



# U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460

E	PA	Reg	.No	mbe

Date of Issuance:

100-1338

-9 FEB 2009

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Prodiamine Pro F 0.28%

Herbicide

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300

Greensboro, NC 27419

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number:

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1) Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
- 2) Change the Other Ingredients percentage from 99.80% to 99.72% on page 1 of the label to assure that the total percentage of the Active Ingredient (0.28%) and Other Ingredients is 100%.
- 3) Add the phrase "EPA Reg. No. 100-1338" to the labeling.
- 4) Assure that the EPA Establishment Number and Net Contents are also on the label.
- 5) Assure that the maximum application restrictions do not exceed the highest currently registered rate for each appropriate application site.
- 6) In the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements box on page 6, replace "People and pets may re-enter after the application is complete" with "Do not enter or allow others to enter until dusts have settled."

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Signature of Approving Official:

Joanne I. Miller

Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (1305P)

boarne J. Miller

Date:

FEB 2000

Page 2 of 2
EPA Reg. No. 100-1338
Condtional Registration
Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide

7) Submit the following data required for the registration this pesticide product within 1 year from the date of this Notice of Registration

EPA Guideline Data Number 830.6317.1 830.6320.1

Guideline Discriptor
Storage Stability Study
Corrosion Characteristics

Submit a one-year Storage Stability & Corrosion Characteristics study. Observations should be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 month intervals. The results should be submitted electronically along with a hard copy.

8) While no additional data is being requested at this time, you must have data in your files supporting the Optional Marketing Claims on page 17 of the label. If you do not have data supporting the following claims, they can not be on the product label.

Feeds {The Lawn] Up To 2 Months Feeds {The Lawn] Up To 3 months Feeds {The Lawn] Up To 4 Months

9) Per the Label Review Manual (Chapter 10 pages 16, 22, and 23), the following general Worker Protection Standard statements must appear on the label near the beginning of the Directions for Use:

"Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application."

"For any requirement specific to your State and Tribe, consult the State/Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation."

10) Note: Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

# Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide

For selective preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, athletic fields, parks and sod farms
- Field-grown and landscape ornamentals
- Established perennials and wildflower plantings
- Non-crop areas, including landscape beds, ornamentals, and established perennial wildflower plantings on or surrounding municipal grounds and government installations, managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities (including, roadways, roadsides, railways and equipment yards)

Prodiamine*	0.28%
Other Ingredients:	99.80%
Total:	100.00%
*CAS No. 29091-21-2	ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:
EPA Reg. No. 100-XXXX	Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
EPA Est. No.	as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.	100-1338
CAUTION	
See additional precautionary statements and di	rections for use on back of bag.
Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis:	
$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Nitrogen} & & & & & \\ \text{Phosphorus} & & & & & \\ \text{Potassium} & & & & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{ll} \% \ (\text{N}) \\ & & & & \\ \% \ (\text{P}_2\text{O}_5) \\ & & & & \\ \end{array}$	
pounds Net Weight	

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FIRST AID	
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-888-8372 [alternate phone		
number] for emergency medical treatment information.  HOT LINE NUMBER		
For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident),  Call		
[1-800-888-8372] [Alternate Phone Number]		

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

# Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

# **CAUTION**

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. [Wear protective eyewear.] Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and gloves. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

4/20

# 5/20

# **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

# Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

# **Engineering Control Statements**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

# **User Safety Recommendations**

### **Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### **Environmental Hazards**

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

# CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent permitted by applicable law. SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR. AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

- For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification.
- Read entire label before using this product.

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

# NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

People and pets may re-enter after the application is complete.

Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide controls certain grass and broadleaf weeds *before* they emerge and provides residual control in established turfgrasses, and ornamentals and other non-crop area. Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide inhibits shoot and root growth in susceptible weeds. Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide will not control established weeds. Weed control is most effective when Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days following application.

