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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

FEB 1 5 2008

Mr. Timothy Wilson Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, NC 27419

Dear Mr. Wilson:

Subject: Amendment - Add Cucurbit Vegetables (Group 9), Tuberous and Corm (subgroup 1C), Grass (forage, fodder, and hay)(Group 17), Barley Buckwheat, Oat, Rye, Wild Rice, and Pistachios

Warrior II Insecticide EPA Reg. No. 100-1295 Your submission dated November 30, 2007

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA

section 3(c)(7(a)), is acceptable and a stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

George LaRocca. Product Manager 13 Insecticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS, OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

Warrior® II Insecticide			
	Group	3	Insecticide
Active Ingredient:			
Active Ingredient: Lambda-cyhalothrin ^{1,2}			
Other Ingredients:			77.2%
Total:			100.0%

Warrior II contains 2.08 lbs. of active ingredient per gal. and is a capsule suspension.

¹CAS No. 153719-23-4 ²Synthetic pyrethroid Contains petroleum distillate.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use in booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1295 EPA Est. No. XXXX

Product of XXXX Formulated in the USA

SCP 1295A–M (draft crops)

Net Contents

ACCEPTED FEB 1 5 2008				
Under the Federal Insecticida, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the posticide registered under EPA Reg. No. $100 - 1295$				

FIRST AID				
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment			
	advice.			
	 Do not give any liquid to the person. 			
	 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control 			
	center or doctor.			
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20			
	minutes.			
	 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then 			
	continue rinsing eye.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
lf on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.			
clothing	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. 			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air.			
	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give 			
	artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN			
Contains petrole	um distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia			
Have the product	t container or label with you when calling a poison control center or			
doctor, or going f				
	HOT LINE NUMBER			
For 2	24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal)			
	nemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident)			
	Call			
·	1-800-888-8372			

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeling. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hrs. after exposure and may last 2 – 30 hrs., without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, Category G, such as barrier laminate or viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife.

For terrestrial uses: do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas

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may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, Category G, such as barrier laminate or viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR INSECT CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Initial and residual control are contingent upon thorough crop coverage. Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. per acre by air or 10 gals. per acre by ground unless otherwise specified in this label. When foliage is dense or pest pressure is high (heavier insect or egg pressure, larger larval stages), use of higher application volumes and/or higher use rates may improve initial and residual control.

For cutworm control, Warrior II may be applied before, during, or after planting. For soilincorporated applications, use higher rates for improved control.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Warrior II is a Group 3 Insecticide (contains the active ingredient lambda-cyhalothrin). Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

Observe the Following Precautions When Spraying in the Vicinity of Aquatic Areas Such as Lakes; Reservoirs; Rivers; Permanent Streams, Marshes, or Natural Ponds; Estuaries and Commercial Fish Farm Ponds:

- Do not apply by ground within 25 ft., or by air within 150 ft. of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams, marshes, pot holes, or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 ft. when ultra-low volume (ULV) application is made.
- All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

- For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.
- Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 ft. above the crop canopy should be avoided.
- Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3 - 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.
- Risk of exposure to aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.
- Do not cultivate within 10 ft. of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

In the State of New York, a 25 ft. vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip untraversed by drainage tiles must be maintained between a treated field and a coastal salt marsh or stream that drains into a coastal salt marsh, for both aerial or ground application. For aerial applications, the 25 ft. vegetated non-cropped buffer strip for runoff protection would be part of the larger 150 ft. buffer strip (or 450 ft. buffer strip for ULV application) required for spray drift.

TANK MIX APPLICATION

When tank mixing with any other agricultural products, **always add Warrior II last**. Fill the tank with $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{2}{3}$ volume of the mixing diluent. Make sure all other products are fully dispersed in the mixing diluent before adding the recommended rate of Warrior II to the tank. Add the remainder of the mixing diluent volume. It is recommended that mixing and spray equipment have continuous agitation for best results. Follow the precautions and limitations of the most restricted product in the tank mixture.

While Warrior II has good flexibility for tank mixing with other agricultural products, a jar test for physical compatibility is recommended for untried mixtures, using proper ratios and mixing sequences of all ingredients to be included in the mixture.

Warrior II is an aqueous based formulation. It is recommended that no type of nonemulsifiable oils be used in combination with Warrior II. If adjuvants are used, use only:

- Nonionic Surfactant (NIS) containing at least 75% surface agent, or
- Nonphytotoxic Crop Oil Concentrate (COC), including once-refined Vegetable Oil Concentrate (VOC), or,
- Methylated Sunflower Oils (MSO) containing a minimum of 17% emulsifier.

Adjuvants other than NIS or COC may be used providing the product meets the following criteria:

- 1. Contains only EPA exempt ingredients.
- 2. Is nonphytotoxic to the target crop.
- 3. Is compatible in mixture. (May be established through a jar test.)
- 4. Is supported locally for use with Warrior II on the target crop through proven field trials and through university and extension recommendations.

In addition, the following may be used as diluents:

- Crop Oil Concentrate
- Methylated Sunflower Oils
- Urea-Ammonium Nitrate

It is recommended that the following not be used in combination with Warrior II as diluents or adjuvants:

- Nonemulsifiable oils,
- Diesel Fuel
- Straight Mineral Oil

CHEMIGATION

Sprinkler Irrigation Application

Apply Warrior II at rates and timing described elsewhere in this label. As local recommendations differ, consult your local State Extension Service or other local experts for recommendations on adjuvant or diluent types, (see **TANK MIX APPLICATION**) rates and mixing instructions. These recommendations should be proven, through university and extension field trials, to be effective with Warrior II applied by chemigation.

Check the irrigation system to insure uniform application of water to all areas. Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control. Good agitation in the pesticide supply tank should be maintained prior to and during the entire application period.

Apply by injecting the recommended rate of Warrior II into the irrigation system using a metering device that will introduce a constant flow and by distributing the product to the target area in 0.1-0.2 acre-inch of water. In general, use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage. It is recommended that the product be injected into the main irrigation line ahead of a right angle turn in the line to insure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Once the application is completed, flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water before stopping the system.

