

PARATHION 25% WETTABLE POWDER

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Parathion (O,O-Diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl Thiophosphate) ... 25%

INERT INGREDIENTS 75%
100%

USDA REC. NO. 168-18

DANGER - KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
SEE ANTIDOTE STATEMENT AND OTHER REQUIRED WARNINGS ON
BACK PANEL.

WARNING! Poisonous if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin!
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear natural rubber
gloves, protective clothing and goggles. In case of contact, wash
immediately with soap and water. Wear a mask or respirator of a
type passed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for parathion
protection. Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas
or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas
should not be reentered until drifting insecticide and volatile
residues have dissipated. Do not contaminate feed and foodstuffs.
Wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and water before
eating or smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and
not water before reuse.

Symptoms of poisoning; headache, blurred vision, weakness, nausea, cramps,
diarrhea and discomfort in chest.

Antidote: Atropine is antidotal. Call a physician at once in all cases of
suspected Parathion poisoning.

If swallowed, give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm
water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Have victim lie
down and keep quiet.

If on skin: In case of skin contact, remove contaminated
clothing and immediately wash skin with soap and water.

To Physician: Give atropine, preferably in injection, grains 1/30 to 1/15
(2 to 4 mg.) at once and every hour or oftener as needed to
achieve and maintain full atropinization. Never give morphine.
Clear chest by postural drainage. Artificial respiration or
oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient
continuously 48 hours.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams, and
ponds. Apply this product only as specified on this label. Dispose of wastes
by burying in non-crop lands. Dispose of containers by punching holes in them
and burying with wastes.

March 14, 1967

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DIRECTIONS

Application should be made by experienced personnel using approved safety equipment. Pour the recommended amount thru a screen at the surface of the water in a metal or fibreglass tank or spray the product direct from a bucket half-filled with water. If you do not have a tank, use a garden spray tank. Add the number of gallons of water indicated to the bucket or tank before adding the product. Do not add water after adding the product.

CAUTION: When applying, wear protective clothing and avoid spraying on people or pets.

APPLES: For control of codling moth, San Jose, orange tortrix, San Jose, Furges and scaley scales, red-spotted leaf roller (second and third brood), woolly apple aphid and mealybug; use 1 lb. per 100 gallons of water. For bud moth, red bug, fruit tree leafroller, woolly apple aphid, green apple aphid, red mite, Pacific mite, Schoenii mite, Willamette mite and clover mite; apply 3/4 lbs. in 100 gallons of water. For certain mites, such as, two-spotted and Willamette, repeat application at 7 to 10 day intervals during the summer months. Directions for control of mites on apples, apply to peaches, pears, prunes and plums.

COPY ATTACHED SHEET

CAUTION: Injury may result on McIntosh and related varieties.

BERRY: To control budworm, apple sawfly, Oriental fruit moth, San Jose scale and tortrix, apply 1 lb. per 100 gallons of water. For San Jose scale, apply when crawlers emerge. For other pests, 1 lb. per 100 to 0.4 lbs. per 100 gallons of water.

Peach, Nectarine: For aphids, apple maggot, peach borer, red spider mites, aphid/louse, 1/4 lbs. per 100 gallons of water. For plum curculio, peach leaf curl with red scales, apply 1 lb. per 100 gallons of water. For peach maggot, apply 1/2 lbs. per 100 gallons. Do not spray within 10 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 1 lb. per 100 gallons. Do not spray on blossoms, flowers or fruit buds.

Pear: For control of codling moth, apply 1 lb. per 100 gallons of water. For peach maggot, apple maggot, peach borer, apple curculio, apple leafroller, apple blossom weevils, apply 1 lb. per 100 gallons of water. For peach leaf curl, apply 1/2 percent red spider mites.

PLUM: For control of codling moth, apply 1/2 lb. per 100 gallons of water. For peach maggot, apple maggot, tortrix, leafroller, leafcopper, aphids and spider mites, apply 1 lb. per 100 gallons of water.

Strawberry: For control of aphids, leafroller and spider mites, use 1/2 lbs. per 100 gallons of water. Repeat the treatment frequently as needed for spider mite control. Max. no. allowable dose is 4 pounds per acre application.

CARROT: For control of carrot fly, apply 1/2 lbs. per 100 gallons of water. For control of carrot fly, apply 1/2 lbs. per 100 gallons of water.

Car: For control of carrot fly, carrot fly, carrot fly, spider mite, armyworm, caterpillar and cutworm, use 1/2 lbs. per 100 gallons of water. Repeat application at 7 to 10 day intervals until control. Maximum allowable dose is 4 pounds per acre application.

SUGAR BEETS - To control weevils, use 1 lb. of 100-40-10 in 100 gallons of water. For aphids, use 3/4 lbs. in 100 gallons of water. May control all winter. Trade as 3-1-0 lbs. per acre application.

CARRIES 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 2500 2600 2700 2800 2900 3000 3100 3200 3300 3400 3500 3600 3700 3800 3900 4000 4100 4200 4300 4400 4500 4600 4700 4800 4900 5000 5100 5200 5300 5400 5500 5600 5700 5800 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6400 6500 6600 6700 6800 6900 7000 7100 7200 7300 7400 7500 7600 7700 7800 7900 8000 8100 8200 8300 8400 8500 8600 8700 8800 8900 9000 9100 9200 9300 9400 9500 9600 9700 9800 9900 10000

plants begin to grow, and will be covered with a thin layer of soil, and the application of manure and fertilizer will be made. The pieces are then placed in the ground.

ONIONS - The first onions should be gathered when they reach a
weekly intervals as needed. Maximum number of days to go from seed to ripe onion.

CELERY - For celery worms and aphids, use 1-1/2 lbs per 100 gallons of water. Do not apply more than 1-1/2 lbs per acre within 15 days of harvest. 1 lbs per acre within 21 days or 1 lbs within 30 days.

CABBAGE, BROCCOLI, BRUSSEL SPROUTS, KALE, MUSTARD, TURNIPS - For diamond back moth, imported cabbage worm, and armyworm; use 1 lb. per 100 gallons of water. For specific aphids and thrips, use 3/4 lb. per 100 gallons. Do not apply more than 1 lb. per acre within 7 days or 2 lbs. within 14 days of harvest. In cabbage, Kale, Mustard and turnips, on broccoli, Brussel sprouts and cauliflower, do not apply more than 1 lb. within 7 days of harvest or 2 lbs. if plants were taller than 4 lbs. within 14 days of harvest.

PEAKS - Erosion control - irrigation - water supply - drainage - timber - mineral resources.

CORR. - For a given value of ρ , the upper limit of the range of θ is given by the equation

REFARDES Est le nom d'un village qui occupe une partie de la commune de
Sergines. Le village est établi dans un vaste plateau à l'ouest duquel se trouve
la forêt de Gély. Il est entouré par les villages de Châtelais et de
Lamérac au sud, et par le hameau de la Grange au nord.

DECEMBER - The first half of the month was characterized by a general absence of precipitation, although a few light showers did occur. The second half of the month was marked by a series of low pressure systems moving across the area from the southwest. These systems brought with them a great deal of precipitation, especially on December 28th and 29th, when over 10 inches of rain fell in the area. The total precipitation for the month was approximately 15 inches.

NON-WARRANTY - WHETHER THE REAL PROPERTY IS PURCHASED AS IS OR WITH WARRANTY, THE APPLICABLE INSPECTION REPORT IS THE SOLE SOURCE OF INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PROPERTY.

NET CONVERSATION

WISCONSIN CHEMICAL COMPANY
AUSTRALIA LTD., MELBOURNE