U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460	EPA Reg. Number: 100-1564	Date of Issuance: 2/3/16	
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: <u>X</u> Registration Reregistration	Term of Issuance: Conditional		
(under FIFKA, as amended)	Name of Pesticide Product: A21185B		
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Patrick McCain Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, NC 27419			
<b>Note:</b> Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.			
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.			
This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:			
1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.			
Signature of Approving Official:	Date:		
Ve	2/3/16		
Venus Eagle, Product Manager 01 Invertebrate-Vertebrate Branch 3, Registration Division (7505P)			

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- 2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the DCI identified below:
  - a. Thiamethoxam GDCI-060109-1308
  - b. Mefenoxam GDCI-113502-940

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Generic DCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division: <u>http://www.epa.gov/oppsrtd1/contacts\_prd.htm</u>

- 3. The data requirements for storage stability and corrosion characteristics (Guidelines 830.6317 and 830.6320) are not satisfied. A one year study is required to satisfy these data requirements. You have 18 months from the date of registration to provide these data.
- 4. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
  - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 100-1564."
- 5. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 01/21/2016
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 01/21/2016

If you have any questions, you may contact Jacquelyn Marchese at 703-347-0559 or via email at marchese.jacquelyn@epa.gov.

Enclosure – Stamped label

ACCEPTED	
02/03/2016	
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the	(Booklet)
pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.	GROUP 4A INSECTICID
100-1564	GROUP 3 4 7 FUNGICIDES

Do not use, sell or distribute this product within or into California.

# A21185B

A seed treatment product for protection against damage from certain insects and diseases of small grain cereals (barley, oat, rye, triticale, wheat) and enhanced germination, root and top growth

Active Ingredient:	
Thiamethoxam.	
Difenoconazole	
Mefenoxam	
Sedaxane	
Cytokinin, as Kinetin	
Gibberellic Acid	
Indole Butyric Acid	
Other Ingredients:	88.901%
Total:	100.000%

A21185B is a flowable concentrate containing 0.51 lb thiamethoxam; 0.31 lb difenoconazole; 0.08 lb mefenoxam; 0.08 lb sedaxane; 0.0048 lb cytokinin; 0.0016 lb gibberellic acid and 0.0024 lb indole butyric acid per gallon.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

# CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use in booklet [on label].

EPA Reg. No. 100-XXXX

EPA Est. No. XXXXX

SCP XXXX

Net Contents

#### FIRST AID

Have the product container with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

#### HOT LINE NUMBER

For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident), Call 1-800-888-8372

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

#### CAUTION

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

#### Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as polyvinyl chloride [PVC] ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, barrier laminate, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **Engineering Controls**

When handlers use closed systems in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **User Safety Recommendations**

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticides get inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to wildlife, freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to wildlife.

#### **Pollinator Precautions**

Thiamethoxam is highly toxic to bees, and effects are possible as a result of exposure to translocated residues in blooming crops.

If treated seed is spilled outdoors or in areas accessible to birds, promptly clean up or bury to prevent ingestion.

#### **Groundwater Advisory**

Mefenoxam is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may lead to groundwater contamination. Thiamethoxam has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. Mefenoxam and Thiamethoxam may leach into the ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent permitted by applicable law, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For use in commercial seed treatment facilities. Use is also permitted as an end-use seed treatment on agricultural establishments at planting, or immediately before planting, as specified in the specific Crop Use Directions. This product is to be used in liquid or slurry treaters only.

Do not make any soil or foliar application of products containing a neonicotinoid to crops grown from seed treated with A21185B.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, AND/OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

Treatment of highly mechanically scarred or damaged seed, or seed known to be of low vigor and poor quality, except for the purpose of curative control of existing disease pests, may result in reduced germination and/or reduction of seed and seedling vigor. Conduct germination tests on a small portion of seed before committing the total seed lot to a selected seed treatment. Treat using equipment similar to that planned for treating the total seed lot. Due to seed quality and seed storage conditions beyond the control of Syngenta, no claims are made to guarantee the germination of carry-over treated seed.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notifications to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.** Exception: If the seed is treated with the product and the treated seed is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker

Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride [PVC] ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, barrier laminate, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

### **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

A21185B is a seed treatment product containing one insecticide active ingredient (thiamethoxam), three fungicide active ingredients (difenoconazole, mefenoxam, and sedaxane) and three plant-growth regulators (cytokinin, indole butyric acid and giberellic acid). A21185B seed treatment protects against damage from certain early-season insects and certain seed- and soil-borne diseases of cereal crops.

