

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Montague Dixon Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, NC 27419-8300

Subject: EPA Reg. 100-1182 / Touchdown Hitech Master Label Amendment

The labeling referred to above is acceptable provided that you:

- 1) The font size of CAUTION and KEEP OUT OF REACH CHILDREN must be in compliance with 40 CFR 156.10.
- 2) Add "exists" after "washables" on page 2 of the label.
- 3) To the Environmental Hazards add "or rinseate" after "washwaters".
- 4) On page 11, under Application Equipment and Techniques, change "Applications should not be made" to "Applications must not be made". On page 14, under Wiper Application and CDA Equipment, change "Precautions should be taken" to "Precautions must be taken".
- 5) On page 51, change "use areas include areas such as" to "use areas including" and delete "residential areas" and "other public areas and similar industrial and noncrop sites". You must specify sites.
- 6) On page 52, change "Applications should not be made in low level" to "Applications must not be made in low level". On page 54, change "Precautions should be taken to avoid contact with crops" to "Precautions must be taken to avoid contact with crops", same on page 55 under CDA Equipment.
- 7) On page 56, change "Site and Use Recommendations" to "Site and Use Directions". Change "Tank Mix Recommendations" to "Tank Mix Directions".
- 8) On page 58, change "This product is not recommended for broadcast applications" to "This product is not to be used for broadcast applications". On page 65, change "Touchdown Hitech is not recommended" to "Touchdown Hitech is not to be used". On page 69, change "Oust XP tank mixes should not be" to "Oust XP tank mixes must not be".

Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec.

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6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions please call Erik Kraft at 703-308-9358 or email at Kraft.Erik@epa.gov.

Jim Tompkins

Nincerely,

Product Manager 25

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

TOUCHDOWN HITECH™ MASTER LABEL

GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

Touchdown HiTech™

Herbicide

Nonselective Foliar Systemic Herbicide for Weed Control

Active Ingredient:

*Contains 5 pounds per U.S. gallon of glyphosate acid equivalents.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1182

EPA Est. 100-LA-001

2.5 gallons Net Contents

30 gallons Net Contents

110 gallons Net Contents

220 gallons Net Contents

___ gallons [Bulk]
Net Contents

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

100-1182

	FIRST AID
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the product treatment.	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for
	HOT LINE NUMBER
	For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident), Call
	Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident),

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants Socks and shoes

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Do not store, mix or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in unlined steel (except stainless steel), galvanized steel containers, or sprayer tanks. This product or spray solutions of this product will react with these containers and tanks and produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by spark, open flame, lighted cigarette, welder torch, or other ignition source.

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic, or plastic-lined steel containers.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. To the fullest extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law,: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent permitted by applicable law, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and of Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Touchdown HiTech should be used only in accordance with recommendations on this label or in separately published supplemental labeling recommendations for this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralis

Chemical resistant gloves Category A, such as butyl rubber, or natural rubber, or neoprene rubber Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **NOT** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling [less than 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Container Handling [Bulk/Mini-Bulk]

Refillable container. Refill the container with Touchdown HiTech Herbicide only. Do not use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

GENERAL INFORMATION

Touchdown HiTech is a nonselective foliar systemic herbicide for control of a broad spectrum of emerged annual and perennial grass and broadleaf weeds and unwanted woody brush and trees.

Touchdown HiTech is formulated as a liquid concentrate which contains 5 pounds acid equivalent per gallon.

Touchdown HiTech may be used in the following agricultural and nonagricultural areas.

alfalfa, (including glyphosate-tolerant), clover, and other legumes berries, fruits, nuts, and vines canola, including glyphosate-tolerant conservation compliance/conservation reserve program (CRP) corn, including glyphosate tolerant cotton, including glyphosate tolerant fallowland and postharvest grasses and grass seed production herbs pastures peanuts small grains sorahum soybeans, including glyphosate-tolerant sugarcane sunflower vegetables

NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS

airports apartment complexes Christmas tree farms farmsteads fencerows forests golf courses. habitat restoration and management areas highways industrial sites lumber yards manufacturing sites natural areas office complexes ornamental nurseries parks parking areas pasture and rangeland petroleum tank farms and pumping installations pipeline, power, telephone and utility rights-of-way railroads recreational areas residential areas (commercial applicators only) roadsides school grounds storage areas utility substations warehouse areas

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- DO NOT spray if conditions of thermal inversion exist, or if wind direction and speed may cause spray
 to drift onto adjacent nontarget areas. Drift minimization is the responsibility of the applicator.
 Consult with local and State agricultural authorities for information regarding avoiding or minimizing
 spray drift.
- The MAXIMUM USE RATES indicated for Touchdown HiTech have been determined based upon the concentration of glyphosate acid (expressed as acid equivalents) contained in this product. The actual maximum application rates stated apply to the total amount of glyphosate acid equivalents applied to a given site in any year either from the application of this product alone or in combination with other glyphosate containing products, applied either as mixtures with other products or separately. Application rates must be calculated to ensure that the use of this and other glyphosate containing products do not exceed the maximum use rate as specified below unless otherwise specified in the specific use directions.
- In agricultural use sites and crop areas, do not exceed a total of 4.8 qt Touchdown HiTech/A
 equivalent to 6 lb glyphosate acid equivalents per acre per year.
- In nonagricultural use areas, do not exceed a total of 6.3 qt Touchdown HiTech/A equivalent to 8 lb glyphosate acid equivalents per acre per year.

- Do not exceed 0.6 qt/A by air unless otherwise specified on this label.
- For broadcast postemergence treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.
- Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute
 quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants, or other areas
 on which treatment was not intended. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle
 type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. Avoid applying at
 excessive speed or pressure.
- Touchdown HiTech requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Application to droughtstressed weeds or weeds with little green foliage (i.e. mowed, cut, or hailed on weeds); weeds covered with dust; weeds damaged by insects or diseases may result in reduced weed control.
- Touchdown HiTech does not provide soil residual control of weeds. Weeds emerging after application will require retreatment.
- Heavy rainfall or irrigation shortly after application may require retreatment.
- Tillage or mowing within 3 days following application may reduce weed control.
- Touchdown HiTech is not volatile and cannot move as a vapor after application onto nontarget vegetation.
- It is recommended that the spray system be thoroughly cleaned with water and a commercial tank cleaner after each use.
- Spray solutions of Touchdown HiTech should be mixed, stored, and applied using only plastic, plastic-lined steel, stainless steel, aluminum, or fiberglass containers. Concentrate should not be stored in galvanized steel, carbon steel, or unlined steel containers.
- There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of this product.
- Severe damage or destruction may be caused by contact of Touchdown HiTech to any vegetation (including leaves, green stems, exposed non-woody roots, or fruit) of crops, trees, and other desirable plants to which treatment is not intended, except as specified for glyphosate—tolerant crops.

GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT WEED MANAGEMENT

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to glyphosate may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The repeated use of herbicides with the same mode of action is known to lead under certain conditions to a selection of resistant weeds. Certain agronomic practices reduce the likelihood that resistant weed populations will develop and integrated strategies are known to manage such problem weeds.

Glyphosate is the active ingredient in the herbicide Touchdown HiTech. The primary mode of action of glyphosate involves inactivation of the target enzyme 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase (EPSPS). This enzyme is involved in the synthesis of several essential amino acids that are the building blocks for proteins needed for plant growth and development. In susceptible weeds glyphosate binds tightly to EPSPS rendering the enzyme inactive. With the inactivation of EPSPS, the plant is unable to produce certain essential amino acids resulting in plant death. Initial studies on the mechanistic basis of resistance to glyphosate in various weed species have to date, revealed EPSPS target site resistance,

and involvement of differences in translocation as important. Other mechanisms by which plants can become resistant to herbicides include differences in uptake, metabolism and sequestration. Within the USA specific biotypes of a number of species including, horseweed/marestail (*Conyza canadensis*), hairy fleabane (*Conyza bonariensis*), rigid ryegrass, (*Lolium rigidum*), Palmer amaranth (*Amaranthus palmeri*), common waterhemp (*Amaranthus* rudis), common ragweed (*Ambrosia artemisiifolia*), giant ragweed (*Ambrosia trifida*) and johnsongrass (*Sorghum halepense*) have become resistant to glyphosate. The first incident reported to the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee (HRAC) of glyphosate resistance was in 1998 on rigid ryegrass.

Following is a list of Best Weed Management practices to be considered in glyphosate-based programs.

Diversify glyphosate-dependent weed control programs with alternative herbicides or cultural practices.

- a. In glyphosate-tolerant corn, soybean systems do not use more than two applications of a glyphosate based herbicide over a two year period. Diversify with alternative herbicides/cultural practices.
- b. In glyphosate-tolerant cotton up to three glyphosate applications may be used in crop per year if employing in-crop cultivation/residual herbicide.
- Use alternative burndown and/or residual herbicides for glyphosate-tolerant crops likely to require more than one application of glyphosate.
- d. To manage glyphosate-tolerant resistant volunteers rotate RR crops with conventional crops.
- e. Use full label rates of glyphosate and tank mix partners. Minimize weed escapes.
- f. Monitor treated weed populations for any loss of field efficacy.
- g. Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor, and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Syngenta Crop Protection accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Touchdown HiTech to control resistant weeds.

APPLICATION AND MIXING DIRECTIONS - AGRICULTURAL USE SITES AND CROPS

TIMING

Touchdown HiTech should be applied to actively growing emerged weeds. Annual weeds of 6 inches or less in height are typically the easiest to control. Generally, more effective control of perennial weeds is achieved at the flowering or seedhead stage. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled**, **Woody Brush and Trees Controlled** sections, for specific application timing.

When annual weeds have been mowed or grazed, wait for 3-4 inches of new growth to appear prior to application. When perennial weeds have been mowed or grazed, allow new growth to reach recommended stage prior to application.

Visible effects on annual weeds occur within 2-4 days after application; effects on perennial weeds may take 7 days or longer. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity.

RATES

Follow specified rates for Touchdown HiTech listed in the **Weeds Controlled**, **Woody Brush and Trees Controlled** sections. Use the higher label rates when weeds are dense or large. Also, use higher application volumes and pressures when weed vegetation is dense.

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SPRAY ADDITIVES

Surfactants/Wetting Agents – This product does not contain a surfactant. A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25-0.5% v/v (1-2 quarts NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. The nonionic surfactant or wetting agent used should contain at least 75% active ingredient.

Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) – Control of annual and perennial weeds with Touchdown HiTech may be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water. In the High Plains where water sources contain Ca, Mg, Mn levels exceeding 150 ppm, use a minimum of 8.5 lbs. AMS per 100 gallons of spray mixture. Liquid formulations of AMS may be used at an equivalent rate. Do not reduce use rates of Touchdown HiTech when using AMS.

Drift Control Agents – Drift control agents may be used with Touchdown HiTech.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the requirements of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is recommended.

TANK MIXES WITH RESIDUAL HERBICIDES

Refer to crop sections for recommended tank mixes. Tank mixes of Touchdown HiTech with other pesticides, fertilizers, or any other additives except as specified on this label or other approved Syngenta supplemental labeling may result in tank mix incompatibility or unsatisfactory performance. It is recommended that the compatibility of any tank mix combination be tested on a small scale such as a jar test before actual tank mixing.

Always refer to labels of other pesticide products for mixing directions and precautions which may differ from those outlined here. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Tank Mixing Recommendations:

- 1. Fill spray tank ½ full with clean water.
- 2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- 3. Add AMS (if used).
- Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 6. Add Touchdown HiTech.
- Add nonionic surfactant or wetting agent.
- Fill remainder of spray tank.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Avoid drift. Applications should not be made in low level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or under any other conditions which favor drift. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended.

Compatibility with drift control additives may vary. It is recommended that the combination be tested on a small scale such as a jar test. Read and follow manufacturer's directions for use. A reduction in weed control may occur when drift control agents are used.

All equipment must be properly maintained and washed to remove product residues after use.

Broadcast Applications

Ground

Applications should be made in 3-40 gals. of water per acre.

When foliage is dense, spray volume should be increased to ensure coverage of the target weeds. Flatfan nozzles will result in the most effective application of Touchdown HiTech. Spray boom and nozzle heights must be adjusted to provide coverage of target weed. Flood nozzles may result in reduced weed control due to inadequate coverage.

Air

Applications should be made in 3-15 gals, of water per acre.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with effective weed control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 ft. above the canopy should be avoided.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good weed control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding inappropriate spray boom pressure. Solid stream or low shear nozzles may be utilized to reduce small droplet formation. These nozzles direct the fluid parallel to the existing airflow to reduce shear effects. Other techniques may include reducing the fan angle of flat fan nozzles if used, or reducing the deflector plate angle if deflector type nozzles are used. Ensure the spray is released at an appropriate distance below the airfoil.

For best results, each specific aerial application vehicle used should be quantifiably pattern tested for aerial application of Touchdown HiTech initially and every year thereafter. To minimize drift, it is suggested aerial application equipment produce the following minimum spray deposition characteristics:

Volume Median Diameter (VMD) > 400 microns Volume Diameter (VD) {0.9} > 200 microns

For aerial application in California, refer to the Federal Supplemental label for aerial application for specific instructions, restrictions, and requirements. For aerial application, consult with State or local authorities regarding any additional requirements for aerial application. Banvel tank mixes may not be applied by air in California.

Prolonged exposure of Touchdown HiTech to uncoated steel surfaces may result in corrosion and possible failure of the part. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion. To prevent corrosion of exposed parts, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of Touchdown HiTech accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear are most susceptible.

Shielded/Hooded Application

Use shielded/hooded sprayers to control weeds between rows while protecting the crop from the herbicide. Keep shields/hoods as close to the ground as possible and avoid ground speed in excess of 5 mph. Use appropriate nozzles, spacing, and pressure to achieve coverage without allowing spray to touch or drift onto the crop. Maintain equipment in good operating condition to prevent leakage or dripping onto the crop. Refer to state extension service recommendations and equipment manufacturers' guidelines for more information on proper operation of shielded/hooded sprayers.

Spot Treatments

For annual weeds less than 6 inches, use a 0.33-0.6% v/v solution. For annual weeds over 6 inches, use a 0.6-0.9% v/v solution. Use a 0.6-1.25% v/v solution for most perennials (see Table 3 for specific rates and timing). When using motorized spot spray equipment (rider bar), use a 1.8% v/v solution. See Spot Spray Dilution Table below for rates of Touchdown HiTech/volume of finished spray solution. Spray the solution on actively growing weeds until uniformly wet but not to the point of runoff. Retreat 14-21 days later if regrowth occurs.

Touchdown HiTech Spot Spray Dilution Table

	To Make This Volume			
Solution Strength	1 gallon	10 gallons	25 gallons	100 gallons
0.33%	0.4 fl. oz.	4.2 fl. oz.	10.5 fl. oz.	2.6 pt.
0.6%	0.8 fl. oz.	8 fl. oz.	1.2 pt.	4.8 pt.
0.9%	1.2 fl. oz.	12 fl. oz.	1.9 pt.	3.8 qt.
1.25%	1.6 fl. oz.	1.0 pt.	2.5 pt.	5.0 qt.
1.5%	1.9 fl. oz.	1.2 pt.	3 pt.	1.5 gal.
1.8%	2.3 fl. oz.	1.4 pt.	3.6 pt.	1.8 gal.
4.0%	5.1 fl oz	3.1 pt.	8.0 pt	4.0 gal

Wiper Application

Touchdown HiTech may be applied using a wiper or "wick" applicator (e.g. rope, sponge, or porous plastic applicators) for selective control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds which become taller than the crop or desirable vegetation. Mix 2.5 quarts of Touchdown HiTech in 2 gals. of water unless directed otherwise in this label (See **General Use Precautions** for Berries, Fruits, Nuts, and Vines). Precautions should be taken to avoid contact with crops or desirable vegetation. Equipment should be operated at speeds of 5 mph or less. Use slower speeds where weeds are dense. For improved control, make two applications in opposite directions.

Injection Systems

Touchdown HiTech may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix Touchdown HiTech with the undiluted concentrate of other products when using injection systems unless specifically recommended.

CDA Equipment

For control of annual weeds with hand held equipment, apply a 17% solution of Touchdown HiTech at a flow rate of 2 fl. oz. per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (0.8 qt./A). For perennial weeds, use a 17 to 25% solution of Touchdown HiTech at a flow rate of 2 fl. oz. per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (1.67-2.5 qts./A). For vehicle mounted equipment, apply in 3-15 gals. of water per acre. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled, Woody Brush and Trees Controlled** sections, for application rates and timing.

Precautions should be taken to avoid contact with crops or desirable vegetation.



CROP USE DIRECTIONS-AGRICULTURAL USE SITES AND CROPS

This section is organized alphabetically by crop categories. There may be several crops listed in a crop category.

ALFALFA (NOT GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT), CLOVER, AND OTHER LEGUMES

Touchdown HiTech may be used on the legume crops listed below:

Alfalfa Lespedeza Trefoil
Clover Lupine Velvetbean
Kudzu Sainfoin Vetch

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; renovation; spot spray, wiper/wick); preharvest; and postharvest.

Preplant/Preemergence, Dormant, or Renovation

Deep tillage following treatment of weeds with Touchdown HiTech or a sequential application of Touchdown HiTech may be required to control well established perennials.

Preharvest

Use this treatment to eliminate or destroy declining crop stands. In alfalfa up to 40 fl oz per acre of Touchdown HiTech may be applied as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment at least 36 hours before harvest. For other legumes listed, apply apply up to 30 fl oz per acre. Applications may be made any time of the year when the crop is in the bud to flower stage of growth. Deep tillage following preharvest treatment or a postharvest application of Touchdown HiTech may be required to provide control of well established perennials.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to the Weeds Controlled section for rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Legumes

A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.

Spot and wiper/wick application must be made at least 14 days before grazing or harvest of forage and hay.

Preharvest and renovation applications can be made with no more than 1.25 pts./A at least 36 hours before grazing or harvest of forage or hay.

Do not apply a preharvest treatment on alfalfa, clover, or other legumes grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Tank Mixtures for Preplant/Preemergence, Dormant, or Renovation Use for Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Legumes

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the

Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6-4.8 pts./A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations of weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

Buctril®

Kerb®

Pursuit®

Eptam® Karmex® Dual Magnum® Prowl®

Sencor® Velpar®

Trifluralin

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds controlled.

ALFALFA, GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting; and postemergence in alfalfa varieties which have been genetically modified to be tolerant to glyphosate-based herbicides. Touchdown HiTech applications should be made after weeds have emerged but before crop growth interferes with spray coverage of the weeds.

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Glyphosate-Tolerant Alfalfa

- Maximum amount of Touchdown HiTech which may be applied from all applications is 4.75 qt/A.
- Maximum preplant/preemergence rate is 40 fl oz/A.
- Maximum amount of Touchdown HiTech applied in crop from all applications is 3.7 qt/A. Maximum single application in crop is 40 fl oz/A.
- Sequential applications of Touchdown HiTech must be at least 7 days apart.
- Remove domestic livestock before application and wait at least 5 days before grazing or harvesting and feeding forage or hay.
- Applications of Touchdown HiTech to alfalfa which is not glyphosate tolerant will result in severe crop injury and reduced yields.

New Stand Establishment (year of seeding) - During stand establishment, make postemergence applications from emergence up to 5 days before first cutting at no more than 40 fl oz/A for any single application. After first cutting in newly established stands, make application of no more than 40 fl oz/A for any single application, up to 5 days before each cutting.

Established stands (non-seeding year) - Make application of no more than 40 fl oz/A for any single application up to 5 days before each cutting.

BERRIES, FRUITS, NUTS, AND VINES

Touchdown HiTech may be used on both bearing and nonbearing crops listed below.

Almond Apple Apricot Atemoya Avocado Banana Barbados cherry (Acerola)

Beechnut Blackberry Blueberry Boysenberry Breadfruit Brazil nut Butternut

Calamondin Canistel Carambola Cashew

Cherimoya Cherry (sweet, sour, tart) Chestnut

Chinquapin Chironia

Citron (postdirected only)

Citrus hybrids Cocoa bean Coconut Coffee Crabapple Cranberry Currant

Date Dewberry

Durian

Elderberry Fig

Filbert (Hazelnut)

Gooseberry Grapefruit Grapes (all) Guava Hickory nut Hops Huckleberry

Jaboticaba

Jackfruit

Kiwi fruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Loganberry Longan Loquat Lychee Macadamia Mandarin Mango Mangosteen

Marmaladebox (genip)

Mayhaw Nectarine Olallieberry

Olive (postdirected only)

Orange (all) Oriental pear Papaya Passion fruit Peach Pear Pecan Persimmon Pineapple Pistachio Plantain

Plum Plumcot Pomegranate Prune (all) Pummelo Quince Rambutan

Raspberry (black, red)

Sapodilla

Sapote (black, mamey, white)

Satsuma mandarin

Soursop Sugar apple **Tamarind** Tangelo Tangerine

Tangor Tea

Walnut (black, English)

Youngberry

Method of Application: Preplant; preemergence; directed spray (except cranberry); middles (between rows of trees); strips (in rows of trees); perennial grass suppression (chemical mowing); post harvest (cranberry); and wiper/wick applicator equipment.