# Weeds Controlled [Optional Graphic]

Barnyardgrass	Henbit	Purslane, Common
Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua) <sup>1</sup>	Itchgrass	Pusley, Florida
Carpetweed	Johnsongrass (from seed)	Rescuegrass <sup>4</sup>
Chickweed, Common	Junglerice	Shepherd's Purse
Chickweed, Mouseear	Knotweed	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
(from seed)	Kochia	Speedwell, Persian
Crabgrass (Large, Smooth) <sup>2</sup>	Lambsquarter, Common	Sprangletop
Crowfootgrass	Lovegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
Cupgrass, Woolly	Panicum (Texas, Fall,	Witchgrass
Foxtails, Annual	Browntop)	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from
Goosegrass <sup>3</sup>	Pigweed	seed)

<sup>1</sup>In areas where *Poa annua* is a winter annual, apply Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide (see rate table) in August or September to established, non-overseeded turf before *Poa annua* seeds germinate. These timings are approximate. Consult State Extension Service for more specific timing for your area.

<sup>2</sup>Fall Applications for Spring Crabgrass Control in Cool-Season Grasses: In those areas where the ground freezes in the winter, Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide can be applied in the fall after the soil temperature falls below 50°F but before the ground freezes. This application will control crabgrass the following spring.

<sup>3</sup>In many areas, a single application will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, make a second application 60-90 days later to ornamentals and lawns (if recommended for your lawn grass species).

<sup>4)</sup>Suppression only.

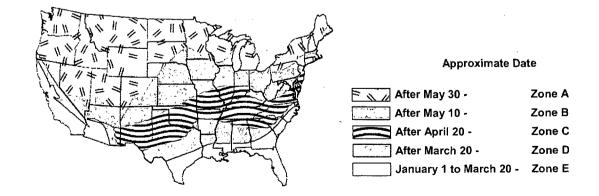
# **ESTABLISHED TURF**

# Golf courses (except putting greens), lawns, parks, athletic fields, sod farms

# **How to Apply**

- Refer to Rates for Grass Species in table and Granular Spreader Settings table for spreader settings to deliver the rate recommended for your lawn grass species.
   Uniform coverage is necessary to provide the most effective level of control.
- Apply Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide to the turf in the early spring prior to crabgrass emergence. See *Crabgrass Germination Dates* in the map below for the approximate timing in your area. Always apply before weeds emerge. Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide will not control emerged crabgrass.
- If you have a known serious weed problem or live in an area with an extended growing season, you may need to make a second application 60-90 days later.
- If you live in Zones D and E (see *Crabgrass Germination Dates* map), you may apply a higher rate (Medium or High Rate) or make two applications for more effective crabgrass control, if recommended for your turfgrass species.
- Do not make a second application to Fine Fescue, Creeping Bentgrass and newly sprigged and plugged Bermudagrass. Do not make a second application if you applied the High Rate to Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass or Perennial Ryegrass.
- For best control After application, water in with ½ inch of water within 14 days, either from watering or rain.

# Crabgrass Seed Germination Dates [Optional Graphic]



# **Rates for Lawn Grass Species**

	Application Schedule <sup>1</sup>	Ar	plication Rate	e <sup>2</sup>
Bermudagrass (established)	First Application	Base	Medium	High
Bahiagrass Centipedegrass Kikuyugrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turftype) Zoysiagrass	Second Application (optional)	Base or Medium or High	Base or Medium or High	Base or Medium or High
uffalograss	First Application	Base	Medium	High
Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	Second Application (optional)	Base or Medium	Base or Medium	
Fine Fescue (including Red Fescue)	One Application Only	Base or Medium or High	_	_
Creeping Bentgrass (0.5 inch and greater height) <sup>3</sup>	One Application Only	Base or Medium		
Bermudagrass (newly sprigged and plugged) <sup>4</sup>	One Application Only	Base or Medium	_	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A second application may be necessary because of heavy weed pressure or extended growing season.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See *Granular Spreader Settings* table for spreader settings to deliver the rate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>To avoid grass injury, do not apply Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide to creeping bentgrass mowed at less than 0.5 inch in height.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass rooting may be temporarily slowed.

[Spreader models and settings available at the time of final printed labeling. X's on this table are place holders and represent the numerical spreader settings to be added at the time of final printed labeling.]

Granular Spreader Settings 1,2,3

Make and Models	[0.38 lb. a.i./A] [3.1 lb. product/1,000 sq. ft.] Base Rate (Treats xx sq. ft.)	[0.5 lb. a.i./A] [4.1 lb. product/1,000 sq. ft.] Medium Rate (Treats xx sq. ft.)	[0.75 lb. a.i./A] [6.1 lb. product/1,000 sq. ft.] High Rate (Treats xx sq. ft.)
Spreader A	X	X	X
Spreader B	X	X	X
Spreader C	X	X	X
Spreader D	X	X	X
Spreader E	X	. X	X
Spreader F	X	X .	· X
Spreader G	X	X	X
Etc.	X	X	X

<sup>1</sup>Assume 3 mph walking speed.

