8536-43 6/28/2012 ja ltr 1/40

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON DC 20460

OFFICE OF
CHEMICAL SAFETY AND
POLLUTION PREVENTION

Mardel Rose Belotinsky Agent
Soil Chemicals Corporation
D/B/A Cardinal Professional Products
P O Box 782
Hollister CA 95024 0782

JUN 28 2012

Product Name	Pic Clor 60 EC
EPA Reg No	8536 43
Subject	Notification dated May 29 2012 Alternate Brand Name
EPA Decision Number	466440

Dear Ms Belotinsky

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98 10 The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98 10 and finds that the action(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN 98 10

The Agency acknowledges the addition of the alternate brand name Tri Form 60 EC

The label submitted with the application has been stamped Notification and will be placed in our records If you have questions concerning this letter please contact Erin Malone at 703 347 0253 or via email at malone erin@epa gov

Sincerely

Mary L Waller

Mary L Waller
Product Manager (21)
Fungicide Branch
Registration Division (7504P)

ERIN 6/1 2/40

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form — Form Approved OMB No 2070-0060 — Print Form

United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington DC 20460

☐ Registration ☐ Amendment ☒ Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide Section I

1 Company/Product Number	2 EPA Product Manager	3 Proposed Classification
8536 43	Mary Waller	☐ None ☒ Restricted
4 Company/Product (Name)	**PM#**	
PIC CLOR 60 EC	21	

5 Name and Address of Applicant *(Include ZIP Code)*
Soil Chemicals Corporation dba Cardinal Professional Products
P O Box 782
Hollister CA 95024 0782
☐ *Check if this is a new address*

6 Expedited Review In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i) my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to
EPA Reg No _____
Product Name _____

Section - II

☐ Amendment Explain below
☐ Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____
☒ Notification Explain below
☐ Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____
☐ Me Too Application
☐ Other Explain below

Explanation Use additional page(s) if necessary (For section I and Section II)

Notification of addition of alternate brand name TRI FORM 60 EC We would like to retain PIC CLOR 60 EC as the primary brand name Enclosed are copies of labeling for both products

Section - III

1 Material This Product Will Be Packaged In

Child Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging	Water Soluble Packaging	2 Type of Container
☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Metal ☐ Plastic ☐ Glass ☐ Paper ☐ Other (Specify) _____
* *Certification must be submitted*	If Yes Unit Packaging wgt / No per container	If Yes Package wgt / No per container	

3 Location of Net Contents Information ☐ Label ☐ Container

4 Size(s) Retail Container

5 Location of Label Directions ☐ On Label ☐ On Labeling accompanying product

6 Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product ☐ Lithograph ☐ Paper glued ☐ Stenciled ☐ Other _____

Section - IV

1 Contact Point *(Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted if necessary to process this application)*

Name	Title	Telephone No (Include Area Code)
Mardel Rose Belotinsky	Registration Manager	(831) 637 0195

Certification

I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true accurate and complete I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law

6 Date Application Received (Stamped)

2 Signature	3 Title	5 Date
Mardel Rose Belotinsky	Registration Manager	29 May 2012
4 Typed Name		
Mardel Rose Belotinsky		

EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete — White EPA File Copy (original) — Yellow Applicant Copy

3/40

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
DUE TO ACUTE TOXICITY AND CARCINOGENICITY
For retail sale to and use by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator s certification

Tri-Form 60 EC

A multi purpose liquid fumigant to be used in drip irrigation systems only for preplant treatment of soil to control plant parasitic nematodes and to help manage certain soil-borne diseases and symphlyans in cropland

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	
Chloropicrin	56 7%
1 3 Dichloropropene	37 1%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	6 2%
TOTAL	100 0%

NOTIFICATION
JUN 2 8 2012

This product weighs 11 81 lbs /gal at 68°F (20° C)
Contains 4 49 pounds of 1 3 Dichloropropene and 6 73 pounds of Chloropicrin per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NOTIFICATION
JUN 2 8 2012

DANGER **PELIGRO**

POISON [Note « Poison » will be printed in red]

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle (If you do not understand the label find someone to explain it to you in detail)

IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY
TAKE PERSON TO A DOCTOR OR TO AN EMERGENCY TREATMENT FACILITY

FIRST AID	
If inhaled	• Move person to fresh air • If person is not breathing call 911 or an ambulance and then give artificial respiration preferably by mouth to mouth if possible • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice
If on skin or clothing	• Take off contaminated clothing • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 20 minutes • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice
If in eyes	• Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 20 minutes • Remove contact lenses if present after 5 minutes, and then continue rinsing eyes • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice
If swallowed	• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

- Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment
- For additional information in case of an emergency call toll free (1 800 424 9300)

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Because rapid absorption may occur through lungs if product is aspirated and cause systemic effects, the decision to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage If lavage is performed endotracheal and/or esophageal control is suggested Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach Chloropicrin is a volatile liquid that is the active ingredient in tear gas As a gas it is a powerful lachrymator Early symptoms of overexposure are lachrymation, respiratory distress and vomiting Pulmonary edema may develop later Treatment is symptomatic

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER Hazardous liquid and vapor May cause lung liver and kidney damage and respiratory system irritation upon prolonged contact The use of this product may be hazardous to your health This product contains 1 3 dichloropropene which has been determined to cause tumors in laboratory animals Risks can be reduced by exactly following directions for use precautionary statements and by wearing the personal protective equipment specified in this labeling Fatal if inhaled or swallowed Poisonous liquid and vapor Corrosive Liquid causes skin burns and irreversible eye damage Do not breathe vapor or gas Do not get in eyes on skin or on clothing Chloropicrin is readily identifiable by smell Exposures to very low concentrations of vapor will cause irritation of eyes nose and throat Continued exposure after irritation occurs or exposure to higher concentration may cause painful irritation or temporary blindness

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below For more options follow the instructions for Category H on the chemical resistance category selection chart PPE constructed of saranex neoprene and chlorinated polyethylene provide short term contact or splash protection against liquid in this product Longer term protection is provided by PPE constructed of viton Teflon and EVAL barrier laminates (for example, responder suits manufactured by Life guard or silvershield gloves manufactured by North) Where chemical resistant materials are required leather canvas or cotton materials offer no protection from this product and must not be worn as the sole article of protection when contact with this product is possible Where coveralls are required, they must be loose fitting and constructed of woven fabrics (e g tight knit cotton or cotton/polyester) non woven fabrics (e g tyvek or sontara) or fabrics containing microporous Teflon

1 **Handlers performing mechanical transfer of product – closed delivery systems – must wear**

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton
- Protective eyewear (do NOT wear goggles) and

- Chemical resistant footwear with socks
- Coveralls must be immediately available to the handler in case of an emergency
- A NIOSH certified half face air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV NIOSH approval number prefix TC 23C) cartridge and a particulate pre filter (Type N R P or HE NIOSH approval number prefix TC 84A)
- If sensory irritation (tearing burning of the eyes or nose) is experienced and handlers remain in the application block or buffer zone handlers must wear at a minimum either
    - A NIOSH certified full facepiece air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV NIOSH approval number prefix TC 23C) cartridge and a particulate pre filter (Type N R, P, or HE, NIOSH approval number prefix TC 84A) or
    - A gas mask with a canister approved for organic vapor (NIOSH approval number prefix TC 14G)

See Directions for Use Air Monitoring Requirements Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers number 1 *Handlers Wearing Half-Face Air Purifying Respirators* for when an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) is required

2 When performing tasks with potential for contact with liquid fumigant, all handlers (including applicators) must wear

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton
- Chemical resistant apron
- Protective eyewear (do NOT wear goggles)
- Chemical resistant footwear with socks and
- Chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- A NIOSH certified half face air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV NIOSH approval number prefix TC 23C) cartridge and a particulate pre filter (Type N R P or HE NIOSH approval number prefix TC 84A)
- If sensory irritation (tearing burning of the eyes or nose) is experienced and handlers remain in the application block or buffer zone, handlers must wear at a minimum either
    - A NIOSH certified full facepiece air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV NIOSH approval number prefix TC 23C) cartridge and a particulate pre filter (Type N R P or HE NIOSH approval number prefix TC 84A) or
    - A gas mask with a canister approved for organic vapor (NIOSH approval number prefix TC 14G)

See Directions for Use, Air Monitoring Requirements Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers number 1 *Handlers Wearing Half Face Air-Purifying Respirators* for when an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) is required

3 Handlers in the application block within 5 days after the application is complete with NO potential for contact with liquid fumigant must wear

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton,
- Chemical resistant footwear with socks

- A NIOSH certified full facepiece air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV NIOSH approval number prefix TC 23C) cartridge and a particulate pre filter (Type N R, P, or HE NIOSH approval number prefix TC 84A) or
- A gas mask with a canister approved for organic vapor (NIOSH approval number prefix TC 14G)

See Directions for Use Air Monitoring Requirements Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers, number 2 *Handlers in the Application Block within 5 Days after the Application is Complete*

4 **Handlers in the application block 5 days after the application is complete until the entry restricted period ends or in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period must wear**

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants and
- Shoes with socks
- If sensory irritation (tearing burning of the eyes or nose) is experienced and handlers remain in the application block handlers must wear at a minimum either
  - A NIOSH certified full facepiece air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV NIOSH approval number prefix TC 23C) cartridge and a particulate pre filter (Type N R P or HE NIOSH approval number prefix TC 84A) or
  - A gas mask with a canister approved for organic vapor (NIOSH approval number prefix TC 14G)

See Directions for Use Air Monitoring Requirements Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers number 3 *Handlers in the Application Block 5 Days after the Application is Complete Until the Entry Restricted Period Ends or in the Buffer Zone during the Buffer Zone Period*
IMPORTANT A self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is not permitted for routine handler tasks If responding to an emergency when corrective action is needed to reduce air concentrations to acceptable levels wear an SCBA Escape only SCBA respirators must not be used by handlers for responding to emergencies In addition wear PPE required for potential contact with liquid fumigant