General Use

Applications may be made with boom equipment; shielded sprayers; CDA; hand-held and high-volume wands; lances; orchard guns; or wiper/wick application equipment, except as directed in the **General Use Precautions for Berries**, **Fruits**, **Nuts**, **and Vines** section. Follow directions listed in the **Application and Mixing Directions**, **Spray Additives**, and **Application Equipment and Techniques** sections of this label. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled**, **Woody Brush and Trees Controlled** sections, for application rates and timing.

Multiple applications may be necessary to control certain perennial weeds. For residual weed control, tank mix Touchdown HiTech with residual herbicides as prescribed in the **Tank Mixtures for Berries**, **Fruits**, **Nuts**, **and Vines** section, or make multiple applications.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Berries, Fruits, Nuts, and Vines

A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.

Do not allow the spray, spray drift, or mist to contact foliage, fruit, shoots, branches, canes, suckers, open wounds, or green parts of crops. Contact with any crop part other than mature brown woody bark can result in severe crop injury.

Avoid contact with stumps as injury to adjacent trees may occur from root grafting.

Do not apply in a tank mix in Puerto Rico.

For peaches grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee, apply Touchdown HiTech with a shielded applicator which prevents contact with foliage, suckers, or bark of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom to avoid severe damage. Avoid application to peach trees with recent mechanical injury or pruning wounds. Apply only near trees which have been planted in the orchard for two or more years. SEVERE INJURY WILL OCCUR IF ANY PORTION OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED WITH SPRAY OR SPRAY DRIFT.

For apricots, nectarines, peaches, plums, and prunes grown in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah, and Washington, any application equipment listed for these crops may be used.

For apricots, nectarines, peaches, plums, and prunes grown in all other states not previously listed, use only wiper/wick application equipment.

For **grapes** grown in the Great Lakes and Northeast regions, apply Touchdown HiTech prior to the end of bloom stage to avoid injury, or apply with shielded equipment.

For **coffee and banana**, delay application 3 months after transplanting to allow the new plants to become established.

For all other crops in this section, allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.

For blackberry, blueberry, boysenberry, cranberry, currant, dewberry, elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, loganberry, olallieberry, raspberry, and youngberry, mix 2.5 qts. of Touchdown HiTech in 4 gals. of water for wiper/wick applications.

Allow at least 17 days from the last application to harvest of stone fruit or olives. For olive groves, apply only as a directed spray.

Allow at least 3 days from last application to harvest of nuts.

Allow at least 30 days from last application to harvest of cranberries.

Allow at least 28 days from last application to harvest of coffee.

Allow at least 1 day from the last application to harvest of banana, citrus, guava, papaya, plantain, or pome fruit (except mayhaw).

Allow at least 14 days from last application to harvest of acerola, atemoya, avocado, breadfruit, canistel, carambola, cherimoya, cocoa beans, coconuts, dates, figs, genip, grapes, hops, jaboticaba, jackfruit, longan, lychee, mango, mayhaw, passion fruit, persimmon, pomegranate, sapodilla, sapote, small berries, soursop, sugar apple, tamarind, and tea.

Post-Harvest Cranberry

Application of Touchdown HiTech may be made following harvest of cranberries to control troublesome annual and perennial weeds. Do not apply directly to cranberry vines. Vines that are sprayed will be injured and may die. Apply Touchdown HiTech in a 0.33-0.6% solution if using hand-held equipment after the vines are dormant. Use properly calibrated precision application equipment; wiper wisk, spot sprayer which protects the cranberry plant from Touchdown HiTech spray. Do not treat more than 10% of the bog.

Tank Mixtures with Residual Herbicides and 2,4-D for Berries, Fruits, Nuts, and Vines

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6-3 qts./A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations or weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

•		
Direx®	Princep® 4L	Sinbar®
Goal®	Princep® Caliber 90®	Solicam®
Karmex	Prowl	Surflan®
Kerb	Simazine	2,4-D
Krovar® I DF	Sim-Trol®	•

Refer to the individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, specified rates, approved crops, and a list of weeds controlled.

Tank Mix with Goal Herbicide in Row Middles

Apply Touchdown HiTech at 10-20 fl. oz./A in a tank mix with 3-12 oz. of Goal™ 2XL Herbicide for the control of annual weeds that are a maximum of 6 inches in height or diameter including annual sowthistle, crabgrass, common groundsel, common lambsquarters, common purslane (suppression), common ryegrass, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, junglerice, London rocket, redroot pigweed, shepherdspurse, and stinging nettle. For control of common cheeseweed (malva) and hairy fleabane up to 3 inches in height or diameter, apply 10-20 fl. oz./A of Touchdown HiTech with 3-12 oz./A of Goal 2XL.

Refer to the Goal 2XL label for precautionary statements, restrictions, and approved crops.

Hard to Control Weed Instructions in Citrus (Florida and Texas Only)

To control or suppress the perennial weeds listed in the following table, apply the specified rate of Touchdown HiTech in 3-30 gals. of water per acre. Use 10-30 gals. per acre if weed foliage is dense. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Refer to the **Perennial Weed Control** section, Table 3, for application timing. If weeds have been mowed or grazed, allow new growth to reach recommended growth stage prior to application.

	Rate of Touchdown HiTech (Quarts per Acre)			
Weed Species	0.6	1.2	1.8	3
Bermudagrass	В	В	PC	С
Guineagrass Texas and Florida Ridge Florida Flatwoods	B NR	C B	CC	C
Paragrass	В	С	С	С
Torpedograss	NR	S	PC	С

B = Burndown

C = Control

NR = Not Recommended

PC = Partial Control

S = Suppression

For goatweed, apply 1.2-1.8 qts. of Touchdown HiTech per acre. Apply in 20-30 gals. of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use the 1.2 qts. rate on plants less than 8 inches tall and 1.8 qts. on plants greater than 8 inches tall. When plants are greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of Krovar I DF or Karmex may improve control. If using a tank mix, refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Perennial Grass Suppression (Chemical Mowing) of Orchard Floors

For best results, mow to an even height and apply Touchdown HiTech 3 or 4 days later. Do not add AMS to the spray solution. Application must be made 1-3 weeks ahead of seedhead emergence.

Bahiagrass

Touchdown HiTech can be used to inhibit seedhead emergence and suppress vegetative growth for approximately 40-50 days with a single application. By using a sequential application, suppression of vegetative growth and inhibition of seedhead emergence can be extended to 120 days. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 20-30 days after complete green-up or after mowing to 4 inches tall. When a single application is planned, use 2.5-5 fl. oz. of Touchdown HiTech per acre in 10-20 gals. of water. When a sequential application is planned, use 2.5-5 fl. oz./A for the first application followed by another application of 1.25-3.33 fl. oz./A 40-50 days later.

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Bermudagrass

For Suppression Only:

East of the Rocky Mountains – Apply 3.33-10 fl. oz. of Touchdown HiTech in 3-20 gals. of water per acre. Make the application 2 weeks after complete green-up or after 3-4 inches of regrowth following mowing. Use 1.67-5 fl. oz./A if a lesser degree of suppression is desired. A sequential application can be used when regrowth occurs.

West of the Rocky Mountains – Apply 3.33-10 fl. oz. of Touchdown HiTech in 3-20 gallons of water per acre. Make the application 2 weeks after complete green-up or after 3-4 inches of regrowth following mowing. A sequential application of 3.33-6 fl. oz. can be used when regrowth occurs.

For Partial Control and Burndown:

Touchdown HiTech can be used for burndown and partial control of bermudagrass at 1.2-2.4 pts. in 3-20 gals. of water per acre. Use 1.2 pts. east of the Rocky Mountains and 2.4 pts. west of the Rocky Mountains.

Use this treatment only if reduction of the bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. Allow at least 14-21 days for complete burndown.

Cool Season Grass Covers (Fine Fescue, Kentucky Bluegrass, Orchardgrass, Quackgrass, Tall Fescue)

For suppression of orchardgrass, fine fescue, tall fescue, and quackgrass, apply 2.5-5 fl. oz. of Touchdown HiTech in 10-20 gals, of water per acre. See **Spray Additives** section for rates.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass, use 1.67-3.33 fl. oz. of Touchdown HiTech.

CANOLA (NOT GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Canola (Not Glyphosate-tolerant)

A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.

Up to 40 fl oz/A of Touchdown HiTech may be applied per year as broadcast sprays with ground or aerial equipment.

Avoid contact with canola foliage.

CANOLA, GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT (INCLUDING ROUNDUP READY CANOLA)

Do not use this product on canola containing the Roundup Ready Gene planted in the following states: Alabama, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting; and postemergence in canola varieties which have been genetically modified to be tolerant to glyphosate based herbicides.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Glyphosate-Tolerant Canola

- The last application must be made at least 60 days before harvest of canola.
- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Up to 40 fl oz/A of Touchdown HiTech may be applied per year as broadcast preplant or preemergence sprays with ground or aerial equipment.
- Up to 20 fl oz/A of Touchdown HiTech may be applied postemergence per cropping season from crop emergence until the 6-leaf stage. Applications made later during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss.
- A single postemergence application of this product may be made over glyphosate-tolerant canola up
 to the 6-leaf stage at a rate of10-14 fl oz/A. Avoid spray overlaps which may result in temporary
 yellowing of the canola, delayed flowering, or growth reduction. Similar symptoms may occur if rates
 above 10 fl oz/A are applied after the 4-leaf stage of the canola.
- Split (sequential) postemergence applications may be made by applying 10 fl oz/A at the 1-3 leaf stage of glyphosate-tolerant canola, followed by a second application of 10 fl oz/A at a minimum split of 10 days, but the second application must not be later than the 6-leaf stage. No more than two postemergence over-the-top applications may be made from crop emergence to the 6-leaf stage of the glyphosate-tolerant canola.

CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE/CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

Method of Application: Rotating out of CRP, site preparation (sequential herbicide applications), dormant beneficial plant management, postemergence, and wiper/wick.

Site Preparation: Prior to application, removal of excessive vegetation by grazing, mowing, burning, etc. may improve control. When annual weeds have been mowed or grazed, wait for 3-4 inches of new growth before application. When perennial weeds have been mowed or grazed, allow regrowth to reach recommended stage (see **Perennial Weed Control** section, Table 3, for rates and timing).

A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.

Sequential applications of Touchdown HiTech and Gramoxone Inteon® Herbicides are effective in controlling established CRP grasses. Refer to the Gramoxone Inteon Herbicide label for specified rates and tank mixes.

Touchdown HiTech/Gramoxone Inteon Herbicide Sequential Program (Spring Application)

Weed Species	Program A	Program B
Fescue	Gramoxone Inteon at 2.6 to 4.4 pts./A	Touchdown HiTech at 1.2 to 2.5
Orchardgrass	followed 7-10 days later with	pts./A followed 10-14 days later with
Ryegrass	Gramoxone Inteon at 3.0 to 4.0 pts./A	Gramoxone Inteon at 3.0 to 4.0 pts./A

Dormant Beneficial Plant Applications: Apply 7.5-10 oz./A in early spring before desirable species, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy. Late fall applications can be made after desirable grasses have reached dormancy. If perennial grasses are not dormant at time of application, stunting can occur.

Touchdown HiTech may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use such as atrazine, dicamba, and 2.4-D.

There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of Touchdown HiTech. Read and follow crop rotation label restrictions for all tank mix products.

CORN (FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN, AND SWEET CORN – NOT GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence; hooded sprayers; spot spray; preharvest (except for sweet corn); and postharvest.

Follow the directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to the Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Corn

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Spot application must be made prior to corn silking.
- For hooded sprayer applications, do not exceed 20 fl. oz./A per application; nor 1.8 qts./A per year.
- Do not graze or feed corn forage or fodder following hooded sprayer applications.
- Preharvest application must be made at least 7 days before harvest.
- Apply no more than 40 fl. oz./A by air; and 1.8 qts./A by ground preharvest.
- Following postharvest application allow at least 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.
- Crop plants contacted by Touchdown HiTech will be injured or killed.

Tank Mixtures for Corn

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Annual Weeds Controlled section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 5-36 fl.

oz./A for the control of annual weeds that are less than 6 inches tall and actively growing. When annual weeds are taller than 6 inches or under stress, use 5-48 fl. oz./A of Touchdown HiTech.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Perennial Weeds Controlled section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Use rates at the higher end of the rate range when weed populations are dense or plants are under stress. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

UAN may be used as a carrier at 10-70 gals./A with 2,4-D, dicamba, or any residual herbicides on the following list. Use 1.25-2.5 pts./A of Touchdown HiTech when UAN is used as a carrier. For use with 2,4-D and dicamba on annual and perennial weeds, consult Tables 2 and 3. Reduced weed control may occur on certain weeds as a result of UAN foliar burn which can reduce uptake of Touchdown HiTech.

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Aim™ Distinct™ Lorox® Ambush® Lumax® Dicamba Atrazine Marksman® **Dual MAGNUM®** Axiom™ **Dual II MAGNUM®** Micro-Tech® Balance® Frontier® Prowl Basis® Fultime™ Simazine Surpass® EC Bicep Lite II MAGNUM® Guardsman® Topnotch® Bicep MAGNUM® Harness® Warrior® Bicep II MAGNUM® Harness® Xtra **Bullet®** Hornet™ 2.4-D Callisto® **Lariat®** Camix Clarity® Northstar Lasso® Degree™ Lightning™ Lexar Degree Xtra™ Linex® Spirit

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Hooded Sprayers

Touchdown HiTech may be used through hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern for weed control between the rows. Adjust the hooded sprayer in raised seedbeds to ensure the front and rear flaps touch the ground to completely enclose the spray solution.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes in direct contact with the leaves of the crop. Do not apply Touchdown HiTech when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated.

Application Requirements:

The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.

Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.

Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row.

Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.

Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.

Use low drift nozzles.

Gramoxone Inteon Herbicide may be considered for Hooded Sprayer applications in corn. Use Gramoxone Inteon at 1.0-2.0 pts./A for control of actively growing weeds. Read and follow directions for this use on the Gramoxone Inteon Herbicide label.

Preharvest

Touchdown HiTech may be applied as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a harvest aid. Touchdown HiTech should be applied at 35% grain moisture or less. Ensure corn has reached physiological maturity (black layer formed) and that maximum kernel fill is complete. Do not apply a preharvest treatment on corn grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

CORN, GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT (INCLUDING AGRISURE™ GT AND ROUNDUP READY CORN)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting; and postemergence in corn varieties which have been genetically modified to be tolerant to glyphosate based herbicides.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Glyphosate-Tolerant Corn

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Maximum preplant/preemergence rate is 3 qts./A.
- Maximum amount of Touchdown HiTech which may be applied from all applications is 4.8 qts./A.
- Maximum amount of Touchdown HiTech applied over-the-top of the crop from all applications is 58 floz/A.
- Make postemergence applications from emergence through the V8 stage or until corn reaches 30 inches in height, whichever comes first, with no more than 30 fl. oz./A for any single application. Applications of Touchdown HiTech at a maximum rate of 30 fl. oz./A may be made to corn 30-48 inches in height using ground equipment and drop nozzles only.
- · Avoid application of spray into whorls of corn plants.
- Allow a minimum of 50 days between postemergence application and harvest of forage.
- Make preharvest applications with no more than 20 fl oz/A at least 7 days before harvest or feeding of corn stover.
- Applications of Touchdown HiTech to corn hybrids which are not glyphosate tolerant will result in severe crop injury and reduced yields.

Tank Mixtures

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Annual Weeds Controlled section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 5-36 fl. oz./A for the control of annual weeds that are less than 6 inches tall and actively growing. When annual

weeds are taller than 6 inches or under stress, use 5-48 fl. oz./A of Touchdown HiTech.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Perennial Weeds Controlled section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Use rates at the higher end of the rate range when weed populations are dense or plants are under stress. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

UAN may be used as a carrier at 10-70 gals./A with 2,4-D, dicamba, or any residual herbicides on the following list. Use 1.25-2.5 pts./A of Touchdown HiTech when UAN is used as a carrier. For use with 2,4-D and dicamba on annual and perennial weeds, consult Tables 2 and 3. Reduced weed control may occur on certain weeds as a result of UAN foliar burn which can reduce uptake of Touchdown HiTech.

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Aim Degree Xtra Lasso Ambush Distinct Liahtnina Atrazine Dicamba Linex Axiom Dual Magnum Lorox Balance Dual II Magnum Lumax Basis Frontier Marksman Bicep Lite II MAGNUM **Fultime** Micro-Tech Bicep MAGNUM Guardsman Prowl Bicep II MAGNUM Harness Simazine Bullet Surpass EC Harness Xtra Callisto Hornet Topnotch Clarity Warrior Karate® Degree Lariat 2.4-D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Postemergence

Annual Weeds

Touchdown HiTech will control annual broadleaf weeds and grasses when applied as directed. Apply Touchdown HiTech at a minimum of 20 fl. oz./A from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until the corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first. When corn height is from 30-48 inches drop nozzles are required. Refer to Table 1 for specific rate information. Touchdown HiTech alone will not provide residual control. To control new weed flushes, repeat applications may be required.

Perennial Weeds

Touchdown HiTech will control or suppress perennial weeds with one or more applications. Successful control of perennial weeds is affected by proper timing of application. Refer to Table 3 for specific rate and timing information.

Tank Mixtures (Postemergence)

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Ambush Harness
Atrazine Harness Xtra
Bicep MAGNUM Karate
Bicep Lite II MAGNUM Marksman
Bicep II MAGNUM Surpass EC

Clarity Dicamba Dual II MAGNUM Fultime Topnotch Warrior 2,4-D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest

Touchdown HiTech may be applied as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a harvest aid. Touchdown HiTech should be applied at 35% grain moisture or less. Ensure corn has reached physiological maturity (black layer formed) and that maximum kernel fill is complete.

COTTON (NOT GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; hooded sprayer; recirculating sprayer; spot spray; wiper/wick applicators; preharvest; and postharvest.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section, for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions for Cotton

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Spot applications must be made prior to boll opening.
- Preharvest, hooded, and wiper/wick applications must be made at least 7 days before harvest.
- Do not apply more than 20 fl. oz./A by air; nor more than 40 fl. oz./A by ground for preharvest.
- Do not feed or graze treated cotton forage or hay following preharvest application.

Tank Mixtures for Cotton (Preplant/Preemergence)

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Annual Weeds Controlled section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 5-36 fl. oz./A for the control of annual weeds that are less than 6 inches tall and actively growing. When annual weeds are taller than 6 inches or under stress, use 5-48 fl. oz./A of Touchdown HiTech.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Perennial Weeds Controlled section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Use rates at the higher end of the rate range when weed populations are dense or plants are under stress. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Caparol® Clarity Command® Cotoran® Direx Dual MAGNUM Dual II MAGNUM Karmex

Staple® Valor® Zorial®

Prowl

Cotton-Pro®

Meturon®

2-4,D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates and a list of weeds controlled.

Hooded Sprays

Touchdown HiTech may be used through hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern for weed control between the rows. Adjust the hooded sprayer in raised seedbeds to ensure the front and rear flaps touch the ground to completely enclose the spray solution.

Apply in 10-20 gals, of water per acre and do not exceed 30 psi spray pressure. Refer to **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes in direct contact with the leaves of the crop.

Application Requirements:

Spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.

Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.

Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.

Use low drift nozzles.

Tank Mixtures (Hooded)

Touchdown HiTech can be applied in a tank mix with most cotton herbicides which are labeled for hooded, shielded, or postdirected applications. Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest

Development of immature bolls will be inhibited and yield potential will be affected when applications are made too early. Apply after bolls to be harvested are mature. Do not apply a preharvest treatment on cotton grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

For **defoliation**, **desiccation**, **or regrowth control** of cotton, apply 20 fl. oz./A to 40 fl. oz./A. Apply in 3 to 30 gals. of water per acre by ground or in 3-15 gals. of water per acre by air.

