U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460	EPA Reg. Number: 100-1627	Date of Issuance: 1/26/18	
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: <u>X</u> Registration <u>Reregistration</u> (under FIFRA, as amended)	Term of Issuance: Conditional Name of Pesticide Product: A21664A 265SE Turf		
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Ronald E. Hampton, Ph.D. Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, NC 27419			
<b>Note:</b> Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product a			
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above n under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.	amed pesticide is h	ereby registered	
Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.			
This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section $3(c)(7)(A)$ . You must comply with the following conditions:			
<ol> <li>Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.</li> </ol>			
Signature of Approving Official:	Date:		
Æ	1/26/18		
Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P) EPA Form 8570-6			

Registration Notice Conditional v.20150320

- 2. You are required to submit to the Agency the following studies by the dates indicated below.
  - a. Chronic oral toxicity to larval honey bees.

A Tier II study is required if triggered by the Tier I study listed above. In the event a Tier III study is triggered by the Tier II results, it will also be required. If any higher tier study is necessary, you must submit it to EPA within 3 years of notification by the Agency that such a higher tier study is required

- b. A controlled water monitoring study to provide further data on the environmental fate of benzovindiflupyr in the aquatic environment must be submitted to the Agency. The completed study must be submitted by 09/01/18.
- c. Field study to determine the effectiveness of vegetative filter strips (VFS). The study should address effectiveness relative to run-off reduction, sediment transport rates and delivery totals of benzovindiflupyr in water bodies. The deadline for you to submit the study is 09/01/18.
- d. Based on the EPA's review of the results of the studies in paragraphs b. and c., EPA may determine either that the study described in paragraph b. must be extended or that other studies or monitoring are needed in order to allow the Agency to continue to conclude that benzovindiflupyr does not pose unreasonable adverse effects on the environment insofar as aquatic risk are concerned as per the agreement letter of August 28, 2015.
- 3. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the DCI identified below:
  - a. Propiconazole GDCI-122101-1610

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Generic DCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division: <u>http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1</u>

- 4. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
  - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 100-1627."
  - Add an appropriate EPA Establishment Number and Net Contents information.
- 5. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is

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referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 12/08/2017
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 12/08/2017

If you have any questions, please contact Fatima Sow by phone at (703) 347-8308, or via email at sow.fatima@epa.gov.

Enclosure

[Master Label]

### GROUP 7 3 11 FUNGICIDES

### A21664A 265SE Turf

### Fungicide

A fungicide for prevention and control of turfgrass diseases on golf courses

Active Ingredients:	
Benzovindiflupyr*:	2.9%
Azoxystrobin**	
Propiconazole***:	
Other Ingredients:	74.7%
Total:	100.0%

\*CAS No. 1072957-71-1 \*\*CAS No. 131860-33-8 \*\*\*CAS No. 60207-90-1

A21664A 265SE Turf is formulated as a suspo-emulsion (SE) and contains 0.25 lb benzovindiflupyr, 0.92 lb azoxystrobin, and 1.04 lb propiconazole active per gallon.

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

# WARNING/AVISO

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

EPA Reg.

EPA Est.

SCP

Net Contents



Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under

EPA Reg. No. 100-1627

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# 1.0 FIRST AID

FIRST AID						
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20					
	minutes.					
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then					
	continue rinsing.					
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.					
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.					
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or</li> </ul>					
	doctor.					
<ul> <li>Do not give anything to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>						
lf on skin	Take off contaminated clothing.					
Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.						
<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>						
Have the product of	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or					
going for treatment.						
HOTLINE NUMBER						
For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or						
Ch	Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident),					
Call						
1-800-888-8372						

# **2.0** PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### **2.1** Hazards to Human and Domestic Animals

### WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear appropriate protective eyewear such as goggles, face shield, or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# **2**.2 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of: barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton® ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear: goggles, face shield, or shielded safety glasses

### 2.2.1 USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### 2.2.2 ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

# User Safety Recommendations Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

# **2**.3 Environmental Hazards

Azoxystrobin, benzovindiflupyr, and propiconazole are toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish; and azoxystrobin and benzovindiflupyr are toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Azoxystrobin can be persistent for several months or longer. Benzovindiflupyr is also toxic to mammals. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated area.

