



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

August 30, 2019

Adora Clark
Federal Team Lead, Fungicides
Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC
PO Box 18300
Greensboro, NC 27419

Subject: PRIA Label Amendment – New Uses for Pydiflumetofen on Berries, Low Growing Crop Subgroup 13- 07G, (except cranberry); Bulb Vegetable Crop Subgroups 3-07A and 3-07B (includes green and bulb onions); Brassica Leafy Greens Subgroup 4-16B; Brassica Head and Stem Crop Group 5-16; Bushberry Crop Subgroup 13-07B (includes blueberry); Citrus Fruit Crop Group 10-10; Cottonseed Subgroup 20C (includes cotton); Pome Fruit Crop Group 11-10; Stone Fruit Crop group 12-12 (includes cherry, peach and plum); Succulent Shelled Pea and Tree Nut Crop Group 14-12 (includes almond, filbert, pecan and pistachio)
Product Name: A20259 Crop
EPA Registration Number: 100-1602
Application Date: July 27, 2018
Decision Number: 543315

Dear Ms. Clark:

The application referred to above, submitted under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended is acceptable under FIFRA sec 3 (c)(5). You must submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process.

Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Lindsay Roe by phone at 703 347-0506, or via email at roe.lindsay@epa.gov; or Edward Cotton by phone at 703 347-8273, or via email at cotton.edward@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

 FOR

Cynthia Giles-Parker,
Branch Chief
Fungicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

[MASTER]

DIFENCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
PYDIFLUMETOFEN	GROUP	7	FUNGICIDE

A20259 Crop

[Alternate brand names: Miravis® Duo, Miravis® Top]

Fungicide

An ADEPIDYN™ brand fungicide

Active Ingredients:

Pydiflumetofen*: 6.9%

Difenoconazole**: 11.5%

Other Ingredients: 81.6%

Total: 100.0%

*CAS No. 1228284-64-7

**CAS No. 119446-68-3

A20259 Crop is formulated as a suspension concentrate and contains 0.63 lb of pydiflumetofen and 1.04 lb difenoconazole per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1602

EPA Est.

Net Contents

[Batch Code: _____] (For nonrefillables only.)

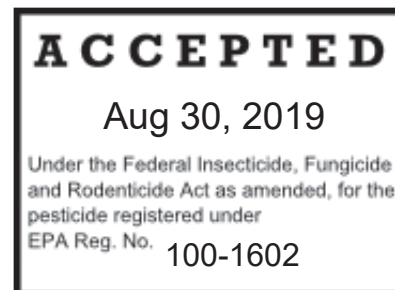


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1.0 FIRST AID

FIRST AID	
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	
HOTLINE NUMBER For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) Call 1-800-888-8372	

2.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

2.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

2.2 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

In addition, mixer, loaders, and applicators for handgun sprayers in the greenhouse must wear:

- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R or P filter [e.g. R95 or P95]; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter.

User Safety Requirements

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

2.2.1 Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

2.3 Environmental Hazards

Pydiflumetofen is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and oysters and shrimp. Difenoconazole is toxic to fish, mammals, and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

2.3.1 Groundwater Advisory

This product may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow. Pydiflumetofen and difenoconazole have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. These chemicals may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

2.3.2 Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a medium potential for reaching both surface water and aquatic sediment via runoff for several months or more after application.

A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of pydiflumetofen and difenoconazole from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

2.4 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Notify state and/or Federal authorities and Syngenta immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

**FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE USE DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL
MAY RESULT IN PLANT INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL AND/OR ILLEGAL
RESIDUES.**

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves (made of any waterproof material)
- Shoes plus socks

3.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

- A20259 Crop is not for residential use.
- Read all label directions before use. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.
- A20259 Crop is a broad-spectrum, preventative fungicide for the control of many important plant diseases, formulated as a suspension concentrate (SC).
- A20259 Crop is a member of Syngenta's Plant Performance™ product line and may also improve the yield and/or quality of the crop. These additional benefits are due to positive effects on plant physiology. The effects may vary according to factors such as the crop, crop hybrid, or environment.

3.0.1 CROP TOLERANCE

Plant tolerance has been found to be acceptable for all crops on the label; however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, test your tank-mix combination(s) on a small portion of the crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

3.0.2 DISEASE SUPPRESSION

If a use indicates suppression it refers to control which can range from fair to good, or consistent control at a level below that obtained with products registered for control.

3.1 Integrated Pest (Disease) Management (IPM)

A20259 Crop should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. This should include selection of varieties with disease tolerance, removal of plant debris in which inoculum overwinters, and proper timing and placement of irrigation. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. A20259 Crop may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

3.2 Resistance Management

DIFENCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
PYDIFLUMETOFEN	GROUP	7	FUNGICIDE

For resistance management, please note that A20259 Crop contains both a Group 7 [pydiflumetofen] and group 3 [difenoconazole] fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to either or both of the active ingredients in A20259 Crop and other Group 7 or Group 3 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of A20259 Crop or other Group 7 and Group 3 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-866-796-4368. You can also contact university extension specialist to report resistance.

As part of a resistance management strategy:

- Apply no more than 2 sequential applications unless otherwise stated in the crop section.
- Follow the crop-specific resistance management recommendations in **Section 7.0**.

4.0 APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

4.1 Methods of Application

Apply A20259 Crop at rates specified in the crop tables (**Section 7.0**). Where permitted, applications can be made by ground, by air, and via chemigation as specified in **Section 7.0**. Refer to **Section 4.5** for details of application by chemigation.

4.2 Application Equipment

A20259 Crop may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making aerial and ground applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spray equipment are needed to provide penetration and coverage essential for good disease control.

4.2.1 Nozzles

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide uniform application and desired spray quality.
- Screens should be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.

4.2.2 Pump

- Use a pump with capacity to:
 1. Maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles
 2. Provide sufficient agitation in the tank to keep tank-mixture in suspension - this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- Do not air sparge.
- Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16-mesh or coarser.
- Do not place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

4.3 Application Volume and Spray Coverage

See **Crop use Directions (Section 7.0)** for additional application volume information.

- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

- Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.
- For aerial application, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise on this label.
- For ground application, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise on this label.
- Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur.

4.4 Mixing Directions

- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray application equipment before using this product.
- Thoroughly agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

4.4.1 A20259 Crop Alone

- Add $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{2}{3}$ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add A20259 Crop to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after A20259 Crop has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.
- *Optional language:* [Add tank-mix defoamer if needed.]
- *Optional language:* [Add a tank-mix compatibility agent and buffering agents when using with fertilizer suspensions.]

4.4.2 Tank-Mix Precautions

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

- A20259 Crop can be tank-mixed with other fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, liquid fertilizers, adjuvants, and additives; however, not all combinations or environmental conditions have been tested.
- To ensure against incompatibility and crop injury, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to be treated.