Difenoconazole provides protection against several seed, seedling and certain foliar disease including bunts and smuts. Mefenoxam protects against damping-off caused by *Pythium* spp. Sedaxane protects against *Rhizoctonia* spp. and loose smuts *(Ustilago* spp.).

Thiamethoxam is a systemic seed treatment insecticide belonging to the neoticotinoid class of chemistry. Thiamethoxam in A21185B protects against aphids, wireworm and European chafer.

A21185B contains the plant-growth regulators cytokinin, gibberellic acid and indolebutyric acid to aid in enhanced germination and early season root and top growth.

## GROUP 4A INSECTICIDE

#### **Resistance Management**

A21185B contains thiamethoxam, a Group 4A insecticide. Some insect pests are known to develop resistance to products after repeated use. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to sound resistance management strategies established for the crop and use area. Syngenta encourages responsible product stewardship to ensure effective long-term control of the insects on this label.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect or pathogen may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a

reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

Insect biotypes with acquired or inherent resistance to Group 4A insecticides may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 4A insecticides are used repeatedly as the predominant method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by A21185B or other Group 4A insecticides.

#### In order to maintain susceptibility to this class of chemistry:

- Avoid using Group 4A insecticides exclusively for season long control of insect species with more than one generation per crop season.
- For insect species with successive or overlapping generations, apply A21185B and other Group 4A insecticides using a "treatment window" approach. A treatment window is a period of time as defined by the stage of crop development and/or the biology of the pests of concern. Within the treatment window, depending on the length of residual activity, there may either be single or consecutive applications (seed treatment, soil, foliar, unless otherwise stated) of the Group 4A insecticides. Do not exceed the maximum A21185B allowed per calendar year.
- Following a treatment window of Group 4A insecticides, rotate to a treatment window of effective products with a different mode of action before making additional applications of Group 4A insecticides.
- A treatment window rotation, along with other IPM practices for the crop and use area, is considered an effective strategy for preventing or delaying a pest's ability to develop resistance to this class of chemistry.
- If resistance is suspected, do not reapply A21185B or any other Group 4A insecticides.

#### Other Insect Resistance Management (IRM) practices include:

- Incorporating IPM techniques into your insect control program.
- Monitoring treated insect populations for loss of field efficacy.
- Using tank-mixtures or premixes with insecticides from a different target site of action group as long as the involved products are all registered for the same crop and effective rates are applied.

#### For additional information on Insect Resistance Management:

- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor and/or product manufacturer for additional insect resistance management recommendations.
- Visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at: <u>http://www.irac-online.org</u>

# GROUP 3 4 7 FUNGICIDES

A21185B contains difenoconazole, a Group 3 fungicide; mefenoxam, a Group 4 fungicide; and sedaxane, a Group 7 fungicide. Difenoconazole belongs to the triazole class of chemistry and is a demethylation inhibitor of sterol biosynthesis (DMI). DMI's disrupt membrane synthesis by blocking demethylation. Mefenoxam is a systemic fungicide belonging to the phenylamide class of chemistry which adversely affects fungal RNA synthesis. Sedaxane belongs to the carboxamide class of chemistry and is a succinate dehydrogenase inhibitor (SDHI). SDHI's inhibit fungal metabolism by binding to the succinate dehydrogenase enzyme thereby disrupting cellular respiration and energy generation.

Fungal populations may contain individuals naturally resistant to Group 3, 4, or 7 fungicides. If Group 3, 4, or 7 fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields, then resistant members may eventually dominate the population. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to sound resistance management strategies established for the crop and use area.

