



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

February 3, 2025

Jordan Moseley
Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC
P.O. Box 18300
Greensboro, NC 27419

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Pinoxaden and Florasulam
Product Name: Axial TBC Herbicide
EPA Registration Number: 100-1314
Application Dates: 12/16/2020; 05/04/2022
Decision Numbers: 568871; 596653

Dear Jordan Moseley:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Pinoxaden and Florasulam Interim Decisions, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

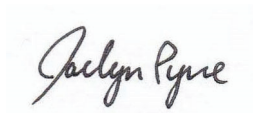
Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for

shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Christian Bongard by email at bongard.christian@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jaclyn Pyne". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Jaclyn Pyne, Team Leader
Risk Management and Implementation Branch 3
Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label

FLORASULAM	GROUP	2	HERBICIDE
PINOXADEN	GROUP	1	HERBICIDE

Axial® TBC Herbicide

Postemergence herbicide for control of annual grass and broadleaf weeds in wheat and barley

Active Ingredient:

Pinoxaden ^{*1}	9.00%
Florasulam ^{**2}	0.75%
Other ingredients:	90.25%
Total:	100.00%

*CAS No. 243973-20-8

**CAS No. 145701-23-1

¹Equivalent to 0.774 lbs. per gallon of pinoxaden active ingredient.

²Equivalent to 0.0645 lbs. per gallon of florasulam active ingredient.

Contains petroleum distillates.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

WARNING/AVISO

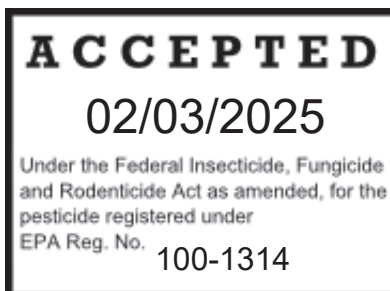
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1314
EPA Est.

SCP 1314A

2.77 gallons
_____ gallons
Net Contents



FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give any liquid to the person.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN Contains petroleum distillates - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.	
HOTLINE NUMBER For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident) Call 1-800-888-8372	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING/AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Protective eyewear such as goggles, face shield, or safety glasses
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton® ≥ 14 mils

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to oysters. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

GROUNDWATER ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This product may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

SURFACE WATER ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several days after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of florasulam from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Axial TBC Herbicide may be used only in accordance with directions on this label or in separately published Syngenta supplemental labeling directions for this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton ≥ 14 mils

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY AND/OR POOR WEED CONTROL.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Axial TBC Herbicide is a systemic, postemergence herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in all varieties of spring wheat (excluding durum), winter wheat, and barley not underseeded with legumes.

Axial TBC Herbicide is absorbed by foliage and is rapidly translocated to the growing points of leaves and stems of target weeds. Actively growing susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds stop growing within 48 hours of treatment. Typical symptoms (discoloration) of dying broadleaf weeds may not be noticeable for 1 to 2 weeks after application. Susceptible grass weeds turn yellow within one to three weeks and are completely controlled within three to five weeks. Level and rate of control depend on weed species, growing conditions, crop competition, and coverage. Thorough spray coverage of the plants is essential for consistent control.

Rainfastness

Axial TBC Herbicide is not affected by rain falling 4 hours or more after application.

Weed Resistance Management

FLORASULAM	GROUP	2	HERBICIDE
PINOXADEN	GROUP	1	HERBICIDE

Axial TBC Herbicide contains a Group 1 (ACCase inhibitor) herbicide and Group 2 (ALS inhibitor) herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed populations have been identified as resistant to Group 1 and 2 herbicides. Selection of resistant biotypes, through repeated use of these herbicides in the same field, may result in control failures. A resistant biotype may be present if poor performance cannot be attributed to adverse weather conditions or improper application methods. If resistance is suspected, contact your local Syngenta representative for assistance.