4.4.3 Tank-Mix Compatibility Test

A jar compatibility test is recommended prior to tank mixing with other pesticides and/or adjuvants/additives, in order to ensure the compatibility of A20259 Crop with other products, adjuvants or fertilizers. The recommended procedure for conducting jar tank-mix compatibility tests is as follows:

Compatibility Test: Always perform a tank-mix compatibility test when mixing with new or unknown tank-mix partners before use. Use compatibility agents or buffering agents as per manufacturer label recommendations when using fertilizer suspensions as carrier. The following test assumes a spray volume of 25 gal/A. For other spray volumes, make appropriate changes in the components. Perform tank-mix compatibility test as follows:

1. Add 1 pt of carrier (either the water or liquid fertilizer to be used in the spray operation) to each of two clear 1-qt jars with tight lids.
2. To **one** of the jars, add ¼ tsp or 1.2 ml of a commercially available tank-mix compatibility agent approved for this use (¼ tsp is equivalent to 2 pt/100 gallons of spray solution). Close the lid, invert the jar, shake or stir gently to ensure thorough mixing of the compatibility agent.
3. To **both** jars, add the appropriate amount of each tank-mix partner. If more than one tank-mix partner is to be used, follow the mixing order, add dry formulations (wetable powders or water dispersible granules) first, followed by liquid flowables, capsule suspensions, emulsifiable concentrates, and finally add adjuvants. After each addition, invert the jar, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix. The appropriate amount of each tank-mix partner for this test, is as follows:

Dry formulations: For each pound to be applied per acre, add 1.5 level teaspoons to each jar.

Liquid formulations: For each pint to be applied per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon or 2.5 milliliters to each jar.

4. After adding all ingredients, close the jars and tighten, then invert each jar 10 times to fully mix. Let the mixtures stand for 15-30 minutes and then assess by looking for separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels, heavy oily film on the jar, or other signs of incompatibility. Determine if a compatibility agent is needed in the spray mixture by comparing the two jars. If either mixture separates, but can be remixed readily, the mixture can be sprayed as long as good agitation is used. If the mixtures are incompatible, test the following methods of improving compatibility: (A) Pre-slurry dry formulations in water before addition to the jar, or (B) add the compatibility agent directly into liquid formulations, before addition to the jar. If these procedures are followed but incompatibility is still observed, do not prepare the tank-mix in the spray tank.

4.4.4 A20259 Crop In Tank Mixtures

- Add $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{2}{3}$ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- Start the agitator before adding any tank-mix partners
- When using in a tank-mix, add different formulation types in the sequence indicated below.
 1. products packaged in water-soluble packaging
 2. wettable powders
 3. wettable granules (dry flowables)
 4. liquid flowables such as A20259 Crop
 5. capsule suspensions
 6. soluble liquids
 7. emulsifiable concentrates
 8. surfactants / adjuvants.
- Allow each product to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water before adding the next product. Continue agitation while the next product is added.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after all products have completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.
- Optional language: [Add tank-mix defoamer if needed.]

4.4.5 Spray Additives

- For some uses on this label, a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic surfactant, crop oil concentrate, silicone based, or blend must be added at the manufacturer's recommended rates.
- For other crop uses, an adjuvant is recommended. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Council of Producers and Distributors of Agrotechnology (CPDA) certification program is recommended.

4.5 Application through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

4.5.1 Application Directions For Overhead Irrigation Systems

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution.
- Do not use end guns because of non-uniform application
- Apply this product only through center-pivot, solid-set, hand-move, or moving-wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or chemigation experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide

application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- Chemical tank and injector system should be thoroughly cleaned and flushed with clean water prior to use.
- Do not apply when winds are greater than 10 mph to avoid drift or wind skips.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control.
- Good agitation should be maintained in the tank during the entire application period.
- A20259 Crop has not been sufficiently tested via irrigation systems to determine product efficacy.
- In general, best performance via irrigation is 0.1 to 0.25 inches of water per acre.

Center-Pivot Irrigation

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as specified by the equipment manufacturer. When applying A20259 Crop through irrigation equipment, use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of A20259 Crop required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of A20259 Crop and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements for the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the A20259 Crop solution.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the A20259 Crop solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

Solid-Set, Hand-Move, and Moving-Wheel Irrigation

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30-minute interval. When applying A20259 Crop through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of A20259 Crop required needed to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of A20259 Crop into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.

- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the A20259 Crop solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

4.5.2 Operating Instructions For Chemigation

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

4.5.3 Specific Instructions For Public Water Systems

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the

system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

5.0 ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

The following crops may be planted at the specified interval following application of A20259 Crop:

Crop, Crop Group, or Crop Subgroup	Plant-Back Interval
Berry, Bushberry Crop Subgroup 13-07B Berry, Low Growing Crop Subgroup 13-07G Brassica (Cole) Head and Stem Vegetables Crop Group 5-16 Brassica (Cole) Leafy vegetables Crop Subgroup 4-16B Bulb Vegetables (Crop group 3-07) Canola (Rapeseed Crop Subgroup 20A) Carrots Citrus Fruit, Crop Group 10-10 Cotton (Cottonseed, Crop Group 20C) Cucurbit Vegetables (Crop Group 9) Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8-10) Grape and Small Fruit Vine Climbing Subgroup (except Fuzzy Kiwifruit), Crop Subgroup 13-07F Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8-10) Pea and Bean, Dried Shelled (Crop Subgroup 6C), except cowpea forage and cowpea hay Peppers Pome Fruit, Crop Group 11-10 Potato Soybeans, excluding soybean forage, hay, and silage Stone Fruit, Crop Group 12-12 Strawberry Sugar Beets Tomatoes and tomatillos Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (Crop Subgroup 1C)	0 day
Cereals (barley, oats, wheat, triticale, rye) Root and Tuber Vegetables, Crop Group 1 (except Carrot, Sugar Beet, and Tuberous Corm Vegetable Subgroup 1C)	30 days
Corn, field Corn, sweet Leaf Petiole Vegetables (Crop Subgroup 22B) Leafy Vegetables Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables (Crop Group 2) Peanut Sorghum Sunflower	60 days
All other crops Intended for Food and Feed	365 days

6.0 RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

6.1 Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.
- DO NOT apply to plants grown for transplanting purposes.
- Not for greenhouse use unless otherwise specified in the specific crop directions for use table.

6.2 Use Precautions

- Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if maximum amount of A20259 Crop has been used.
- If isolates resistant to Group 3 and/or Group 7 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases.
- The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure, with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

6.3 Spray Drift Management

- THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.
- Do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area.
- The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift.
- DO NOT apply when the wind speed is greater than 10 mph or during periods of temperature inversions.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat.

6.3.1 Aerial Applications

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.

6.3.2 Ground Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy unless making a pasture or rangeland application, in which case applicators may apply with a nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground.
- For all other applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).

6.3.3 Importance of Droplet Size

- An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

6.3.4 Controlling Droplet Size

- **Volume** – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- **Number of Nozzles** – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Spray Nozzle** – Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

6.3.5 Application Height

Applications must be made at the lowest height above the target area that still provides uniform coverage of the target. Making applications at the lowest yet effective height reduces exposure of droplets to wind.

6.3.6 Shielded Sprayers

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

6.3.7 Temperature And Humidity

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

6.3.8 Wind

Drift potential is lowest when wind speeds are 10 mph or less. However, many factors, including droplet size, pressure, and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Leave a 25-foot buffer downwind of the application to avoid drift to non-target areas.

AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

6.3.9 Temperature Inversions

- Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions.
- Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning.
- Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates, indicates good vertical air mixing.

6.3.10 Non-Target Areas

Do not apply this pesticide when the product may drift to non-target areas (i.e. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops).