Refer to the Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products for improved defoliation or boll opening: DEF®, Dropp®, Folex®, Ginstar® EC, Prep™.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

COTTON, GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT (INCLUDING ROUNDUP READY FLEX AND ROUNDUP READY COTTON)

Cotton, Roundup Ready Flex Cotton Only

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, postemergence; postdirected; hooded; and preharvest in cotton varieties which have been genetically modified to be tolerant to glyphosate based herbicides.

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Roundup Ready Flex Cotton

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Maximum preplant/preemergence rate is 3.0 qt/A.
- Make postemergence over the top applications from ground cracking to 60% open bolls with a maximum of 20 fl oz/A for any single application and a maximum of 3.6 qt/A per season.
- Apply a maximum of 40 fl oz/A per season between layby and 60% open bolls.
- Do not apply more than 20 fl oz/A by air; nor more than 40 fl oz/A by ground from 60% open bolls to 7 days preharvest.
- The maximum allowable combined total per year for all Touchdown HiTech applications is 4.8 qt/A.
- Sequential over the top applications of Touchdown HiTech must be at least 10 days apart and cotton must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.
- Applications of Touchdown HiTech to cotton varieties which are not glyphosate tolerant will result in severe crop injury and reduced yields. Applications past the 4th leaf stage over the top may only be made to Roundup Ready Flex cotton.
- Drift control agents may be used.

Tank Mixtures (Preplant/Preemergence) for Roundup Ready Flex Cotton

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the ANNUAL WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6 to 3.6 pt/A for the control of annual weeds that are less than 6 inches tall and actively growing. When annual weeds are taller than 6 inches or under stress, use 1.25 to 4.8 pt/A of Touchdown HiTech.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the PERENNIAL WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Use rates at the higher end of the rate range when weed populations are dense or plants are under stress. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

Touchdown HiTechcan be tank mixed with the following products:

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9	3

Caparol	Direx	Staple
Clarity	Dual MAGNUM	Solicam
Command	Dual II MAGNUM	Valor
Cotoran	Karmex	2-4,D
Cotton-Pro	Meturon	
Cy-Pro	Prowl	

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Tank Mixtures (Postemergence) for Roundup Ready Flex Cotton

Touchdown HiTech can be applied in a tank mix with Envoke®. Refer to the Envoke® product label for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled. A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v (1 qt NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume.

Postdirected or Hooded Applications

Touchdown HiTech may be used through postdirected or hooded sprayers through the lay-by stage of cotton. This application type directs the spray to the target weed.

Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre and do not exceed 30 psi spray pressure. Refer to **WEEDS CONTROLLED** section for application rates and timing.

Application Requirements:

- Postdirected applications should be used that directs the spray onto the main portion of the target weed. For best results, apply to weeds less than 3-6 inches tall.
- Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.
- Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.
- Use low drift nozzles.

Tank Mixtures (Postdirected or Hooded)

Touchdown HiTech can be applied in a tank mix with most cotton herbicides which are labeled for hooded, shielded, or postdirected applications. Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Tank Mixtures with Dual MAGNUM

Touchdown HiTech tank mixtures with Dual MAGNUM can be applied postermergence over the top on cotton from 3 inches tall up to 100 days before harvest or 80 days before harvest for post directed applications. Do not use adjuvants or AMS. Do not use this mixture if cotton plants are under any type of stress including, but not limited to drought, insect, disease, or mechanicals. Occasionally following application, cotton leaves may exhibit necrotic spotting which will not affect normal plant development.

For use in the following states: AL, AR, AZ, CA, FL, GA, KS, KY, LA, MD, MO, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, TX, and VA.

Refer to the Dual MAGNUM label for rates, precautions and restrictions.

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Preharvest

Apply Touchdown HiTech at 20 fl oz/A by air and no more than 40 fl oz/A by ground. No enhancement of harvest aids will occur on glyphosate tolerant cotton. Refer to the **WEEDS CONTROLLED** section for application rates and timing.

COTTON, GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT (ROUNDUP READY COTTON)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting; postemergence; postdirected; hooded; and preharvest in cotton varieties which have been genetically modified to be tolerant to glyphosate based herbicides.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Glyphosate-Tolerant Cotton

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Maximum preplant/preemergence rate is 3 qts./A.
- Make postemergence applications from ground cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter) at a maximum of 40 fl. oz./A per season with no more than 20 fl. oz./A for any single application.
- Apply no more than 40 fl. oz./season by precision, postdirected, or hooded application methods between the 5-leaf stage and lay-by. Apply no more than 20 fl. oz./A for any single application by these methods.
- Apply a maximum of 2.4 qts./A by postemergence and directed/hooded applications from cracking to lay-by.
- . Do not apply more than 20 fl. oz./A by air; nor more than 40 fl. oz./A by ground for preharvest.
- Preharvest applications must be made at least 7 days before harvest.
- Drift control agents may be used.
- Applications of Touchdown HiTech to cotton varieties which are not glyphosate tolerant will result in severe crop injury and reduced yields.

TANK MIXTURES (PREPLANT/PREEMERGENCE)

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Annual Weeds Controlled section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 5-36 fl. oz./A for the control of annual weeds that are less than 6 inches tall and actively growing. When annual weeds are taller than 6 inches or under stress, use 5-48 fl. oz./A of Touchdown HiTech.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Perennial Weeds Controlled section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Use rates at the higher end of the rate range when weed populations are dense or plants are under stress. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Caparol	Direx	Prowl
Clarity	Dual MAGNUM	Valor
Command	Dual II MAGNUM	Staple
Cotoran	Karmex	Solicam
Cotton-Pro	Meturon	2-4,D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Postemergence

Make postemergence applications from ground cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter) at a maximum single application rate of 20 fl. oz./A with no more than 40 fl. oz./A per season. Sequential over the top applications of Touchdown HiTech must be at least 10 days apart and cotton must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.

Post-Directed or Hooded Applications

Touchdown HiTech may be used through precision postdirected or hooded sprayers through the lay-by stage of cotton. Applications that contact the cotton leaves may result in boll loss, delayed maturity, and/or loss of yield. Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes in direct contact with the leaves of the crop.

Apply in 10-20 gallons of water per acre and do not exceed 30 psi spray pressure. Refer to **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing.

Application Requirements:

- Postdirected applications should be used that directs the spray towards the base of the cotton plant. For best results, apply to weeds less than 3 inches tall being careful to minimize contact of the spray with cotton leaves.
- Spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.
- Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.
- Use low drift nozzles.

Tank Mixtures (Post-Directed or Hooded)

Touchdown HiTech can be applied in a tank mix with most cotton herbicides which are labeled for hooded, shielded, or postdirected applications. Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Tank Mixtures with Dual MAGNUM

Touchdown HiTech can be applied with Dual MAGNUM from cotton emergence through the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the 5th true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Do not use AMS or other adjuvants with this tank mixture. Do not use this mixture if cotton plants are under any type of stress

including, but not limited to drought, insect, disease, or mechanicals. Occasionally following application, cotton leaves may exhibit necrotic spotting which will not affect normal plant development.

For use in the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, California, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Mississippi, North Carolina, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia.

Refer to the Dual MAGNUM label for precautions and restrictions.

Salvage Treatment

Touchdown HiTech may be used after the four-leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause a loss of crop. A rate of 20 fl. oz./A may be applied either as a postemergence spray to the crop or a postdirected spray.

SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY, AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

Preharvest

Development of immature bolls will be inhibited and yield potential will be affected when applications are made too early. Apply after bolls to be harvested are mature. No enhancement of harvest aids will occur on glyphosate tolerant cotton. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing.

FALLOW LAND AND POST-HARVEST USE

Method of Application: Chemical fallow; fallow beds; stale seedbeds; aid to tillage; and postharvest.

Touchdown HiTech may be applied by ground or air during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of this product.

Chemical Fallow - Ecofallow

Touchdown HiTech may be used in place of tillage to control annual weeds or volunteer wheat in fallow fields. Repeat applications may be necessary to control weeds emerging after application. Refer to Table 1 for use rates and timing. Broadcast or spot treatments of Touchdown HiTech will control or suppress perennial weeds. Refer to Table 3 for use rates and timing. Follow directions listed in the **Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives**; and **Application Equipment and Techniques** sections of this label.

Tank mixes with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used for additional control of annual weeds listed in Table 2. Tank mixing with atrazine may provide residual control.

Postharvest Chemical Fallow for Cereals

Touchdown HiTech may be applied after harvest to control newly emerged weeds, volunteer cereals, or weeds which were present at harvest. Allow sufficient time after harvest for weed regrowth to occur before making application. Refer to Table 1 for use rates and annual weeds controlled. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were present at the time of harvest. Repeat applications may be necessary for fall germinating weeds. Broadcast or spot treatments of Touchdown HiTech will control or suppress perennial weeds. Refer to Table 3 for use rates and timing. Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections of this label.

Tank mixes with 2.4-D or dicamba may be used for additional control of weeds listed in Table 2. A

postharvest tank mix with atrazine may be used if the field will be planted to corn or sorghum or laid fallow the following season. A tank mix with atrazine may be applied for residual control of certain annual weeds such as common lambsquarters, kochia, mustards, pigweeds, and volunteer wheat. Tank mixing with atrazine may result in reduced performance.

Aid to Tillage

Touchdown HiTech may be used in conjunction with tillage operations in fallow systems to control cheat, downy brome, foxtails, tansy mustard, and volunteer cereals. Apply 3.33-7.5 fl oz./A of Touchdown HiTech in 3-10 gals. of water/A. Apply before weeds exceed 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by tillage no later than 15 days after treatment or before weed regrowth. Allow at least one day after application before tillage. Tank mixes with residual herbicides may reduce performance. Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections of this label.

Fallow Beds/Stale Seedbeds

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control weeds in fallow or stale seedbeds, including preplant/preemergence of any crop. Follow directions listed in the **Application and Mixing Directions**, **Spray Additives**, and **Application Equipment and Techniques** sections of this label. Refer to **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing. Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with 2,4-D, dicamba, or Goal herbicide for improved control of certain weeds.

Tank Mixture with Goal 2XL Herbicide

Apply Touchdown HiTech at 5-10 fl oz./A with Goal 2XL Herbicide at 2-3 fl oz./A for control of chickweed, common cheeseweed, and common groundsel that are less than 3 inches in height or diameter. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 10-15 fl. oz./A with Goal 2XL at 2-3 fl oz./A for control of common cheeseweed, common groundsel, and horseweed/marestail that are a maximum of 6 inches in height and length; or chickweed, London rocket, and shepherdspurse that are a maximum of 12 inches in height or length.