5 **Handlers exposed to greater than 1 5 ppm of chloropicrin (e g , in an emergency, when corrective action is needed to reduce air concentrations to acceptable levels), and handlers exposed to this product in poorly ventilated areas, must wear at a minimum**

- Chemical resistant suit,
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton
- Chemical resistant headgear,
- A self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with NIOSH approval number prefix TC 13F

See further respirator requirements in the *Protection for Handlers* section on this label

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1 Never Fumigate Alone It is imperative to always have an assistant and proper protective equipment in case of accidents
2 Dispose of Contaminated Clothing Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product s concentrate Do not reuse them
3 Clean and Maintain PPE Follow manufacturer s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry
4 Contact With Mouth Never siphon this product by mouth or use mouth to blow out clogged lines nozzles etc
5 Heat Illness Avoidance Use measures to avoid or minimize heat illness while using this product These measures include gradual adjustment to heat and respirator stress fans for cooling cooling vests frequent breaks to cool down frequent intake of drinking water and maintaining weight from day to day

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should

- Wash hands before eating drinking chewing gum using tobacco or using the toilet
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product Wash the outside of gloves before removing As soon as possible wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

- This pesticide is toxic to mammals and birds Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate
- Chloropicrin has certain properties and characteristics in common with chemicals that have been detected in groundwater (chloropicrin is highly soluble in water and has low adsorption to soil)
- **Groundwater Advisory** 1 3 dichloropropene is known to move through soil and under certain conditions has the potential to reach groundwater as a result of agricultural use Application in areas where soils are permeable and groundwater is near the surface could result in groundwater contamination

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

- Combustible Do not use or store near heat or open flame
- Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent A chemical reaction hazard may occur
- Handle carefully! Do not drop or let container be impacted by heavy objects An explosion hazard may occur

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
Restricted Use Pesticide

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift Only handlers may be in the application block from the start of the application until the entry restricted period ends and in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170 This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides It contains requirements for training decontamination notification and emergency assistance The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) No instructions elsewhere on this labeling relieve users from complying with the requirements of the WPS

For the entry restricted period and notification requirements see the *Entry Restricted Period* and *Notification* sections of this labeling PPE For Entry During the Entry Restricted Period PPE for entry that is permitted by this labeling is listed in the *Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)* section of this labeling

READ ALL DIRECTIONS FOR USE CAREFULLY BEFORE APPLYING
READ THE ENTIRE LABEL USE ONLY ACCORDING TO LABEL DIRECTIONS BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, READ "WARRANTY DISCLAIMER" AND "LIMITATION OF REMEDIES"

Terms Used in This Labeling

Soil Fumigant Training Program Certified applicator training that provides information on (1) how to correctly apply the fumigant including how to comply with new label requirements (2) how to protect handlers and bystanders (3) how to determine buffer zone distances (4) how to complete an FMP and the post application summary, (5) how to determine when weather and other site specific factors are not favorable for fumigant application (6) how to comply with required GAPs and how to document compliance with GAPs in the FMP and (7) how to develop and implement emergency response plans

Fumigant Safe Handling Information Information that must be provided annually to handlers that must include the following (1) what fumigants are and how they work (2) safe application and handling of soil fumigants (3) air monitoring and respiratory protection requirements for handlers (4) early signs and symptoms of exposure (5) appropriate steps to take to mitigate exposures (6) what to do in case of an emergency and (7) how to report incidents

Application Block Area within the perimeter of the fumigated portion of a field or greenhouse (including furrows irrigation ditches roadways) The perimeter of the application block is the border that connects the outermost edges of total area treated with the fumigant product

Application Rate The ratio of fumigant mass applied compared to the soil surface area (e g pounds of product per acre) The application rate is expressed on this labeling in terms of either the treated area application rate or the broadcast equivalent application rate The treated area application rate relates to only the rate of fumigant applied to the portion of the field that is fumigated (e g rate within the bed or strips) The broadcast equivalent application rate relates to

the rate of fumigant applied within the entire perimeter of the application block For bedded and strip applications the broadcast equivalent application rate must be calculated to determine the buffer zone distance required by this labeling

Start of the Application The time at which the fumigant is first delivered/dispensed into the soil in the application block

Application is Complete The time at which the fumigant has stopped being delivered/dispensed into the soil and the soil has been sealed drip lines have been purged (if applicable)

Entry Restricted Period This period begins at the start of the application and expires depending on the application method and if tarps are used when the tarps are perforated and removed Entry into the application block during this period is only allowed for appropriately PPE equipped handlers performing handling tasks See the *Entry Restricted Period and Notification* section for additional information

Buffer Zone An area established around the perimeter of each application block The buffer zone must extend outward from the edge of the application block perimeter equally in all directions

Buffer Zone Period Begins at the start of the application and lasts for a minimum of 48 hours after the application is complete Non handlers must be excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period

Difficult to Evacuate Sites Pre K to Grade 12 schools state licensed daycare centers nursing homes assisted living facilities hospitals in patient clinics and prisons

Owner Any person who has a present possessory interest (fee leasehold rental or other) in an agricultural establishment A person who has both leased such agricultural establishment to another person and granted that same person the right and full authority to manage and govern the use of such agricultural establishment is not an owner See definition of owner in WPS (40 CFR §170 3)

Roadway Portion of a street or highway improved designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel exclusive of the sidewalk or shoulder even if such sidewalk or shoulder is used by persons riding bicycles In the event a highway includes two or more separated roadways the term *roadway* shall refer to any such roadway separately

Representative Handling Task For air monitoring the locations and handler activities sampled must represent each handler's exposure occurring within the application block For example for an application consisting of a seven handler crew (1 tractor driver 1 tractor co pilot 4 shovelers and 1 certified applicator supervising) two breathing zone samples could be collected one sample for the tractor co pilot and one sample for a downwind shoveler Results of previous sampling may indicate which tasks and locations are worst case and therefore representative of all handlers

Application Restrictions

- The use of this product is restricted to the methods described in this label
- Do not formulate and/or tank mix this product into other end use agricultural products
- An application block treated with Tri Form 60 EC must not be within 100 feet of an occupied structure No person shall be present at this structure at any time during the seven consecutive day period after the application is complete EXCEPTION This restriction does not apply to use on soils that have not experienced a 1 3 Dichloropropene treatment in the previous two years for example on soils to be planted with fruit trees nut and nursery crops perennial vines hops mint or pineapple
- Tri Form 60 EC shall not be applied to soil more frequently than once each year
- Apply this product only through drip (trickle) irrigation systems Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system

- Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place
- Do not apply within 100 feet of any well used for potable water Do not apply this product within 100 feet from the edge of karst topographical features Karst topography is identified from landscape features that result from the dissolving activity of water in carbonate rock formations (limestone dolomite and marble) Surface features that are associated with karst topography include sinkholes caverns springs and sinking or disappearing streams In North Dakota South Dakota Wisconsin Minnesota New York Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Utah and Montana Where groundwater aquifers exist at a depth of 50 feet or less from the surface do not apply this product where soils are Hydrologic Group A
- **Application Restrictions for Certain Florida Counties** For the following Florida counties Brevard Broward Charlotte Citrus Collier Dade DeSoto Glades Hardee Hendry Hernando Highlands Hillsborough Indian River Lake Lee Manatee Martin Monroe Okeechobee Orange Osceola Palm Beach Pasco Pinellas Polk Sarasota Seminole St Lucie Sumter and Volusia use TRI FORM 60 EC only on soils that have a relatively shallow hard pan or soil layer restrictive to downward water movement (such as spodic horizon) within six feet of the ground surface and are capable of supporting seepage irrigation regardless of irrigation method employed DO NOT APPLY WHERE SUBSURFACE DRIP IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT MIGHT RELEASE THE FUMIGANT DIRECTLY INTO SHALLOW SUBSURFACE IRRIGATION WATER For all other Florida counties follow the label affixed to the product container for TRI FORM 60 EC

Product Information

This product is a multi purpose liquid fumigant for preplant treatment of soil to control nematodes symphylans wireworms and certain soil borne diseases in cropland This product may be applied as a preplant soil treatment to control or to aid in reducing the damaging effects of certain soil borne diseases [soil rot (soil pox) of sweet potatoes *Streptomyces scabies* (potato scab or common scab of potatoes) Granville (bacterial) wilt black root rot black shank diseases of tobacco *Verticillium* wilt of mint, pink root of onions, pod rot of peanuts] plant parasitic nematodes [root knot root lesion citrus cyst formers (golden, sugar beet soybean) burrowing lance reniform ring spiral sting pin stubby root stylet dagger and certain others] symphylans (garden centipedes) and wireworms Before fumigation soil sampling for the type and number of pests present is recommended In fields where pre treatment soil samples indicate the presence of high population levels of nematodes a successful fumigation cannot be expected to eradicate entire populations Therefore post treatment sampling is recommended to determine the need for additional pest management practices Consult State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service specialists for information on other practices such as post harvest destruction of crop residues weed control or other cultural practices and use of nematode resistant crop varieties that may aid in reducing crop losses from soil borne pests

Use Precautions

Recontamination Prevention

Tri Form 60 EC will help manage certain soil borne pests that are present in the soil treatment zone at time of fumigation It will not control pests that are introduced into soil after fumigation To avoid reinfestation of treated soil do not use irrigation water transplants seed pieces or equipment that could carry soil borne pests from infested land Avoid contamination from moving infested soil onto treated beds through cultivation movement of soil from below the

treated zone dumping contaminated soil in treated fields and soil contamination from equipment or crop remains Clean equipment carefully before entering treated fields Cultural practices which provide post harvest destruction of crop residues and weeds prior to fumigation and practices which prevent weed infestation following fumigation and prior to planting will help prevent recontamination

