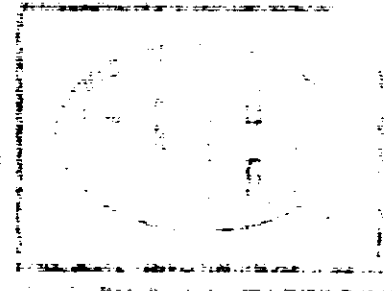


**ACCEPTED**

FEB 14 1971

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 148-212



**CAUTION** Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

**NET CONTENTS**

**GALLON**

**MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Misuse as to quantity, timing or method of application can cause damage or injury to animals, persons, property or crops.

Under no circumstances should this herbicide product or any 2,4-D or 2,4,5-T weed killers be used in the vicinity of cotton, tomatoes, garden crops, grapes, ornamentals or other susceptible crops, as severe damage may result. Extreme care must be exercised to prevent drifting of this material. Apply only when wind is below 7 mph. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.)

# DED-WEED

## LV-6

### BRUSH KIL

LOW VOLATILE ESYER

4 LBS. 2,4,5-T PER GALLON

ADD the recommended amount of DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL to about one-half the volume of water or oil to be used in spraying. Mix well, then add the remaining water or oil and mix until spray mixture is uniform. Continue mixing while spraying. Do not let water get into brush killer oil sprays used in stump or basal treatment.

DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL can be mixed with water or dissolved in oil. DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL is designed for weeds and woody growth which are controlled better by 2,4,5-T than 2,4-D. Brambles, blackberries, rose hawthorns, osage orange, poison ivy, ground cherries and horse nettles are typical of the vegetation which can be controlled along fence rows, right-of-ways, highways, in pastures, on rangelands, timberland and beneath power lines.

Although this product has been formulated with low volatile esters in order to reduce the hazard of vapor drift, every precaution must be exercised to prevent injury to susceptible plants in the vicinity. Vapors from this product at high temperatures may cause injury to susceptible plants growing in the immediate vicinity. Drift may cause injury to susceptible plants adjacent to the area of application.

Do not use equipment used in applying DED-WEED LV-6 Brush Kil to apply insecticides, fungicides, or other materials to susceptible crops. Do not reuse this container.

Do not store near fertilizers, seed, insecticides, fungicides, or rodenticides. Application to grassy areas may seriously damage or destroy clover, bentgrass, St. Augustine grass, Dichondra and carpetgrass, if they are present.

**DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STRIKE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.**

Do not use in lakes, ponds, or in ditch banks. Also, do not use around the home, recreation areas and similar sites.

Do not mix with water or other liquids. Do not use in closed containers. Apply this product only as specified on the label.

Consult Agricultural Extension or Agricultural Experiment Station Specialists regarding recommendations of timing of applications.

**NOTICE**

Killer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product, other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

**CAUTION** Keep Out of Reach of Children  
SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL CAUTIONS.

**SPECIALLY FORMULATED FOR USE ON BRUSH AND WOODY PLANTS IN PASTURES AND WOODLAND**

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**  
2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid isooctyl ester ..... 44.0%  
\*(Equivalent to 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid 44.0%)

**INERT INGREDIENTS:**..... 56.0%

EPA Reg. No. 148-212

EPA EST. NO. 148-SS-1

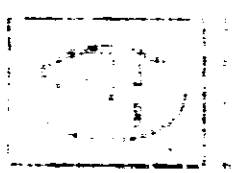
**WOODY PLANTS SHOULD BE IDENTIFIED**

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Apple, Am. Green   | Blackberry         |
| Aspen              | Box Elder          |
| Birch, White       | Briers             |
| Blackberry         | Burrnut            |
| Box Elder          | Cherry, Smoke      |
| Briers             | Cherry, Wild Black |
| Burrnut            | Chestnut           |
| Cherry, Smoke      | Chokeberry         |
| Cherry, Wild Black | Cornus             |
| Chestnut           | Elm                |
| Chokeberry         | Flax               |
| Cornus             | Grape, Wild        |
| Elm                | Hawthorn           |
| Flax               | Hickory            |
| Grape, Wild        |                    |
| Hawthorn           |                    |
| Hickory            |                    |
- (and many other species)