Post-harvest Use

Touchdown HiTech may be applied after harvest of any crop to control newly emerged weeds, volunteer crops, or weeds which were present at harvest. Refer to **Weeds Controlled, Woody Brush and Trees Controlled** sections, for use rates. Repeat applications may be necessary to control weeds emerging after application. Use the higher rate on heavy or sodded infestations.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Fallow Land and Post-harvest Use

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Allow sufficient time for weed regrowth to occur after harvest before making applications.
- Avoid application after plants have been exposed to a severe frost.
- Refer to the individual labels of all products used in a tank mix for precautionary statements, recropping intervals, restrictions, and a list of weeds controlled.
- Touchdown HiTech will not control volunteer glyphosate-tolerant crops.
- There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of this product.

GRASS SEED PRODUCTION

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; renovation; site preparation; shielded/hooded sprayers; wiper/wick applicators; spot treatments; creating rows in annual ryegrass.

Apply to turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications **MUST** be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to the Weeds Controlled section for rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Grass Seed Production

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring, or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.
- Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.
- · Vegetation contacted by Touchdown HiTech will be injured or killed.
- For spot treatments, apply prior to heading of grasses.

Shielded/Hooded Sprayers

Use Instructions: Apply 0.6-1.8 qts. of Touchdown HiTech in 10-20 gals. of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aids in shielded/hooded applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields/hoods.

Wiper/Wick Applicators

Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

GRASSES

Touchdown HiTech can be used in the production of grasses listed below:

Bahiagrass Bermudagrass Bluegrass Bromegrass Orchardgrass Ryegrass Timothy Wheatgrass

Fescue

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting but before emergence; renovation; spot spray; and wiper/wick.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to the Weeds Controlled section for rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Grasses

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks before grazing or harvesting for forage and hay following preplant, preemergence, or pasture renovation applications.
- If using spot or wiper/wick application, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days before grazing or harvesting for forage or hay.

Tank Mixtures for Grasses Preplant/Preemergence, Dormant, or Renovation

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides: 2,4-D, Dicamba for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6-4.8 pts./A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations of weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds controlled.

HERBS (PEPPERMINT, SPEARMINT)

Method of Application: Spot spray

Touchdown HiTech may be applied as a spot spray in peppermint and spearmint. Apply spray-to-wet with hand-held equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution on to a limited area.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to the Weeds Controlled section for rates and timing.

General Use Precautions

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Apply at least 7 days before harvest.
- Plants contacted by Touchdown HiTech will be injured or killed.

PASTURES

Touchdown HiTech can be used on pastures of the following types:

Alfalfa

Fescue

Bahiagrass

Orchardorass

Bermudagrass

Ryegrass

Bluegrass

Timothy

Bromegrass

Wheatgrass

Clover

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting but before emergence; renovation; spot spray; and wiper/wick.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to the Weeds Controlled, Woody Brush and Trees Controlled sections for rates and timing.

For best results, remove domesticated livestock 14 days before treatment. Allow 2-6 inches of new growth prior to treatment.

To aid in renovation of pastures, Touchdown HiTech may be applied at 6-36 oz./A to dormant pastures. Applications of Touchdown HiTech to green, nondormant plant tissue of desirable species will cause stunting, plant injury, or plant death.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Pastures

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks before grazing or harvesting for forage and hay following preplant, preemergence, or pasture renovation applications.
- If using spot or wiper/wick application, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days before grazing or harvesting for forage or hay.

Tank Mixtures for Pastures

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides: 2,4-D, Dicamba for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6-4.8 pts./A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations of weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds controlled.

PEANUTS

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to the Weeds Controlled section for rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Peanuts

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Avoid contact of spray mixture with foliage, shoots or stems. Applications must be made prior to ground cracking and crop emergence to avoid crop injury.

SAFFLOWER

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence and preharvest.

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Safflower

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Make only one preplant or preemergence application with no more than 58 fl oz/A.
- Make preharvest applications at least 7 days before harvest or livestock feeding with no more than 58 fl oz/A.

Method of Application: Pre-harvest

For weed control as a harvest aid, apply to safflower when seed has lost its opaque character, approximately 20-30 days after the end of flowering of the secondary branches.

SMALL GRAINS

Touchdown HiTech may be used on the small grain crops listed below:

Barley	Rye
Buckwheat	Teosinte
Millet (pearl, proso)	Triticale
Oats	 Wheat (all)
Rice	Wild rice

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; as a spot spray (except rice); preharvest (wheat only); postharvest; and wiper/wick (wheat only).

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Small Grains

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Apply at least 7 days before harvest at no more than 20 fl. oz./A preharvest in wheat and feed barley.
- For wiper/wick applications in wheat, allow at least 35 days between application and harvest.
- Crop plants contacted by Touchdown HiTech will be injured or killed.
- Avoid treating rice fields or levees when the field contains flood water.

Tank Mixtures for Preplant/Preemergence Use for Small Grains

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides: 2,4-D, Dicamba for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. Under certain conditions, the mixture of Touchdown HiTech with one or more herbicide tank mix combinations may result in a reduction of activity.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest (Wheat and Feed Barley Only)

Touchdown HiTech may be applied as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a harvest aid. Touchdown HiTech should be applied after the hard dough stage of grain (30% or less grain moisture). Cool, wet, and/or cloudy weather conditions following application may slow down the activity of this product. Do not apply a preharvest treatment on grain grown for seed as reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

Prior to application, flush fields to promote uniform germination of red rice. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 30-40 fl. oz./A on red rice with at least 2 leaves and which is no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice with less than 2 developed leaves at the time of application may be only partially controlled.

Do not reflood rice fields for 8 days following application.

SORGHUM (MILO)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; spot spray; wiper/wick; hooded sprayers; preharvest; and postharvest.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Sorghum

A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
(1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.

- Spot applications must be made before heading of milo.
- Wiper and wick applications must be made 40 days before harvest. Do not feed or graze wiper/wick treated milo fodder. Do not ensile wiper/wick treated foliage.
- Apply no more than 1.8 qts./A per season by hooded applications.
- Do not feed or graze sorghum forage and fodder after hooded applications.
- Preharvest applications must be made at least 7 days prior to harvest or feeding of treated vegetation with a maximum of 1.2 gts./A.
- Contact with sorghum foliage may result in crop injury.

Tank Mixtures for Sorghum (Preplant/Preemergence)

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Annual Weeds Controlled section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 5-36 fl. oz./A for the control of annual weeds that are less than 6 inches tall and actively growing. When annual weeds are taller than 6 inches or under stress, use 5-48 fl. oz./A of Touchdown HiTech.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Perennial Weeds Controlled section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Use rates at the higher end of the rate range when weed populations are dense or plants are under stress. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Atrazine

Dual II MAGNUM

Prowl Warrior

Bicep Lite II MAGNUM

Frontier

Bicep II MAGNUM

Guardsman

Dicamba

Karate

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and weeds controlled.

Hooded Sprays

Touchdown HiTech may be used through hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern for weed control between the rows. Adjust the hooded sprayer in raised seedbeds to ensure the front and rear flaps touch the ground to completely enclose the spray solution.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes in direct contact with the leaves of the crop. Do not apply Touchdown HiTech when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated.

Application Requirements:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground. Treat before tillers extend between the drill rows as spray contacting these tillers may kill the main plant.
- Sorghum must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.
- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row.

- Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.
- Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.
- Use low drift nozzles.

Gramoxone Inteon Herbicide may be considered for hooded sprayer applications in sorghum. Use Gramoxone Inteon at 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A for control of actively growing weeds. Read and follow directions for this use on the Gramoxone Inteon Herbicide label.

Preharvest (Except California)

For weed control and desiccation of sorghum, apply 20-40 fl. oz./A. Apply in 3-30 gallons of water per acre by ground or in 3-15 gallons of water per acre by air.

Apply after most of the heads have matured. Apply when grain moisture is 30% or less. Development of immature heads will be interrupted and yield potential will be affected when applications are made too early. Do not apply a preharvest treatment on sorghum grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

SOYBEANS (NOT GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; spot spray; wiper/wick; preharvest; postharvest.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Soybeans

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Spot application must be made prior to initial pod set.
- Wiper/wick application must be made at least 7 days before harvest.
- Make preharvest applications at least 7 days before harvest of soybeans with no more than 3.6 qts./A by ground; and no more than 40 fl. oz./A by air.
- Allow at least 25 days before grazing or harvesting for livestock feed following harvest aid application.
 If the application rate is no more than 19 fl oz/A the grazing interval is reduced to 14 days after the last preharvest application.
- Soybeans, except glyphosate-tolerant varieties, will be injured or killed when contacted with Touchdown HiTech.

Tank Mixtures for Soybeans (Preplant/Preemergence)

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Annual Weeds Controlled section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown, HiTech at 5-36 fl. oz./A for the control of annual weeds that are less than 6 inches tall and actively growing. When annual weeds are taller than 6 inches or under stress, use 5-48 fl. oz./A of Touchdown HiTech.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the Perennial Weeds Controlled section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Use rates at the higher end of the rate range when weed populations are dense or plants are under stress. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

For use with 2,4-D on perennial weeds, consult Table 3. Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Authority®	Dual II MAGNUM		. Scepter®
Authority™ Broadleaf	FirstRate™	Linex	Sencor
Boundary™	Flexstar®	Lorox	Squadron®
Broadstrike	Frontier	Lorox Plus	Steel™
Canopy®	Fusilade® DX	Prowl	Warrior
Canopy XL®	Fusion®	Pursuit	2,4-D
Command	Karate	Pursuit® Plus	2,4-DB
Dual MAGNUM	Lasso	Reflex®	•

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest

Touchdown HiTech may be applied preharvest as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a harvest aid. Touchdown HiTech provides weed control when applied preharvest to soybeans and may aid in crop dry down. Apply to mature soybeans when pods have lost their color. Do not apply a preharvest treatment to soybeans grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

SOYBEANS, GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT (INCLUDING ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting; postemergence; and preharvest in soybean varieties which have been genetically modified to be tolerant to glyphosate based herbicides.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Glyphosate-Tolerant Soybeans

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Applications of Touchdown HiTech prior to soybean emergence should not exceed a total of 3 qts./A.
- Make postemergence applications from cracking throughout flowering of soybeans at a maximum of 1.8 qts./A per season with no more than 40 fl. oz./A for any single application.
- Make preharvest applications at least 14 days before harvest of grain, forage, and hay with no more than 20 fl. oz./A.
- All Touchdown HiTech applications for a soybean crop should not exceed a total of 4.8 qts./year.
- · Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.