7.0 CROP USE DIRECTIONS

7.1 Almonds

Crops (Including all cultivars and/or varieties of these)			
Almond			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria leafspot (<i>A. alternata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>) Blossom Blight Brown rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.) Brown rot/hull rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.) Powdery mildew (<i>Podosphaera tridactyla</i> , <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i>) Scab (<i>Venturia carpophila</i>) Shot hole (<i>Wilsonmyces carpophilus</i>)	9.1 – 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*9.1 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.045 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.074 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 14 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

7.2 Brassica Head and Stem Vegetable Crop Group 5-16

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids)			
Broccoli	Cabbage	Cauliflower	
Brussels sprouts	Cabbage, Chinese, napa		
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria Leaf Spot <i>(Alternaria spp.)</i> Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum spp.)</i> Cercospora Leaf Spot <i>(Cercospora brassicicola)</i> Pin Rot <i>(Alternaria spp.)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Erysiphe polygoni)</i> Rhizoctonia Blight <i>(Rhizoctonia solani)</i> Ring Spot <i>(Mycosphaerella brassicicola)</i> White Leaf Spot <i>(Pseudocercospora capsellae)</i>	11.0 – 13.7*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 10-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11.0 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.053 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 56.0 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.335 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day 			

7.3 Brassica Leafy Greens Subgroup 4-16B

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Arugula	Collards	Mustard greens	
Broccoli raab	Cress, garden	Radish, leaves	
Broccoli, Chinese	Cress, upland	Rape greens	
Cabbage, abyssinian	Hanover salad	Rocket, wild	
Cabbage, seakale	Kale	Shepherd's purse	
Cabbage, Chinese, bok choy	Maca, leaves	Turnip greens	
	Mizuna	Watercress	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria diseases (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum higginsianum</i>) Cercospora leafspot (<i>C. brassicicola</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>)	10-13.7*	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A20259 Crop on a 7- to 10-day schedule.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following the application. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 56.0 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.357 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day			

7.4 Bulb Vegetables Crop Group 3-07

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Bulb onion subgroup 3-07A: Daylily, bulb Fritillaria, bulb Garlic, bulb Garlic, great-headed, bulb Garlic, serpent, bulb Lily, bulb Onion, bulb Onion, Chinese, bulb Onion, pearl Onion, potato, bulb Shallot, bulb		Green onion subgroup 3-07B: Onion, green Onion, macrostem Onion, tree, tops Onion, Welsh, tops Shallot, fresh leaves Chive, fresh leaves Chive, Chinese, fresh leaves Elegans hosta Fritillaria, leaves Kurrat Lady's leek Leek Leek, wild Onion, Beltsville bunching Onion, fresh	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Botrytis Leaf Blight <i>(B. squamosa)</i> Cercospora Leaf Spot <i>(C. duddiae)</i> Leaf Blotch <i>(Cladosporium allii-cepae)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Leveillula taurica)</i> Purple Blotch <i>(Alternaria porri)</i> Stemphyllium Leaf Blight <i>(S. vesicarium)</i>	10-13.7*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the			

- maximum application rate per year.
- 4) **Minimum Application Interval:** 7 days
 - 5) **Maximum Annual Rate: Green onions:** 41.8 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.34 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.21 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)
Bulb onions: 56.0 fl oz/A/year for dry bulb onions (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)
 - a. **Do not** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products to dry bulb onions.
 - b. **Do not** apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products to green onions.
 - c. **Do not** apply more than 0.335 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
 - 6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 7 days

7.5 Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)		
Aronia berry	Currant, red	Jostaberry
Blueberry, highbush	Elderberry	Juneberry (Saskatoon berry)
Blueberry, lowbush	European barberry	Lingonberry
Buffalo currant	Gooseberry	Native currant
Chilean guava	Honeysuckle, edible	Salal
Cranberry, highbush	Huckleberry	Sea buckthorn
Currant, black		

Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria leaf spot (<i>A.tenuissima</i>) Leaf rust (<i>Pucciniastrum vaccinii</i>) Monilinia blight and Mummyberry blight (<i>M. vaccinii-corymbosis</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Microsphaera alni</i>) Septoria leaf spot (<i>S. albopunctata</i>)	9.1 – 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7 to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.
Suppression: Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	13.6*		<i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.

*9.1 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.045 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.074 lb ai Difenoconazole.

*13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.

Resistance Management:

- Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- 1) Refer to **Section 6.1** for additional product use restrictions.
- 2) **Maximum Single Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table.
- 3) **Maximum Number of Applications per Year:** Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year.
- 4) **Minimum Application Interval:** 7 days
- 5) **Maximum Annual Rate:** 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)
 - a. **Do not** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 - b. **Do not** apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
- 6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 7 day

7.6 Berry, Low Growing Subgroup 13-07G (except Cranberry)

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these) (See Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B table for blueberry, lowbush and lingonberry use directions)			
Bearberry	Muntries		
Bilberry	Partridgeberry		
Cloudberry	Strawberry		
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Leaf spot (<i>Cercospora fragariae</i>)	11 - 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development.	Apply by ground, chemigation or air.
Leaf rust (<i>Phragmidium potentillae</i>)		Continue applications through season on a 7 to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
Powdery mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca macularis</i>)			<i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.
Suppression	13.6*		<i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.
Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>)			
Botrytis Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)			<i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.053 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole.			
*13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) 			

- a. **Do not** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 b. **Do not** apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
 6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 0 day

7.7 Canola (Rapeseed Crop Subgroup 20A)

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Borage	Gold of pleasure	Mustard seed	
Canola	Hare's ear mustard	Oil radish	
Crambe	Lesquerella	Poppy seed	
Cuphea	Lunaria	Rapeseed	
Echium	Meadowfoam	Sesame	
Flax seed	Milkweed	Sweet rocket	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria black spot <i>(Alternaria.brassicae)</i> Black leg/Phoma <i>(Leptosphaeria maculans)</i> Cercospora leafspot <i>(C. brassicicola)</i> Leaf spot and pod rot <i>(Alternaria alternata)</i> Powdery mildew <i>(Erysiphe polygoni)</i>	9 – 14*	For Phoma control, apply during the rosette stage between 2nd true leaf and bolting. For Alternaria, make an application at the end of flowering/early pod set. For other foliar diseases, apply at first sign of disease.	Apply by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.
White mold <i>(Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)</i>	10.3 – 14*	Apply at 20-50% flowering or prior to onset of disease	
*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *10.3 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.050 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.084 lb ai difenoconazole. *14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 1 application per year. 4) Maximum Annual Rate: 14 fl oz/A/year a. Do not apply more than 0.114 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. b. Do not apply more than 0.29 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 5) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days 6) For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.			

7.8 Citrus Fruit, Crop Group 10-10

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Australian desert lime	Lemon	Satsuma mandarin		
Australian finger-lime	Lime	Sweet lime		
Australian round lime	Mediterranean mandarin	Tachibana orange		
Brown River finger lime	Mount white lime	Tahiti lime		
Calamondin	New Guinea wild lime	Tangelo		
Citron	Orange, sour	Tangerine (mandarin)		
Citrus hybrids	Orange, sweet	Tangor		
Grapefruit	Pummelo	Trifoliate orange		
Japanese summer grapefruit	Russell River lime	Uniq fruit		
Kumquat				
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
Albinism (<i>Alternaria alternata</i> pv <i>citri</i>)	11.4 - 15.2*	Begin applications prior to disease development.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.	
Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot (<i>Alternaria citri</i>)		Continue throughout the season on 7- to 21-day interval following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage.	
Black Spot (<i>Guignardia citricarpa</i>)			A horticultural spray oil should be used to improve control of greasy spot.	
Diplodia Stem-End Rot (<i>Diplodia natalensis</i>)			<i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.	
Melanose (<i>Diaporthe citri</i>)			<i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.	
Phomopsis Stem-End Rot (<i>Phomopsis citri</i>)				
Scab (<i>Elsinoe fawcettii</i>)				
Sweet Orange Scab (<i>Elsinoe australis</i>)				
Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)		15.2*		<i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
Post bloom fruit drop (PFD) (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>)				
*11.4 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.056 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.093 lb ai difenoconazole.				
*15.2 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.075 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.124 lb ai difenoconazole.				
Resistance Management:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 				
USE RESTRICTIONS				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 60.9 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.30 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.496 lb ai 				

- Difenoconazole)
- a. **Do not** apply more than 0.50 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 - b. **Do not** apply more than 0.30 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
- 6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 0 days
- 7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water.