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

### 2.3.1 GROUND WATER ADVISORY

Azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin are known to leach through soil to groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Benzovindiflupyr and propiconazole have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. These chemicals may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

### 2.3.2 SURFACE WATER ADVISORY

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching aquatic sediment via runoff several months or more after application.

A 15-foot vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of benzovindiflupyr, propiconazole, and azoxystrobin from runoff water and sediment. Do not

cultivate within 15 feet of the aquatic areas to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

# 2.4 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Notify state and/or Federal authorities and Syngenta immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

### FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY AND/OR POOR DISEASE CONTROL AND/OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Professional applications to golf courses are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard. **Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.** 

# **3.0** PRODUCT INFORMATION

Read all label directions before use. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.

- A21664A 265SE Turf is a broad-spectrum, preventative fungicide for the control of many important turfgrass diseases on golf course turf.
- A21664A 265SE Turf is formulated as a suspo-emulsion (SE).
- A21664A 265SE Turf is a member of Syngenta's Plant Performance<sup>™</sup> product line and may also improve the turf vigor and quality. These additional benefits are due to the positive effects on plant physiology. The effects may vary according to factors such as the turf species and variety and environment.

# **3.1** Turfgrass Tolerance

A21664A 265SE Turf plant tolerance has been found to be safe for all major turfgrass species. However, all possible tank-mix combinations have not been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the turf to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

Bermudagrass can be sensitive to A21664A 265SE Turf.

**RESTRICTION:** In Florida, do not apply A21664A 265SE Turf to bermudagrass golf course greens when temperatures exceed 90°F.

### **3.2** Integrated Pest (Disease) Management (IPM)

A21664A 265SE Turf should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Sound pest management resulting in healthy, vigorous turf is the foundation of a good IPM program. Cultural practices such as proper choice of varieties, nutrient management, proper cutting height, thatch management, and proper watering, drainage, and moisture stress management should be integrated with the use of fungicides to increase turf vigor and reduce the susceptibility to disease. Immunoassay detection kits and extension service diagnostic services can assist in the early and accurate identification of causal organisms and corresponding selection of the proper fungicide when required.

### **3.3** Resistance Management

### GROUP 7 3 11 FUNGICIDES

A21664A 265SE Turf contains Benzovindiflupyr, a Group 7 succinate dehydrogenase inhibitor (SDHI) fungicide; propiconazole, a Group 3 triazole fungicide; and azoxystrobin, a Group 11 strobilurin fungicide. Fungal pathogens can develop resistance to products with the same mode of action when used repeatedly. As resistance development cannot be predicted, use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the crop and use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for resistance management strategies that are complementary to those in this label.

Resistance management strategies may include rotating and/or tank mixing with products having different modes of action or limiting the total number of applications per season. Syngenta encourages responsible resistance management to ensure effective long-term control of the fungal diseases on this label. A21664A 265SE Turf is not to be alternated or tank-mixed with any fungicide to which resistance has already developed.

As part of a resistance management strategy:

- Apply no more than 3 sequential applications to turfgrass unless otherwise stated in the specific use directions.
- Use A21664A 265SE Turf in rotation or in tank mix with an effective fungicide with a different mode of action one that provides satisfactory disease control when used alone at the mixture rate.
- Utilize Integrated Pest Management (IPM) practices into your program which can help reduce disease development and spread.

# **4.0** APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

### **4**.1 Methods of Application

A21664A 265SE Turf may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground, foliar applications. Refer to **Section 6.0** for rates and additional information.

# **4.2** Application Equipment

**DO NOT** use spray equipment that has been previously used to apply A21664A 265SE Turf to spray apple trees and certain varieties of crabapple and cherry trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity.

### 4.2.1 NOZZLES

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Nozzles should be the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- It is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16-mesh or coarser.
- Do not place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

### 4.2.2 PUMP

- Use a pump with capacity to:
  - 1. Maintain the recommend psi for the nozzles being used to apply the spray mixture.
  - 2. Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- Do not air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

### **4.3** Application Volume and Spray Coverage

- Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good coverage is essential for good disease control.
- Apply in sufficient water to provide good coverage. Typical application volumes range from 30 to 175 gallons of spray per acre.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.
- When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Syngenta recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant that is approved for use in turfgrass.