Drift control agents may be used.

Preplant/Preemergence

Touchdown HiTech may be used as a broadcast spray to control emerged annual and perennial weeds. Apply before, during, or after planting of soybeans. Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Authority **FirstRate** Lorox Steel **Authority Broadleaf** Lorox Plus Warrior Flexstar Boundary Frontier Prowl 2.4-D Broadstrike Fusilade DX Pursuit 2.4-DB Fusion Canopy Pursuit Plus Canopy XL Karate Reflex Command Lasso Scepter **Dual MAGNUM** Sencor Dual II MAGNUM Linex Squadron

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Postemergence

Annual Weeds

Apply Touchdown HiTech at 10-40 fl. oz./A from cracking through full flowering of soybean plants to control annual weeds. For best results, make the first application of Touchdown HiTech at 20 fl. oz./A within 30 days after planting on weeds up to 6 inches tall. Refer to Table 1 for specific rate information. Touchdown HiTech will not provide residual control. To control new weed flushes, repeat applications may be required.

Perennial Weeds

Apply Touchdown HiTech at 20-40 fl. oz./A to actively growing perennial grasses, sedges, and broadleaf weeds. Applications in crop on glyphosate-tolerant soybeans normally occur before perennial weeds reach the most desirable growth stage for control. Treatments made prior to the timing designated in Table 3 may require retreatment. Best control will be obtained when perennial broadleaf weeds are treated in the early bud to flowering stage and when perennial grasses are in the boot to seedhead stage. Refer to Table 3 for additional rate and timing information.

Tank Mixtures

Pursuit

Touchdown HiTech may be tank mixed with one or more of the following products:

Basagran® Quadris® Bravo® Raptor™ Classic® Reflex FirstRate Reliance™ STS® Flexstar Scepter Fusilade DX Synchrony® STS® **Fusion** Tilt® Karate Warrior Pinnacle®

Use a minimum of 10-14 fl. oz./A Touchdown HiTech in mixture with postemergent tank mix herbicides on 3 inch tall weeds. Use a minimum of 14-20 fl. oz./A Touchdown HiTech in mixture with postemergent tank mix herbicides on 3-6 inch tall weeds. Under certain conditions, the mixture of Touchdown HiTech with one or more of the above mentioned herbicides may result in a reduction of activity. Tank mixes can result in increased crop injury as compared to either product used alone. Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest

Touchdown HiTech may be applied preharvest as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a harvest aid. Touchdown HiTech provides weed control when applied preharvest to soybeans. Apply to mature soybeans when pods have lost their color.

SUGARCANE

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before emergence of plant cane; spot spray; hooded sprayers; postharvest.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Sugarcane

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Activity may also be increased
 by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals, or ponds containing water.
- Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following spot spray application.
- Avoid contact with sugarcane foliage, as severe damage or destruction may result.

Tank Mixtures for Preplant/Preemergence Use for Sugarcane

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6-4.8 pts./A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations of weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

Atrazine	
Banvel	Sencor
Clarity	Prowl
Karmex	2,4-D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Hooded Sprays

Touchdown HiTech may be used through hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern for weed control between the rows. Adjust the hooded sprayer in raised seedbeds to ensure the front and rear flaps touch the ground to completely enclose the spray solution.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes in direct contact with the leaves of the crop.

Application Requirements:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.
- Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.
- · Use low drift nozzles.

Sugarcane Ripening

To hasten ripening and extend the period of high sucrose levels in sugarcane see the following specified use rates and application timing for each state listed.

LA - Apply 4-11 fl. oz./A 3-5 weeks before harvest of ration cane only.

TX - Apply 4.5-11 fl. oz./A 3-5 weeks before harvest of ration cane only.

FL - Apply 4-11 fl. oz./A 3-6 weeks before harvest of last ration cane only.

HI - Apply 4-19 fl. oz./A 4-10 weeks before harvest.

PR - Apply 4-4.7 fl. oz./A 3-5 weeks before harvest of ration cane only.

Use of this product may not increase sucrose content control under conditions of good natural ripening.

Fallow Treatments

For removal of the last stubble of ration cane between sugarcane crops, apply 2.5-3 qts. in 10-40 gals. of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 days between application and tillage.

SUNFLOWER

Method of Application: Preplant/Preemergence and Preharvest.

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections. Refer to Weeds Controlled section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Sunflower

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- Make only one preplant/ preemergence or preharvest application with no more than 1.25 pts./A.
- Do not graze or feed sunflower forage.

Make preharvest applications at least 7 days before harvest or livestock feeding with no more than 20 fl oz/A.

Avoid contact with sunflower foliage.

Tank Mixtures for Preplant/Preemergence Use for Sunflower

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Eptam, Prowl for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at up to 1.25 pts./A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations of weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest

For weed control as a harvest aid in sunflower, apply no more than 20 fl oz/A to physiologically mature sunflower when the back of the heads are yellow and bracts are turning brown and seed moisture content is less than 35%.

VEGETABLE CROPS

Touchdown HiTech may be used on the vegetable crops listed below:

Amaranth

Arrugula

Artichoke (Jerusalem)

Asparagus Beans (all) Beet, garden Beet, sugar

Broccoli (all)

Brussels Sprouts

Cabbage (all)

Cabbage (Chinese)

Cantaloupe

Cardoon

Carrot Casaba

Cavalo Broccolo

Cauliflower Celeriac Celery

Celery (Chinese) Celtuce

Chard (Swiss)

Chayote

Chervil Chick peas

Chicory Chrysanthemum Guar

Horseradish

Kale Kohlrabi Leeks Lentils Lettuce

Melons (all including citron, crenshaw, honey balls,

honeydew, mango, musk, Persian)

Mizuna

Mustard greens

Okra

Onions (green, spring, Japanese bunching)

Parsley, turnip-rooted

Parsnip Peas (all) Pepinos Pepper (all) Potato (Irish) Pumpkin Purslane

Radish

Radish, oriental (daikon)

Rape greens Rhubarb Rutabaga Salsify, black

Collards

Corn salad

Cress Cucumber

Dandelion Dock (sorrel)

Eggplant Endive

Fennel (Florence)

Garlic Gherkin Ginseng

Gourd, edible

Groundcherry

Salsify (oyster plant) Salsify (Spanish)

Shallots
Spinach (all)
Spinach, mustard

Squash (summer, winter)

Sweet potato Tomatillo Tomato Turnio

Watercress Watermelon

Yams

Method of Application: Broadcast application before transplanting or before, during, or after planting but prior to crop emergence if direct seeded; spot spray; wiper/wick (rutabaga only); postharvest and in California only pre-harvest application in garlic grown for processing (dehydration).

Follow directions listed in the Application and Mixing Directions, Spray Additives, and Application Equipment and Techniques sections of this label. Refer to Weeds Controlled for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Vegetable Crops

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.
- For Asparagus, do not apply broadcast within one week of emergence of first spears. Spot
 applications can be made immediately after cutting, but before emergence. Spears can be harvested
 5 days after spot application. Postharvest applications can be made as a directed or shielded spray
 avoiding contact of the spray with the ferns, stems, or spears.
- Wiper/wick applications to rutabagas must be made at least 14 days before harvest.
- Make one preharvest or one spot application in dry beans with no more than 20 fl oz/A or in peas, lentils, and chickpeas with no more than 57 fl oz/A at least 7 days before harvest.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay to livestock.
- Do not combine a preharvest with a spot application on the same crop area.
- Do not treat cowpeas or field (feed) peas, these crops are considered as livestock feed.
- For California use only, make pre-harvest application of no more than 40 fl oz/A to garlic grown for dehydration only, at least 30 days before harvest. Do not apply to garlic grown for seed or make aerial pre-harvest applications.
- Wait 3 days after application before planting cantaloupe, casaba, chayote, Chinese okra, Chinese waxgourd, cucumber, cucuzza, edible gourd, eggplant, gherkin, gourds, groundcherry, melons (all), pepper (all), pumpkin, squash, tomatillo, watercress, and watermelon.
- If transplanting into plastic mulch, ensure residues of this product are removed from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by a minimum of ½ inch of sprinkler irrigation or rainfall.

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 Preharvest application is not recommended for legumes grown for seed as reduction in germination or vigor-may occur.

Tank Mixtures With Residual Herbicides for Preplant/Preemergence Use in Vegetables

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6-4.8 pts./A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations of weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

Command
Dual MAGNUM Lorox
Dual II MAGNUM Matrix®
Fusilade DX Prefar®
Goal Prowl
Kerb Sencor

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest

Touchdown HiTech may be applied over-the-top of dry beans, peas, lentils and chickpeas to control weeds before harvest. Apply no more than 20 fl oz/A in dry beans or no more than 58 fl oz/A in peas, lentils, and chickpeas in 3-20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30% or less grain moisture). Only one application per year may be made.

In California only, Touchdown HiTech may be applied by ground equipment prior to harvest of garlic grown for dehydration, to control weeds such as field bindweed and nutsedge. Apply 20 to 40 fl oz/A Touchdown HiTech in a minimum of 5 gal/A when garlic tops have fully dried and there is no green tissue present.

Spot Treatment

Touchdown HiTech may be applied as a spot treatment to control troublesome weeds in dry beans at no more than 20 fl oz/A and in peas, lentils, and chickpeas at no more than 58 fl oz/A. Apply in 10-20 gallons of water using a ground sprayer or use a 2% solution in a hand-held sprayer. For best results, make applications at or beyond the bud stage of growth. Only one application per year may be made.

NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS

GENERAL INFORMATION - NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS

Touchdown HiTech may be used for control of a broad spectrum of emerged annual and perennial grass and broadleaf weeds and unwanted woody brush and trees in NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS. Nonagricultural use areas include areas such as airports; apartment complexes; aquatic areas; Christmas tree farms; ditch banks; ditches; canals; fencerows; forests; golf courses, habitat restoration and management areas; highways; industrial sites; lumber yards; manufacturing sites; natural areas; office complexes; ornamental nurseries; parks; parking areas; pasture and rangeland (including stock tanks, watering holes, and ponds); petroleum tank farms and pumping installations; pipeline, power, telephone and utility rights-of-way; railroads; recreational areas; residential areas; roadsides; schools; storage areas; utility substations; warehouse areas; wetlands; other public areas; and similar industrial and noncrop sites.