Seed treatment use should be based on an IPM program that includes field sanitation, scouting, historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation. The IPM program should also consider cultural, biological, and other chemical control practices.

Where possible, rotate or mix the use of Group 3, 4, or 7 fungicides with different fungicide groups to which resistance has not developed.

Syngenta encourages responsible product stewardship to ensure effective long term control of the fungal diseases on this label.

#### For additional information on fungicide resistance management:

- Contact Syngenta representatives at 1-800-334-9481
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor
- Visit the Fungicide Resistance Action Committee (FRAC) on the web at: <u>http://www.frac.info</u>

# **ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS**

In the event of crop failure or harvest of a crop grown from seed treated with A21185B, crops may be replanted according to the following schedule:

Immediate Plantback	Minimum 30-Day Plantback Interval
Cereal Grains: Barley, Oats, Rye, Triticale, and Wheat	Alfalfa Cereal Grains Crop Group 15
	Cotton
	Cucurbit Vegetables Crop Group 9
	Fruiting Vegetables Crop Group 8
	Head and Stem Brassica Crop Subgroup 5A
	Leafy Brassica Greens Crop Subgroup 5B
	Leafy Vegetable (Except <i>Brassica</i> Vegetables) Crop Group 4
	Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried) Crop Group 6
	Mint: Peppermint and Spearmint
	Oilseeds: Borage, Canola (Rapeseed), Crambe, Flax Seed, Mustard Seed, and Safflower
	Onion, Bulb
	Peanut
	Root Vegetables (including sugarbeet) Crop Subgroup 1A
	Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (including potato) Crop Subgroup 1C
	Strawberry
	Sunflower
	Tobacco

#### Plantback Interval Table

For any other crops the minimum plantback interval is 120 days from the date the seeds treated with A21185B were planted. A cover crop other than the crops listed above that is planted for erosion control or soil improvement may be planted sooner than the 120 day interval; however, the crop may not be grazed or harvested for food or feed.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

**Important:** Always re-circulate A21185B thoroughly before using.

Apply A21185B as a water-based slurry utilizing standard slurry seed treatment equipment which provides uniform seed coverage. Uneven or incomplete seed coverage may not give the desired level of insect and disease control.

A21185B may be applied in tank mixes or sequentially with other EPA-registered seed treatment pesticide products. If using A21185B in a tank mixture with other seed treatment products, observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank-mix partner label(s).

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions are precautionary language of the products of the mixture (for example, first aid from one product, spray drift management from another).

Consult the manufacturer of the application equipment you plan to employ for suitability for this application and for instructions on operation and calibration of the equipment. Follow the manufacturer application instructions for the seed treatment equipment being used.

Continuous agitation or mixing of the slurry mixture is necessary to prevent settling out of the solution.

Allow seed to dry before bagging.

Follow planter manufacturer specifications for use of talc or other hopper box additives at planting. Seed must be completely dry before adding to planter.

A21185B contains an EPA-approved dye/colorant that imparts an unnatural color to the seed as required by the Federal Seed Act.

# SEED BAG LABEL REQUIREMENTS

The Federal Seed Act requires that bags containing treated seeds shall be labeled with the following statements:

- This seed has been treated with difenoconazole, mefenoxam and sedaxane fungicides, thiamethoxam insecticide, and cytokinin, indole butyric acid and gibberellic acid plant growth regulators.
- Do not use for feed, food, or oil purposes.