7.9 Cotton (Cottonseed Subgroup 20C)

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Cottonseed			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria leafspot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	10-13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation.
Areolate mildew (<i>Ramularia gossypii</i>)		Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
Ascochyta Blight (<i>A. gossypii</i>)		For Target Spot : The first application should begin at first bloom. Depending on environmental conditions and the health of the cotton plant, additional applications may be made on a 14 to 21 day interval.	Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage.
Boll Rots (<i>Ascochyta gossypii</i> , <i>Alternaria</i> spp., <i>Diplodia</i> spp., <i>Phoma</i> spp.)			<i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.
Hardlock (<i>Fusarium verticillioides</i>)			
Leafspots and blights (<i>Alternaria</i> spp., <i>Ascochyta gossypii</i> , <i>Cercospora</i> spp., <i>Stemphyllium</i> spp.)			
Target spot (<i>Corynespora cassiicola</i>)			
<p>*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.</p>			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 3 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 40.8 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.201 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.333 lb ai Difenoconazole) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Do not apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. b. Do not apply more than 0.201 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 45 days 			

7.10 Cucurbit Vegetables, Crop Group 9

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Chayote (fruit)	<i>Momordica</i> spp.	Squash, Winter	
Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon)	Balsam apple	Butternut squash	
Citron melon	Balsam pear	Calabaza	
Cucumber	Bitter melon	Hubbard squash	
Gherkin	Chinese cucumber	Acorn squash	
Gourd, Edible	Muskmelon	Spaghetti squash	
Hyotan	Cantaloupe	Watermelon	
Cucuzza	Honeydew	Zucchini	
Hechima	Pumpkin		
Chinese okra	Squash, summer		
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria leaf blight (<i>A. cucumerina</i>) Alternaria leaf spot (<i>A. alternata</i>) Cercospora leaf spot (<i>C. citrullina</i>) Gummy stem blight (<i>Didymella bryoniae</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> and <i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) Plectosporium blight (<i>P. tabacinum</i>) Phoma blight (<i>P. exigua</i>) Phyllosticta leafspot (<i>P. cucurbitacearum</i>) Scab (<i>Cladosporium cucumerinum</i>) Septoria leaf blight (<i>S. cucurbitacearum</i>) Target spot (<i>Corynespora cassiicola</i>) Suppression: Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	9 - 14*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. A20259 Crop may be used on cucurbits grown outdoors or on cucumbers grown in greenhouses, but not on cucurbits grown for transplants. Greenhouse use is limited to cucumbers only. For greenhouse use on cucumber, do not use this or other difenoconazole-containing products for more than 50% of sprays per crop. Rotate with other registered products with different modes of action. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.

<p>*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.</p>
<p>Resistance Management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7.
USE RESTRICTIONS
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 3 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 45.2 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.37 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.22 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.223 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day

7.11 Dried Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup, Crop Subgroup 6C

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these)			
<p>Bean (<i>Lupinus</i> spp.) Grain Lupin Sweet Lupin White Lupin White Sweet Lupin</p> <p>Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Field Bean Kidney Bean Lima Bean (dry) Navy Bean Pinto Bean Tepary Bean</p>	<p>Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Adzuki Bean Blackeyed Pea Catjang Cowpea Crowder Pea Moth Bean Mung Bean Rice Bean Southern Pea Urd Bean</p>	<p>Broad Bean (dry) Chickpea (garbanzo bean) Guar Lablab Bean (hyacinth bean) Lentil Pigeon Pea</p> <p>Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) Field Pea</p>	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<p>Alternaria blight Alternaria leaf spot (<i>A. alternata</i>) Ascochyta blight (<i>A. rabiei</i>) Cercospora leaf spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.) Powdery mildew (<i>Leveillula taurica</i>) Mycosphaerella blight (<i>Mycosphaerella</i> spp.) Rust (<i>Uromyces ciceris-arietinin</i>)</p>	9-14*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.</p>	<p>Apply by ground, air, or chemigation.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest</p>

<p>Suppression: Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)</p>			<p>interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>
<p>Suppression: White mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)</p>	<p>14*</p>	<p>The first application should be at R2 (full bloom). If a second application is needed, apply 14 days later at early pod formation (R3).</p>	<p>Apply in sufficient volume to ensure good coverage.</p>

*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole.
*14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.

Resistance Management:

- Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Refer to **Section 6.1** for additional product use restrictions.
- Maximum Single Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year:** Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. **For pea vines and hay:** Do not make more than 2 applications at the maximum application rate per year.
- Minimum Application Interval:** 14 days
- Maximum Annual Rate:** 56 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen). **For pea vines and hay:** 28 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.23 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.14 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)
 - Do not** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 - Pea vines and hay:** **Do not** apply more than 0.23 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 - Do not** apply more than 0.36 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
- Do not feed or harvest cowpeas forage and hay.**
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 14 days
- Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications.
- For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.
- For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.

7.12 Filberts

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Hazelnuts			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Eastern Filbert Blight (<i>Anisogramma anomala</i>)	10-13.6*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Continue applications through season on a 14- to 21-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.</p>	<p>Apply by ground or air.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>
<p>*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.</p>			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 14 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

7.13 Fruiting Vegetables, Crop Group 8-10

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these) [See Tomato Directions under Separate Table]			
African eggplant	Goji Berry	Okra	
Bell pepper	Groundcherry	Pea eggplant	
Cocona	Martynia	Pepino	
Eggplant	Naranjilla	Roselle	
Garden Huckleberry	Nonbell pepper	Sunberry	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Cercospora leafspot (<i>C. capsici</i>) Gray leafspot (<i>Stemphyllium solani</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Oidiopsis sicula</i>) Suppression: Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	9 - 14*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Do not use on greenhouse-grown fruiting vegetables. 3) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 4) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 3 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 6) Maximum Annual Rate: 45.2 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.37 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.22 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.223 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 7) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day 8) Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. 9) For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.			

7.14 Grape and Small Fruit Vine Climbing Subgroup (except Fuzzy Kiwifruit), Crop Subgroup 13-07F

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids)			
Amur river grape		Kiwifruit, hardy	
Gooseberry		Maypop	
Grape		Schisandra berry	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria rot (<i>A. alternata</i>) Angular leaf spot (<i>Mycosphaerella angulata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Elsinoe ampelina</i>) Black rot (<i>Guignardia bidwellii</i>) Leaf blight (<i>Pseudocercospora vitis</i>) Phomopsis cane and leaf spot (<i>P. viticola</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe necator</i>) Rotbrenner (<i>Pseudopezicula tracheiphila</i>) Septoria leaf spot (<i>S. ampelina</i>)	9-14*	Follow resistance management guidelines. For powdery mildew, begin at bud break and apply on a 14-21 day interval. For Phomopsis diseases, apply at bud break, before shoots are 0.5 inches in length, and then again when shoots are 5-6 inches in length. For black rot, begin when shoot length is 1-3 inches and continue on a 14 day interval. For all other diseases, begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease and continue on a 14- to 21-day interval.	Apply by ground or air. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure good coverage. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
Suppression: Gray mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	14*	A total of two applications can be made, with individual application at bunch closure, veraison, or 3-4 weeks before harvest, depending on disease conditions and varietal susceptibility.	
*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
Precautions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not use on Concord, Concord Seedless, and Thomcord grapes. On <i>V. labrusca</i>, <i>V. labrusca</i> hybrids, and other non-vinifera hybrids where sensitivity is not known, the use of A20259 Crop by itself or in tank mixtures with materials that may increase uptake (adjuvants, foliar fertilizers) may result in leaf burning or other phytotoxic effects. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the			