Scout and know your field

- Know weed species present in the field to be treated through scouting and field history. An understanding of weed biology is useful in designing a resistance management strategy. Ensure the weed management program will control all weeds present.
- Fields should be scouted prior to application to determine species present and growth stage. Always apply this herbicide at the full labeled rate and correct timing for the weeds present in the field.

Utilize non-herbicidal practices to add diversity

- Use diversified management tactics such as cover crops, mechanical weed control, harvest weed seed control, and crop rotation as appropriate.

Use good agronomic practices, start clean and stay clean

- Use good agronomic practices that enhance crop competitiveness.
- Plant into weed-free fields utilizing tillage or an effective burndown herbicide for control of emerged weeds.
- Sanitize farm equipment to avoid spreading seed or vegetative propagules prior to leaving fields.

Difficult to control weeds

- Fields with difficult to control weeds should be planted in rotation with crops that allow the use of herbicides with an alternative mode of action or different management practices.
- Difficult to control weeds may require sequential applications, such as a broad spectrum preemergence herbicide followed by one or more postemergence herbicide applications. Utilize herbicides containing different modes of action effective on the target weeds in sequential applications.

Do not overuse the technology

- Do not use more than two applications of this or any other herbicide with the same mode of action in a single growing season unless mixed with an herbicide with a different mode of action which provides overlapping spectrum for the difficult to control weeds.

Scout and inspect fields following application

- Prevent an influx of weeds into the field by controlling weeds in field borders.
- Scout fields after application to verify that the treatment was effective.
- Suspected- herbicide resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators
- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.
- Report non-performance of this product to your Syngenta retailer, Syngenta representative, or call 1-866-Syngent(a) (866-796-4368). If resistance is suspected ensure weed escapes are controlled using an herbicide with an effective mode of action and/or use non-chemical means to prevent further seed production.

Prevent weed escapes before, during, and after harvest

- Do not allow weed escapes to produce seed or vegetative structures such as tubers or stolons which contribute to spread and survival. Consider harvest weed seed management and control weeds post-harvest to prevent seed production.

Resistant Weeds

- Contact your local Syngenta representative, retailer, crop advisor or extension agent to determine if weeds resistant to modes of action contained in this product are present in your area. Do not assume that each listed weed is being controlled by multiple modes of action. Premixes are intended to broaden the spectrum of weeds that are controlled. Some weeds may be controlled by only one of the active ingredients in this product. If resistant biotypes have been reported, use the full labeled rate of this product, apply at the labeled timing, and tank-mix with an additional different mode of action product so there are multiple effective modes of application for each suspected resistant weed.

Rotational Crop Restrictions

The following crops may be planted at the specified interval following application of Axial TBC Herbicide.

Crop	Rotation Interval (Months)
Barley, oats, wheat	0.5
Field corn, popcorn, seed corn, sweet corn, sorghum	4
Alfalfa, canola, chickpea, soybean, dry bean, pea, flax, lentil, potato, safflower, sugar beet, sunflower	9
Other crops not listed	12

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

Timing of Application

Apply Axial TBC Herbicide to all varieties of spring wheat (excluding durum), winter wheat, and barley from the 3-leaf stage to pre-boot stage. Refer to the **Crop Use Directions** section for grazing and harvest restrictions.

Precaution: Do not apply to a crop that is stressed by conditions such as frost, low fertility, drought, flooding, disease damage, or insect damage as crop injury may result.

For optimum results, apply Axial TBC Herbicide to actively growing weeds. An early application will maximize crop yields by reducing weed competition. Weed control following application of Axial TBC Herbicide alone or in combination with other herbicides can be reduced or delayed under conditions of stress, such as drought, heat, insufficient fertility, flooding, and prolonged cool temperatures. Optimum weed control will be obtained if application of Axial TBC Herbicide is delayed until the conditions of stress have ended and weeds are once again actively growing. If foliage is wet at time of application, control may be decreased. Weeds emerging after Axial TBC Herbicide application will not be controlled.