In addition, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requires the following statements on bags containing seeds treated with A21185B:

- Pollinator Precaution: Thiamethoxam is highly toxic to bees, and effects are possible as a result of exposure to translocated residues in blooming crops.
- Groundwater Advisory: Mefenoxam is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may lead to groundwater contamination. Thiamethoxam has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. These chemicals may leach into the ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.
- Store away from feeds and foodstuffs.
- Wear long-sleeved shirt, shoes, long pants and chemical resistant gloves when handling treated seed.
- Treated seeds exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to wildlife. Cover or collect treated seeds spilled during loading.
- Do not allow children, pets, or livestock to have access to treated seed.
- Dispose of all excess treated seed. Leftover treated seed may be doublesown around the headland or buried away from water sources in accordance with local requirements.
- Do not contaminate water bodies when disposing of planting equipment wash waters.
- Dispose of seed packaging in accordance with local requirements.
- Treated seed must be planted into the soil at a depth greater than 0.5 inch.
- In the event of crop failure or harvest of a crop grown from seed treated with A21185B, crops may be replanted according to the following schedule:

Plantback Interval Table		
Immediate Plantback	Minimum 30-Day	
	Plantback Interval	
Cereal Grains: Barley, Oats, Rye, Triticale, and Wheat	Altalta Cereal Grains	
	Crop Group 15	
	Cotton	
	Cucurbit Vegetables Crop Group 9	
	Fruiting Vegetables Crop Group 8	
	Head and Stem Brassica Crop Subgroup 5A	
	Leafy Brassica Greens Crop Subgroup 5B	
	Leafy Vegetable (Except Brassica Vegetables) Crop Group 4	
	Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried) Crop Group 6	
	Mint: Peppermint and Spearmint	
	Oilseeds: Borage, Canola (Rapeseed), Crambe, Flax Seed, Mustard Seed, and Safflower	
	Onion, Bulb	
	Peanut	
	Root Vegetables (including sugarbeet) Crop Subgroup 1A	
	Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (including potato) Crop Subgroup 1C	
	Strawberry	
	Sunflower	
	Tobacco	

 Tobacco
For any other crop, the minimum plant back interval is 120 days from the date the A21185B treated seed was planted. A cover crop other than the crops listed above that is planted for erosion control or soil improvement may be planted sooner than the 120-day interval; however, the crop may not be grazed or harvested for food or feed.

- Do not make any soil or foliar application of products containing a neonicotinoid to crops grown from seed treated with A21185B.
- Do not apply any product containing cytokinin, gibberellic acid, or indole butyric acid as an in-furrow, band, side dress or mark out application.
- Do not use at a rate that will result in more than 0.05 lb thiamethoxam per acre (22.7 grams ai/A) per calendar year as a seed treatment application.
- This seed has been treated with 0.008 mg ai thiamethoxam per seed assuming an average seed size of 12,000 seeds per pound.
- Excess treated seed may be used for ethanol production only if (1) by-products are not used for livestock feed, and (2) no measurable residues of pesticide remain in the ethanol byproducts that are used in agronomic practice.

•		
Crop	Effect	
Barley	Growth Regulation: Enhanced germination and early-	
Oats	season root and top growth	
Rye		
Triticale		
Wheat		
Barley	Insect Protection against:	
Oats	Aphids <sup>1</sup>	
Rve	European Chafer	
Spring Wheat	Wireworms <sup>1</sup>	
Winter Wheat		
Barley	Disease Protection against:	
Dancy	General Seed Rots <sup>2</sup>	
	Seedling Blight Root Rot and Damping-Off caused by	
	seed- and soil-borne Fusarium or Rhizoctonia son	
	Seedling Blight Root Rot and Damping-Off caused by soil-	
	borne Pythium son	
	Seed-borne Septoria	
	Covered Smut	
	False Loose Smut	Use rate
	True Loose Smut	for all arous
		for all crops
	Diseases Suppressed <sup>3</sup> :	(5 fl oz per
	Common Root Rot (Cochliobolus spp.)	
	Fusarium Crown and Foot Rot	100 ID seed)
	Take-All	
Oats	Disease Protection against:	
	General Seed Rots <sup>2</sup>	
	Seedling Blight, Root Rot, and Damping-Off caused by	
	seed- and soil-borne Fusarium or Rhizoctonia spp.	
	Seedling Blight, Root Rot, and Damping-Off caused by soil-	
	borne <i>Pythium</i> spp.	
	Seed-borne Septoria	
	Covered Smut	
	Loose Smut	
	Diseases Suppressed <sup>3</sup> :	
	Common Root Rot (Cochliobolus spp.)	

