron to be used.
3. Add 1 ounce of Tri-Power®.
4. Close jar and shake well.
5. Watch the mixture for several seconds after shaking and check again after 30 minutes.
6. If the mixture does not show signs of separating, the combination may be used. If the mixture foams excessively, gels, separates or gets very thick, do not combine for field application.
7. Compatibility may be improved by the use of a compatibility agent. Some suggested compatibility agents to try are Kalo Laboratories Complex, Hopkins Chemical's Unite, Farm Chemicals Inc.'s Compat, Harcross Chemicals' T-Mulz 734-2, Rigo Company's Rigo Compatibility Agent, Witco Chemical's Sponto 168D, Amoco Oil's Amoco Spray Mate and Universal Coop.'s Chem-Link. These agents are all used in the same manner. Follow the previously outlined test procedures and add 1/6 ounce of the compatibility agent between steps (the compatibility agent must be added to the fertilizer or iron before adding the Tri-Power®).
8. If the mixture does not separate, gel, foam or get very thick, it may be used for field application. Mix only the amount to be sprayed. Do not allow to stand overnight.

ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURFS

Cool Season Grasses: Apply Tri-Power Selective Herbicide at the rate of 2-1/2 to 3-1/2 pints in 20 to 240 gallons of spray solution per acre (0.9 to 1.25 fl. oz. in 0.5 to 4 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet) to control weeds growing in ornamental lawn turf planted to Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue or fine fescue. Avoid application to bentgrass maintained as a desired turfgrass as temporary injury may result. Where bentgrass or other sensitive

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