USE RATE

Apply Axial TBC Herbicide at 8.85 oz./A + Adigor® Adjuvant at 9.6 oz./A in a minimum of 5 gallons up to 10 gallons of water per acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

For broad-spectrum weed control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds, Axial TBC Herbicide can be applied alone or tank mixed with broadleaf herbicides as described below. Consult the label of the tank-mix partner for a list of broadleaf weeds controlled, rates, application timing, recropping restrictions, grazing interval restrictions, directions for use, and precautions. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any other product whose label prohibits such a mixture. Under less than favorable environmental conditions, grass antagonism (i.e., reduced grass control) may occur with certain broadleaf herbicide tank mixes.

Refer to the following tables which lists the grasses and broadleaf weeds controlled by Axial TBC Herbicide alone and with broadleaf herbicide mixture partners.

Weeds Controlled by Axial TBC Herbicide Alone or in Tank Mixes*

	Axial TBC Herbicide (8.85 oz./A) + Adigor Adjuvant (9.6 oz./A)	+ MCPA Ester (10.8 oz./A) (assume 3.7 lb. ae per gal. product)	Weed Size or Growth Stage for Optimum Control (see key below)
Grass Weeds Controlled			
Barnyardgrass (<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>)	C	C	■
Canarygrass (<i>Phalaris</i> spp.)	C	C	■
Darnel, Persian (<i>Lolium persicum</i>)	C	C	◆
Foxtail, Giant (<i>Setaria faberi</i>)	C	C	■
Foxtail, Green (<i>Setaria viridis</i>)	C	C	■
Foxtail, Yellow (<i>Setaria pumila</i>)	C	C	■
Oat, Volunteer (<i>Avena sativa</i>)	C	C	◆
Oat, Wild (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	C	C	◆
Proso Millet, Wild (<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>)	C	C	■
Ryegrass, Italian (Annual) (<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>)	C	C	■
Windgrass (<i>Apera</i> spp.)	C	C	■
Broadleaf Weeds Controlled			
Bedstraw, Catchweed (<i>Galium aparine</i>)	C	C	●

	Axial TBC Herbicide (8.85 oz./A) + Adigor Adjuvant (9.6 oz./A)	+ MCPA Ester (10.8 oz./A) (assume 3.7 lb. ae per gal. product)	Weed Size or Growth Stage for Optimum Control (see key below)
Buckwheat, Wild (<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>)	S	C	●
Canola, Volunteer (<i>Brassica napus</i>)	C ¹	C ²	★
Chamomile, Corn (<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>)	C	C	●
Chamomile, False (scentless) (<i>Tripleurospermum perforata</i>)	C	C	●
Chamomile, Mayweed (dogfennel) (<i>Anthemis cotula</i>)	C	C	●
Chamomile, Wild (<i>Matricaria recutita</i>)	C	C	●
Chickweed, Common (<i>Stellaria media</i>)	C	C	●
Flixweed (<i>Descurainia sophia</i>)	C	C	★
Hempnettle, common (<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>) ³		C	●
Knotweed (<i>Polygonum</i> spp.)		C	●
Lambsquarters, Common (<i>Chenopodium album</i>)		C	●
London Rocket (<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>)	C	C	★
Mustard, Black (<i>Brassica nigra</i>)	C	C	★
Mustard, Blue (purple) (<i>Chorispora tenella</i>)	C	C	★
Mustard, Tansy (<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>)	C	C	★
Mustard, Treacle (bushy wallflower) (<i>Erysimum repandum</i>)		C	★
Mustard, Tumble (Jim Hill) (<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>)	C	C	★
Mustard, Wild (<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>)	C	C	★
Pennycress, Field (<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>)	S	C	★
Pigweed, Redroot (<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>)	S	C	●
Pineappleweed (<i>Matricaria discoidea</i>)	C	C	●
Prickly Lettuce (<i>Lactuca serriola</i>)	S	C	●
Ragweed, Common (<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>)		C	●
Shepherdspurse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>)	C	C	★
Smartweed (green, ladysthumb, Pennsylvania) (<i>Polygonum</i> spp.)		C	●
Sunflower, Annual (<i>Helianthus annuus</i>)		C	●
Broadleaf Weeds Suppressed			
Dandelion (<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>) ³		S	⊙
Filaree, Redstem (<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>) ³		S	●
Sowthistle, Annual (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>)		S	□