### 4.4 Mixing Directions

- Prepare no more application mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean application equipment before using this product.
- Thoroughly agitate the application solution before and during application.
- Rinse application tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.
- If spray-tank mixture is unsprayed for more than 18 hours (overnight), re-suspend product with agitation for 20 minutes.

### 4.4.1 A21664A 265SE TURF ALONE

- Add  $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{3}$  of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add A21664A 265SE Turf to the tank.
- Add an adjuvant, if recommended.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the application solution after A21664A 265SE Turf has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

### 4.4.2 TANK-MIX PRECAUTIONS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

- A21664A 265SE Turf is usually compatible with many tank-mix partners registered for use on the listed use site.
- Consult compatibility charts or your local or state turf authority for compatibility information.
- Do not combine A21664A 265SE Turf in the spray tank with pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers; unless compatibility charts or your own prior use has shown that the combination is physically compatible, effective, and non-injurious under your conditions of use.

### 4.4.3 TANK-MIX COMPATIBILITY

A jar compatibility test is recommended prior to tank-mixing with other pesticides and/or adjuvants, in order to ensure the compatibility of A21664A 265SE Turf with other tank-mixed pesticide, adjuvants or fertilizers. The recommended procedure for conducting jar tank-mix compatibility tests is as follows:

**Compatibility Test:** Always perform a tank-mix compatibility test when mixing with new or unknown tank-mix partners before use. Use compatibility agents or buffering agents as per manufacturer label recommendations when using diluted fertilizer suspensions as carrier. The following test assumes a spray volume of 25 gal/A. For other spray volumes, make appropriate changes in the components. Perform tank-mix compatibility using this procedure:

- 1. Add 1 pt of carrier (either the water or liquid fertilizer to be used in the spray operation) to each of two clear 1-qt jars with tight lids.
- 2. To **one** of the jars, add ¼ tsp or 1.2 ml of a commercially available tank-mix compatibility agent approved for this use (¼ tsp is equivalent to 2 pt/100 gallons spray). Close and

seal the lid, invert the jar, shake or stir gently to ensure thorough mixing of the compatibility agent.

- 3. To **both** jars, add the appropriate amount of each tank-mix partner. If more than one tank-mix partner is to be used, follow the recommended mixing order listed in 4.1.x by adding dry formulations (wettable powders or water dispersible granules) first, followed by liquid flowables, capsule suspensions, emulsifiable concentrates and finally add adjuvants. After each addition, invert the jar, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix. The appropriate amount of each tank-mix partner for this test, is as follows:
- 4. **Dry formulations:** For each pound to be applied per acre, add 1.5 level teaspoons to each jar
- 5. **Liquid formulations:** For each pint to be applied per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon or 2.5 milliliters to each jar.
- 6. After adding all ingredients close the jars and seal the lids. Invert each jar 10 times to fully mix. Let the mixtures stand for 15-30 minutes and then assess by looking for separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels, heavy oily film on the jar, or other signs of incompatibility. Determine if a compatibility agent is needed in the spray mixture by comparing the 2 jars. If either mixture separates, but can be remixed readily, the mixture can be sprayed as long as good agitation is used. If the mixtures are incompatible, test the following methods of improving compatibility: (A) Slurry dry formulations in water before adding to the jar, or (B) add the compatibility agent directly into liquid formulations, before addition to the jar. If these procedures are followed but incompatibility is still observed, do not use the tank mixture.

### 4.4.4 A21664A 265SE TURF IN TANK MIXTURES

- Add  $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{3}$  of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank mix-partner(s) this order:
  - 1. Water-soluble packaging
  - 2. Wettable powders
  - 3. Wettable granules (dry flowables)
  - 4. Liquid flowables (such as A21664A 265SE Turf)
  - 5. Emulsifiable concentrates
  - 6. Surfactants/adjuvants.
- Allow each product to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water before adding the next product and continue agitation until all products are added.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water to the spray tank.
- Begin application of the mixture after all products have been completely dispersed into the application mixture.
- Maintain agitation until all of the application mixture has been applied.