In addition to the above recommendations, if application is being made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, the recommended rate of Warrior II for the area covered should be injected into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for sufficient time to provide adequate coverage and product distribution.

It is not recommended that Warrior II be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Use Precautions - Sprinkler Irrigation Applications

- A. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- B. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

- C. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- D. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- E. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- F. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back-flow.
- G. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- H. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 1. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- J. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- K. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and are capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- L. Any alternatives to the above required safety devices must conform to the list of EPA-approved alternative devices.
- M. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment or non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- N. Do not apply through chemigation systems connected to public water systems.

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SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

		Rate	
Crem	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
	LFA GROWN FOR SEED		
		,	
	Alfalfa Caterpillar	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
	Army Cutworm		
	Cutworm species		
	Green Cloverworm		
	Leathopper species		
	Looper species		
	Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper		
	Velvetbean Caterpillar		
	Webworm species		
	Alfalfa Seed Chalcid (Adult)	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 - 1.92
	Alfalfa Weevil		
	Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle (Adult)	3	
	Blister Beetle species		
	Blue Alfalfa Aphid		
•	Clover Leaf Weevil species		
•	Clover Root Borer (Adult)	· .	
	Clover Root Curculio species (Adult)		
	Clover Stem.Borer (Adult)		
	Corn Earworm		
	Cowpea Aphid		
	Cowpea Curculio (Adult) Cowpea Weevil (Adult)		
	Cucumber Beetle species (Adult)		
	Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil		
	Fall Armyworm ¹		
	Grape Colaspis (Adult)		
	Grasshopper species		
	Green June Beetle (Adult)		
	Green Peach Aphid ³		
•	Japanese Beetle (Adult)		
	Meadow Spittlebug		
	Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Aphid		
	Pea Weevil (Adult)	• •	
	Plant Bug species including Lygus species ³		
	Spotted Alfalfa Aphid		
	Stink Bug species		
	Sweet Clover Weevil (Adult)		
	Thrips species ⁴		
	Western Yellowstriped Armyworm		
	Whitefringed Beetle species (Adult)		
	Yellowstriped Armyworm		
	·		
	Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}	0.03	1.92
	Blotch Leafminer ³		
	Spider Mites ²		

- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations
 reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum
 of 2 gals. per acre by air or 10 gals. per acre by ground. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high
 5–10 gals. per acre by air or 20 gals. per acre by ground and higher use rates are recommended. Use higher
 rates for increased residual control.
- Avoid application when bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or during the evening hours. Be aware of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters during and for 2–3 days following application. Avoid direct application to bee shelters.
- Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. or 0.12 pts. of product) per acre per cutting.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest for forage or within 7 days of harvest for hav.
- ¹ Use higher rates for large larvae.

² Suppression only.

³ See Résistance statement under General Directions for Use.

⁴Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

		Ra	te
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	/A fl. oz./A
CANOLA		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Armyworm species Cabbage Seedpod Weevil Cutworm species Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Looper species Lygus Bug	0.015 – 0.03	0.96 – 1.92
	Cabbage Aphid	0.03	1.92

• Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.

Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.

• Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

• Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per year.

		Ra	te
Crop	Target Pest	lb. a.i./A	fl.oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Corn (at Plant): Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn Sweet Corn	Corn Rootworm Larvae: Mexican Northern Southern Western Cutworm species Lesser Cornstalk Borer Red Imported Fire Ant ¹ Seedcorn Beetle Seedcorn Maggot White Grub species Wireworm species	0.005 lbs. a.i. per 1000 ft .of row ²	0.33 fl. oz. per 1000 ft. of row ²

- Banded Applications Apply at planting as a 5–7 inch T–band sprayed across the open seed furrow between the furrow openers and the press wheels or as a band application behind the press wheel.
- In-Furrow Applications Apply into the seed furrow through spray nozzles or microtubes, behind the planter furrow openers and in front of the press wheel.
- Apply a minimum of 3 gals. finished spray per acre.
- Do not harvest or graze livestock or cut treated crops for feed within 21 days of at plant application.
- Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per crop at plant.
- For field corn, popcorn, and seed corn **do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per crop from at plant and foliar applications. For sweet corn **do not** apply more than 0.48 lb. a.i. (30.72 fl. oz. or 1.92 pts. of product) per acre per crop from at plant and foliar applications.

¹Suppression only.

		Va	rious Row Spacin	ngs		
Row Spacing	40"	38"	36"	34"	32"	30"
Linear Ft./A	13,068	13,756	14,520	15,374	16,335	17,424
Lb. a.i./A	0.067	0.07	0.075	0.079	0.084	0.09
Fl. oz./A	4.3	4.55	4.8	5.05	5.4	5.75

		Ra	te
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Corn (Foliar) Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn	Corn Earworm ¹ Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Meadow Spittlebug Western Bean Cutworm ¹	0.015 – 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Armyworm ² Bean Leaf Beetle Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ³ Cereal Leaf Beetle Corn Leaf Aphid ³ Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult): Mexican Northern Southern Western English Grain Aphid ³ European Corn Borer ¹ Fall Armyworm ² Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hop Vine Borer ¹ Japanese Beetle (Adult) Lesser Cornstalk Borer Sap Beetle (Adult) Seedcorn Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer ¹ Stalk Borer ¹ Stalk Borer ¹ Stink Bug species Tobacco Budworm ^{1,4} Webworm species Yellowstriped Armyworm ²	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Beet Armyworm ⁴ Chinch Bug Greenbug ^{3,4} Mexican Rice Borer ¹ Rice Stalk Borer ¹ Southern Corn Leaf Beetle ³ Sugarcane Borer ¹	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescribed corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds or other locally recommended methods.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small corn.
 Direct spray to the base of corn plants. Repeat applications at 3-5-day intervals if needed. Warrior II may only

suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.

- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. of product) per acre.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment. Do not feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days after last treatment.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per crop from at plant and foliar applications.
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pts. of product) per acre after silk initiation. Do not apply
 more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. or 0.12 pts. of product) per acre after corn has reached the milk stage (yellow
 kernels with milky fluid).

¹For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or ear.

²Use higher rates for large larvae.

³Suppression only.

⁴See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

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		Ra	ate		
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A		
CEREAL GRAINS					
Sweet Corn (Foliar)	Aphid species ^{2,3} Armyworm ¹ Aster Leafhopper Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Chinch Bug	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92		
	Common Cornstalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult):				
	Mexican Northern Southern Western				
	Cutworm species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm ¹ Flea Beetle species				
	Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (Adult)				
	Southern Armyworm ¹ Southwestern Corn Borer Spider Mite species ² Stink Bug species				
	Tarnished Plant Bug Webworm species Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm ¹				
	Corn Silkfly (Adult) ²	0.03	1.92		

Remarks

- Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescribed corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 4 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds or other locally recommended methods and should be targeted for control before insects enter the stalk or ear.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage and ears (if present). When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control
 program use a minimum of 0.025 lb. a.i. (1.60 fl. oz. of product) per acre.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment. Do not feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days after last treatment.
- Do not apply more than 0.48 lb. a.i. (30.72 fl. oz. or 1.92 pts. of product) per acre per crop from at plant and foliar applications.

¹Use higher rates for large larvae.

²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		R	ate
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Rice Wild Rice	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid Chinch Bug Fall Armyworm	0.025 - 0.04	1.6 - 2.56
	Grasshopper species Greenbug Leafhopper species		
	Rice Stink Bug Rice Water Weevil (adult) Riceworm		
•	Sharpshooter species True Armyworm Yellow Sugarcane Aphid Yellowstriped Armyworm		
	European Corn Borer ¹ Mexican Rice Borer ¹ Rice Seed Midge ¹ Rice Stalk Borer ¹ Sugarcane Borer ¹	0.03 – 0.04	1.92 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of application should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Determine the need for repeat applications, usually at intervals of 5 - 7 days, by scouting.
- Warrior II can be safely used when propanil products are being used for weed control.
- Apply by air or by ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water (or total carrier volume) per acre, but ensure sufficient volume is used to provide adequate coverage. In addition, adding an emulsified crop oil (e.g., 1 pt. per acre) when lower aerial application volumes are used is recommended to help improve coverage, reduce evaporation and improve efficacy.
- For control of rice water weevil in dry-seeded rice, make a foliar application as indicated by scouting for the
 presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually within a time-frame of 0-5 days after permanent flood
 establishment. Do not exceed 10 days from starting permanent flood until insecticide application unless scouting
 indicates weevils have not been previously present. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice
 development to reduce overwintering populations.
- For control of rice water weevil in water-seeded rice, make the first foliar application after pinpoint flood as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually when rice has emerged 0.5 inch above the waterline. Under conditions of prolonged migration into the field, start field scouting for rice water weevil adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial treatment and, if needed, apply a second application within 7-10 days of the first application. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations.
- California: In addition to above directions for control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, Warrior II may be applied at the 1-3 leaf growth stage, with the majority at the 2 leaf growth stage. Adults are vulnerable on levees and in the water. Larvae are vulnerable while feeding on the leaf prior to entering the soil. Monitor for adults, based upon field history and density of population. Monitor field edges and levee areas for adults. Treat in the following manner: a) spray the inside perimeter of the field, or b) spray the entire field.
- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Warrior II may only provide suppression. If satisfactory control is not
 achieved with the first application of Warrior II, a resistant biotype may be present. Use alternate chemistry for
 control.
- For control of stem borers, scout fields, when rice growth is near panicle differentiation, for early symptoms of damaging populations exhibited as discoloration (orange-tan) around the junction of the leaf sheath and leaf blade which is caused by feeding of young larvae within the sheath. Applications must be made before larvae bore into rice stems. Make the first application at panicle differentiation to 2 inch panicle for partial control. Make

- the second application at boot to heading for maximum control. All rice varieties are susceptible to stem borer damage, but Cocodrie and Priscilla are particularly susceptible. Mixers/loaders supporting aerial applications to wild rice at a rate of 0.04 lb. ai. per acre, and treating 1200 acres (or more) per day must wear dust-mist respirator. **Do not** release flood water within 7 days of an application. **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pt. of product) per acre per season. **Do not** apply more than 0.04 lb. a.i. (2.56 fl. oz. or 0.16 pt. of product) per acre within 21 to 27 days of harvest. **Do not** use treated rice fields for the aquaculture of edible fish and crustacea. **Do not** apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.

¹For control before the larvae bores into the plant stalk.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Ra	ite	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	
CEREAL GRAINS				
Sorghum (Grain)	Cutworm species Sorghum Midge	0.015 - 0.02	0.96 – 1.28	
	Armyworm Beet Armyworm ³ Corn Earworm European Corn Borer ² Fall Armyworm ¹ Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Lesser Cornstalk Borer ² Southwestern Corn Borer ² Stink Bug species Webworm species Yellowstriped Armyworm ¹	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92	
	Chinch Bug Mexican Rice Borer ² Rice Stalk Borer ² Sugarcane Borer ²	0.03	1.92	

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For sorghum midge control, begin applications when 25% of the sorghum heads have emerged and are in tip bloom. Repeat applications at 5-day intervals if needed.
- For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum. Direct spray to the base of sorghum plants. Repeat applications at 3 - 5-day intervals if needed. Warrior II may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.
- Do not apply more than 0.08 lb. a.i. (5.12 fl. oz. or 0.32 pt. of product) per acre per season.
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pt. of product) per acre per season after crop emergence.
- Do not apply more than 0.02 lb. a.i. (1.28 fl. oz. or 0.08 pt. of product) per acre per season once crop is in softdough stage.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

¹Use higher rates for large larvae.