	Axial TBC Herbicide (8.85 oz./A) + Adigor Adjuvant (9.6 oz./A)	+ MCPA Ester (10.8 oz./A) (assume 3.7 lb. ae per gal. product)	Weed Size or Growth Stage for Optimum Control (see key below)
Sowthistle, Perennial (<i>Sonchus arvensis</i>)		S	□

*C = control, S = suppression which means significant activity, but not always at a level considered acceptable for commercial weed control.

¹Except imidazolinone-tolerant canola varieties.

²Including imidazolinone-tolerant canola varieties.

³Improved control can be achieved with the addition of 2.2 oz./A of MCPA ester (of a 3.7 lb. ae per gallon product).

Weed Size or Growth Stage Key:

Symbol	Weed Growth stage
◆	1 to 6-leaf stage on main stem, prior to emergence of the 4 th tiller
■	1 to 5-leaf stage on main stem, prior to emergence of the 3 rd tiller
●	1 to 4-inch height or diameter
✱	Up to pre-bolt stage
□	Rosette up to pre-bud stage
●	1 to 4-leaf stage
◎	Seedlings and overwintered rosettes <6-inches in diameter

Tanks Mixes for Specific Weed Problems

Russian Thistle (*Salsola tragus*)

Axial TBC Herbicide at 8.85 oz./A + Adigor Adjuvant at 9.6 oz./A may be applied in combination with the following broadleaf tank-mix partners for improved control of Russian thistle. Apply when Russian thistle is less than 2 inches in height.

Tank-Mix Partner	Rate (oz./A)
Bronate Advanced™ ¹	12.8
Buctril® ² 2 EC	16-24
Huskie™	11
Starane® NXT	14
Starane + Sword®	12-18

¹Other equivalent products containing the active ingredient bromoxynil and MCPA ester may be used. Consult the specific product label for specified rates.

²Other equivalent products containing the active ingredient bromoxynil may be used. Consult the specific product label for specified rates.

Kochia (*Kochia scoparia*)

Axial TBC Herbicide at 8.85 oz./A + Adigor Adjuvant at 9.6 oz./A may be applied in combination with the following broadleaf tank-mix partners for improved control of kochia. Apply when kochia is past the button stage (blue stage) but less than 4 inches in height.

Tank-Mix Partner	Rate (oz./A)
Bronate Advanced ¹	12.8
Buctril 2EC ^{2,3}	16
Colt™ AS	10-16
Huskie	11
Starane ⁴	5.3-8
Starane NXT	14
Starane + Sword	12-18
WideMatch™	10-16

¹Other equivalent products containing the active ingredient bromoxynil and MCPA ester may be used. Consult the specific product label for specified rates.

²Other equivalent products containing the active ingredient bromoxynil may be used. Consult the specific product label for specified rates.

³Less than 2-inch tall kochia.

⁴Other equivalent products containing the active ingredient fluoxypyr may be used. Consult the specific product label for specified rates.

Canada Thistle (*Cirsium arvense*)

Axial TBC Herbicide at 8.85 oz./A + Adigor Adjuvant at 9.6 oz./A may be tank mixed with clopyralid containing products like Stinger®, WideMatch, Colt AS, and Curtail® M for improved top growth suppression of Canada thistle. Apply when Canada thistle is in the rosette to pre-bud growth stage.

Precaution: Temporary crop injury may occur with tank mixes under extreme weather conditions or when the crop is suffering from stress due to inadequate or abnormally high moisture levels or extreme temperatures.

When tank mixing, add the broadleaf herbicide(s) to the spray tank first followed by Axial TBC Herbicide, then add Adigor Adjuvant last.