# **5.0** RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

### **5**.1 Use Restrictions

- Not for residential use.
- Not for use on sod farms.

- **DO NOT** graze or feed clippings from treated turf areas to animals.
- **DO NOT** apply within 15 feet of any golf course water body.
- **DO NOT** apply to turfgrass by air.
- **DO NOT** apply to turfgrass through irrigation systems (chemigation).
- **DO NOT** spray A21664A 265SE Turf where spray drift may reach apple, crabapple and cherry trees. A21664A 265SE TURF is extremely phytotoxic to certain varieties.
- **DO NOT** use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply A21664A 265SE Turf to spray apple and certain varieties of crabapple and cherry trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity. **DO NOT** spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application including aquatic habitat. Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/pressure combinations, spray droplet size. Contact your State extension agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.265 lb ai of benzovindiflupyr-containing products/A/year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 5.0 lb ai of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 7.0 lb ai of propiconazole-containing products/A/year.
- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications/A/year.

# **5.2** Use Precautions

- A21664A 265SE Turf has demonstrated some phytotoxic effects when mixed with products that are formulated as EC's. These effects are enhanced if applications are made under cool, cloudy conditions and these conditions remain for several days following application. In addition, adjuvants that contain some form of silicone have contributed to phytotoxicity.
- Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if the maximum amount of A21664A 265SE Turf has been used.
- If fungal isolates resistant to Group 7, 3 or 11 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases.
- The shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.
- AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple, crabapple and cherry trees.

### **5**.3 Spray Drift Management

- AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.
- The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. To avoid spray drift, **DO NOT** spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application.

### 5.3.1 CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE Standard 572)
- **Volume** Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

- **Pressure** Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

### **5.3.2 APPLICATION HEIGHT**

**DO NOT** apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the target area. Applications must be made at the lowest height above the target area that still provides uniform coverage of the target. Making applications at the lowest yet effective height reduces exposure of droplets to wind.

### 5.3.3 WIND

**DO NOT** apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Drift potential is lowest when wind speeds are 10 mph or less. However, many factors, including droplet size, pressure, and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Leave a 25-foot buffer downwind of the application to avoid drift to non-target areas.

### **5.3.4 TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates, indicates good vertical air mixing.

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. **DO NOT** make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

### **5.3.5 NON-TARGET AREAS**

Do not apply this pesticide when the product may drift to non-target areas (i.e. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops).

# 6.0 GOLF COURSE TURF USE DIRECTIONS

Turfgrass (including all cultivars, varieties, and or hybrids)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz per 1,000 sq ft)	Use Rate (fl oz per Acre)	Use Directions
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum cereale)	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.
			Apply on a 14-day interval.
			For broad-spectrum disease control, tank-mix or alternate A21664A 265SE Turf with Daconil Weather Stik®, Daconil Ultrex®, or Daconil Action <sup>™</sup> .
Brown Patch ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.
Cool-Weather Brown Patch, Yellow Patch	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Make one or two applications in fall or when conditions are favorable for disease development.
(Rhizoctonia cerealis)			Make second application 28 days after the first.
Dollar Spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa)	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply preventatively when conditions are favorable for disease development.
			Apply on a 14- to 28-day interval. Apply the higher listed rate and/or at a shorter interval under heavy disease pressure or if longer intervals of control are desired.
			For broad-spectrum disease control, tank-mix or alternate A21664A 265SE Turf with a contact fungicide, such as Daconil Action or Secure®.
Gray Leaf Spot ( <i>Pyricularia grisea</i> )	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Use preventatively. Begin applications before disease is present and alternate with other fungicide chemistries that control gray leaf spot.
			Make applications 14-21 days apart.

Turfgrass (including all cultivars, varieties, and or hybrids)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz per 1,000 sq ft)	Use Rate (fl oz per Acre)	Use Directions
Gray Snow Mold Typhula Blight <i>(Typhula incarnata)</i>	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply in late fall just before snow cover. A second application may be made if snow cover melts and turf is exposed.
			If disease pressure is high, make two applications in late fall spaced 14-28 days apart in late fall, just before snow cover.
			Restriction: DO NOT apply more than 2 applications for the control of snow mold.
			Tank-mixing with another snow mold fungicide, such as Daconil Weatherstik and Medallion® SC, may enhance control under severe disease pressure.