²For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk. ³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

Target Pests	Ra	te
	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
Army Cutworm Cutworm species	0.015 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
Armyworm Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ¹ Cereal Leaf Beetle English Grain Aphid ¹ Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hessian Fly ⁴ Orange Blossom Wheat Midge Russian Wheat Aphid ¹ Stink Bug species Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02 – 0.03	1.28 ~ 1.92
Grass Sawfly	0.025 - 0.03	1.60 – 1.92
Chinch Bug Corn Leaf Aphid ² Greenbug ^{1,3} Mite species ²	0.03	1.92
	Army Cutworm Cutworm species Armyworm Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ¹ Cereal Leaf Beetle English Grain Aphid ¹ Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hessian Fly ⁴ Orange Blossom Wheat Midge Russian Wheat Aphid ¹ Stink Bug species Yellowstriped Armyworm Grass Sawfly Chinch Bug Corn Leaf Aphid ² Greenbug ^{1,3}	RaiIb. a.i./AArmy Cutworm Cutworm species0.015 - 0.025Armyworm Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid1 Cereal Leaf Beetle English Grain Aphid1 Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hessian Fly4 Orange Blossom Wheat Midge Russian Wheat Aphid1 Stink Bug species Yellowstriped Armyworm0.02 - 0.03Grass Sawfly0.025 - 0.03Chinch Bug Corn Leaf Aphid2 Greenbug1.30.03

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For chinch bug control, repeat applications at 3-5-day intervals if needed. Warrior II may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations.
- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Warrior II may provide suppression only. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated wheat forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 7 days after treatment. Do not feed treated straw to meat or dairy animals within 30 days after the last treatment.
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pts. of product) per acre per season.

¹Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves. Once crop has started to boot, Warrior II may provide suppression only. Higher rates and increased coverage will be necessary.

²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use. ⁴Make applications when adults emerge.



		Ra	ate
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
COLE CROPS(HEAD AND ST	EM BRASSICA)		
Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cavalo Broccolo Cauliflower Chinese Broccoli (gai lon) Chinese Cabbage (napa)	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Cabbage Webworm Cutworm species Imported Cabbageworm Southern Cabbageworm	0.015 – 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy) Kohlrabi	Aphid species ^{2,3} Armyworm Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Corn Earworm Diamondback Moth ³ Fall Armyworm ¹ Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Plant Bug species including Lygus species ³ Spider Mite species ² Stink Bug species Thrips species ² Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species ^{2,3}	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Stink Bug species Thrips species ² Vegetable Weevil (Adult)		

Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.

Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (15.36 fl. oz. or 0.96 pts. of product) per acre per season.

¹For control of first and second instar only. ²Suppression only. ³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

	······································	Ra	ite
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fi. oz./A
COTTON	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Cutworm species Soybean Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.015 – 0.02	0.96 – 1.28
	Cabbage Looper Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cotton Leafworm Lygus Bug species ³ Pink Bollworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Bandedwing Whitefly ^{2,3} Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Boll Weevil Brown Stink Bug Cotton Aphid ^{2,3} Cotton Bollworm European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Green Stink Bug Southern Green Stink Bug Sweet Potato Whitefly ^{2,3} Tobacco Budworm ³ Twospotted Spider Mite ²	0.025 – 0.04	1.60 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 7 days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage.
- Applications may also be made with equipment adapted and calibrated for ULV sprays. Warrior II may be mixed with once-refined vegetable oil and applied in a minimum of at least one qt. of finished spray per acre.
- Under light bollworm/budworm infestation levels, 0.02 lb. a.i. (1.28 fl. oz. of product) per acre may be applied in conjunction with intense field monitoring.
- For boll weevil control, spray on a 3-5 day schedule.
- When applied according to label directions for control of cotton bollworm and tobacco budworm, Warrior II also
 provides ovicidal control of unhatched Heliothine species eggs.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.8 pt. of product) per acre per season.
- Do not make more than a total of 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season.

¹For control of the first and second instar only. ²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Ra	ite
Сгор	Target Pests	b. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CUCURBIT VEGETABLES	T	······································	
Chayote (fruit)	Armyworm species ¹	0.02-0.03	1.28-1.92
Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese	Blister Beetle species		
preserving melon)	Cabbage Looper		
Citron Melon	Corn Earworm		
Cucumber	Cricket species		
Gherkin	Cucumber Beetle species (adults)		
Gourd (edible)	Cutworm species		
Lagenaria species –	Flea Beetle species		,
includes: hyotan, cucuzza	Grasshopper species		
Luffa acutangula,	June Beetle species		
L. cylindrical - includes:	Leaffooted Bug		
hechima, Chinese okra	Leafhopper species		
Momordica species –	Lygus Bug species ¹		
includes: balsam apple,	Melonworm		
balsam pear, bitter melon,	Pickleworm	•	
Chinese cucumber	Plant Bug species		
Muskmelon (hybrids and/or	Rindworm species complex		
cultivars of Cucumis melo) -	Saltmarsh Caterpillar		
includes: true cantaloupe,	Squash Beetle		
cantaloupe, casaba,	Squash Bug species	(
crenshaw melon, golden	Squash Vine Borer species		
pershaw melon, honeydew	Stink Bug species Thrips species ^{1, 2}		
melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon,	Tobacco Budworm ¹	× .	
pineapple melon, Santa	Webworm species	, i i i	
Claus melon, snake melon	webworn species		
Pumpkin			×.
Squash, summer (Cucurbita			
pepo var. melopepo) –			
includes: crookneck squash,			,
scallop squash, straightneck			· .
squash, vegetable marrow,	•		
zucchini		l l	
Squash, winter (Cucurbita	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• .	
maxima; C. moschata) -		1	
includes butternut squash,			
calabaza, hubbard squash			
(C. mixta; C. pepo) -			
includes: acorn squash,			
spaghetti squash			
Watermelon – includes:			
hybrids and/or varieties of			,
Citrulius lanatus			,
	Aphid species ¹	0.03	1.92
	Leafminer species	0.05	1.52
	Whitefly species ^{1, 3}		
	Spider Mite species ³		
	opider mile species		

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- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of all plant parts. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. total solution per acre. When applying by ground, a minimum of 10 gal. total solution per acre is recommended.
- Use higher application volumes and/or rates when foliage is dense, pest populations are high, larvae are large, weather conditions are adverse and/or as plant size increases. Use higher rates for longer residual.
- Insects that bore or tunnel into leaves, vines, stems or fruit must be controlled before penetration.
 Only exposed insects (larvae and/or adults) can be controlled with foliar applications of Warrior II.
- Do not apply more than 0.18 lb. a.i. (11.5 fl. oz. or 0.72 pts. of product) per acre per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

¹See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use. ²Does not include Western Flower Thrips ³Suppression only.

