

WASATCH CHEMICAL COMPANY  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

WASCO BRUSH KILLER  
Low Volatile 2,4-D - 2,4,5-T Emulsion Concentrate

Contains 2 pounds of 2,4-D & 2 pounds of 2,4,5-T Acid Equivalent/gallon.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Isooctyl Ester of 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic Acid..... 32.0%

Isooctyl Ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid..... 34.5%

INERT INGREDIENTS:..... 33.5%

Equivalent to 22.2%-2,4,5-T acid and 22.9% 2,4-D acid.

TOTAL..... 100.0%

ACCEPTED  
MAY 4 1967  
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE  
AND MITICIDIC ACT  
REGISTERED UNDER NO. 168-261 SUBJECT  
ATTACHED COMMENTS.

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.  
SEE SIDE PANELS FOR OTHER CAUTIONS.

U. S. D. A. Reg. No. 168-261

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Wasco Brush Killer is designed for use on broadleaf weeds and woody plants in fence rows, drainage, ditch banks, rights-of-way, stump lands, and certain other waste areas such as vacant lots and around farm buildings where such growth is not wanted. This product is not intended for weed control in growing crops.

FOLIAGE TREATMENT: Foliage or leaf stem sprays are used during the growing season on dense brush or where vine growth or woody trees are a problem. For species such as box elder, locust, poplar, cottonwood, wild rose, scrub oak, willow, and some other woody plants, mix 1 gallon in 100 gallons of water and wet foliage and stems completely to the point of run-off. Applications are more effective when applied to actively growing plants. Higher volumes are necessary where the brush is very dense and over 8 to 10 feet high. Do not treat during periods of severe drought, or in early fall when leaves have lost their healthy green color. Hard to kill species may need retreatment the following season. The addition of 1 or 2 gallons of diesel oil to Wasco Brush Killer before mixing with 100 gallons of water increases the effectiveness on hard to wet foliage. Applications in early summer, after leaves have reached full development, are usually more effective than when applied later in the season.

BASAL BARK TREATMENT: This treatment is not adapted for spraying dense stands of brush and woody vines. It can be used anytime of the year to obtain better kill of some species where dense brush and woody vines do not prevent proper application. Apply Wasco Brush Killer at the rate of 4 quarts in 25 gallons (1 pint in 3 gallons) of fuel oil, diesel oil, or kerosene, treating the basal parts of stems, or tree trunks, less than 6 inches in diameter, from ground line to a height of 12 to 16 inches, thoroughly wetting to run-off all sides of the indicated area. Often a delayed response to treatment can be expected. Treated brush or trees preferably should not be cut for one year following treatment.

STUMP TREATMENT: To prevent regrowth from cut stems and stubs, apply a solution of 4 quarts of Wasco Brush Killer in 25 gallons of water-free diesel oil, fuel oil, or kerosene (1 pint in 3 gallons). Wet thoroughly the cut surfaces of the stump concentrating the spray on the outside edges, sides of the stump, and exposed roots until run-off to ground is noticed. Best results are usually obtained when applied to freshly cut stumps two inches in diameter or larger.

FRILL TREATMENT: For trees 6 inches in diameter or larger, use the frill or notch treatment. Cut a single hack girdle of overlapping axe cuts completely around the tree near the ground line. Treat the injured area with a solution of 2 quarts of Wasco Brush Killer in 25 gallons of diesel oil, fuel oil, or kerosene (1/2 pint in 3 gallons).