Turfgrass (including all cultivars, varieties, and or hybrids)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz per 1,000 sq ft)	Use Rate (fl oz per Acre)	Use Directions
Large Patch or Zoysia Patch ( <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply in the fall and/or spring when conditions are favorable for disease development.
			Apply on a 14 to 28-day interval.
			For all warm-season turfgrasses.
Leaf & Sheath Spot ( <i>Rhizoctonia zeae</i> )	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply when conditions are favorable for infection, such as periods of temperatures at or above 90° F.
			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.
			Curative control may necessitate several applications.
			Target spray applications at crown of turfgrass.
Leaf Rust Stem Rust Stripe Rust <i>(Puccinia</i> spp. <i>)</i>	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.
			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.
Leaf Spot ( <i>Bipolaris</i>	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
sorokiniana)			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.
Melting Out ( <i>Drechslera poae</i> )	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.
Microdochium Patch ( <i>Microdochium nivale</i> )	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.
			Apply on a 14- to 28-day interval.
Pink Patch (Limonomyses	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
roseipellis)			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.

Turfgrass (including all cultivars, varieties, and or hybrids)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz per 1,000 sq ft)	Use Rate (fl oz per Acre)	Use Directions
Pink Snow Mold (Microdochium nivale)	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply in late fall, just before snow cover. A second application may be made if snow cover melts and turf is exposed.
			If disease pressure is high, make two applications in late fall spaced 14-21 days apart in late fall, just before snow cover.
			Restriction: DO NOT apply more than 2 applications for the control of snow mold.
			Tank-mixing with another snow mold fungicide, such as Daconil Weatherstik, and Medallion SC, may enhance control under severe disease pressure.
Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis)	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.
			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.
Red Thread ( <i>Laetisaria fuciformis</i> )	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.
Spring Dead Spot (Ophiosphaerella korrae, O. narmari,	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply in fall prior to bermudagrass dormancy when conditions are favorable for disease infection.
O. herpotricha)			Apply on a 14 to 28-day interval.
			1/8" to 1/4" of irrigation directly after application is recommended.
Summer Patch ( <i>Magnaporthe poae</i> )	0.4 to 0.78	17.5 to 34	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. Initiate applications when soil temperatures reach 65°F at a 2-inch soil depth.
			Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval.

Turfgrass (including all cultivars, varieties, and or hybrids)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz per 1,000 sq ft)	Use Rate (fl oz per Acre)	Use Directions
Take-all Patch (Gaeumannomyces graminis var. avenae)	0.2	17.5	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease infection, prior to disease symptom development.
			Make two applications 28 days apart in the spring and two applications 28 days apart in the fall.

### **Resistance Management:**

- Do not make more than two sequential applications for control of Gray Leaf Spot, and Gray and Pink Snow Mold.
- For all other diseases, do not make more than three sequential applications.

#### USE RESTRICTIONS for all diseases

- 1) **Maximum Single Application Rate:** 0.78 fl oz/1000 sq ft (equal to 34 fl oz/A or 0.068 lb of benzovindiflupyr, 0.244 lb of azoxystrobin, and 0.276 of propiconazole per acre)
- 2) **Minimum Application Interval:** 14 days unless stated otherwise for a given disease (see table)
- 3) Maximum Annual Rate: 136 fl oz/A
- 4) Maximum of 4 applications per year, except for pink and gray snow mold which have a maximum of 2 applications per year.

### A21664A 265SE TURF: RATE CONVERSION CHART

FI oz Product per 1,000 sq ft	Pints Product per Acre	Gallons Product per Acre
0.4	1.09	0.136
0.78	2.12	0.265
0.2	0.54	0.068

# 7.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

#### **Pesticide Storage**

Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

#### **Pesticide Disposal**

Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

### Container Handling (less than or equal to 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

#### **Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)**

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

### Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

### CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

# **8.0** CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

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Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

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