		Ra	ite	
Сгор	Target Pests	Ib. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	
FRUITING VEGETABLE	ES			
Eggplant Ground cherry Pepino Peppers (bell and	Cabbage Looper Cutworm species Hornworm species	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60	
nonbell) Tomatillo Tomato	Aphid species ^{2.3} Beet Armyworm ^{1.3} Blister Beetle species Colorado Potato Beetle ³ Cucumber Beetle species (Adult) European Corn Borer ⁴ Fall Armyworm ¹ Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species ² Meadow Spittlebug Pepper Weevil (Adult) ² Plant Bug species Southern Armyworm ¹ Spider Mite species ² Stalk Borer ⁴ Stink Bug species Thrips ⁵ Tobacco Budworm ³ Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Pinworm Tomato Pinworm Tomato Pisyllid ^{2.3} Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species ^{2.3} Yellowstriped Armyworm ¹	0.02 ~ 0.03	1.28 – 1.92	

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.36 lb. a.i. (23.04 fl. oz. or 1.44 pts. of product) per acre per season.

¹For control of first and second instar only. ²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

⁴For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or fruit.

⁵Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

		Rate		
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	
GRASS FORAGE,				
FODDER AND HAY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Army Cutworm	0.015-0.025	0.96-1.6	
Pasture and Rangeland	Cutworm species	•		
Grass, Grass Grown for	Essex Skipper			
Hay or Silage and Grass	Range Caterpillar			
Grown for Seed	Striped Grass Looper			
	Beet Armyworm	0.02-0.03	1.28-1.92	
	Billbug species ³			
	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ¹			
	Black Grass Bug			
	Black Turfgrass Beetle (adult)			
	Blue Stem Midge			
	Cereal Leaf Beetle			
	Chinch Bug			
	Crane Fly species			
. ,	Cricket species			
	English Grain Aphid ¹			
	Fall Armyworm			
•	Flea Beetle species			
	Grass Mealybug			
•	Grass Sawfly (adult)			
	Grasshopper species			
	Green June Beetle (adult)		-	
	Greenbug ^{1, 2}		·	
· · ·	Japanese Beetle (adult)			
	Katydid species			
	Leafhopper species			
	Mite species ³			
	Russian Wheat Aphid ¹	·		
	Southern Armyworm			
	Spittlebug species			
	Stink Bug species	· · ·		
	Sugarcane Aphid			
	Thrips species			
	Tick species			
	True Armyworm			
	Webworm species			
	Yellowstriped Armyworm			

- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. total solution per acre. When applying by ground, a minimum of 7 gal. total solution per acre is recommended.
- Use higher application volumes and rates when foliage is dense, pest populations are high, larvae are

large and/or weather conditions are adverse. Use higher rates for longer residual.

- For chinch bug control, Warrior II may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.
- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Warrior II may provide suppression only. In this
 situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.
- Pasture and rangeland grass may be used for grazing or cut for forage 0 days after application. Do
 not cut grass to be dried and harvested for hay until 7 days after the last application.
 Grass grown for seed:
 - Straw, hay and mature seed (seed screenings) may be used as feed 7 days after the last application. Regrowth of grass grown for seed may be used for grazing, cut for forage or cut to be dried and harvested for hay.
- Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. or 0.12 pts. of product) per acre per cutting for pastures, rangeland and grasses grown for seed. A minimum re-treatment interval (RTI) of 30 days is required for pastures and rangeland receiving 0.03 lb. ai. per acre which have not been cut between applications.
- Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per season.

¹Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves. ²See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.

³Suppression only.

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	· · ·	Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
LEGUME VEGETABLES	(BEANS AND PEAS)		·
Edible Podded (Only)	Cutworm species	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Green Cloverworm		
Canavalia ensiformis	Imported Cabbageworm	1	
-jackbean	Mexican Bean Beetle)	÷
	Saltmarsh Caterpillar		
Canavalia gladiata	Velvetleaf Caterpillar		
-sword bean	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
Chucino mov	Alfalfa Caterpillar	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
Glycine max -soybean	Aphid species ⁴	0.02 - 0.03	1.20 - 1.92
(immature seed)	Armyworm ²		
(initiature seed)	Bean Leaf Beetle		-
Edible Podded	Bean Leafskeletonizer		
Succulent Shelled or	Blister Beetle species		
Dried Shelled	Corn Earworm		
	Corn Rootworm Beetle species (Adult)		
Cajanus cajan –	Cucumber Beetle species (Adult)		
Pigeon pea	Curculio and Weevil species ¹ (foliage and		
5	pod feeding adults and larvae)		
Phaseolus species –	European Corn Borer		
includes: field,	Fall Armyworm ²		
kidney, lima, navy,	Flea Beetle species (Adult)		•
pinto, runner, snap,	Fiea Hopper species	·	
tepary and wax	Grasshopper species		
beans	Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species		
	Leaffier species		
Pisum species – includes: dwarf,	Looper Species	·	
edible-pod, English,	Meadow Spittlebug		
field, garden, green,	Painted Lady Butterfly (Larva)		
snow and sugar snap	Plant Bug species including Lygus species ⁴		
peas	Stalk Borer ¹	· · .	· · · · ·
F	Stink Bug species		
Vigna species –	Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper	· ·	
includes: adzuki,	Thrips species ^{4,5}		
asparagus, moth,	Tobacco Budworm⁴		
mung, rice, urd and	Webworm species		
yardlong beans,	Western Bean Cutworm		
black-eye pea,	Western Yellowstriped Armyworm ²		
catjang, Chinese	Yellowstriped Armyworm ²		
longbean, cowpea,			•
Crowder pea, and			
Southern pea			