- maximum application rate per year.
- 4) **Minimum Application Interval:** 14 days
 - 5) **Maximum Annual Rate:** 56 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)
 - a. **Do not** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 - b. **Do not** apply more than 0.357 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
 - 6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 14 days
 - 7) Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications.
 - 8) For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

7.15 Pecans

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Pecans			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Downy Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella caryigena</i>) Liver Spot (<i>Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae</i>) Pecan Scab (<i>Cladosporium caryigenum</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera penicillata</i>) Vein Spot (<i>Gnomonia nerviseda</i>) Zonate Leaf Spot (<i>Grovesinia pyramidalis</i>)	11- 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. b. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 			

- 6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** Do not apply after shuck split or within 45 days of harvest.
7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water.

7.16 Pistachios

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Pistachios			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<p>Alternaria late blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Panicle and Shoot Blight (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>)</p> <p>Septoria leaf spot (<i>S. pistaciarum</i>)</p>	10 – 13.6*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Continue applications through season on a 14- to 21- day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.</p> <p>For Botryosphaeria, begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 14- to 21-day interval.</p>	<p>Apply by ground or air.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>
<p>*10 fl oz product is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.</p>			
<p>Resistance Management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Minimum Application Interval: 14 days Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

7.17 Pome Fruit Crop Group 11-10

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Apple	Mayhaw	Quince	
Azarole	Medlar	Quince, Chinese	
Crabapple	Pear	Quince, Japanese	
Loquat	Pear, Asian	Tejocote	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<p>Alternaria blotch (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Brooks fruit spot (<i>Mycosphaerella pomi</i>)</p> <p>Cedar apple rust (<i>Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae</i>)</p> <p>Flyspeck (<i>Zygophiala jamacaicensis</i> (Formerly known as <i>Schizothyrium pomi</i>)</p> <p>Powdery mildew (<i>Podosphaera leucotricha</i>)</p> <p>Quince rust (<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp.)</p> <p>Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.)</p> <p>Sooty blotch (<i>Gloeodes pomigena</i>)</p>	7.3 – 8*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Scab – Protective Spray Schedule: Apply every 7-10 days starting at ¼ to ½ inch green tip or when environmental conditions become conducive for scab.</p> <p>Continue through petal fall until the threat of primary scab is complete. For resistance management, combine A20259 Crop with a protectant fungicide registered to control scab beginning at bloom.</p> <p>Scab – Curative Spray Schedule: Use a forecasting system beginning at green tip. Apply within 48 hours of the onset of an infection period. Apply a follow up spray within 7 days. For resistance management, combine A20259 Crop with a protectant fungicide registered to control scab beginning at bloom.</p> <p>Scab – Calendar spray Apply the specified high rate of A20259 Crop on a 14 day interval beginning at pink.</p> <p>Rusts, leafspots, summer diseases – Begin applications preventively. Apply A20259 Crop alone or in combination with other non-Group 7 fungicides.</p> <p>Continue applications through season on a 7-day interval, following the</p>	<p>Apply by ground or air.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>

		resistance management guidelines.	
<p>* 7.3 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.036 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.059 lb ai difenoconazole. * 8 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.039 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.065 lb ai difenoconazole.</p>			
<p>Resistance Management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p>			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 36.0 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.293 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.177 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Do not apply more than 0.33 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. b. Do not apply more than 0.177 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 30 day 7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

7.18 Potato

Crop (Including all cultivars and/or varieties of these)			
Potato			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Black dot <i>(Colletotrichum coccodes)</i> Brown spot <i>(Alternaria alternata)</i> Early blight <i>(Alternaria solani)</i> Powdery mildew <i>(Erysiphe cichoracearum, Leveillula taurica)</i> Septoria leafspot <i>(S. lycopersici)</i> Suppression: Gray mold <i>(Botrytis cinerea)</i>	9 - 14*	Begin applications prior to disease development. For gray mold, apply 14 fl oz/A at early flowering. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.
White mold <i>(Sclerotinia spp.)</i>	14*	Apply at or before row closure followed by a second application 14 days later.	<i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate. Apply in sufficient volume of water to ensure good coverage.
*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 56 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.337 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days 7) Do not harvest tops of potato for feed or food. 8) Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. 9) For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.			

7.19 Soybean

Crop (Including all cultivars and/or varieties of these)			
Soybean			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Aerial web blight (<i>Rhizoctinia solani</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum truncatum</i>) Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Brown spot (<i>Septoria glycines</i>) Cercospora blight and leaf spot (<i>C. kikuchii</i>) Frogeye leaf spot (<i>Cercospora sojina</i>) Pod and stem blight (<i>Diaporthe phaseolorum</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera diffusa</i>) Target Spot (<i>Corynespora cassiicola</i>)	9 – 13.7*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
Suppression: White mold (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)	13.7*	The first application should be at R1 (early bloom to R2 (full bloom). If a second application is needed, apply 14 days later at early pod formation (R3).	
Sudden Death Syndrome (SDS) (<i>Fusarium virguliforme</i>)		For SDS, apply as a directed spray at base of plant approximately 7-14 days after planting.	
*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 2 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 27.5 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.22 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.14 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.22 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.36 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Do not feed soybean hay, forage, and silage. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. 			

7.20 Stone Fruit, Crop Subgroup 12-12

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these)			
Apricot	Nectarine	Plum, Chickasaw	
Apricot, Japanese	Peach	Plum, Damson	
Capulin	Plum	Plum, Japanese	
Cherry, black	Plum, American	Plum, Klamath	
Cherry, Nanking	Plum, beach	Plumcot	
Cherry, sweet	Plum, Canada	Plum, prune	
Cherry, tart	Plum, cherry	Sloe	
Jujube, Chinese			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria spot and fruit rot (<i>A. alternata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Brown rot blossom blight and fruit rot (<i>Monilinia fructicola</i> , <i>M. laxa</i>) Leaf rust (<i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i> , <i>Podosphaera clandestina</i>) Scab (<i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i>) Shot hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>)	11-13.6*	For Brown rot blossom blight, begin applications at early bloom and continue through petal fall. For Brown rot on fruit, apply as needed a maximum of two sprays during the preharvest period up to the day of harvest (minimum of a 7-day retreatment interval). If high inoculum and severe disease conditions persist, apply a registered non-Group 3 or 7 fungicide. For all other diseases, follow the Brown rot blossom blight schedule. Make additional applications on a 7- to 14-day interval from the end of petal fall to harvest, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</i>
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 0 days For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

7.21 Sugar Beets

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these)			
Sugar beet			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<p>Cercospora Leaf Spot (<i>C. beticola</i>)</p> <p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>)</p>	11 – 13.6*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Continue applications through season on a 7- to 10-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.</p>	<p>Apply by ground or air.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>
<p>*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.</p>			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day 			

7.22 Tomato

Crops (Including all cultivars and/or varieties of these)			
Bush Tomato Currant Tomato	Tomatillo Tomato	Tree Tomato	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Black mold (<i>A. alternata</i>) Early blight (<i>Alternaria solani</i>) Gray leafspot (<i>Stemphylium botryosum</i>) Leaf mold (<i>Fulvia fulva</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Leveillula taurica</i>) Septoria leafspot (<i>S. lycopersici</i>) Target spot (<i>Corynespora cassiicola</i>) <u>Suppression:</u> Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Gray mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) White mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)	9 - 14*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate. For suppression, use highest rate.
*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Do not use on greenhouse-grown tomatoes. 3) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 4) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 3 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 6) Maximum Annual Rate: 45.2 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.37 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.22 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.223 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 7) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 0 days 8) Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. 9) For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.			