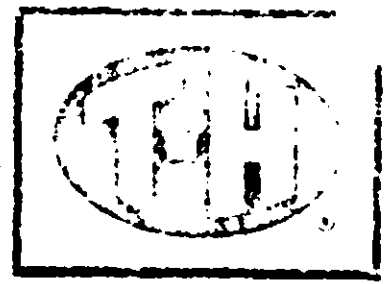
A plastic lining may cover up the bottom with trichloroethylene, such as Helosene or the oil fuel. A less refined oil of higher aromatic content, such as fuel oil No. 2 or No. 3 is recommended in such cases.

If stored below freezing temperature, it may be returned to warm to 40°F, and agitate thoroughly before using.

For control of broadleaf weeds in pastures use DED-WEED LV-6 or DED-WEED LV-6.



**ACCEPTED**  
**FEB 24 1977**  
 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 148-212



**CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Misuse as to quantity, timing or method of application can cause damage or injury to animals, persons, property or crops.

Under no circumstances should this herbicide product or any 2,4-D or 2,4,5-T weed killers be used in the vicinity of cotton, tomatoes, garden crops, grapes, ornamentals or other susceptible crops, as severe damage may result. Extreme care must be exercised to prevent drifting of this material. Apply only when wind is below 7 mph. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.)

Although this product has been formulated with low volatile esters in order to reduce the hazard of vapor damage, every precaution must be exercised to prevent injury to susceptible plants in the vicinity. Vapors from this product at high temperatures may cause injury to susceptible plants growing in the immediate vicinity. Drift may cause injury to susceptible plants adjacent to the area of application.

Do not use equipment used in applying DED-WEED LV-6 Brush Kill to apply insecticides, fungicides, or other materials to susceptible crops. Do not reuse this container.

Do not store near fertilizers, seed, insecticides, fungicides, or foodstuffs. Application to grassy areas may seriously damage or destroy clover, bentgrass, St. Augustine grass, Dichondra and carpetgrass, if they are present.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

Do not use in lakes, ponds, or on ditch banks. Also, do not use around the home, recreation areas and similar sites.

Do not use in water for cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Consult Agricultural Extension or Agricultural Experiment Station Specialists regarding recommendations of timing of applications.

**NOTICE**

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product, other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

NET CONTENTS

GALLON

**MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

Add the recommended amount of DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL to about one-half the volume of water or oil to be used in spraying. Mix well, then add the remaining water or oil and mix until spray mixture is uniform. Continue mixing while spraying. Do not let water get into brush killer oil sprays used in stump or basal treatment.

DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL can be mixed with water or dissolved in oil. DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL is designed for weeds and woody growth which are controlled better by 2,4,5-T than 2,4-D. Brambles, blackberries, some hawthorns, osage orange, poison ivy, ground cherries and horse nettles are typical of the vegetation which can be controlled along fence rows, right-of-ways, highways, in pastures, on rangeland, timberland and beneath power lines.

**WOODY PLANTS SUSCEPTIBLE TO DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL**

- |                    |                      |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Apple, Am.Crab     | Honeysuckle          |
| Aspen              | Locust               |
| Birch, White       | Maple                |
| Blackberry         | Mockingbird          |
| Box Elder          | Oak, Red or White    |
| Eriogonum          | Osage Orange (Hedge) |
| Futterick          | Poison Oak           |
| Cherry, Choke      | Poplar               |
| Cherry, Wild Black | Raspberry            |
| Chestnut           | Rose, Wild           |
| Dewberries         | Sassafras            |
| Dogwood            | Sp. cebuish          |
| Elder              | Sweet gum            |
| Fern               | Sycamore             |
| Grape, Wild        | Virginia Creeper     |
| Hawthorn           | Walnut               |
| Hickory            |                      |
- (and many other species)

A slight sludging may occur upon dilution with refined oils, such as kerosene or diesel fuel. A less refined oil of higher aromatic content, such as fuel oil No. 2 or No. 3 is recommended in such cases.

