

COTTON SPRAY

3-0-4

LB GAL

LBS GAL

METHYL
PARATHION

STROBANE



POISON



DANGER (Keep Out of Reach of Children)

SEE ANTIDOTE STATEMENT AND OTHER REQUIRED
WARNING STATEMENTS ON THE BACK OF PANEL.

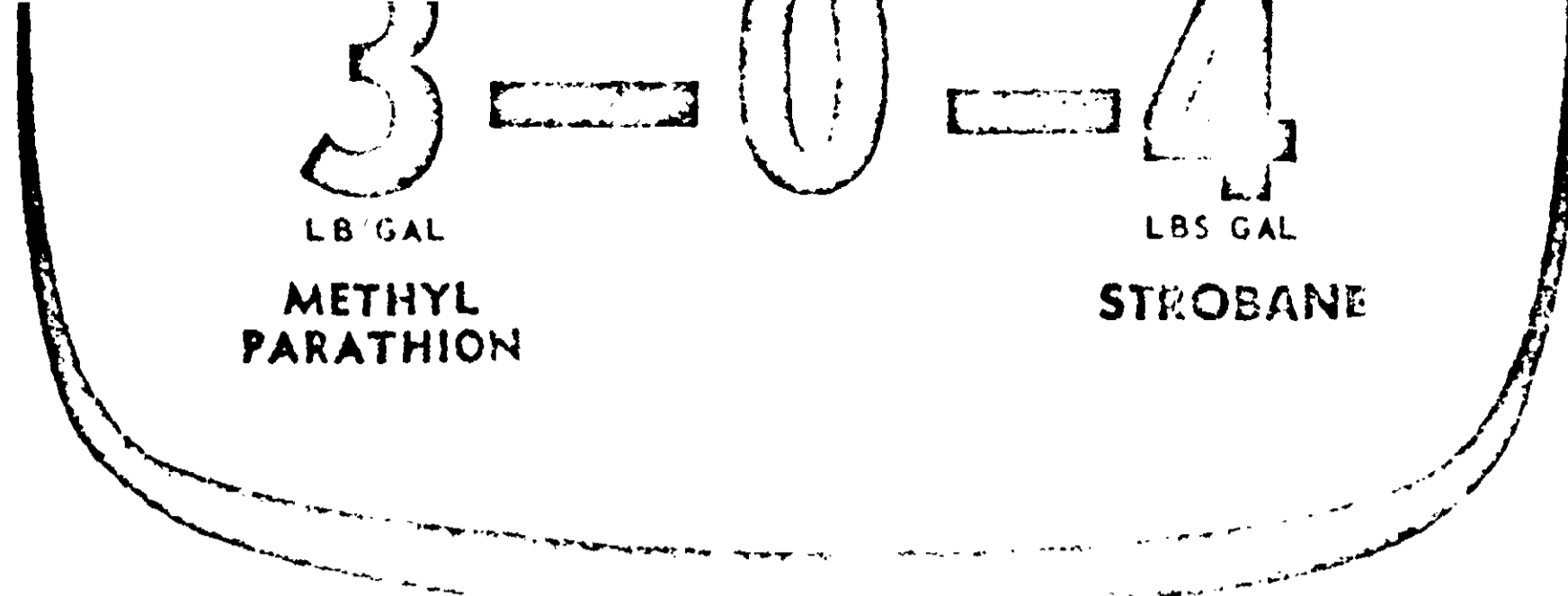
ACCEPTED

OCT 3 1967

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
UNDER NO. 148-73C SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Terpene Poly Chlorinated 66 Chlorinated 38.40%
Methyl Parathion 52.20%



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ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Terpene Poly Chlorinates (65% Chlorine)***	38.40%
Methyl Parathion **	28.70%
Xylene	25.90%

INERT INGREDIENTS	7.00%
TOTAL	100.00%

**O, O-Dimethyl O p-Nitrophenyl Thiophosphate
***Strobane, Consisting of Poly Chlorinates of Camphene, Pinene, and related
Terpenes

7-67

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DESTROY CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY

Flush out thoroughly with water in some location where flush water can be run off harmlessly. Then punch container full of holes or crush so that it cannot be used again for any purpose. Take to city dump or some other type of location where no attempt will be made to salvage for any use whatsoever.