7.23 Tree Nuts, Crop Group 14-12

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these) [See Almond, Filbert, Pecan and Pistachio Directions under Separate Tables]			
African nut-tree	Coconut	Okari nut	
Beechnut	Coquito nut	Pachira nut	
Brazil nut	Dika nut	Peach palm nut	
Brazilian pine	Ginkgo	Pequi	
Bunya	Guiana chestnut	Pili nut	
Bur oak	Heartnut	Pine nut	
Butternut	Hickory nut	Sapucaia nut	
Cajou nut	Japanese horse-chestnut	Tropical almond	
Candlenut	Macadamia nut	Walnut, black	
Cashew	Mongongo nut	Walnut, English	
Chestnut	Monkey-pot	Yellowhorn	
Chinquapin	Monkey puzzle nut		
Target Disease	Rate fl oz/A	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i> , <i>Glomerella cingulata</i>) Late Blight (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Scab (<i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i>) Septoria Leaf Spot (<i>Septoria pistaciarum</i>) Shot Hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>)	11-13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day 7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water.			

7.24 Tuberos and Corm Vegetables, Crop Subgroup 1C

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these) [See Potato directions under Separate Table]			
Arracacha	Chayote (root)	Sweet potato	
Arrowroot	Chufa	Tanier	
Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem)	Dasheen (Taro)	Turmeric	
Canna (edible)	Ginger	Yam (bean and true)	
Cassava (bitter and sweet)	Leren		
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Ascochyta leaf spot (<i>A. cynarae</i>) Brown spot (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Early blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>) Septoria leaf spot (<i>Septoria</i> spp.)	9 - 14*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
White mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)	14*	Apply at early flowering, followed by a second application 14 days later.	Apply in sufficient volume of water to ensure good coverage.
*9 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.044 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.073 lb ai difenoconazole. *14 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.069 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.114 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 56 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.337 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days Do not harvest tops of tuberos and corm vegetables crop subgroup 1C for feed or food. 			

8.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling [less than or equal to 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Container Handling [greater than 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more

times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

9.0 CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. **TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.**

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

10.0 APPENDIX

10.1 A20259 Crop Rate Conversion Chart (for use with Section 7.0)

Fl oz product/acre	Lb ai pydiflumetofen	Lb ai difenoconazole	Acres treated per gallon
7.3	0.036	0.059	17.5
9.0	0.044	0.073	14.2
9.1	0.044	0.073	14.2
10.0	0.049	0.081	12.8
10.3	0.051	0.084	12.4
10.5	0.052	0.085	12.2
11.0	0.054	0.089	11.6
11.4	0.056	0.093	11.2
12.0	0.059	0.098	10.7
12.8	0.063	0.104	10.0
13.6	0.067	0.111	9.4
13.7	0.067	0.111	9.3
14.0	0.069	0.114	9.1
15.2	0.075	0.124	8.4

10.2 [Optional Table] A20259 Crop Use Summary Table

IMPORTANT: The table below is a summary of the Crop Use Directions for A20259 Crop. However, it is important for the user to read and follow the complete instructions contained within this label.

Crop or Crop Group or Subgroup, with examples	Maximum Rate per Application (fl oz/A)	Minimum Application Interval (days)	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI)	Maximum Rate per Year (fl oz/A)
Almonds	13.6	14	14	54.4
Brassica Head and Stem Vegetable Crop Group 5-16	13.7	7	1	56
Brassica Leafy Greens Subgroup 4-16B	13.7	7	1	56
Bulb Vegetables, Crop Group 3-07, Dried Bulb	13.7	7	7	56
Bulb Vegetables, Crop Group 3-07, Green	13.7	7	7	41.8
Berry, low Growing Subgroup 13-07G (except cranberry)	13.6	7	0	54.4
Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B	13.6	7	7	54.4
Citrus Fruit, Crop Group 10-10	15.2	7	0	60.9
Cotton (Cottonseed Subgroup 20C)	13.6	14	45	40.8
Cucurbit Vegetables (Crop Group 9): cucumber, muskmelon, summer squash	14	7	0	45.2
Dried Shelled Peas and Beans (Crop Subgroup 6C): lima bean, field pea	14	14	14	56 For pea vines and hay: 28
Filberts hazelnuts	13.6	14	14	54.4

Fruiting vegetables (Crop Group 8-10): bell pepper, egg plant	14	7	0	45.2
Grape and Small Fruit Vine Climbing Subgroup (except Fuzzy Kiwifruit), Crop Subgroup 13-07F:	14	14	14	56
Pecans	13.6	14	45	54.4
Pistachios	13.6	14	14	54.4
Pome Fruit, Crop Group 11-10	8	7	30	36.0
Potato	14	7	14	56
Rapeseed Crop Subgroup 20A: canola	14	na	30	14
Soybean	13.7	7	14	27.5
Stone Fruit, Crop Group 12-12	13.6	7	0	54.4
Sugar Beets	13.6	7	7	54.4
Tomato	14	7	0	45.2
Tree Nuts, Crop Group 14-12	13.6	14	14	54.4
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables, except Potato (Crop Subgroup 1C): sweet potato	14	7	14	56

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<p>For non-emergency (e.g. current product information), call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.</p>

Manufactured for:
Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC
P.O. Box 18300
Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

A20259 Crop 1602 MAS 0518 Amend-C 0718-CL – ep – 8-28-19
000100-1602.20180730C.A20259.Crop_AMEND_0718.CL.pdf

ACCEPTED

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

Aug 30, 2019

Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC
P. O. Box 18300
Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide
and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the
pesticide registered under
EPA Reg. No. 100-1602

SCP 1602

DIFENCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
PYDIFLUMETOFEN	GROUP	7	FUNGICIDE

A20259 Crop

[Alternate brand names: Miravis® Duo, Miravis® Top]

Fungicide

This supplemental label expires on 08/30/2022 and must not be used or distributed after this date.

Active Ingredients:

Pydiflumetofen*:	6.9%
Difenoconazole**:	11.5%
Other Ingredients:	81.6%
Total:	100.0%

*CAS No. 1228284-64-7

**CAS No. 119446-68-3

A20259 Crop is formulated as a suspension concentrate and contains 0.63 lb of pydiflumetofen and 1.04 lb difenoconazole per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

EPA Reg. No. 100-1602

All applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the EPA-registered label are to be followed. Before using A20259 Crop as permitted according to this supplemental label, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the EPA-registered label on or attached to the pesticide product container. This Supplemental Labeling contains revised use instructions and/or restrictions that may be different from those that appear on the container label. This Supplemental Labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application. It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

syngenta

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

Almonds

Crops (Including all cultivars and/or varieties of these)			
Almond			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria leafspot (<i>A. alternata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>) Blossom Blight Brown rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.) Brown rot/hull rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.) Powdery mildew (<i>Podosphaera tridactyla</i> , <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i>) Scab (<i>Venturia carpophilia</i>) Shot hole (<i>Wilsonmyces carpophilus</i>)	9.1 – 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*9.1 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.045 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.074 lb ai Difenconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. b. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day 7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water.			