Equipment Clean Up

Because Tri Form 60 EC is corrosive under certain conditions flush all application equipment with fuel oil kerosene or a similar type of petroleum solvent immediately after use Fill pumps and meters with new motor oil or a 50% motor oil/fuel oil mixture before storing Do not use water Dispose of rinsate by incorporation into field just treated or by other approved means Never introduce rinsate or unused Tri Form 60 EC into surface or underground water supplies

Fertility Interactions

Fumigation may temporarily raise the level of ammonia nitrogen and soluble salts in the soil This is most likely to occur when high rates of fertilizer and fumigant are applied to soils that are either cold wet acidic or high in organic matter To avoid injury to certain crops including red beets carrots corn radishes cole crops legumes (beans) lettuce onions and sugarbeets fertilize when possible as indicated by soil tests made after fumigation To avoid ammonia injury or nitrate starvation (or both) to crops grown on high organic soils do not use fertilizers containing ammonium salts Use only fertilizers containing nitrates until after the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 65 °F In mineral soils do not apply more than 2/3 of the nitrogen requirements from fertilizers containing ammonium salts until the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 65 °F When using high rates of Tri Form 60 EC as required by certain state nursery regulations liming of highly acid soils before fumigation may stimulate nitrification and reduce the possibility of ammonia toxicity Certain nursery crops such as citrus seedlings, *Cornus* sp , *Crataegus* sp spruce and vegetable crops such as cauliflower have shown evidence of phosphorus deficiency following fumigation To avoid this possible effect additional phosphate fertilizer (foliar applied) is recommended where experience indicates a deficiency may occur

Certified Applicator Training

Any certified applicator supervising a soil fumigant application must have successfully completed one of the soil fumigant training programs listed on the following EPA website www epa gov/fumiganttraining for the active ingredient(s) in this product The training must be completed in the time frames listed on the website The FMP must document the date and location where the soil fumigant training program was completed

Handlers

The following activities are prohibited from being performed by anyone other than persons who have been appropriately trained and equipped as handlers in accordance with the requirements in WPS (40 CFR Part 170)

- Monitoring fumigant air concentrations
- Cleaning up fumigant spills (this does not include emergency personnel not associated with the application)
- Handling or disposing of fumigant containers
- Cleaning handling adjusting, or repairing the parts of application equipment that may contain fumigant residues, and
- Performing any handling tasks as defined by the WPS (40 CFR 170)

The following activities are prohibited from being performed in the application block from the start of the application until the entry restricted period ends and in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period by anyone other than persons who have been appropriately trained and equipped as handlers in accordance with the requirements in WPS (40 CFR Part 170) (NOTE persons repairing and monitoring tarps are considered handlers for the duration listed below) Prohibited activities (except for trained and equipped handlers) include

- Participating in the application as supervisors loaders drivers tractor co pilots shovelers cross ditchers, or as other direct application participants
- Installing, repairing operating or removing irrigation equipment,
- Performing scouting, crop advising or monitoring tasks
- Installing perforating (cutting punching slicing poking) or removing tarps and
- Repairing or monitoring tarps until 14 days after application is complete if tarps are not perforated and removed during those 14 days

NOTE see *Tarp Perforation and/or Removal* section on this labeling for requirements about when tarps are allowed to be perforated

Handlers do not include local state or federal officials performing inspection sampling or other similar official duties

Protection for Handlers

Supervision of Handlers

- For water run applications (e g , drip) a certified applicator must be in the line of sight of the application at the start of the application including set up calibration and initiation of the application
- A certified applicator may leave but must return at least every two hours to visually inspect the equipment to ensure proper functioning and must directly supervise all WPS trained handlers until the application is complete WPS trained handlers may perform these monitoring functions in place of a certified applicator but they must be under the supervision of a certified applicator and be able to communicate with a certified applicator at all times during monitoring activities via cell phone or other means
- The certified applicator or WPS trained handlers under the supervision of and in communication with the certified applicator shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise
- For handling activities that take place after the application is complete until the entry restricted period expires the certified applicator is not required to be on site but must have communicated in a manner that can be understood by the site owner and handlers responsible for carrying out those activities the information necessary to comply with the label and procedures described in the FMP (e g emergency response plans and procedures)

IMPORTANT This requirement does not override the requirements in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides for information exchange between operators of agricultural establishments and commercial pesticide applicators

The certified applicator must provide **Fumigant Safe Handling Information** to each handler or confirm that within the past 12 months each handler has received **Fumigant Safe Handling Information** in a manner that he/she can understand **Fumigant Safe Handling Information** will be provided where this product is purchased or at http //www epa gov/fumiganttraining

For all handling tasks at least two handlers must be present

Exception After the application is complete only one trained handler is required to perform fumigant site monitoring tasks outside of the buffer zone

Exclusion of Non Handlers from the Application Block and Buffer Zone

The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place must make sure that all persons who are not trained and PPE equipped and who are not performing one of the handling tasks as stated in this labeling are

- excluded from the application block during the entry restricted period and
- excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period (see buffer zone exemption for transit on roadways in *Buffer Zone Requirements* section)

Local state or federal officials performing inspection sampling or other similar official duties are not excluded from the application block or the buffer zone by this labeling The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place are not authorized to or responsible for excluding those officials from the application block or the buffer zone

Providing, Cleaning, and Maintaining PPE

The employer of any handler (as stated in this label) must make sure that all handlers are provided and correctly wear the required PPE The PPE must be cleaned and maintained as required by the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides

Air Purifying Respirator Availability

The employer of any handler must confirm that an air purifying respirator and appropriate cartridges/canisters of the type specified in the *PPE* section of this labeling are immediately available for each handler who will wear one (see *Respirator Fit Testing Medical Qualification and Training* section for additional requirements)

Exception Air purifying respirators do not need to be made available for handlers performing fumigant site monitoring tasks outside of the buffer zone

Cartridges or canisters must be replaced when odor or sensory irritation from this product becomes apparent during use if the measured concentration of chloropicrin is greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm or after 8 hours of cumulative use whichever occurs first

Respirator Fit Testing, Medical Qualification, and Training

Using a program that conforms to OSHA s requirements (see 29 CFR Part 1910 134) employers must verify that any handler who uses a respirator is

- Fit tested and fit checked
- Trained and
- Examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn A qualified medical practitioner is a physician or other licensed health care professional who will evaluate the ability of a worker to wear a respirator The initial evaluation consists of a questionnaire that asks about medical conditions (such as a heart condition) that would be problematic for respirator use If concerns are identified then additional evaluations such as a physical exam might be necessary The initial evaluation

must be done before respirator use begins Handlers must be reexamined by a qualified medical practitioner if their health status or respirator style or use conditions change

- Upon request by local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel employers must provide documentation demonstrating how they have complied with these requirements

Air Monitoring Requirements, Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers

Air Monitoring Requirements

- When air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask) are worn air monitoring samples for chloropicrin must be collected at least every 2 hours in the breathing zone of a handler performing a representative handling task
- When breathing zone samples are required they must be taken outside respiratory protection equipment and within a 10 inch radius of the handler s nose and mouth
- When using devices to monitor air concentration levels a direct read detection device such as an electronic device or a colorimetric device (e g Matheson Kitagawa Draeger or Sensidyne) must be used The devices must have sensitivity of at least 0 15 ppm for chloropicrin Persons using direct read detection devices must follow the manufacturer s directions

Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers

1 Handlers Wearing Half Face Air Purifying Respirators
(Handlers are required to start work in half face air purifying respirators)
The *Air Monitoring Requirements* section above must be followed

- If at any time any handler experiences sensory irritation (tearing burning of the eyes or nose) while wearing a half face respirator then either
  - (OPTION 1) An air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by all handlers who remain in the application block or surrounding buffer zone or
  - (OPTION 2) Operations must cease and handlers not wearing air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask) must leave the application block and surrounding buffer zone

For OPTION 1 [all handlers are wearing air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask)]
a) Handlers can **resume** operations wearing half face air purifying respirators if all of the following conditions exist
- Two consecutive chloropicrin breathing zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 0 15 ppm and
- Handlers do not experience sensory irritation
- During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handlers taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced

b) If at any time (1) a handler experiences sensory irritation when wearing an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) or (2) a chloropicrin air sample is greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm then all handler activities must cease and handlers must be removed from the application block and surrounding buffer zone

Handlers can **resume** operations wearing half face air purifying respirators if all of the following conditions exist

- Two consecutive chloropicrin breathing zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 0 15 ppm
- Handlers do not experience sensory irritation and
- Cartridges/canisters have been changed
- During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handler taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm

For OPTION 2 (Operations ceased)
a) Handlers can **resume** operations wearing half face air purifying respirators if all of the following conditions exist

- Two consecutive chloropicrin breathing zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 0 15 ppm and
- Handlers do not experience sensory irritation
- During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handler taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced

2 Handlers in the Application Block within 5 Days after the Application is Complete
(Handlers are required to start work in air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask)
The *Air Monitoring Requirements* section above must be followed

- If at any time (1) a handler experiences sensory irritation when wearing an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) or (2) a chloropicrin air sample is greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm then all handler activities must cease and handlers must be removed from the application block and surrounding buffer zone
- Handlers can **resume** operations wearing air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask) if all of the following conditions exist
  - Two consecutive chloropicrin samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 1 5 ppm
  - Handlers do not experience sensory irritation while wearing air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask) and
  - Cartridges/canisters have been changed
  - During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handler taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm

3 Handlers in the Application Block 5 Days after the Application is Complete Until the Entry Restricted Period Ends or in the Buffer Zone during the Buffer Zone Period
(Handlers in the application block 5 days after the application is complete until the entry restricted period ends or in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period are not required to start work in half face air purifying respirators)
The *Air Monitoring Requirements* section above must be followed