If stored below freezing temperature it may be necessary to warm to 40°F. and agitate thoroughly before using.

For control of broadleaf weeds in crops use DED-WEED 40, DED-WEED LV-69 or DED-WEED ME-6.

**DED-WEED**

**LV-6**

**BRUSH KIL**

LOW VOLATILE ESTER

**4 LBS. 2,4,5-T PER GALLON**

**CAUTION Keep Out of Reach of Children**

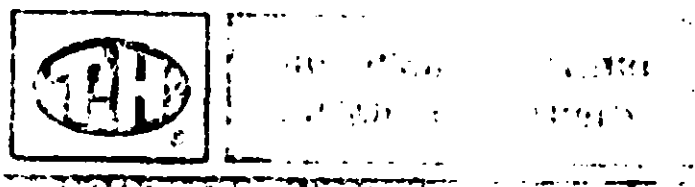
SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL CAUTIONS.

**ESPECIALLY FORMULATED FOR USE ON BRUSH AND WOODY PLANTS IN PASTURES AND TIMBERLAND**

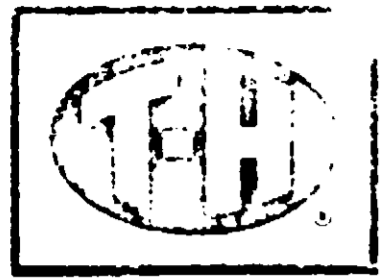
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:  
 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid isooctyl ester ..... 64.0%  
 \*(Equivalent to 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid 44.4%)  
 INERT INGREDIENTS:..... 36.0%  
 100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 148-212

EPA EST. NO. 148-KS-1



Empty can spray into vertical for 30 sec



CONTENTS

GALLON

# DED-WEED LV-6

## BRUSH KIL

LOW VOLATILE ESTER

### 4 LBS. 2,4,5-T PER GALLON

**CAUTION** Keep Out of Reach of Children

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL CAUTIONS.

SPECIALLY FORMULATED FOR USE ON BRUSH AND WOODY PLANTS IN PASTURES AND TIMBERLAND

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid isooctyl ester\* ..... 64.0%

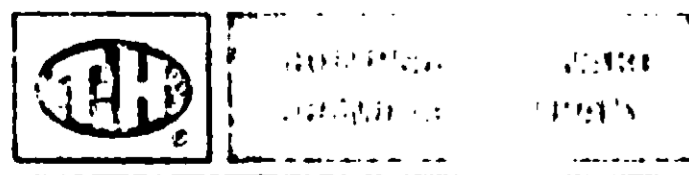
\* (Equivalent to 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid 44.4%)

INERT INGREDIENTS: ..... 36.0%

100.0%

No. 148-212

EPA EST. NO. 148-KS-1



#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Add the recommended amount of DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL to about one-half the volume of water or oil to be used in spraying. Mix well, then add the remaining water or oil and mix until spray mixture is uniform. Continue mixing while spraying. Do not let water get into brush killer or oil sprays used in stump or basal treatment.

DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL can be mixed with water or dissolved in oil. DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL is designed for weeds and woody growth which are controlled better by 2,4,5-T than 2,4-D. Brambles, blackberries, some hawthorns, osage orange, poison ivy, ground cherries and horse nettles are typical of the vegetation which can be controlled along fence rows, right-of-ways, highways, in pastures, on rangeland, timberland and beneath power lines.