ATROPINE IS ANTIDOTAL

Keep an emergency supply on hand

In case of swallowing, induce vomiting by drinking a glass of water containing a tablespoon of salt. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear.

FIRST AID: In case of suspected Parathion poisoning, call a physician at once. If symptoms or signs of poisoning include blurred vision, abdominal cramps and tightness in the chest, don't wait for a doctor, but give two atropine tablets (each 1 100 gr.) at once. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious patient.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS - Warning symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in the chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pinpoint pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal cramps.

TREATMENT - Give atropine, preferably by injection, grains 1/100 two or three tablets at once and parenterally or orally every hour as required up to 30 tablets or until pupils dilate. Never give morphine. Clear chest by postural drainage. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has been allowed as determined by blood tests.

NOTICE

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than

DANGER BEFORE USING, READ THIS LABEL CAREFULLY!

DIRECTIONS

Emulsifiable Parathion concentrates have been accepted for use solely by experienced operators using airplanes or power operated ground equipment.

MIXING: Add the amount of DE-PESTER COTTON SPRAY 3-0-4 recommended for the control of each insect to the water necessary to treat one acre. Mix thoroughly before applying. If solution is allowed to stand several hours, agitate well before using.

USE FOR CONTROL OF BOLL WEEVIL, BOLL-WORM, THRIPS, COTTON LEAF-WORM, CABBAGE LOOPER, LYGUS BUGS, CUT-WORMS, FALL ARMYWORMS, GRASSHOPPERS, COTTON FLEAHOPPERS, APHIDS, AND SOME SPECIES OF SPIDER MITES ON COTTON

Use 1 to 2 quarts per acre at 3 to 5 day intervals, or as necessary to keep insects under control. For bollworm, and cabbage looper, use higher rate.

The rate and interval of application will depend upon the size of the cotton, degree of insect infestation, weather, and method of application. Proper timing and uniform application are essential for best results. Make no application within 15 days of hand picking. This product is recommended for use only on cotton. Do not apply after holls open. Do not feed gin waste to livestock.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams, and ponds.

WARNING: Extremely hazardous if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin, or on clothing. Wear protective clothing, goggles and natural rubber

gloves. Wear a mask or respirator of a type passed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for Methyl Parathion protection. If spilled on skin, wash immediately with soap and warm water before eating or smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use. Keep all persons out of the operating area or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be re-entered until the drifting insecticides and volatile residues have dissipated. Do not allow fields receiving applications of this material to be grazed by dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

by 100 mg of salt. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear.

FIRST AID: In case of suspected Parathion poisoning, call a physician at once. If symptoms or signs of poisoning include blurred vision, abdominal cramps and tightness in the chest, don't wait for a doctor, but give two atropine tablets (each 1/100 gr.) at once. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious patient.

NOTE TO FARMER AND HANDLING SYMPTOMS: include weakness, headache, tightness in the chest, blurred vision, nausea, vomiting, pupils, salivation, sweating, diarrhea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal cramps.

TREATMENT: Give at once, preferably by injection, grains 1/100, two or three tablets at once and parenterally or orally every hour as required up to 30 tablets or until pupils dilate. Never give more. Clear chest by postural drainage. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has been allowed as determined by blood tests.

NOTICE

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COTTON FLEAHOPPERS, APHIDS, AND SOME SPECIES OF SPIDER MITES ON COTTON

Use 1 to 2 quarts per acre at 3 to 5 day intervals, or as necessary to keep insects under control. For bollworm, and cabbage looper, use higher rate.

The rate and interval of application will depend upon the size of the cotton, degree of insect infestation, weather, and method of application. Proper timing and uniform application are essential for best results. Make application within 15 days of hard picking. This product is recommended for use only on cotton. Do not allow cotton to be eaten.

Do not feed gin waste to livestock.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams, and ponds.

WARNING: Extremely hazardous if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin, or on clothing. Wear protective clothing, goggles and natural rubber

gloves. Wear a mask or respirator of a type passed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for Methyl Parathion protection. If spilled on skin, wash immediately with soap and warm water before eating or smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use. Keep all persons out of the operating area or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be re-entered until the drifting insecticides and volatile residues have dissipated. Do not allow fields receiving applications of this material to be grazed by dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. When necessary to enter treated cotton fields within 24 hours after application, protective clothing should be worn.

Rapidly absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not contaminate feed and feedstuffs.