- If at any time any handler experiences sensory irritation (tearing burning of the eyes or nose) then either
  - (OPTION 1) An air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by all handlers who remain in the application block or surrounding buffer zone or
  - (OPTION 2) Operations must cease and handlers not wearing an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must leave the application block and surrounding buffer zone

For OPTION 1 [all handlers are wearing air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask)]
a) Handlers can remove air purifying respirators (full facepiece or gas mask) if all of the following conditions exist
- Two consecutive chloropicrin breathing zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 0 15 ppm and
- Handlers do not experience sensory irritation
- During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handler taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced

b) If at any time (1) a handler experiences sensory irritation when wearing an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) or (2) a chloropicrin breathing zone sample is greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm then all handler activities must cease and handlers must be removed from the application block and the surrounding buffer zone

i. Handlers can **resume** operations **without** wearing an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) if all of the following conditions exist
   - Two consecutive chloropicrin breathing zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 0 15 ppm and
   - Handlers do not experience sensory irritation
   - During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handler taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm

ii. Handlers can **resume** operations **with** wearing an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) if all of the following conditions exist
   - Two chloropicrin breathing zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 1 5 ppm
   - Handlers do not experience sensory irritation and
   - Cartridges/canisters have been changed
   - During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handler taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were greater than or equal to 1 5 ppm

For OPTION 2 (Operations ceased)
a) Handlers can resume operations if all of the following conditions exist
- Two consecutive chloropicrin breathing zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 0 15 ppm and
- Handlers do not experience sensory irritation

- During the collection of air samples an air purifying respirator (full facepiece or gas mask) must be worn by the handler taking the air samples Samples must be taken where the sensory irritation was first experienced

Tarp Perforation and/or Removal

IMPORTANT Persons perforating repairing removing, and/or monitoring tarps are defined within certain time limitations as handlers (see *Handlers* section) and they must be provided the PPE and other protections for handlers as required on this labeling and in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides

- Tarps must not be perforated until a minimum of 5 days (120 hours) have elapsed after the application is complete
- If tarps are perforated within 14 days after the application is complete tarp removal must not begin until at least 2 hours after tarp perforation is complete
- If tarps are perforated but not removed within 14 days after the application is complete planting or transplanting must not begin until at least 48 hours after the tarp perforation is complete
- If tarps are not perforated or removed within 14 days after the application is complete planting or transplanting may take place while the tarps are being perforated
- Tarps may be perforated manually ONLY for the following situations
  - At the beginning of each row when a coulter blade (or other device which performs similarly) is used on a motorized vehicle such as an ATV
  - In fields that are 1 acre or less
  - During flood prevention activities
- In all other instances tarps must be perforated (cut punched poked or sliced) only by mechanical methods

Entry Restricted Period and Notification

Entry Restricted Period

Entry into the application block (including early entry that would otherwise be permitted under the WPS) by any person – other than a correctly trained and PPE equipped handler who is performing a handling task listed on this labeling – is PROHIBITED from the start of the application until

- 5 days (120 hours) after the application is complete if tarps are not perforated and removed for at least 14 days after the application is complete or
- 48 hours after tarp perforation is complete if tarps will be perforated within 14 days after the application is complete and will not be removed for at least 14 days after the application is complete or
- tarp removal is completed if tarps are both perforated and removed less than 14 days after the application is complete

NOTES

- See *Tarp Perforation and/or Removal* section on this labeling for requirements about when tarps are allowed to be perforated
- When listing application information for soil fumigant applications to comply with part 170 122 of the WPS list the entry restricted period time frame in place of the REI

Notification
Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting Fumigant Treated Area signs The signs must bear the skull and crossbones symbol and state

- DANGER/PELIGRO
- Area under fumigation DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE
- 1 3 dichloropropene and chloropicrin fumigants in use
- The date and time of fumigation
- The date and time entry restricted period is over
- Tri Form 60 EC, and
- Name address and telephone number of the certified applicator in charge of the fumigation

Post the Fumigant Treated Area sign instead of the WPS sign for this application but follow all WPS requirements pertaining to location legibility text size and sign size (40 CFR §170 120) Post Fumigant Treated Area signs at all entrances to the application block no sooner than 24 hours prior to application

Fumigant Treated Area signs must remain posted for no less than the duration of the entry restricted period

Fumigant Treated Area signs must be removed within 3 days after the end of the entry restricted period

Mandatory Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)
The following GAPs must be followed during all fumigant applications

Application Timing

- Apply Tri Form 60 EC at any time of the year when soil conditions permit Conditions that allow rapid diffusion of the fumigant as a gas through the soil normally give the best results
- Because Tri Form 60 EC does not provide residual control of soil pests use it as a preplant application before planting each crop

Soil Sealing

- Tarps are required for all TRI FORM 60 EC applications
- Tarps must be put in place before the application starts
- Tarp edges must be buried along the furrow and at the ends of rows
- A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP
- Once a tarp is perforated the application is no longer considered tarped

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application
  - on the day of but prior to the start of the application and
  - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours

- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions wind speed and air stagnation advisories may be obtained on line at http //www nws noaa gov on NOAA weather radio or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions
Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground The resulting air mass can move off site in unpredictable directions These conditions typically exist within an hour prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and may persist as late as noontime Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud

Soil Preparation
- Soil must be properly prepared and at the surface generally be free of large clods The area to be fumigated must be tilled to a depth of 5 to 8 inches
- Till fields with known plowpans because they can lead to puddling of the fumigant due to inadequate soil drainage
- Beds should be listed shaped and ready for planting
- Field trash must be properly managed Residue from a previous crop must be worked into the soil to allow for decomposition prior to the start of the application Little or no crop residue shall be present on the soil surface Crop residue that is present must not interfere with the soil seal Removing the crop residue prior to the start of the application is important to limit the natural chimneys that occur in the soil when crop residue is present These chimneys allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limit the efficacy of the fumigant However crop residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water and is an important consideration To accommodate erosion control fumigant efficacy and human health protection clear fields of crop residue as close to the start of the application as possible to limit the length of time that the soil would be exposed to potentially erosive weather conditions

Soil Moisture
- For all soil types pre application moisture should be dry enough to prevent soil saturation and bed collapse once application and flushing is complete
- Soil moisture should when possible be at 50% of field capacity in the top 2 3' at time of TRI FORM 60 EC application

Product and Dosage
- Plan the application by calculating the amount of TRI FORM 60 EC required at the appropriate rate for the crop acreage and target pest TRI FORM 60 EC must be metered into the water supply line and then passed through a mixing device, such as a centrifugal

pump or static mixer to assure proper agitation

- Apply TRI FORM 60 EC through surface or buried drip irrigation systems being sure to wet the soil thoroughly in the area being treated Drip emitters should be spaced 8 12 apart
- Meter TRI FORM 60 EC into the drip system according to the dosage An adequate concentration of active ingredient must be present in order to be effective At no time should the concentration of active ingredient exceed 1 500 ppm in the drip line For example a 300 pounds per treated acre rate would require 24 000 gallons of water per acre for 1 500 ppm
- Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non uniform distribution of treated water
- If you have questions about calibration contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts

System Controls and Integrity

- The irrigation system (main lines headers drip tape) must be thoroughly checked for leaks before the start of application Leak detection requires that the irrigation system be at full operating pressure The amount of time needed at full operating pressure will vary by irrigation system design Look for puddling along major pipes (holes in pipes or leaky joints) at the top and ends of rows (leaky connection open drip tape) and on the bed surface (damaged drip tape malfunctioning emitters) Any leaks discovered during the pre application check must be repaired prior to the start of the application
- To inject fumigant use a metering system (such as a positive pressure system positive displacement injection pump diaphragm pump or a Venturi system) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the fumigant and capable of being fitted with system interlocking controls Do not use containers pumps or other equipment made of aluminum magnesium or their alloys as chloropicrin and 1 3 dichloropropene can be can be corrosive to such metals Do not use drip tube materials made of aluminum magnesium zinc cadmium tin and alloys or vinyl Use drip irrigation components made only of copper stainless steel steel polypropylene polyethylene nylon Teflon rigid PVC EPDM and viton Rigid PVC should not be exposed to undiluted TRI FORM 60 EC or more than 1 500 ppm TRI FORM 60 EC in the diluted form
- The system must contain
    - A functional check valve a vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination and backflow,
    - A functional automatic quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluids back toward the fumigant container
    - A functional normally closed valve located on the intake side of the injection point and connected to the system interlock to prevent the fumigant from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down and
    - Functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the fumigant injection when the irrigation water flow stops or decreases to the point where fumigant distribution is adversely affected

Site of Injection and Irrigation System Layout

- Site of injection must be as close as practical to the area being treated (such as direct injection of fumigant into the header pipe/manifold or into an above ground delivery pipe attached to the header) If the fumigant is injected into a main line make sure the irrigation pipe is able to be cleared of all fumigant as the fumigant may pool in low sections of the

pipe Also make sure that valves on lateral lines of the main line are closed if these lateral lines lead to areas not being fumigated at the time of the application

System Flush

- After application of the fumigant continue to drip irrigate the area with water to flush the irrigation system Do not allow the fumigant to remain in the irrigation system after the application is complete The total volume of water including the amount used for flushing the irrigation system must be adequate to completely remove the fumigant from the lines, but should be less than the amount that could over saturate the beds (bed collapse can occur from over saturation and should not exceed 1 5 acre inches (40 000 gallons) of water per acre If common lines are used for both the fumigant application and water seal (if a water seal is applied) these lines must be adequately flushed before starting the water seal and/or normal irrigation practices