Note: Tank mixing is not recommended with any chemical additives, pesticides, or fertilizers that are not recommended on this label, or other Syngenta labeling or recommendations made by Syngenta as reduced weed control and/or crop injury may occur. Herbicides not approved for tank mixing on this Axial TBC label, or other Syngenta labeling or recommendations made by Syngenta may be applied sequentially. Always apply Axial TBC Herbicide first and allow at least 4 days after application of Axial TBC Herbicide before applying these herbicides sequentially.

TANK MIXES WITH FUNGICIDES, INSECTICIDES AND LIQUID NITROGEN FERTILIZER

Tank Mix Application With Tilt® Fungicide

Axial TBC Herbicide may be tank mixed with Tilt Fungicide for annual grass and broadleaf weed control and early season disease suppression. Apply Axial TBC Herbicide at 8.85 oz./A in a tank mix with Tilt Fungicide at 2 oz./A. Add Tilt Fungicide to the tank first, followed by Axial TBC Herbicide, then Adigor Adjuvant last. Refer to the Tilt Fungicide label for specific use directions, application rates, restrictions, and a list of diseases suppressed and/or controlled.

Tank Mix Application With Quilt® Fungicide

Axial TBC Herbicide may be tank mixed with Quilt Fungicide for annual grass and broadleaf weed control and early season disease suppression. Apply Axial TBC Herbicide at 8.85 oz./A in a tank mix with Quilt Fungicide at 7 oz./A. Add Quilt Fungicide to the tank first, followed by Axial TBC Herbicide, then Adigor Adjuvant last. Refer to the Quilt Fungicide label for specific use directions, application rates, restrictions, and a list of diseases suppressed and/or controlled. **Note:** under certain environmental conditions, tank mixes of Quilt Fungicide plus herbicides may cause crop injury.

Tank Mix Application With Warrior II with Zeon Technology®

Axial TBC Herbicide may be tank mixed with Warrior II with Zeon Technology for annual grass and broadleaf weed control and insect control. Apply Axial TBC Herbicide at 8.85 oz./A in a tank mix with Warrior II with Zeon Technology at specified use rates. Add Axial TBC Herbicide to the tank first, followed by Adigor Adjuvant, then add Warrior II with Zeon Technology last. Refer to the Warrior II with Zeon Technology label for specific use directions, application rates, restrictions, and a list of insects controlled.

Mixtures with Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers

Axial TBC Herbicide may be mixed in a spray solution containing up to 50% liquid nitrogen fertilizer. Add Axial TBC Herbicide to the water first followed by Adigor Adjuvant. Mix thoroughly, then add the liquid nitrogen fertilizer in an amount no greater than 50% of the final volume. **Note:** under certain environmental conditions, mixtures of liquid nitrogen fertilizers as a partial carrier may cause crop burn.

When using Axial TBC Herbicide with approved herbicide tank-mix partners, consult the label of the partner product and follow any additional instructions or restrictions on that label which relate to mixture with liquid nitrogen fertilizers.

AVOIDING INJURIOUS SPRAY DRIFT

This product can affect broadleaf plants directly through foliage and indirectly by root uptake from treated soil. Do not apply directly to, or allow spray drift to come into contact with, broadleaf crops including, but not limited to, alfalfa, canola, beans, cotton, flowers, grapes, lettuce, lentils, mustard, peas, potatoes, radishes, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables, or other desirable broadleaf crops or ornamental plants or soil where sensitive crops will be planted the same season. Make application only when there is little or no hazard from spray drift. Very small quantities of spray, which may be visible, may seriously injure crops, whether dormant or actively growing.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S641).
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use $\frac{1}{2}$ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use $\frac{3}{4}$ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

- THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the

potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- **Volume** - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- **Spray Nozzle** - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

- **Adjust Nozzles** - Follow nozzle manufacturer's recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT – Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

For best accuracy, calibrate the sprayer before use.

Ground Applications

Water Volume - Use an application volume of 5-10 gallons of water per acre. Use 10 gallons of water per acre under dry conditions or dense weed populations. Application rates of greater than 10 gallons of water per acre should be avoided as reduced weed control may occur.