### **CROP USE DIRECTIONS**

Duc	Discoss Drotection enginety	
куе	Disease Protection against:	
	General Seed Rots <sup>2</sup>	
	Seedling Blight, Root Rot, and Damping-Off caused by	
	seed- and soil-borne Fusarium or Rhizoctonia spp.	
	Seedling Blight, Root Rot, and Damping-Off caused by soil-	
	horne Pythium son	
	Sond horno Contorio	
	Dwarf Bunt <sup>+</sup>	
	Disesso Suppressed <sup>3</sup>	
	Diseases Suppressed :	
	Common Root Rot (Cochliobolus spp.)	
	Fusarium Crown and Foot Rot	
	Take-All	
Spring Wheat	Disease Protection against:	
-	General Seed Rots <sup>2</sup>	
	Seedling Blight, Boot Rot, and Damping-Off caused by	
	and and anil horne. Fugarium or Directoria and	
	Seedling Blight, Root Rot, and Damping-Off caused by soil-	
	borne <i>Pythium</i> spp.	
	Seed-borne Septoria	
	Fusarium Seed Scab	
	Common Bunt <sup>4</sup>	
	Karnal Bunt	
	Looso Smut	
	Duthium Domning Off	
	Pythium Damping-Off	
	Disesses Suppressed <sup>3</sup>	
	Diseases Suppressed :	
	Common Root Rot (Cochliobolus spp.)	
	Fusarium Crown and Foot and Root Rot	lleo rato
	Take-All	USE Tale
Triticale	Disease Protection against:	for all crops
Winter Wheat	General Seed Rots <sup>2</sup>	
winter wheat	Seedling Blight Root Rot and Damping-Off caused by	(5 fl oz per
	seeding blight, Noot Not, and Damping-On caused by	
	seed- and soil-borne <i>Fusanum</i> of <i>Rnizocionia</i> spp.	TUU ID Seed)
	Seedling Blight, Root Rot, and Damping-Off caused by soli-	
	borne <i>Pythium</i> spp.	
	Seed-borne Septoria	
	Septoria Leaf Blotch <sup>5</sup>	
	Common Bunt <sup>4</sup>	
	Flag Smut	
	Fusarium Seed Scab	
	Dwarf Runt <sup>4</sup>	
	Dwan Dunt	
	Loose Smut	
	Pythium Damping-Off	
	Diseases Suppressed":	
	Common Root Rot (Cochliobolus spp.)	
	Fusarium Crown and Foot and Root Rot	
	Take-All	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The 5 fluid oz/100 lb rate of A21185B provides suppression of wireworm activity, aphids and aphid vectored barley yellow dwarf virus. If pressure is moderate or high or control is required, apply up to 0.8 fl oz additional Cruiser 5FS. <sup>2</sup>This includes rots caused by *Fusarium, Pythium, Rhizoctonia, Penicillium* and *Aspergillus* spp. <sup>3</sup>Suppression means consistent protection at a level which is not optimal but is still of commercial benefit.

<sup>4</sup>Protects against both seed- and soil-borne bunts.

<sup>5</sup>Provides early-season foliar disease protection for first 4 weeks after planting. For full-season protection, apply a foliar fungicide according to label directions.

**Restrictions**: If seed has been treated with A21185A, do not apply any product containing cytokinin, gibberellic acid, or indole butyric acid as an in-furrow, band, side dress or mark out application. Do not apply more than 0.05 lbs of thiamethoxam per acre per calendar year.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

#### **Pesticide Storage**

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces, mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper disposal can be made if product cannot be used according to the label.

#### Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### Container Handling [less than or equal to 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow beings to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

#### Container Handling [greater than 5 gallons – mini-bulk]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

#### Container Handling [greater than 5 gallons – bulk]

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

# CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER.

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For non-emergency (e.g., current product information) call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.

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