

Camera man's Note

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NON-WARRANTY: Seller makes no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product. Buyer assumes all risks of use or handling, whether, in accordance with directions or not.

NET CONTENTS: 1 gal., 5 gal, 54 gal.

MANUFACTURED BY:

WASATCH CHEMICAL COMPANY  
2235 South 5th East  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH  
84106

1/26/67

Resubmitted 10/27/87

ACCEPTED

Dec 6, 1975

WASCO  
2,4-D DIMETHYLAMINE 4 lb.

FOR SALE TO THE PUBLIC  
FOR WEEDS AND POISON REGISTERED  
UNDER NO. 168-239

Contains 4 pounds of 2,4-D Acid Equivalent per gal.

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ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid\*..... 4.00  
 INERT INGREDIENTS:..... 1.00  
 Total... 5.00  
 \*Equivalent to 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid 4 lb.

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.  
 SEE SIDE PANELS FOR OTHER CAUTIONS.  
 U. S. D. A. Reg. No. 168-239

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

TIME OF APPLICATION: Best results are obtained when Dimethyl Amine D<sub>4</sub> is used on weeds that are young and in a rapid growing condition. Applications of lower rates to susceptible annual weeds, will be satisfactory, but for perennial weeds and other conditions where weed kill is difficult, use higher rates. When used as a selective spray in crops, the stage of growth of the crop must be considered. Some woody plants and weeds are hard to kill and repeat applications may be necessary.

SMALL GRAIN CROPS (Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye): Apply Dimethyl Amine D<sub>4</sub> at the rate of 1 to 1 1/2 pints per acre on small grains when fully tillered or headed (4 to 8 inches tall) but before head emerges from the boot. Injury will be likely to occur if this product is applied earlier than "tiller" or later than "boot". Do not use on grains underdown with legumes such as alfalfa or clovers, except where some legume injury can be tolerated. Do not apply when grain is headed. Do not forage or graze treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment with 2,4-D. Do not feed treated straw to livestock.

AIRIAL APPLICATION: Use Dimethyl Amine D<sub>4</sub> at the rate of 1 to 1 1/2 pints in 1 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

FLAX: Apply Dimethyl Amine D<sub>4</sub> at the rate of 1/2 to 2/3 pint per acre as weed growth warrants, providing the flax plants have formed 4 to 5 leaves (2 to 6 inches tall). Do not treat flax after the early bud stage.

RICE: In the South and Southwest apply from 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 pints per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water 7 to 10 weeks after planting, or when the rice is fully tillered but not yet in the boot. California: Apply 1 1/2 to 2 pints per acre 55 to 65 days after planting, when the rice is through the water and well established. For difficult weeds and where daily temperatures do not exceed 55° F., 2 pints per acre may be used.

CORN: PRE-EMERGENCE - Use Dimethyl Amine D<sub>4</sub> at the rate of 1 to 2 quarts per acre in sufficient water for uniform coverage. Best results are obtained when applied 3 to 5 days after planting, but before corn emerges. DO NOT apply to light sandy soils.

POST-EMERGENCE - Apply at the rate of 1 pint per acre. When spraying corn above 10 inches in height use nozzle extension ("Corn drops"), directing the spray down the base of the corn plant. Do not apply from tasseling to dough stage. Use drop nozzles when crop is over 10 inches high.

SORGHUM: POST-EMERGENCE - Use spray at the rate of 1 pint per acre on plants 6 to 12 inches high when secondary roots are well established. Do not apply from tasseling to dough stage. Use drop nozzles when crop is over 10 inches high.

SUGAR CANE: Apply at the rate of 2 to 4 pints per acre as a spring treatment, and/or as a fall treatment.

PASTURES: To control many broadleaved weeds in pastures, meadows, and rangelands, use 2 to 4 pints of Dimethyl Amine D<sub>4</sub> per acre with 10 to 20 gallons of water to provide adequate application. Great pastures should be sprayed regularly. Do not apply to pastures with seedling pastures until grass is well established. Do not apply to pastures with seedling pastures until grass is well established. Do not apply to pastures with seedling pastures until grass is well established.