#### WOODY PLANTS SUSCEPTIBLE TO DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL

- |                    |                      |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Apple, Am. Crab    | Honeysuckle          |
| Aspen              | Locust               |
| Firch, White       | Maple                |
| Blackberry         | Mockingbird          |
| Box Elder          | Oak, Red or White    |
| Eriera             | Osage Orange (Hedge) |
| Butternut          | Poison Oak           |
| Cherry, Choke      | Rosier               |
| Cherry, Wild Black | Raspberry            |
| Chestnut           | Rose, Wild           |
| Dewberries         | Sassafras            |
| Dogwood            | Spicebush            |
| Elder              | Sweet                |
| Film               | Sweet Gum            |
| Grape, Wild        | Sycamore             |
| Hawthorn           | Virginia Creeper     |
| Hickory            | Walnut               |
- (and many other species)

A slight sludging may occur upon dilution with refined oils, such as kerosene or diesel fuel. A less refined oil of higher aromatic content, such as fuel oil No. 2 or No. 3 is recommended in such cases.

If stored below freezing temperature it may be necessary to warm to 40°F, and agitate thoroughly before using.

For control of broadleaf weeds in crops use DED-WEED 40, DED-WEED LV-69 or DED-WEED MS-6.



**PINE RELEASE:** To control Oak (White, Post, Southern, Red and blackjack), black and sweet gum and other unwanted species listed on the label, apply when leaves of broadleaved species are first fully expanded. Apply

2 quarts of DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL (with or without 1/4 to 1 gallon of diesel oil) in enough water to make 5 gallons of mixture and apply to each acre by aerial application. Up to 10 gallons of mixture can be used when only a water mixture is used. Repeat treatment as needed in successive years.

#### WOODY PLANTS AND BRUSH IN PASTURES AND RANGELAND, ALONG FENCE ROWS, RIGHT-OF-WAYS, HIGHWAYS, ON TIMBERLAND AND NEAR POWER LINES.

TYPE OF SPRAYING	AMOUNT OF DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL TO USE	WHEN TO APPLY	HOW TO APPLY
FOLIAGE TREATMENT	3 quarts in 100 gallons of water or 1 1/2 quarts in 50 gallons of water.	After full leaf stage when growing vigorously.	Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and roots using power sprayer.
FRILL TREATMENT FOR LARGE TREES	1 1/2 to 1 quart in 3 gallons of water.	At any time during dormant or growing season.	Make a cup or full inch deep groove around trunk and treat area to the point of frill.
STUMP TREATMENT	1/2 to 1 gallon in 25 gallons of water or 1 quart in 12 1/2 gallons of oil.	Apply as soon as possible after cutting or during dormant or growing season.	Work entire stump, including its exposed base, thoroughly to the ground.
BASAL BARK TREATMENT	1/2 to 1 gallon in 25 gallons of water or 1 quart in 12 1/2 gallons of oil.	At any time during dormant or growing season but trees must be free of insects.	Use low spray pressure and wet to point of runoff the basal bark 15 to 20 inches of the trunk or slash.

Re-treatment may be necessary to secure adequate control of certain hard-to-kill species. 1 quart contains 1 lb. 2,4,5-T acid.

\*For aerial applications 5 gallons of solution per acre is recommended, either oil or water-oil mixture including 2 to 3 quarts of DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL. Up to 10 gallons of solution may be used when only a water mixture is used.

\*\*For pasture and rangeland applications a maximum of 3 quarts of DED-WEED LV-6 BRUSH KIL should be used per acre. In pastures apply when grass is in full leaf and after grass is well established. Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas within 6 weeks after application. Do not graze meat animals on treated areas within 3 weeks of slaughter.



1 Empty container into spray tank. Then drain in vertical position for 30 seconds.



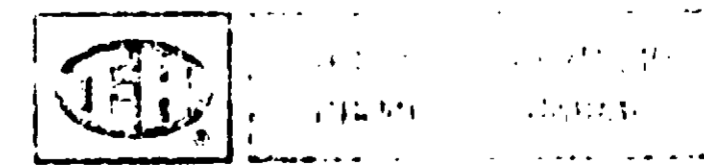
2 Add a measured amount of rinse water (or other diluent) so container is 1/4 to 1/5 full. For every one quart in one-gallon container.



3 Rinse container thoroughly, pour into tank and drain 30 sec. Repeat three times. Add enough fluid to bring tank up to level.



4 Clean pesticide container immediately. Sell as scrap for recycling or bury. Do not reuse.



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