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·	······		,	······································
		• .		Rate
Crop	Target Pests		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
LEGUME VEGETABLE	S (BEANS AND PEAS)			
(continued) Succulent Shelled or Dried Shelled	Beet Armyworm ^{3,4} Leafminer species ^{3,4} Lesser Cornstalk Borer ³ Soybean Looper ^{3,4}		0.03	1.92
<i>Vicia faba. –</i> broadbean (favabean)	Spider Mite species ³ Whitefly species ^{3,4}			· .
Dried Shelled (Only)				
<i>Cicer arietimum –</i> chickpea (garbonzo bean)		· · ·		
Cyamopsis tetragonoloba – guar				
Lablab pupureus – Lablab bean (hyacinth bean)	•			
Lupinus species – includes: grain, sweet, white and sweet white lupines	•			
Lens esculata – Lentils				

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals, of water per acre.
- For edible podded and succulent shelled legume vegetables, do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- For dried shelled legume vegetables, do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb .a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season.
- For succulent and dried shelled peas and beans, do not graze livestock in treated areas or harvest vines for forage or hay.

¹For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or pods. ²Use higher rates for large larvae. ³For suppression only.

⁴See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use. ⁵ Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

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Crop	Target Pests	Ra	te
EGUME VEG	ETABLES (SOYBEANS)	Ib. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
Soybeans	Bean Leaf Beetle	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
-	Cabbage Looper		
	Corn Earworm		
	Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult):		
	Mexican		
	Northern		
	Southern	1	
·	Western		
	Cutworm species		
	Green Cloverworm		
	Mexican Bean Beetle		
	Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar		
	Potato Leafhopper		
	Saltmarsh Caterpillar		
`	Soybean Aphids ⁴		
	Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper		
	Thrips species ⁵		
	Velvetbean Caterpillar		
	Woollybear Caterpillar		
	Armyworm	0.025 - 0.03	1.60 - 1.92
	Blister Beetle species		
	European Corn Borer		
	Fall Armyworm ¹		
	Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult)		
	Plant Bug species	, 	
	Silverspotted Skipper		
	Stink Bug species		
	Tobacco Budworm ³		
	Webworm species		
	Yellowstriped Armyworm ¹		
	Beet Armyworm ^{2,3}	0.03	1.92
	Lesser Cornstalk Borer ²		
	Soybean Looper ^{2,3}		
	Spider Mite species ²	ļ	
	opider mile species		

Remarks:

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Do not graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw, or hay for livestock feed.
- Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* species) as part of an aerial-applied corn rootworm control
 program use a minimum of 0.02 lb. a.i. (1.28 fl. oz. of product) per acre.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pt. of product) per acre per season.

¹Use higher rates for large larvae.

²Suppression only.

- ³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.
- ⁴Use lower rates for early season applications and/or lighter populations.
- ⁵ Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

		Ra	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
LETTUCE (HEAD AND	LEAF)		
	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Imported Cabbageworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar	0.015 – 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Aphid species ^{2,3} Armyworm Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Corn Earworm Diamondback Moth ³ European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm ¹ Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Plant Bug species including Lygus species ³ Southern Armyworm Spider Mite species ² Stink Bug species Tobacco Budworm ³ Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species ^{2,3}	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92

Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.

Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

Do not apply more than 0.3 lb. a.i. (19.2 fl. oz. or 1.2 pts. of product) per acre per season.

¹For control of first and second instar only. ²Suppression only. ³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

•		Ra	te
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
ONION (BULB) AND G	ARLIC		······································
· .	Cutworm species Leafminer species (Adult) Onion Maggot (Adult) Seedcorn Maggot (Adult)	0.015 – 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
	Aphid species ² Armyworm species ¹ Flower Thrips ^{2,3} Onion Thrips ³ Plant Bug species Stink Bug species Tobacco Thrips ³ Western Flower Thrips ^{2,3}	0.02 – 0.03	1.28 1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Use the higher label rates as thrips population increases and avoid rescue situations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For thrips control by aerial application, the addition of 1% COC v/v, 1/4% NIS v/v or a silicone adjuvant (follow manufacturers use directions) may enhance the deposition of the spray and increase plant coverage.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (15.36 fl. oz. or 0.96 pts. of product) per acre per season.

¹For control of the first and second instar only. ²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Ra	te
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
PEANUTS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Cutworm species	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
	Green Cloverworm		
	Potato Leafhopper	l l	
	Rednecked Peanut Worm		
	Threecomered Alfalfa Hopper	· · ·	
	Velvetbean Caterpillar		
	Bean Leaf Beetle	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 - 1.92
	Corn Earworm	• •	
	Fall Armyworm ¹		
	Grasshopper species		
	Southern Corn Rootworm (Adult)	1 1	
	Stink Bug species	1	
	Tobacco Thrips		
	Vegetable Weevil		
	Whitefringed Beetle (Adult)		
	Aphid species ²	0.03	1.92
	Beet Armyworm ^{2,3}		
	Lesser Cornstalk Borer ²		· ·
	Soybean Looper ^{2,3}	{· [
	Spider Mite species ²		

. Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.

Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre. **Do not** apply within 14 days of harvest.

Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pt. of product) per acre per season. ٠

¹Use higher rates for large larvae.

²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use

		Rat	le
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
POME FRUITS			
Apple Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw Oriental Pear Pear Quince	Apple Aphid Apple Maggot (Adult) Cherry Fruit Fly species (Adult) Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Japanese Beetle Leafhopper species Leafroller species Lesser Appleworm Omnivorous Leafroller Orange Tortrix Oriental Fruit Moth Pear Sawfly Periodical Cicada Plant Bug species Plum Curculio Rosy Apple Aphid San Jose Scale (fruit infestations only) Spirea Aphid ¹ Stink Bug species Tent Caterpillar species Tentiform Leaf Miner species Tree Borer species Tufted Apple Budworm Webworm species	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds and IPM recommendations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.
 When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.80 pts. of product) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pts. of product) per acre per year post bloom.