<sup>3</sup>Do not apply more than 1.5 lbs. ai/A per year.

# **Use Precautions [Optional Graphic]**

- Do not apply to putting greens or turfgrass areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 90 days after application. To avoid turfgrass injury, do not apply to newly-set sod until the sod has rooted into the second inch of soil and exposed edges have filled in.
- Application of Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- **Seeding:** Do not apply to overseeded areas for 60 days after seeding, or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Do not overseed for 4 months after last applications of this product.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>It is recommended that you calibrate your spreader before application since manufacturer's settings can vary among the same model of spreader.

# LANDSCAPE, FIELD GROWN ORNAMENTALS AND NON-CROP AREAS

# How to Apply [Optional Graphic]

- Apply Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide as a broadcast, over-the-top application at 7.5-17.2 lbs. product/1,000 sq. ft. Use higher rates when weed pressure was a severe problem in the past.
- Make a single application in fall and/or spring prior to weed emergence. Another application may be made 60-90 days later, if necessary. Do not exceed a total of 17.2 lbs. product/1,000 sq. ft per year.
- After application, water in with ½ inch of water within 14 days, either from watering or rain or, incorporate into the top 1-2 inches of soil within 14 days after application.
- On established ornamentals, watering or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide in the soil.
- On newly-transplanted ornamentals, apply after the soil has settled around the transplants.
- For best weed control, apply to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves.
- Prior to application, control existing weeds by hand weeding, cultivation, or by the use of an herbicide for emerged weeds.
- Plants under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) may be sensitive to Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide.

# **Tolerant Ornamentals**

Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines and flowers. See the two tables: Table 1. *Tolerant Ornamentals - All States* and Table 2. *Tolerant Ornamentals - All States except California*.

Table 1. Tolerant Ornamentals - All States

Scientific name	Common name	
Abies spp.	Fir species (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)	
Acer palmatum	Japanese Maple	
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple	
Actinidia chinensis	Kiwi*	
Actinidia crimensis Agapanthus africanus		
<b>O</b> ,	Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily) Vine Hill Manzanita	
Arctostaphylos densiflora Arctotheca calendula	Cape Weed	
Aucuba japonica	Japanese Aucuba	
Berberis gladwynensis	Barberry Mintergraph Royberry	
Berberis julianae	Wintergreen Barberry	
Berberis mentorensis	Mentor Barberry	
Berberis thunbergii	Japanese Barberry	
Berberis verruculosa	Warty Barberry	
Buxus microphylla	Japanese Boxwood	
Callistemon viminalis	Weeping Bottlebrush	
Calluna vulgaris	Scotch Heather	
Carpobrotus edulis	Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)	
Cassia artemisioides	Feathery Cassia	
Ceanothus rigidus	Wild Lilac	
Chamaecyparis pisifera	False Cypress	
Cleyera japonica	Cleyera	
Citrus spp.	Citrus species*	
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	
Cornus stolonifera	American Dogwood	
Cortaderia selloana	Pampas Grass	
Cotoneaster apiculatus	Cranberry Cotoneaster	
Cotoneaster buxifolius	Cotoneaster	
Cotoneaster dammeri	Bearberry Cotoneaster	
Cotoneaster microphyllus	Rockspray Cotoneaster	
Crataegus spp.	Hawthorne	
Cupressus sempervirens	Italian Cypress	
Delosperma alba	White Trailing Ice Plant	
Dodonaea viscosa	Hop Bush	
Elaeagnus pungens	Silverberry	
Euonymus fortunei	Wintercreeper	
Euonymus japonica	Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)	
Euonymus kiautschovicks	Spreading Euonymus	
Fatsia japonica	Japanese Aralia	
Forsythia intermedia	Border Forsythia	
Forsythia viridissima	Greenstem Forsythia	

# Scientific name

### Common name

Gardenia jasminoides

Gladiolus spp. Hedera helix Hibiscus

Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis

Ilex cornuta Ilex crenata Ilex opaca Ilex pernyi Ilex vomitoria Iris spp.

Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis

Juglans spp.

Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Ligustrum amurense Ligustrum japonicum Ligustrum lucidum

Ligustrum lucidum Lirope muscari Lonicera japonica Lonicera tatarica Magnolia spp.