Spray Nozzles - 80° or 110° flat fan nozzles are recommended for optimum spray coverage. Nozzles must be uniformly spaced along the boom to provide accurate and uniform coverage. Point the nozzles forward in the direction of travel at an angle of 45° for optimum coverage of weeds. Follow the nozzle manufacturer's recommendations for pressure and screens. Do not use flood or hollow cone type nozzles.

Screens - Use a screen or strainer with 16-mesh or coarser on the suction side of the pump. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line unless using a roller or piston pump. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom and at the nozzles.

Pressure - 35-40 psi at the nozzles. Lower pressure may be used with extended range or low pressure nozzles.

Pump - Must have capacity to maintain pressure (35-40 psi) and to maintain the product suspension through tank agitation. A centrifugal pump is recommended with an agitation rate of 20 gals./minute/100 gals. tank size. Agitation must be maintained during mixing and spraying.

Good weed coverage with the spray mixture is essential for optimum weed control results. Observe sprayer nozzles frequently during the spraying operation to ensure that the spray pattern is uniform. Avoid large spray overlaps which result in excessive rates in the overlap areas. Also, avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur. To reduce spray drift, do not apply under windy conditions. Allow adequate distance between target area and desirable vegetation to prevent drift to nontarget areas. Boom height for broadcast over-the-top application should be based upon the free-standing height of the crop, not height above the soil surface, and should be at least 12 inches above the crop.

Aerial Applications

Apply Axial TBC Herbicide in water using a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A. Avoid application under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

Sensitive Areas

This pesticide may only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas, e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, non-target plants is minimal, (i.e., when the wind is blowing away from the sensitive area.)

Avoid all direct or indirect contact (such as spray drift) of Axial TBC Herbicide with crops other than those specified for treatment on this label, since injury may occur.

Chemigation

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

MIXING PROCEDURES

Prior to using Axial TBC Herbicide, ensure that the spray tank, lines and screens and filters are thoroughly clean.

Mixing Instructions

1. Clean spray tank and half fill with clean water. Start agitation or bypass system.
2. If a broadleaf herbicide mix partner is to be used, add the product **FIRST**, prior to adding Axial TBC Herbicide and agitate for 2-3 minutes.
3. Add correct amount of Axial TBC Herbicide.
4. Agitate for 2-3 minutes.
5. Add correct amount of Adigor Adjuvant
6. Agitate for 1-2 minutes before adding remainder of water and then maintain constant agitation.
7. After any break in spraying operations, agitate thoroughly before spraying again.
8. **Use the spray solution as soon as it is prepared.**

CLEANOUT PROCEDURES FOR SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Thoroughly clean application equipment immediately after spraying Axial TBC Herbicide. Ensure that all traces of the product are removed. The following directions are provided:

1. Drain any remaining spray mixture from the application equipment.
2. Hose down the interior surfaces of the tank while filling the tank $\frac{1}{2}$ full of water.
3. Add household ammonia at a rate of 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water. Recirculate for 5 minutes and spray out part of this mixture for 5 minutes through the boom. Drain tank.
4. Remove all spray nozzles and screens and clean separately.
5. If spray equipment will be used for pesticide application to crops sensitive to Axial TBC Herbicide, steps 1-3 should be repeated. Exterior surfaces of spray equipment should also be thoroughly cleaned.

Note: Rinsate may be disposed of on site according to label use directions or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

Wheat and Barley

Axial TBC Herbicide can be used on all varieties of spring wheat (excluding durum), winter wheat, and barley. Do not allow spray to drift to adjacent fields seeded to crops other than wheat or barley. Do not treat wheat or barley underseeded with legumes.

To avoid possible illegal residues:

- Make only one application per 12 consecutive months.
- Do not graze livestock or harvest forage for hay from treated wheat and barley for a minimum of 30 days following application.
- Do not harvest grain for 60 days following application.
- Wheat and barley straw may be fed to livestock 60 days after application.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store near seeds, fertilizers, or foodstuffs.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticides, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-888-8372, day or night.

Container Disposal

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Residue Removal

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

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