¹Suppression only



		Rate	
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
STONE FRUITS	·		
Apricot Chickasaw Plum Damson Plum Japanese Plum Nectarine Peach Plum Plum Plum Sweet and Tart Cherry	American Plum Borer Apple Maggot (Adult) Black Cherry Aphid Cherry Fruit Fly species (Adult) Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Japanese Beetle June Beetle Leafhopper species Leafroller species Oriental Fruit Moth Peach Twig Borer Peachtree Borer species Pear Sawfly	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56
	Periodical Cicada Plant Bug species Plum Curculio		
	Rose Chafer Stink Bug species Tent Caterpillar species Thrips species		

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold and IPM recommendations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply a minimum of 5 gals. of water/per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.80 pts. of product) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pts. of product) per acre per year post bloom.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	Ib. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
SUGARCANE			
	Mexican Rice Borer ¹ Pygmy Mole Cricket Rice Stalk Borer ¹ Sugarcane Aphid ³ Sugarcane Beetle (Adult) ² Sugarcane Borer ¹ West Indian Cranefly Yellow Sugarcane Aphid ³	0.025 – 0.04	1.60 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.
 When applying by air, apply a minimum of 2 gal. of water per acre.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pt. of product) per acre per season.

¹For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk. ²Suppression only of beetles active above ground. ³See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.



•		Ra	te
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
UNFLOWER			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· ·	Cutworm species Sunflower Beetle	0.015 – 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
	Banded Sunflower Moth Fall Armyworm ¹ Grasshopper species Head-Clipper Weevil (Adult) Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Seed Weevil (Adult) Spotted Cabbage Looper Stem Weevil (Adult) Stink Bug species Sunflower Maggot (Adult) Sunflower Moth Woollybear Caterpillar	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Beet Armyworm ^{2,3} Spider Mite species ²	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of sunflower heads and/or foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.

• Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

• Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per season after bloom initiation.

• Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.

¹Use higher rates for large larvae. ²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
BACCO			·····
	Armyworm species ¹ Blister Beetle species	0.015 – 0.03	0.96 - 1.92
•	Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetle species (Adult)		
	Cutworm species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Katydid species		
	Plant Bug species ³ Potato Tuberworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar		· ·
· ,	Stinkbug species Tobacco Aphid species ^{2,3} Tobacco Budworm ³		
	Tobacco Flea Beetle (Adult) Tobacco Hornworm Tobacco Thrips species ²		
Ň	Tomato Hornworm Tree Cricket species		
	Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Webworm species		

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per year.

¹For control of first and second instars only. ²Suppression only.

³See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Ra	nte
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
TREE NUTS			
Almond Beech Nut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Filbert (Hazlenut) Hickory Nut Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut) Pistachio Walnut, Black Walnut, English (Persian)	Ants Chinch Bug Codling Moth Filbertworm Leaffooted Bug Leafroller species Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bug species Stink Bug species Walnut Aphid Walnut Husk Fly species (Adult)	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56
Pecan	Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Aphid species Pecan Casebearer species Pecan Phylloxera species Pecan Spittlebug Pecan Weevil Stink Bug species	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gals. of water/per acre, but use higher rates as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest
- Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pts. of product) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per year post bloom.

		Rate	
Сгор	Target Pests	Ib. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Pota Related)	to, Sweet Potato, Yams and		
Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem only) Canna (edible) Cassava (bitter and sweet) Chayote (root)	Cutworm species Leafhopper species Saltmarsh Caterpillar Sweet Potato Hornworm Woolybear Caterpillar species	0.015-0.025	0.96-1.60
Chufa Dasheen Ginger Leren Potato Sweet Potato Tanier Turmeric Yam (bean and true)	Aphid species ¹ Armyworm species ¹ Blister Beetle species Colorado Potato Beetle ¹ Corn Earworm Cricket species Cucumber Beetle species (adults) European Corn Borer Flea Beetle species (adults) Grasshopper species Looper species ¹ Lygus Bug species ¹ Plant Bug species ¹ Plant Bug species Potato Psyllid Potato Tuberworm Stink Bug species Sweet Potato Leaf Beetle (adults) Sweet Potato Vine Borer Thrips species ^{1, 2} Tortoise Beetle species Webworm species Weevil species (adults)	0.02-0.03	1.28-1.92
·	Leafminer species ^{1, 3} Spider Mite species ³ Whitefly species ^{1, 3}	0.03	1.92

- Remarks:
- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of all
 above ground plant parts. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. total solution per acre. When
 applying by ground, a minimum of 10 gal. total solution per acre is recommended.
- Use higher application volumes and/or rates when foliage is dense, pest populations are high, larvae are large, weather conditions are adverse and/or as plant size increases. Use higher rates for longer residual.
- Insects that bore or tunnel into leaves, vines, stems, tubers or corms must be controlled before penetration. Only
 exposed insects (larvae and/or adults) can be controlled with foliar applications of Karate Insecticide with Zeon
 Technology.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

²Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

³Suppression only.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CONIFER AND DECIDU	OUS TREES		
	· · · ·		······································
Plantations and Nurseries	Bagworm	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56
	Balsam Twig Aphid		
	Balsam Wooly Aphid		•
	Birch Leafminer		,
	Black Pine Weevil		•
ļ	Elm Leaf Beetle	· · .	
.]	European Elm Bark Beetle	·	
l	Gypsy Moth		
	Japanese Beetle		
	June Beetle species		
	Leaf Beetle species		
	Leafroller species		
	May Beetle species		
	Mealybug species ¹		
	Pales Weevil		
	Pine Chafer		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Pine Colaspis Beetle		
	Pine Conelet Bug		
· .	Pine Leaf Chermid		
	Pine Needle Scale		
	Pine Sawfly species		
	Pine Tip Moth species		
	Pine Tortoise Scale)	
	Pine Weevil species		
	Poplar Aphid species		
	Sawfly species	1	
	Spittlebug species		
	Spruce Budworm		
	Tent Caterpillar species	ļ	
1	Tussock Moth species	-	
	Webworm species		

- To control exposed foliage, flower, cone, seed and bark feeding insects, apply as required by scouting. Timing
 and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic
 thresholds.
- Apply with ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of target site. When applying by air, apply a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (15.36 fl. oz. or 0.96 pts. of product) per acre per year.