Planting Interval

- After fumigation to prevent phytotoxicity allow the fumigant to dissipate completely before planting the crop Do not disturb treated soil for at least 2 weeks Under optimum soil conditions for dissipation 1 week for each 10 gallons/acre is recommended with a minimum interval of 14 days following application Wet soil retards diffusion of the fumigant thus requiring a longer aeration period Aeration is usually complete when the odor of the fumigant is no longer evident Seed may be used as a bioassay to determine if the product is present in the soil at concentrations sufficient to cause plant injury Do not plant if odor of the product is present within the zone of fumigation

Bulk and Non-Bulk Containers

With all bulk and non bulk containers TRI FORM 60 EC must be transferred through connecting hoses, pipes and/or couplings sufficiently tight to prevent workers or other persons from coming in contact with the liquid product

- All hoses piping and tanks used in connection with this product shall be of type appropriate for use under the pressure and vacuum conditions to be encountered
- External sight gauges shall be equipped with valves so that pipes to sight gauge can be shut off in case of breakage or leakage
- The mechanical transfer system must be adequate to make necessary measurements of the pesticide being used
- Shut off devices must be installed on the exit end of all hoses and at all disconnect points to prevent leakage of this product when the transfer is stopped and hose is removed or disconnected A dry coupler that will minimize pesticide leakage must be installed at the disconnect point
- The pressure in hoses used to move this product beyond a pump must not exceed the manufacturer s maximum pressure specification

Note In tank cleaning of bulk tanks must be performed only by persons who have been specifically trained for this activity Refer to OSHA 29 Part 1910 146

Requirements for Pre-Plant Greenhouse Soil Fumigation

- The maximum application block size that can be treated is 50 000 square feet
- All applications must be tarped

- During the application keep all doors vents, and windows to the outside open, and keep all fans or mechanical ventilation systems running within the greenhouse
- Leaks through which gases could enter adjacent enclosed areas must be sealed

Maximum Application Rates for Pre-Plant Soil Uses

- 503 pounds of Tri Form 60 EC per treated acre for drip applications

TABLE 1
TRI FORM 60 EC PRODUCT APPLICATION RATES

Crop	Soil Type	Maximum Application Rates (a)	
		Gallons/treated acre	Lbs/treated acre
Vegetable Crops Field Crops Fruit and Nut Crops Nursery Crops[1 2 3]	Mineral Muck or Peat	42 6	503

(a) Do not exceed specified maximum application rates in Table 1 or in the footnotes below

[1] To control symphylans (garden centipedes) apply at 38 5 or more gallons per treated acre (454 7 lbs/treated acre) and apply during late summer or early fall when the soil is warm To suppress wireworms use dosages recommended for nematodes

[2] For cyst forming nematodes increase dosage to 39 gallons per treated acre (460 6 lbs/treated acre)

[3] For mint apply 42 6 gallons per treated acre (503 lbs/treated acre)

Calculating the Broadcast Equivalent Application Rate

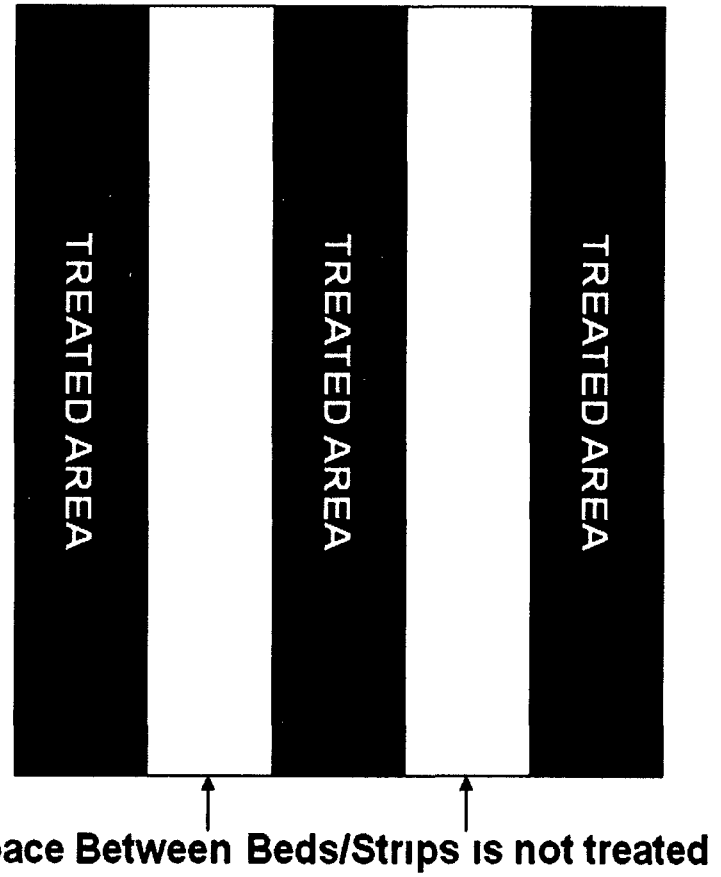
To calculate the broadcast equivalent rate for bedded or strip applications the following information is needed

- pounds (or gallons) of product per treated acre
- strip or bed bottom width (inches)
- center to center row spacing (inches)
- application block size (acres)

Pounds (or gallons) of product **per treated acre** is the ratio of total amount of product applied to the size of the **total area treated** (e g the rate of product applied in the bed) For bedded

Figure 1 Bedded/Strip Application (1 acre application block)

or strip applications the **total area treated** is the summation of the area (i e length x width) of each treated bed bottom or strip that is located within the application block as shown by the black areas in Figure 1 (e g black areas are 0 6A or 60% of the area within the application block) The area of the space between the beds/strips is not factored in the total area treated The **application block size** is the acreage within the perimeter of the fumigated portion of a field (including furrows irrigation ditches and roadways) The perimeter of the application block is the border that connects the outermost edges of total area treated with the fumigant product

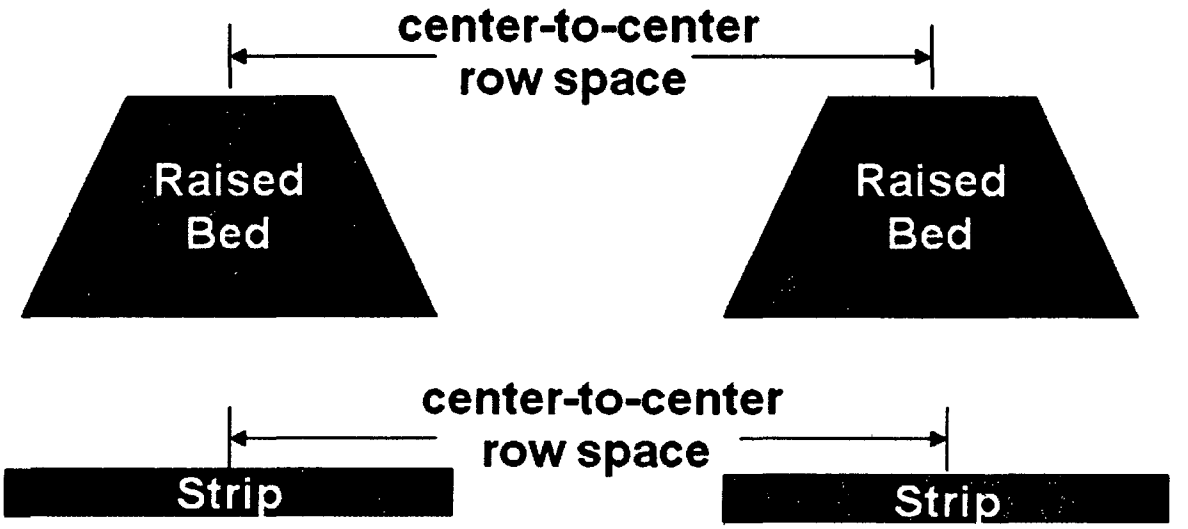


The broadcast equivalent rate must be calculated with the following formula

$$\textbf{Broadcast equivalent rate (pounds (or gallons) product/acre)} = \frac{\textbf{strip or bed bottom width (inches)}}{\textbf{center-to-center row spacing (inches)}} \times \textbf{pounds (or gallons) of product/ treated acre applied in the strip or bed}$$

The bed width must be measured from the bottom of the bed
The center to center row spacing must be calculated as shown in Figure 2
If there are any ditches, waterways drive rows and other areas that are not fumigated that are in the application block multiply the above broadcast equivalent equation by **(total area of strips or beds + row spacing)/(application block size)** A sample calculation is provided below