Malus spp.

Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium spp. Olea europaea

Málephora luteola

Ophiopogon japonicus

Osteospermum fruticosum Oxydendrum arboreum

Persea americana Photinia fraseri Picea spp.

Pieris japonica Pinus brutia

Pinus canariensis Pinus elliottii Pinus halepensis

Pinus nigra
Pinus palustris
Pinus radiata
Pinus strobus

Pinus sylvestris Pinus taeda

Pinus thunbergiana

Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Gladiolus species English Ivy Rose of Sharon Chinese Hibiscus Chinese Holly Japanese Holly American Holly

Holly

Yaupon Holly Iris species Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper Shore Juniper Creeping Juniper

Walnut\*
Shrimp Plant
Crape Myrtle
Amur Privet
Japanese Privet

Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf)

Big Blue Lillyturf

Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species

Ice Plant Crabapple\*

Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species

Oleander Olive\*

Mondo Grass

Trailing African Daisy

Sourwood Avocado\*

Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Spruce species (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine

Slash Pine Aleppo Pine

Austrian Black Pine Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine Eastern White Pine

Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine

Japanese Black Pine

Scientific name	Common name
Pinus virginiana	Virginia Pine
Pistacia spp.	Pistachio*
Pittosporum rhombifolium	Queensland Pittosporum
Pittosporum tobira	Japanese Pittosporum
Podocarpus macrophyllus	Japanese Yew
Prunus laurocerasus	English Laurel
	Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune*
Prunus spp.	Douglas Fir
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Firethorn Scarlet
Pyracantha coccinea	Firethorn
Pyracantha fortuneana	
Pyracantha koidzumii	Firethorn
Pyrus spp.	Bradford Pear spp.
Quercus rubra	Oak species
Rhaphiolepis indica	Indian Hawthorne
Rhododendron (including Azalea)	'Coral Bells'
	'Formosa'
	'Hino-crimson'
	'PJM'
•	'Roseum Elegans'
Rosa banksiae	Lady Bank's Rose
Rosmarinus officinalis	Rosemary*
Rumohra adiantiformis	Leatherleaf Fern
Santolina virens	·
Sedum album	Stonecrop
Syzygium paniculatum	Japanese Boxcherry
Taxus cuspidata	Japanese Yew
Taxus media	Yew
Thuja occidentalis	American Arborvitae
Trachelospermum asiaticum	Star Jasmine
Tsuga canadensis	Canada Hemlock
Tulipa spp.	Tulip species
Viburnum japonicum	Japanese Viburnum
Viburnum odoratissimum	Sweet Viburnum
Viburnum plicatum	Japanese Snowball
Viburnum rigidum	Canary Island Viburnum
Viburnum tinus	Laurustinus
Viburnum trilobum	Cranberry Bush
Viburnum wrightii	Leatherleaf Viburnum
Vinca major	Vinca
Vinca major Vinca minor	Dwarf Periwinkle
	Grape*-
Vitis spp.	•
Weigela florida	Old Fashioned Weigela
Yucca aloífolia	Spanish Bayonet
Yucca filamentosa	Yucca, Adam's Needle

<sup>\*</sup>Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

# Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except California

#### Scientific name Common name Abelia grandiflora Abelia: Sherwood Achillea spp. Yarrow: King Edward Agapanthus orientalis Akebia quinata Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Allium cernuum Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion Japanese Anemone Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp. Aquilegia: Red and Gold Wormwood: Silver Mound, Castle Artemisia spp. Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome Aster spp. Aster X frikartii Lady Fern; Fern Lady Athyrium filix-femina Begonia spp. Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides Snowbank Bougainvillea spp. Bougainvillea Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red Buddleia davidii Callistemon citrinus Crimson Bottlebrush Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips) Campanula carpatica Campis X tagliabuana Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise. Coreopsis spp. Moonbeam Lucifer Crocosmia spp. Delosperma spp. Cooperi Pink Larkspur, Blue Elf Delphinium spp. Dianthus deltoides Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing' Cheddar Pink Dianthus gratianopolitanus Coneflower, Purple, Magnus Echinacea pupurea Weeping Forsythia Forsythia suspensa Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin' Gaillardia spp. Gaura spp. Gentiana dahurica Gentian Cranesbill Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens Baby's Breath Sunrose Helianthemum spp. Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Hemerocallis spp. Love Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Heucherella spp. Mallow: Disco Belle White Hibiscus spp. Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant) Hosta plantaginea Hosta, 'Searsucker' Hosta sieboldiana Houttuynia cordata var. variegata Bigleaf Hydrangea Hydrangea macrophylla

Sword-Leaved Iris, Jodlesong

Inula ensifolia

Iris ensata

# Scientific name

# Common name

Iris siberica

Juniperus davurica

Lagerstromia indica x fauriei

Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Leontopodium alpinum

Liqustrum sinense

Lilium spp.