¹Suppression only.

		Rate		
Crop	Target Pest	Ib. a.i./A	fl.oz./A	
CONIFER AND DECIDUOUS TREES				
Seed Orchards	Coneworm species Seed Bug species Thrips species	See Remarks	See Remarks	

• For high volume sprayers, dilute 2.56 fl. oz. per 100 gals. of water and apply 5-10 gals. of finished spray per tree.

• For low volume sprayers, dilute 10 fl. oz. per 100 gals. of water and apply 100 gals. of finished spray per acre.

• For aerial applications, apply 7.5 fl. oz. per acre in a minimum of 10 gals. finish spray per acre.

• Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. a.i. (32 fl. oz. or 2 pts. of product) per acre per year.

	·	Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
Non–Cropland (Excluding Public Land)	See Crop Outlets on this Warrior II label for target pests and rates.	See Crop Outlets	See Crop Outlets

Spray non-cropland adjacent to agricultural areas to control migratory insects, which may threaten crops. Follow General Use Directions, rates and spray recommendations found elsewhere in this label for the adjacent crop outlet and target pests.

Use highest labeled rates for dense/large foliage, high insect populations and larger larval stages.

Repeat as necessary to maintain control. **Do not** exceed 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.8 pt. of product) per acre per year.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Rate Conversion Chart

Lb. a.i. Per Acre	FI. oz. Per Acre	Pints Per Acre	Treated Acres Per Gal.
0.015	0.96	0.06	133
0.02	1.28	0.08	100
0.025	1.60	0.10	80
0.03	1.92	0.12	67
0.035	2.24	0.14	57
0.04	2.56	0.16	50

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Prohibitions

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Storage

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area. DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Triple rinse (or equivalent); then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.

Bulk and Mini-Bulk Container Disposal

Reseal container and offer for reconditioning, or triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or clean in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

Container Precautions

Before refilling, RETURNABLE CONTAINER, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices.

REFILL ONLY WITH WARRIOR II. The contents of RETURNABLE CONTAINERS cannot be completely removed by cleaning. Refilling with materials other than Warrior II will result in contamination and may weaken container.

After filling and before transporting, check for leaks.

Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking container.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

Warrior[®], the Syngenta logo and the CP FRAME *are trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company*

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For non-emergency (e.g. current product information) call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.

Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P. O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300 www.syngenta-us.com

SCP 1295A–M(draft crops) (1 qt., 1 gal., 15 gal., 120 gal., bulk)

Warrior II (1295A-M(draft crops)-Ig-11-30-07 000100-01295.20071130.crops.pdf

(non-detachable container label - 1 qt., 1 gal.)

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.® Insecticide with Zeon Technology™ Warrior[®]II Insecticide

Group	3	Insecticide

Active Ingredient:	
Lambda-cyhalothrin ^{1,2}	
Other Ingredients:	77.2%
Total:	100.0%

Warrior II contains 2.08 lbs. of active ingredient per gal. and is a capsule suspension.

¹CAS No. 153719-23-4 ²Synthetic pyrethroid Contains petroleum distillate.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use in booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1295 EPA Est. XXXXX

SCP 1295A-M(draft crops) (1 qt., 1 gal.)

1 quart 1 gallon Net Contents

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeling. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hrs. after exposure and may last 2 – 30 hrs., without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

	FIRST AID
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
lf in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

lf inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN		
Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia		
•	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or g for treatment.	
HOT LINE NUMBER		
For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal)		
Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident)		
-	Call	
1-800-888-8372		

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife. For terrestrial uses: do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Prohibitions

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Storage

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area. DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Triple rinse (or equivalent); then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

Refer to Chemigation directions in booklet.

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Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300 www.syngenta-us.com

SCP 1295A–M(draft crops) (1 qt., 1 gal.)

Warrior II 1295A-M(draft crops)-Ig-11-30-07 000100-01295.20071130.crops.pdf

(non-detachable container label – 15 gal., 120 gal., bulk)

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS, OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S **CERTIFICATION.** Warrior® II Insecticide Group 3 Insecticide Active Ingredient: Lambda-cyhalothrin^{1,2} . 22.8% Other Ingredients: 77.2% 100.0% Total:

Warrior II contains 2.08 lbs. of active ingredient per gal. and is a capsule suspension.

¹CAS No. 153719-23-4 ²Synthetic pyrethroid Contains petroleum distillate.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use in booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1295 EPA Est. xxxxx

Product of XXXXX Formulated in the USA Poduct ID. XXXXX

SCP 1295A-M(draft crops) (15 gal., 120 gal., bulk)

____gallons Net Contents

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeling. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hrs. after exposure and may last 2 – 30 hrs., without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

	FIRST AID		
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 		
lf in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 		
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 		
lf inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 		
,	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN		
	eum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia		
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.			

HOT LINE NUMBER

For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) Call

1-800-888-8372

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife. For terrestrial uses: do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent permitted by applicable law, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE**

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EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Prohibitions

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Storage

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area. DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Bulk and Mini-Bulk Container Disposal

Reseal container and offer for reconditioning, or triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or clean in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

Container Precautions

Before refilling, RETURNABLE CONTAINER, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices.

REFILL ONLY WITH WARRIOR II. The contents of RETURNABLE CONTAINERS cannot be completely removed by cleaning. Refilling with materials other than Warrior II will result in contamination and may weaken container. After filling and before transporting, check for leaks.

Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking container.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

Refer to Chemigation directions in booklet.

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SCP 1295A–M(draft crops) (15 gal., 120 gal., bulk)

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