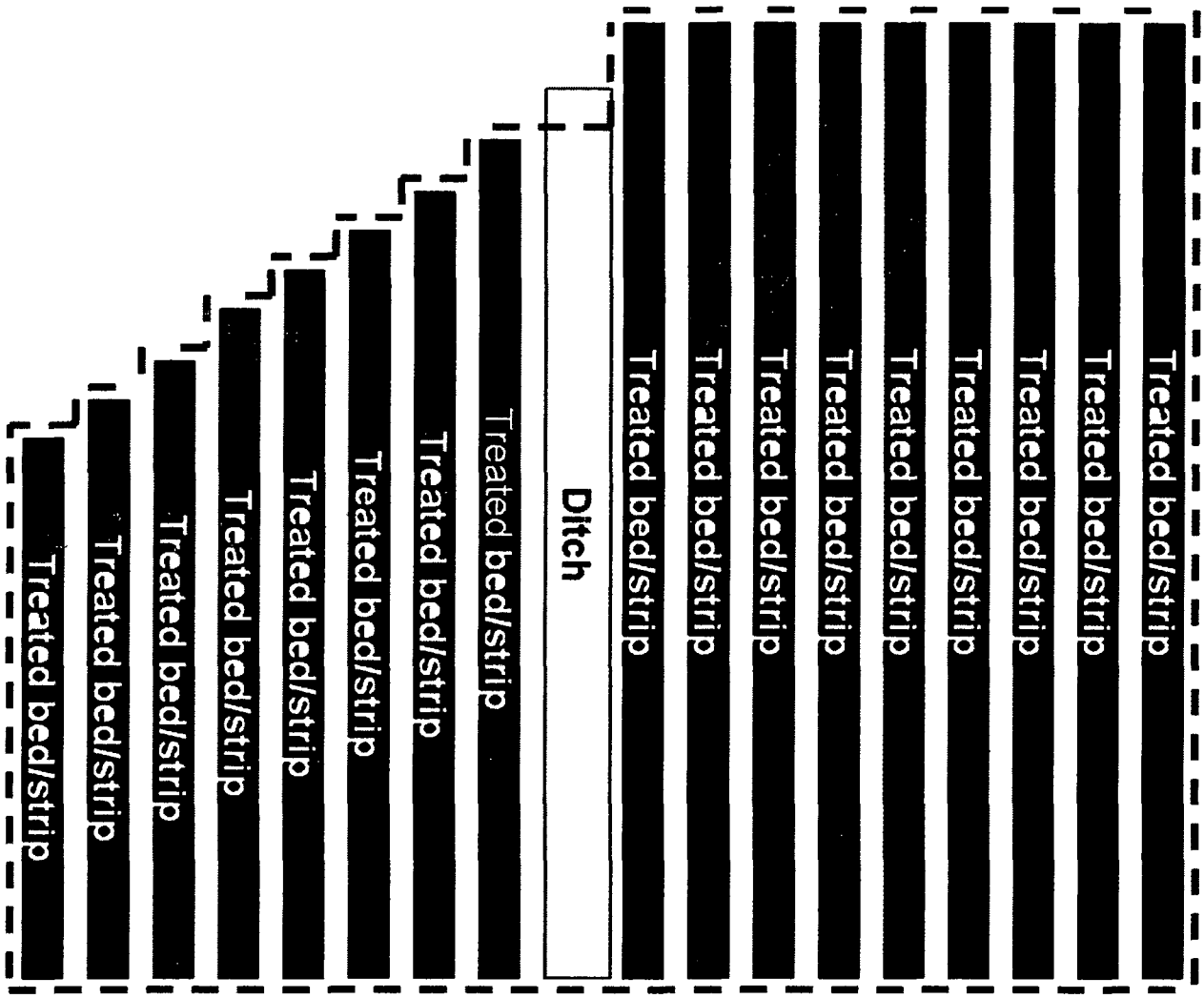
Figure 2 Center Row Spacing



Sample broadcast equivalent rate calculation

Assumptions

- Application method is shank bedded
- Bed width is 30 inches (measured at the bottom of bed)
  Center to center row spacing is 60 inches
  200 pounds of product per treated acre is applied in the beds
  Total application block size is 10 acres
  Ditch in the middle of application block is 0 25 acres
  Area of beds + row spacing is 9 75 acres



$$\text{broadcast equivalent rate (pounds product/acre)} = \frac{\text{strip or bed bottom width (inches)}}{\text{center to-center row spacing (inches)}} \times \frac{\text{area of strips or beds + row spacing}}{\text{application block size}} \times \text{pounds product/ treated acre applied in the bed}$$

$$= \frac{\text{30 inch width beds}}{\text{60 inch row spacing}} \times \frac{\text{9 75 acres}}{\text{10 acres}} \times \text{200 pounds product/ treated acre}$$

$$= \text{97 5 pounds product/acre}$$

Buffer Zone Requirements

A buffer zone must be established for every fumigant application The following describes the buffer zone requirements An area established around the perimeter of each application block

- The buffer zone must extend outward from the edge of the application block perimeter equally in all directions

- All non handlers including field workers residents pedestrians and other bystanders must be excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period except for transit (see *Buffer Zone Exemption for Transit on Roadways*)
    - Local state or federal officials performing inspection sampling or other similar official duties are not excluded from the application block or the buffer zone by this labeling The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place are not authorized to or responsible for excluding those officials from the application block or the buffer zone
- The buffer zone period begins at the start of the application and lasts for a minimum of 48 hours after the application is complete

Buffer zone proximity

- Before the start of application the certified applicator must determine whether their buffer zone will overlap any chloropicrin buffer zone(s)
- To reduce the potential for off site movement from multiple fumigated fields buffer zones from multiple chloropicrin application blocks must not overlap UNLESS
    1. A minimum of 12 hours have elapsed from the time the earlier application(s) is complete until the start of the later application and
    2. *Fumigant Site Monitoring* or *Response Information for Neighbors* have been implemented if there are any residences or businesses within 300 feet of any of the buffer zones

Structures under the control of the owner of the application block

- Buffer zones must not include buildings used for storage (e g sheds barns garages) UNLESS
    1. The storage buildings are not occupied during the buffer zone period and
    2. The storage buildings do not share a common wall with an occupied structure

Areas not under the control of the owner of the application block

- Buffer zones must not include residential areas (e g employee housing private property), buildings (e g commercial industrial) outdoor residential areas (e g lawns, gardens play areas) and other areas that people may occupy UNLESS
    1. The occupants provide written agreement, prior to the start of the application, that they will voluntarily vacate the buffer zone during the entire buffer zone period and
    2. Reentry by occupants and other non handlers must not occur until
        - The buffer zone period has ended and
        - Sensory irritation is not experienced upon re entry
- Buffer zones must not include agricultural areas owned and/or operated by persons other than he owner of the application block UNLESS
    1. The owner of the application block can ensure that the buffer zone will not overlap with a chloropicrin buffer zone from any other property owners except as provided in the *Buffer Zone Proximity* section and
    2. The owner of the other property provides written agreement to the applicator that they their employees and other persons will stay out of the buffer zone during the entire buffer zone period
- Buffer zones must not include roadways and rights of way UNLESS
    1. The area is not occupied during the buffer zone period, and

2 Entry by non handlers is prohibited during the buffer zone period
Buffer Zone Exemption for Transit on Roadways
Vehicular and bicycle traffic on public and private roadways through the buffer zone is permitted (NOTE Buffer zones are not permitted to include bus stops or other locations where persons wait for public transit)

- For all other publicly owned and/or operated areas such as parks sidewalks permanent walking paths playgrounds and athletic fields buffer zones must not include these areas UNLESS
  1 The area is not occupied during the buffer zone period
  2 Entry by non handlers is prohibited during the buffer zone period and
  3 Written permission to include the public area in the buffer zone is granted by the appropriate state and/or local authorities responsible for management and operation of the area

Certified applicators must comply with all local laws and regulations

See the *Posting* section for additional requirements that may apply

Buffer Zone Distances
Buffer zone distances must be calculated using the application rate and the size of the application block

- Buffer zone distances must be based on look up tables in this labeling (25 feet is the minimum distance regardless of site specific application parameters)
- For all other applications, Tables 2 and 3 must be used to determine the minimum buffer distances as appropriate for the method of application Round up to the nearest rate and block size where applicable
- Applications are prohibited for rates or block sizes that exceed what is presented in the buffer zone tables

Table 2 Drip Tarp Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Broadcast Equivalent Application Rate (lbs Product/Acre)	Application Block Size (Acres)																							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	12(
106	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	35	40
115	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	40	50	50	55	55	60
124	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	45	60	60	60	65	65
133	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	45	60	60	65	70	75
141	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	38	45	53	60	60	65	70	75
150	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	40	50	60	60	60	65	70	70	75
159	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	40	60	60	60	60	81	88	90	97
168	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	32	34	36	38	40	60	60	64	68	97	105	110	11{
177	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	32	34	36	38	40	60	60	68	77	114	123	130	14(
185	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	32	34	36	38	40	60	60	73	85	130	141	150	16
194	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	35	39	44	49	53	77	93	108	122	146	158	170	18
203	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	39	48	56	65	67	68	103	120	134	148	162	176	190	20
212	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	45	60	68	75	80	85	140	140	153	165	193	209	226	24
221	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	48	65	73	82	93	103	147	160	177	193	224	243	261	28]
229	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	50	70	79	88	105	122	153	180	201	222	255	276	297	31'
238	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	53	75	85	95	118	140	160	200	225	250	287	310	333	35(
247	30	30	30	30	30	33	36	39	42	45	69	93	105	122	145	167	192	230	257	283	318	343	369	39
256	30	30	30	30	30	36	42	48	54	60	86	112	125	148	173	193	223	260	288	317	349	377	404	43
265	30	30	30	30	30	39	48	57	66	75	110	130	145	175	200	220	255	290	320	350	380	410	440	47(
274	30	30	30	30	30	40	50	59	68	78	114	134	150	181	207	227	264	300	331	362	393	424	455	48(
283	30	30	30	30	30	42	51	61	70	80	117	139	155	187	213	235	272	309	341	373	405	437	469	50
291	30	30	30	30	30	43	53	63	73	83	121	143	160	193	220	242	281	319	352	385	418	451	484	51
300	30	30	30	30	30	44	54	65	75	85	125	147	164	198	227	249	289	329	363	397	431	465	499	53
309	30	30	30	30	35	46	56	67	77	88	128	152	169	204	233	257	298	338	373	408	443	478	513	54{
318	30	30	30	30	35	47	58	68	79	90	132	156	174	210	240	264	306	348	384	420	456	492	528	56-
327	30	30	30	30	35	48	59	70	81	93	136	160	179	216	247	271	315	358	395	432	469	506	543	58(
335	30	30	30	30	35	49	61	72	84	95	139	165	184	222	253	279	323	367	405	443	481	519	557	59
344	30	30	30	30	35	51	62	74	86	98	143	169	189	228	260	286	332	377	416	455	494	533	572	61
353	30	30	30	35	40	52	64	76	88	100	147	173	193	233	267	293	340	387	427	467	507	547	587	62
362	30	30	30	35	40	53	66	78	90	103	150	178	198	239	273	301	349	396	437	478	519	560	601	64
371	30	30	30	35	40	55	67	80	92	105	154	182	203	245	280	308	357	406	448	490	532	574	616	65{
380	30	30	30	40	40	56	69	82	95	108	158	186	208	251	287	315	366	416	459	502	545	588	631	67
388	30	30	30	40	40	57	70	84	97	110	161	191	213	257	293	323	374	425	469	513	557	601	645	68'
397	30	30	30	40	45	59	72	85	99	113	165	195	218	263	300	330	383	435	480	525	570	615	660	70