Brassica Head and Stem Vegetable Crop Group 5-16

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids)			
Broccoli	Cabbage	Cauliflower	
Brussels sprouts	Cabbage, Chinese, napa		
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria Leaf Spot <i>(Alternaria spp.)</i> Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum spp.)</i> Cercospora Leaf Spot <i>(Cercospora brassicicola)</i> Pin Rot <i>(Alternaria spp.)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Erysiphe polygoni)</i> Rhizoctonia Blight <i>(Rhizoctonia solani)</i> Ring Spot <i>(Mycosphaerella brassicicola)</i> White Leaf Spot <i>(Pseudocercospora capsellae)</i>	11.0 – 13.7*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 10-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11.0 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.053 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 56.0 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.335 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day			

Brassica Leafy Greens Subgroup 4-16B

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Arugula	Collards	Mustard greens	
Broccoli raab	Cress, garden	Radish, leaves	
Broccoli, Chinese	Cress, upland	Rape greens	
Cabbage, abyssinian	Hanover salad	Rocket, wild	
Cabbage, seakale	Kale	Shepherd's purse	
Cabbage, Chinese, bok choy	Maca, leaves	Turnip greens	
	Mizuna	Watercress	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria diseases <i>(Alternaria spp.)</i> Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum higginsianum)</i> Cercospora leafspot <i>(C. brassicicola)</i> Powdery mildew <i>(Erysiphe polygoni)</i>	10-13.7*	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A20259 Crop on a 7- to 10-day schedule.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following the application. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 56.0 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28			

lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)

a. **Do not** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

b. **Do not** apply more than 0.357 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products

6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 1 day

Bulb Vegetables Crop Group 3-07

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Bulb onion subgroup 3-07A:		Green onion subgroup 3-07B:	
Daylily, bulb		Onion, green	
Fritillaria, bulb		Onion, macrostem	
Garlic, bulb		Onion, tree, tops	
Garlic, great-headed, bulb		Onion, Welsh, tops	
Garlic, serpent, bulb		Shallot, fresh leaves	
Lily, bulb		Chive, fresh leaves	
Onion, bulb		Chive, Chinese, fresh leaves	
Onion, Chinese, bulb		Elegans hosta	
Onion, pearl		Fritillaria, leaves	
Onion, potato, bulb		Kurrat	
Shallot, bulb		Lady's leek	
		Leek	
		Leek, wild	
		Onion, Beltsville bunching	
		Onion, fresh	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Botrytis Leaf Blight (<i>B. squamosa</i>) Cercospora Leaf Spot (<i>C. duddiae</i>) Leaf Blotch (<i>Cladosporium allii-cepae</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Leveillula taurica</i>) Purple Blotch (<i>Alternaria porri</i>) Stemphyllium Leaf Blight (<i>S. vesicarium</i>)	10-13.7*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation. The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.7 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.			

Resistance Management:

- Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions.
- Maximum Single Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year:** Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year.
- Minimum Application Interval:** 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: Green onions:** 41.8 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.34 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.21 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)
Bulb onions: 56.0 fl oz/A/year for dry bulb onions (equivalent to 0.46 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.28 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)
 - Do not** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products to dry bulb onions.
 - Do not** apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products to green onions.
 - Do not** apply more than 0.335 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 7 days

Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B**Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)**

Aronia berry	Currant, red	Jostaberry
Blueberry, highbush	Elderberry	Juneberry (Saskatoon berry)
Blueberry, lowbush	European barberry	Lingonberry
Buffalo currant	Gooseberry	Native currant
Chilean guava	Honeysuckle, edible	Salal
Cranberry, highbush	Huckleberry	Sea buckthorn
Currant, black		

Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria leaf spot (<i>A.tenuissima</i>) Leaf rust (<i>Pucciniastrum vaccinii</i>) Monilinia blight and Mummyberry blight (<i>M. vaccinii-corymbosis</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Microsphaera alni</i>) Septoria leaf spot (<i>S. albopunctata</i>)	9.1 – 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7 to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease

Suppression: Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	13.6*		pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
<p>*9.1 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.045 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.074 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.</p>			
<p>Resistance Management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day 			

Berry, Low Growing Subgroup 13-07G (except Cranberry)

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these) (See Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B table for blueberry, lowbush and lingonberry use directions)			
Bearberry	Muntries		
Bilberry	Partridgeberry		
Cloudberry	Strawberry		
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Leaf spot (<i>Cercospora fragariae</i>)	11 - 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development.	Apply by ground, chemigation or air.
Leaf rust (<i>Phragmidium potentillae</i>)		Continue applications through season on a 7 to 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
Powdery mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca macularis</i>)			<i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.
Suppression	13.6*		<i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.
Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>)			<i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
Botrytis Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)			
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.053 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenconazole.			
*13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day 			

Citrus Fruit, Crop Group 10-10

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Australian desert lime Australian finger-lime Australian round lime Brown River finger lime Calamondin Citron Citrus hybrids Grapefruit Japanese summer grapefruit Kumquat	Lemon Lime Mediterranean mandarin Mount white lime New Guinea wild lime Orange, sour Orange, sweet Pummelo Russell River lime	Satsuma mandarin Sweet lime Tachibana orange Tahiti lime Tangelo Tangerine (mandarin) Tangor Trifoliate orange Uniq fruit	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Albinism <i>(Alternaria alternata pv citri)</i> Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot <i>(Alternaria citri)</i> Black Spot <i>(Guignardia citricarpa)</i> Diplodia Stem-End Rot <i>(Diplodia natalensis)</i> Melanose <i>(Diaporthe citri)</i> Phomopsis Stem-End Rot <i>(Phomopsis citri)</i> Scab <i>(Elsinoe fawcettii)</i> Sweet Orange Scab <i>(Elsinoe australis)</i>	11.4 - 15.2*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue throughout the season on 7- to 21-day interval following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage. A horticultural spray oil should be used to improve control of greasy spot. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.
Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum spp.)</i> Post bloom fruit drop (PFD) <i>(Colletotrichum acutatum)</i>	15.2*		<i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11.4 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.056 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.093 lb ai difenoconazole. *15.2 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.075 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.124 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the			

<p>maximum application rate per year.</p> <p>4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days</p> <p>5) Maximum Annual Rate: 60.9 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.30 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.496 lb ai Difenoconazole)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">a. Do not apply more than 0.50 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">b. Do not apply more than 0.30 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.</p> <p>6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 0 days</p> <p>7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water.</p>
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Cotton (Cottonseed Subgroup 20C)

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Cottonseed			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria leafspot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	10-13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development.	Apply by ground, air, or chemigation.
Areolate mildew (<i>Ramularia gossypii</i>)		Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
Ascochyta Blight (<i>A. gossypii</i>)			Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage.
Boll Rots (<i>Ascochyta gossypii</i> , <i>Alternaria</i> spp., <i>Diplodia</i> spp., <i>Phoma</i> spp.)		For Target Spot : The first application should begin at first bloom. Depending on environmental conditions and the health of the cotton plant, additional applications may be made on a 14 to 21 day interval.	<i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.
Hardlock (<i>Fusarium verticillioides</i>)			
Leafspots and blights (<i>Alternaria</i> spp., <i>Ascochyta gossypii</i> , <i>Cercospora</i> spp., <i>Stemphyllium</i> spp.)			
Target spot (<i>Corynespora cassicola</i>)			
*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole.			
*13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<p>1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions.</p> <p>2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table.</p> <p>3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 3 applications at the maximum application rate per year.</p> <p>4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days</p> <p>5) Maximum Annual Rate: 40.8 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.201 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.333 lb ai</p>			

Difenoconazole)

- a. **Do not** apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- b. **Do not** apply more than 0.201 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.