Lirope muscari var. variegata

Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis

Loropetalum chinense

Lythrum spp.

Miscanthus sinensis

Oenothera missourensis

Osmanthus heterophyllus

Paeonia suffruticosa

Pennisetum setaceum

Perovskia atriplicifolia

Physostegia virginiana Quercus shumardii

Rhaphiolepis umbellata

Rhododendron (including azalea)

Rudbeckia spp.

Saxifraga spp.

Scabiosa spp.

Sedum cauticola

Sedum dasyphyllum

Sedum spurium

Spiraea bumalda

Syzyglum paniculatum

Teucrium spp.

Thalictrum dipterocarpum

Veronica spp.

Viburnum suspensum

Siberian Iris; Cabernet

Parsoni

Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora

Weeping Lantana

Lavender: Munstead

Edelweiss

Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lily: Jazz

Lirope, Variegated

Lirope, Creeping

Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Burgundy

Loosestrife; Modern Pink

Yaku Jima, Silberfeder

Evening Primrose

Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Tree Peony

Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Dragonhead, False; Vivid

Oak, Shumard's Red

Yedda Hawthorne

'Delaware Valley White'

'Flame Creeper'

'Girard Crimson'

'George L. Tabor'

Wakeiebisu

White Gumpo

Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum

Saxifrage; Purple Dome

Pincushion Flower

Stonecrop; Lidakense

Stonecrop

Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood

Spirea: Anthony Waterer

Australian Brushcherry

Germander

Meadow Rue

Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border

Arrowood Viburnum

<sup>\*</sup>Do not use on food producing trees, vines or plants.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

# **Pesticide Storage**

Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed and away from food, feedstuffs, and domestic water supplies.

# Homeowner/Residential Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

**If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

**If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency [or 1-800-888-8372] [or Supplemental Distributor telephone number] for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

### Sod Farms and All Other Uses

# **Pesticide Disposal**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

# **Container Handling**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Offer for recycling if available or dispose of bag in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

# 19/20

# **Optional Marketing Claims**

- Treats up to 5,000 square feet of lawn [21.8 lb. bag]
- Treats up to 10,000 square feet of lawn [43.6 lb. bag]
- Treats up to 15,000 square feet of lawn [65.4 lb. bag]
- Treats up to 3,900 square feet of ornamental plants
- Feeds [The Lawn] Up To 2 Months
- Feeds [The Lawn] up To 3 months
- Feeds [The Lawn] Up To 4 Months
- Easy To Apply
- Contains Slow Release Nitrogen [For Lawn Feeding Efficiency]
- Provides [Quick] Spring Greenup
- Provides A Barricade To Crabgrass Germination
- Controlled Release Feeding for Uniform Growth
- Stimulates Root Growth
- Manage Your Lawn Like A Professional
- Prevents Crabgrass In Lawns
- [Provides] [Season-Long] Control Of Crabgrass
- Controls Crabgrass [Before It Germinates] [In A Single Application]
- Keeps Crabgrass From Germinating
- 2-In-1 Fertilize And Crabgrass Control [In A Single Application]
- Crabgrass Preventer [+] [With] Lawn Fertilizer
- Controls Crabgrass and Broadleaf Weeds [Before They Germinate]
- Controls Crabgrass and Other Grass Weeds [Before They Germinate]
- Prevent Crabgrass and Fertilize [Your Lawn] In [One] [A Single] Application
- Apply In [Early] Spring
- Contains Barricade® [Preemergent Herbicide]
- Formulated for Home Lawns Will Not Burn
- Satisfaction Guaranteed

# Barricade® is a trademark of a Syngenta Group Company

Questions or Comments?
Call [800 number] or visit our Website at [wwwcom]

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Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

Prodiamine Pro F 0.28% Herbicide-Version B - bb - 1-16-09