Table 3 Drip Tarp Greenhouse Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Application Block Size (square feet)	Buffer Zone (feet)
≤ 25 000	25
> 25 000 and ≤ 30 000	50
> 30,000 and ≤ 35 000	75
> 35 000 and ≤ 40 000	100
> 40,000 and ≤ 45 000	115
> 45 000 and up to 50 000	130

Buffer Zone Credits

The buffer zone distances for Tri Form 60 EC applications may be reduced by the percentages listed below Credits may be added, but credits cannot exceed 80% Also the minimum buffer zone distance is 25 feet regardless of buffer zone credits available

- See www tarpcredits epa gov for a list of tarps that have been tested and determined to qualify for buffer reduction credits Only tarps listed on this website qualify for buffer reduction credits
- 15% reduction in buffer zone distance IF potassium thiosulfate (KTS) is applied at a minimum rate of 300 pounds per acre
- 15% reduction in buffer zone distance IF ¼ to ½ inch of water is applied
- 10% reduction in buffer zone distance IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is ≥ 1% 2% 20% reduction in buffer zone distance IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is >2% 3% and a 30% reduction in the buffer zone distance IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is >3%
- 10% reduction in buffer zone distance IF the soil temperature is measured to be 50°F or less Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches whichever is shallower
- 10% reduction in the buffer zone distance, IF the clay content of the soil in the application block is greater than 27%

Examples of Buffer Zone Calculations with Credits Applied

If the buffer zone is 50 feet and the application qualifies for a buffer zone credit since the soil organic content is 1 5% then the buffer zone can be reduced by 10% i e reduced by 5 feet based on the following calculation 50 feet – (50 feet x 10%) = 45 feet

If the buffer zone is 50 feet and the application qualifies for two buffer zone credits since the soil organic content is 1 5% and the clay content is greater than 27% then the buffer zone can be reduced by 20% (10% organic content credit + 10% clay content credit) i e reduced by 10 feet based on the following calculation 50 feet (50 feet x 20%) = 40 feet

Posting Fumigant Buffer Zones

- Posting of a buffer zone is required unless there is a physical barrier that prevents bystander access to the buffer zone
- Buffer Zone signs must be placed along or outside the perimeter of the buffer zone at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from areas where people not under the owner s control may approach the buffer zone

- Some examples of points of entry include but are not limited to roadways sidewalks paths and bike trails
- Some examples of likely routes of approach include but are not limited to the area between a buffer zone and a roadway, or the area between a buffer zone and a housing development
- When posting the certified applicator supervising the application must ensure compliance with all local laws and regulations

- Buffer Zone signs must meet the following criteria
  - The printed side of the sign must face away from the application block toward areas from which people could approach
  - Signs must remain legible during the entire posting period and must meet the general standards outlined in the WPS for sign size text size and legibility (see 40 CFR §170 120)
  - Signs must be posted no sooner than 24 hours prior to the start of the application and remain posted until the buffer zone period has expired
  - Signs must be removed within 3 days after the end of the buffer zone period
  - Buffer Zone signs which meet the criteria above will be provided at points of sale for applicators to use Templates may be downloaded from http //www epa gov/pesticides/reregistration/soil fumigants/index htm
  - The Buffer Zone signs must contain the following information
    - The Do Not Walk symbol
    - DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE
    - Chloropicrin/1 3 Dichloropropene TRI FORM 60 EC Fumigant BUFFER ZONE
    - Contact information for the certified applicator in charge of the fumigation

Exception If multiple contiguous blocks are fumigated within a 14 day period the entire periphery of the contiguous blocks buffer zones may be posted Buffer Zone signs must be posted no sooner than 24 hours prior to the start of the first application The signs must remain posted until the last buffer zone period expires and signs must be removed within 3 days after the buffer zone period for the last block has expired

Restrictions for Difficult to Evacuate Sites

Difficult to evacuate sites are pre K to grade 12 schools state licensed daycare centers nursing homes assisted living facilities hospitals in patient clinics and prisons

- No fumigant application with a buffer zone greater than 300 feet is permitted within 1/4 mile (1320 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state licensed day care centers, students (pre K to grade 12), patients or prisoners during the application and the 36 hour period following the end of the application
- No fumigant application with a buffer zone of 300 feet or less is permitted within 1/8 mile (660 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state licensed day care centers students (pre K to grade 12) patients or prisoners during the application and the 36 hour period following the end of the application

Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures

If the buffer zone is 25 feet then the *Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures* are not applicable

Triggers for Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures
The certified applicator must either follow the directions under the *Fumigant Site Monitoring* section or follow the directions under the *Response Information for Neighbors* section if

- the buffer zone is greater than **25 feet** but less than or equal to **100 feet** and there are residences or businesses within **50 feet** from the outer edge of the buffer zone or
- the buffer zone is greater than **100 feet** but less than or equal to **200 feet** and there are residences or businesses within **100 feet** from the outer edge of the buffer zone, or
- the buffer zone is greater than **200 feet** but less than or equal to **300 feet** and there are residences or businesses within **200 feet** from the outer edge of the buffer zone or
- the buffer zone is greater than **300 feet** or the **buffer zones overlap** and there are residences or businesses within **300 feet** from the outer edge of the buffer zone

Fumigant Site Monitoring
NOTE *Fumigant Site Monitoring* is ONLY required if the *Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures* are triggered AND directions from the *Response Information for Neighbors* section are not followed

From the start of the application until the buffer zone period expires a certified applicator or handler(s) under his/her supervision must

- Monitor for sensory irritation in areas between the buffer zone outer perimeter and residences and businesses that trigger this requirement
- Monitoring for sensory irritation must begin in the evening on the day of application and continue until the buffer zone period expires Monitor a minimum of 8 times during the buffer zone period including these periods
  - 1 hour before sunset
  - during the night
  - 1 hour after sunrise and
  - during daylight hours

Implement the emergency response plan immediately if a handler monitoring experiences sensory irritation

Handlers performing fumigant site monitoring tasks outside the buffer zone are not required to wear an air purifying respirator

Response Information for Neighbors
NOTE *Response Information for Neighbors* is ONLY required if the *Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures* are triggered AND directions from the *Fumigant Site Monitoring* section are not followed

The certified applicator supervising the application must ensure that residences and businesses that trigger the requirement have been provided the response information at least 1 week before the application starts The information provided may include application dates that range for no more than 4 weeks If the application does not occur when specified the information must be delivered again

Information that must be included
- The location of the application block

- Fumigant(s) applied including the active ingredient name of the fumigant product(s) and the EPA Registration number
- Contact information for the applicator and property owner
- Time period in which the application is planned to take place (must not range more than 4 weeks)
- Early signs and symptoms of exposure to the fumigant(s) applied what to do and who to call if you believe you are being exposed (911 in most cases)
- How to find additional information about fumigants

The method used to share the response information for neighbors can be accomplished through mailings door hangers or other methods that will effectively inform the residences and businesses within the required distance from the edge of the buffer zone

Notice to State and Tribal Lead Agencies

If your state and/or tribal lead agency requires notice information must be provided to the appropriate state or tribal lead agency prior to the application Please refer to www epa gov/fumigantstatenotice for a list of states and tribal lead agencies that require notice and information on how to submit the information

The information that must be provided to state and tribal lead agencies includes the following

- Location of the application blocks
- Fumigant(s) applied including EPA registration number
- Applicator and property owner contact information and
- Time period that fumigation may occur

Emergency Response Plan

The certified applicator must include in the FMP a written emergency response plan that identifies

- Evacuation routes
- Locations of telephones
- Contact information for first responders and local/state/federal/tribal personnel and
- Emergency procedures/responsibilities (e g adding water to the field repairing tarps fixing equipment evacuating upwind) if
  - there is an incident
  - sensory irritation is experienced outside of the buffer zone and/or
  - there are equipment/tarp/seal failures or complaints or other emergencies

Site Specific Fumigant Management Plan (FMP)

Prior to the start of application, the certified applicator supervising the application must verify that a site specific FMP exists for each application block In addition an agricultural operation fumigating multiple application blocks may format the FMP in a manner whereby all of the information that is common to all the application blocks is captured once and any information unique to a particular application block or blocks is captured in subsequent sections

The FMP must be prepared by the certified applicator the site owner registrant or other party

The certified applicator supervising the application must verify in writing (sign and date) that the site specific FMP(s) reflects current site conditions before the start of application

Each site specific FMP must contain the following elements

- Certified Applicator Supervising the Application
  - Name
  - Phone number
  - Pesticide applicator license and/or certificate number,
  - Specify if commercial or private applicator
  - Employer name,
  - Employer address and
  - Date and location of completing EPA approved soil fumigant training program
- General site information
  - Application block location (e g county, township range section quadrant) address or global positioning system (GPS) coordinates
  - Verify if 1 3 dichloropropene has been used on this application block in the previous two years
  - Confirm that there will be no occupied structures within 100 feet of the application block during the 7 consecutive day period after the application is complete
  - Name address and phone number of application block owner
  - Map aerial photo or detailed sketch showing
    - application block location
    - application block dimensions
    - buffer zone dimensions
    - property lines
    - roadways
    - rights of ways
    - sidewalks
    - permanent walking paths
    - bus stops
    - wells
    - karst topography
    - nearby application blocks
    - surrounding structures (occupied and non occupied)
    - locations of Buffer Zone signs and
    - locations of difficult to evacuate sites with distances from the application block labeled
- General application information
  - Target application date/window
  - Fumigant Product Name and
  - EPA registration number
- Tarp Plan
  - Schedule for checking tarps for damage tears and other problems
  - Minimum size of damage that will be repaired
  - Factors used to determine when tarp repair will be conducted
  - Equipment/methods used to perforate tarps
  - Target dates for perforating tarps, and
  - Target dates for removing tarps
- Soil conditions