6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 45 days

Filberts

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Hazelnuts			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Eastern Filbert Blight (<i>Anisogramma anomala</i>)	10-13.6*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Continue applications through season on a 14- to 21-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.</p>	<p>Apply by ground or air.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>
<p>*10 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai Difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai Difenoconazole.</p>			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. b. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day 7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

Pecans

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Pecans			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Downy Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella caryigena</i>) Liver Spot (<i>Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae</i>) Pecan Scab (<i>Cladosporium caryigenum</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera penicillata</i>) Vein Spot (<i>Gnomonia nerviseda</i>) Zonate Leaf Spot (<i>Grovesinia pyramidalis</i>)	11- 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 14 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Do not apply after shuck split or within 45 days of harvest. For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

Pistachios

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Pistachios			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<p>Alternaria late blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Panicle and Shoot Blight (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>)</p> <p>Septoria leaf spot (<i>S. pistaciarum</i>)</p>	10 – 13.6*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Continue applications through season on a 14- to 21- day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.</p> <p>For Botryosphaeria, begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 14- to 21-day interval.</p>	<p>Apply by ground or air.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>
<p>*10 fl oz product is equivalent to 0.049 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.081 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.</p>			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Minimum Application Interval: 14 days Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

Pome Fruit Crop Group 11-10

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Apple	Mayhaw	Quince	
Azarole	Medlar	Quince, Chinese	
Crabapple	Pear	Quince, Japanese	
Loquat	Pear, Asian	Tejocote	
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<p>Alternaria blotch (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Brooks fruit spot (<i>Mycosphaerella pomii</i>)</p> <p>Cedar apple rust (<i>Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae</i>)</p> <p>Flyspeck (<i>Zygophiala jamacaisensis</i> (Formerly known as <i>Schizothyrium pomii</i>)</p> <p>Powdery mildew (<i>Podosphaera leucotricha</i>)</p> <p>Quince rust (<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp.)</p> <p>Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.)</p> <p>Sooty blotch (<i>Gloeodes pomigena</i>)</p>	7.3 – 8*	<p>Begin applications prior to disease development.</p> <p>Scab – Protective Spray Schedule: Apply every 7-10 days starting at ¼ to ½ inch green tip or when environmental conditions become conducive for scab. Continue through petal fall until the threat of primary scab is complete. For resistance management, combine A20259 Crop with a protectant fungicide registered to control scab beginning at bloom.</p> <p>Scab – Curative Spray Schedule: Use a forecasting system beginning at green tip. Apply within 48 hours of the onset of an infection period. Apply a follow up spray within 7 days. For resistance management, combine A20259 Crop with a protectant fungicide registered to control scab beginning at bloom.</p> <p>Scab – Calendar spray Apply the specified high rate of A20259 Crop on a 14 day interval beginning at pink.</p> <p>Rusts, leafspots, summer diseases – Begin applications preventively. Apply A20259 Crop alone or in combination with other</p>	<p>Apply by ground or air.</p> <p>An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.</p> <p><i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.</p>

		non-Group 7 fungicides. Continue applications through season on a 7-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	
<p>* 7.3 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.036 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.059 lb ai difenoconazole. * 8 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.039 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.065 lb ai difenoconazole.</p>			
<p>Resistance Management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 36.0 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.293 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.177 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.33 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.177 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 30 day For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water. 			

Stone Fruit, Crop Subgroup 12-12

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these)			
Apricot	Nectarine	Plum, Chickasaw	
Apricot, Japanese	Peach	Plum, Damson	
Capulin	Plum	Plum, Japanese	
Cherry, black	Plum, American	Plum, Klamath	
Cherry, Nanking	Plum, beach	Plumcot	
Cherry, sweet	Plum, Canada	Plum, prune	
Cherry, tart	Plum, cherry	Sloe	
Jujube, Chinese			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria spot and fruit rot <i>(A. alternata)</i> Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum spp.)</i> Brown rot blossom blight and fruit rot <i>(Monilinia fructicola, M. laxa)</i> Leaf rust <i>(Tranzschelia discolor)</i> Powdery mildew <i>(Sphaerotheca pannosa, Podosphaera clandestina)</i> Scab <i>(Cladosporium carpophilum)</i> Shot hole <i>(Wilsonomyces carpophilus)</i>	11-13.6*	For Brown rot blossom blight, begin applications at early bloom and continue through petal fall. For Brown rot on fruit, apply as needed a maximum of two sprays during the preharvest period up to the day of harvest (minimum of a 7-day retreatment interval). If high inoculum and severe disease conditions persist, apply a registered non-Group 3 or 7 fungicide. For all other diseases, follow the Brown rot blossom blight schedule. Make additional applications on a 7- to 14-day interval from the end of petal fall to harvest, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen)			

- a. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 b. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products.
- 6) **Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):** 0 days
 7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water.

Sugar Beets

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these)			
Sugar beet			
Target Disease	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Cercospora Leaf Spot (<i>C. beticola</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>)	11 – 13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 7- to 10-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. Minimum Application Interval: 7 days Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day 			

Tree Nuts, Crop Group 14-12

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these) [See Almond, Filbert, Pecan and Pistachio Directions under Separate Tables]			
African nut-tree	Coconut	Okari nut	
Beechnut	Coquito nut	Pachira nut	
Brazil nut	Dika nut	Peach palm nut	
Brazilian pine	Ginkgo	Pequi	
Bunya	Guiana chestnut	Pili nut	
Bur oak	Heartnut	Pine nut	
Butternut	Hickory nut	Sapucaia nut	
Cajou nut	Japanese horse-chestnut	Tropical almond	
Candlenut	Macadamia nut	Walnut, black	
Cashew	Mongongo nut	Walnut, English	
Chestnut	Monkey-pot	Yellowhorn	
Chinquapin	Monkey puzzle nut		
Target Disease	Rate fl oz/A	Application Timing	Use Directions
Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot <i>(Alternaria alternata)</i> Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum acutatum,</i> <i>Glomerella cingulata)</i> Late Blight <i>(Alternaria alternata)</i> Scab <i>(Cladosporium carpophilum)</i> Septoria Leaf Spot <i>(Septoria pistaciarum)</i> Shot Hole <i>(Wilsonomyces carpophilus)</i>	11-13.6*	Begin applications prior to disease development. Continue applications through season on a 14-day interval, following the resistance management guidelines.	Apply by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate. <i>Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval. <i>Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
*11 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.054 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.089 lb ai difenoconazole. *13.6 fl oz product/A is equivalent to 0.067 lb ai pydiflumetofen and 0.111 lb ai difenoconazole.			
Resistance Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make more than two consecutive applications of A20259 Crop or other Group 3 and 7 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 3 or 7. 			
USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) Refer to Section 6.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: Do not exceed the maximum rate listed in the table. 3) Maximum Number of Applications per Year: Do not make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate per year. 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 54.4 fl oz/A/year (equivalent to 0.442 lb ai/A/year difenoconazole and 0.268 lb ai/A/year pydiflumetofen) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. Do not apply more than 0.268 lb ai/A/year of pydiflumetofen-containing products. 6) Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day			

7) For aerial applications do not apply in less than 10 GPA water.

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