- Description of soil texture and moisture in application block
- Method used to determine soil moisture and

- Buffer zones
  - Application method
  - Injection depth,
  - Application rate from lookup table on label
  - Application block size from lookup table on label
  - Credits applied and measurements taken (if applicable)
    - Tarp brand name lot number thickness, manufacturer batch number and part number
    - Potassium thiosulfate
    - Water seal
    - Organic matter content
    - Clay content
    - Soil temperature
  - Buffer zone distance and
  - Description of areas in the buffer zone that are not under the control of the owner of the application block If buffer zones extend onto areas not under the control of the owner attach the written agreement and keep it with the FMP
- Record Emergency Response Plan as described in the *Emergency Response Plan* section
- Posting of Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone
  - Person(s) who will post and remove (if different) Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone signs and
  - Location of Buffer Zone signs
- Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures (if applicable)
  - Fumigant site monitoring (if applicable)
    - When and where it will be conducted
  - Response information for neighbors (if applicable)
    - List of residences and businesses informed
    - Name and phone number of person providing information and
    - Method of providing the information
- State and/or tribal lead agency advance notification (if state and/or tribal lead agency requires notice provide a list of contacts that were notified and date notified)
- Plan describing how communication will take place between the certified applicator supervising the application the owner, and other on site handlers (e g , tarp perforators/removers irrigators) for complying with label requirements (e g , buffer zone location buffer zone start and end times timing of tarp perforation and removal PPE)
  - Name and phone number of persons contacted by the certified applicator and
  - Date contacted
- Handler (including Certified Applicators) Information and PPE
  - Names addresses and phone numbers of handlers
  - Names addresses and phone numbers for employers of handlers
  - Tasks that each handler is authorized and trained to perform
  - Date of PPE training for each handler
  - Applicable handler PPE including
    - Long sleeved shirts/long pants shoes socks
    - Chemical resistant apron
    - Chemical resistant footwear

- Protective eyewear (not goggles)
- Chemical resistant gloves
- Chemical resistant suit
- Chemical resistant headgear
- Air purifying respirators
  - Respirator make model type style size and cartridge/canister type
- SCBAs
  - Respirator make model type style size
- Other PPE

- For handlers Confirmation of receipt of Fumigant Safe Handling Information
- For certified applicator(s) supervising the application Completion date and location of the soil fumigant training program listed on the following EPA website www epa gov/fumiganttraining for the active ingredient(s) in this product
- For handlers designated to wear respirators (air purifying respirator or SCBA)
  - date of medical qualification to wear a respirator
  - date of respirator training, and
  - date of fit testing for the respirator
- Unless exempted in the *Protection of Handlers* section verify that
  - handlers have the appropriate respirators and cartridges/canisters during handler activities and
  - the employer has confirmed that the appropriate respirator and cartridges/canisters are immediately available for each handler who will wear one

- Air monitoring plan
  - If sensory irritation is experienced indicate whether operations will cease or operations will continue with use of an air purifying respirator
  - For monitoring the breathing zone
    - Representative handler tasks to be monitored
    - Monitoring equipment to be used and
    - Timing of the monitoring
- Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)
  - Identify (e g list attach applicable label section) applicable mandatory GAPs
- Pesticide Product Labels and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
  - Ensure that labels and MSDS are on site and readily available for employees to review

Record-Keeping Procedures

The owner of the application block as well as the certified applicator supervising the application must keep a signed copy of the site specific FMP for 2 years from the date of application.
For situations where an initial FMP is developed and certain elements do not change for multiple application blocks (e g applicator information certified applicator handlers record keeping procedures emergency procedures) only elements that have changed need to be updated in the site specific FMP provided the following

- The certified applicator supervising the application has verified that those elements are current and applicable to the application block before it is fumigated
- Record keeping requirements are followed for the entire FMP (including elements that do not change)

The certified applicator must make a copy of the FMP immediately available for viewing by handlers involved in the application The certified applicator or the owner of the application block must provide a copy of the FMP to any local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel who request the FMP In the case of an emergency the FMP must be made immediately available when requested by local/state/federal/tribal emergency response and enforcement personnel The certified applicator supervising the application must ensure the FMP is at the application block during all handler activities

Within 30 days after the application is complete the certified applicator supervising the application must complete a Post Application Summary

Post-Application Summary

The Post Application Summary must contain the following elements

- Actual date and time of the application
- Application rate
- Size of application block
- Weather Conditions
  - Summary of the National Weather Service weather forecast during the application and the 48 hours after the application is complete including
    - wind speed and
    - air stagnation advisory (if applicable)
  - Forecast must be checked on the day of but prior to the start of the application and on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours
- Tarp damage and repair information (if applicable)
  - Date of tarp damage discovery
  - Location and size of tarp damage
  - Description of tarp/tarp seal/tarp equipment failure and
  - Date and time of tarp repair completion
- Tarp perforation/removal details (if applicable)
  - Date and time tarps were perforated
  - Date and time tarps were removed and
  - Record if tarps were perforated and/or removed early Describe the conditions that caused early tarp perforation and/or removal
- Complaint details (if applicable)
  - Person filing complaint (e g on site handler person off site)
  - If off site person name address and phone number of person filing complaint and
  - Description of control measures or emergency procedures followed after complaint
- Description of incidents, equipment failure, or other emergency and emergency procedures followed (if applicable)
- Air monitoring results
  - When sensory irritation was experienced
    - Date time location and handler task/activity where irritation was observed and
    - Resulting action (e g implement emergency response plan cease operations and continue operations with appropriate air purifying respirators)
  - When using a direct read detection device
    - Sample date(s) time(s), location(s) and concentration(s),

- Handler task/activity monitored (if applicable) and
- Resulting action (e g cease operations continue operations with appropriate air purifying respirators)

- Drip application monitoring
  - Record monitoring date(s) and time(s)
  - Name of person(s) monitoring
  - Record observations
    - Is the equipment functioning properly
    - Description of corrective action (if applicable) and
    - Other comments
- Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone Signs
  - Dates of posting and removal

Any deviations from the FMP (e g changes in emergency response actions changes in handler information changes in handlers responsible for completing emergency tasks changes in communication between certified applicator owner and other handlers)

Record-Keeping Procedures
The owner of the application block as well as the certified applicator supervising the application must keep a signed copy of the Post Application Summary for 2 years from the date of application

Spill and Leak Procedures
Evacuate everyone from the immediate area of the spill or leak For entry into affected area to correct the problem, wear the personal protective equipment specified in the *Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)* section Move leaking or damaged containers outdoors or to an isolated location Observe strict safety precautions Work upwind if possible Allow spilled fumigant to evaporate or to absorb onto vermiculite, dry sand earth or similar absorbent material Dispose of contaminated material on site or at an approved disposal facility Only correctly trained and PPE equipped handlers are permitted to perform such cleanup Do not permit entry into the spill or leak area by any other person until the concentration of chloropicrin is measured to be less than 0 15 ppm

Storage and Disposal

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage Store in a cool, dry well ventilated area under lock and key Post as a pesticide storage area

Pesticide Disposal Pesticide wastes are toxic Improper disposal of excess pesticide and rinsates is a violation of Federal law If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance Because 1 3 dichloropropene is corrosive under certain conditions flush all application equipment with fuel oil kerosene or a similar type of petroleum solvent immediately after use Fill pumps and meters with new motor oil or a 50% motor oil/fuel oil mixture before storing Do not use water Dispose of rinsate by applicable Federal, State and local regulations Never introduce rinsate or unused product into surface or underground water supplies

Container Handling Persons moving handling or opening containers must wear the personal protective equipment specified in the *Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)* section of this labeling Open container only in a well ventilated area Remove the valve protection bonnet and safety cap only when fumigant is about to be removed from the cylinder The safety cap and valve protection bonnet must be replaced when the cylinder is not in use Do not subject cylinders to rough handling or to abnormal mechanical shock such as dropping bumping dragging or sliding Do not use ropes slings, hooks, tongs and similar handling devices for unloading cylinders To transport heavier cylinders, use a hand truck fork truck or similar device to which cylinders can be firmly secured

Refillable Container Only the registrant is authorized to refill cylinders Refill this container with pesticide only Do not reuse this container for any other purpose Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller

Return of Containers Cylinders are the property of the manufacturer or distributor and must be returned promptly by collect freight Do not ship cylinders without safety caps or valve protection bonnets

Container Disposal To clean the container before final disposal remove any remaining liquid from the container, using dry air pressure if necessary Allow container to aerate for at least 5 days After aeration wash container using hot water then offer container to qualified reconditioner or dispose of as directed by State or local regulations

Warranty Disclaimer

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions subject to the inherent risks set forth below SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY

Inherent Risks of Use It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product Crop injury lack of performance or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures soil conditions etc) abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall drought tornadoes hurricanes) presence of other materials the manner of application or other factors all of which are beyond the control of the seller To the extent consistent with applicable law all such risks shall be assumed by buyer

Limitation of Remedies To the extent consistent with applicable law the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract negligence strict liability or other legal theories) shall be limited to at the company s election one of the following (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought or (2) Replacement of amount of product used To the extent consistent with applicable law the company shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless the company is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing To the extent consistent with applicable law, the company shall not be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer above and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements No employee or sales agent of the company or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner

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Tri-Form 60 EC

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P O Box 782 Hollister CA 95024 0782 (831) 630 2258

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