Cultural Considerations: Application to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment may result in reduced control. Weeds covered with dust; weeds damaged by insects or disease may result in reduced weed control.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall or irrigation shortly after application may require retreatment.

No Soil Activity: Touchdown HiTech does not provide soil residual control of weeds. Only emerged weeds at the time of application will be controlled. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected.

RATES

Follow specified rates for Touchdown HiTech listed in the WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED sections. Use the higher label rates when weeds are dense or large. Also, use higher application volumes and pressures when weed vegetation is dense.

TANK MIXES WITH RESIDUAL HERBICIDES

Refer to crop sections for tank mixes. Tank mixes of Touchdown HiTech with other pesticides, fertilizers, or any other additives except as specified on this label or other approved Syngenta supplemental labeling may result in tank mix incompatibility or unsatisfactory performance. It is recommended that the compatibility of any tank mix combination be tested on a small scale such as a jar test before actual tank mixing.

Always refer to labels of other pesticide products for mixing directions and precautions which may differ from those outlined here. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Tank Mixing Recommendations:

- 1. Fill spray tank ½ full with clean water.
- Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- Add AMS (if used).
- Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 6. Add Touchdown HiTech.
- Add nonionic surfactant or wetting agent.
- 8. Fill remainder of spray tank.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES - NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

- Avoid drift. Applications should not be made in low level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty
 or under any other conditions which favor drift. Inversions are characterized by stable air and
 increasing temperatures with height above the ground. The applicator may detect the presence of an
 inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer. Drift may cause damage to any
 vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended.
- Compatibility with drift control additives may vary. It is recommended that the combination be tested
 on a small scale such as a jar test. Read and follow manufacturer's directions for use. A reduction in

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weed control may occur when drift control agents are used.

All equipment must be properly maintained and washed to remove product residues after use.

BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

Ground

Applications should be made in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

When foliage is dense, spray volume should be increased to ensure coverage of the target weeds. Flatfan nozzles will result in the most effective application of Touchdown HiTech. Spray boom and nozzle heights must be adjusted to provide coverage of target weed. Flood nozzles may result in reduced weed control due to inadequate coverage.

Air

Applications should be made in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with effective weed control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 ft above the canopy should be avoided.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good weed control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding inappropriate spray boom pressure. Solid stream or low shear nozzles may be utilized to reduce small droplet formation. These nozzles direct the fluid parallel to the existing airflow to reduce shear effects. Other techniques may include reducing the fan angle of flat fan nozzles if used, or reducing the deflector plate angle if deflector type nozzles are used. Ensure the spray is released at an appropriate distance below the airfoil.

For best results, each specific aerial application vehicle used should be quantifiably pattern tested for aerial application of Touchdown HiTech initially and every year thereafter. To minimize drift, it is suggested aerial application equipment produce the following minimum spray deposition characteristics:

Volume Median Diameter (VMD) Volume Diameter (VD) {0.9} > 400 microns

→ 200 microns

Prolonged exposure of Touchdown HiTech to uncoated steel surfaces may result in corrosion and possible failure of the part. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion. To prevent corrosion of exposed parts, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of Touchdown HiTech accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear are most susceptible.

For aerial application in California, refer to the Federal Supplemental Label for aerial application for specific instructions, restrictions, and requirements. For aerial application, consult with State or local authorities regarding any additional requirements for aerial treatments. Banvel tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

SHIELDED/HOODED APPLICATION

Use shielded/hooded sprayers to control weeds between rows while protecting the crop from the herbicide. Keep shields/hoods as close to the ground as possible and avoid ground speed in excess of 5 mph. Use appropriate nozzles, spacing, and pressure to achieve coverage without allowing spray to touch or drift onto the crop. Maintain equipment in good operating condition to prevent leakage or dripping onto the crop. Refer to state extension service recommendations and equipment manufacturers' guidelines for more information on proper operation of shielded/hooded sprayers.

SPOT TREATMENTS

For annual weeds less than 6 inches, use a 0.3 to 0.6% v/v solution. For annual weeds over 6 inches, use a 0.6 to 0.9% v/v solution. Use a 0.6 to 1.25% v/v solution for most perennials (see Table 3 for specific rates and timing). When using motorized spot spray equipment (rider bar), use a 1.8% v/v solution. See Spot Spray Dilution Table below for rates of Touchdown HiTech/volume of finished spray solution. Spray the solution on actively growing weeds until uniformly wet but not to the point of runoff. Retreat 14 to 21 days later if regrowth occurs.

Touchdown HiTechSpot Spray Dilution Table

	To Make This Volume				
Solution Strength	1 gallon	10 gallons	25 gallons	100 gallons	
0.4%	0.5 fl oz	5 fl oz	12 fl oz	3 pt	
0.7%	0.9 fl oz	9 fl oz	1.4 pt	5.6 pt	
0.9%	1.2 fl oz	12 fl oz	1.9 pt	3.8 qt	
1.1%	1.4 fl oz	14 fl oz	2.2 pt	4.4 qt	
1.5%	1.9 fl oz	1.2 pt	3 pt	1.5 gal	
2.2%	2.8 fl oz	1.8 pt	4.4 pt	2.2 gal	
5%	6.4 fl oz	4.0 pt	10 pt	5 gal	
10%	12.8 fl oz	1 gal	2.5 gal	10 gal	

For use in backpack sprayers, it is suggested that the specified amount of Touchdown HiTech be mixed with water in a large container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

WIPER APPLICATION

Touchdown HiTech may be applied using a wiper or "wick" applicator (e.g. rope, sponge, or porous plastic applicators) for selective control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds which become taller than the crop or desirable vegetation. Mix 2.5 qt of Touchdown HiTech in 2 gallons of water unless directed otherwise in this label (See **General Use Precautions** for Berries, Fruits, Nuts, and Vines). Precautions should be taken to avoid contact with crops or desirable vegetation. Equipment should be operated at speeds of 5 mph or less. Use slower speeds where weeds are dense. For improved control, make two applications in opposite directions.

Hand-Held and High-Volume Equipment

For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only.

For control of weeds listed in Table 1 (Annual Weeds Controlled), apply a 0.4% solution of Touchdown HiTech to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1% solution. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds.

For harder-to-control perennials, such as bermudagrass, Canada thistle, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, and milkweed, use a 1.7% solution.

For low volume directed spray applications, use a 4-8% solution of Touchdown HiTech for control or partial control of annual weeds, perennial weeds, or woody brush and trees. Spray coverage should be

uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. When spraying large woody brush and trees with dense and thick foliage or multiple sprouts, spray both sides to ensure adequate coverage.

Injection Systems

Touchdown HiTech may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix Touchdown HiTech with the undiluted concentrate of other products when using injection systems unless specifically recommended.

CDA EQUIPMENT

For control of annual weeds with hand held equipment, apply a 17% solution of Touchdown HiTech at a flow rate of 2 fl oz per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (0.8 qt/A). For perennial weeds, use a 17 to 25% solution of Touchdown HiTech at a flow rate of 2 fl oz per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (1.67 to 2.5 qt/A). For vehicle mounted equipment, apply in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED sections, for application rates and timing.

Precautions should be taken to avoid contact with crops or desirable vegetation.

LOW VOLUME EQUIPMENT

For low volume directed spray applications, use a 4-8% solution of Touchdown HiTech for control or partial control of annual weeds, perennial weeds, or woody brush and trees. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. When spraying large woody brush and trees with dense and thick foliage or multiple sprouts, spray both sides to ensure adequate coverage.

SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Touchdown HiTech may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators, or sponge bars to listed weeds growing in any noncrop site specified on this label. A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation. Spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse. Shielded or hooded sprayers direct the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide.

Adjust selective applicators so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam, or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation is likely to result in discoloration, stunting, or destruction.

Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. In dense clumps, severe infestations, or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

For shielded and hooded applicators, use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation.

Wiper Applicators and Sponge Bars

Equipment must be designed, maintained, and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Apply at ground speeds of 5 mph or less. Use slower speeds where weeds are dense. For improved control, make 2 applications in opposite directions.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Use the spray solution within 24 hours of mixing.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators: Mix 0.8 to 1.7 gallons of Touchdown HiTech in 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33 to 75% solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this section.

For Porous Plastic Applicators and Pressure Feed Systems: Mix 0.8 gallon of Touchdown HiTech in 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33% solution up to using the product undiluted as a 100% solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this section.

When applied as specified, Touchdown HiTech controls the following weeds:

Corn, volunteer

Sicklepod

Panicum, Texas

Spanishneedles

Rye, common

Starbur, bristly

Shattercane

When applied as specified, Touchdown HiTech suppresses the following weeds:

Beggarweed, Florida

Milkweed

Sunflower

Bermudagrass

Nightshade, silverleaf

Thistle, Canada Thistle, musk

Dogbane, hemp

Pigweed, redroot Ragweed, common

Vasevgrass

Dogfennel Guineagrass

Ragweed, giant

Velvetleaf

Johnsongrass

Smutgrass

SITE AND USE RECOMMENDATIONS - NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS

Unless otherwise specified, applications may be made to control any weeds listed in the annual, perennial, and woody brush tables (Table 1, 2, and 3). Refer to the **APPLICATION PROCEDURES** section for additional rate information.

TANK MIXES

Refer to crop use sections for tank mixes. Tank mixes of Touchdown HiTech with other pesticides, fertilizers, or any other additives except as specified on this label or other approved Syngenta supplemental labeling may result in tank mix incompatibility or unsatisfactory performance. It is recommended that the compatibility of any tank mix combination be tested on a small scale such as a jar test before actual tank mixing.

Always refer to labels of other pesticide products for mixing directions and precautions which may differ from those outlined here. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Tank Mixing Recommendations:

- Fill spray tank ½ full with clean water.
- 2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- Add AMS (if used).
- 4. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- Add Touchdown HiTech.
- 7. Add nonionic surfactant or wetting agent.
- 8. Fill remainder of spray tank.

SPRAY ADDITIVES

Surfactants/Wetting Agents

This product does not contain a surfactant. A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25-0.5% v/v (1-2 quarts NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. The nonionic surfactant or wetting agent used should contain at least 75% active ingredient.

Any surfactant that is used must be approved for the intended use site.

Ammonium Sulfate (AMS)

Control of annual and perennial weeds with Touchdown HiTech may be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 0.5% by weight or 4.25 to 17 lb/100 gallons of water. Liquid formulations of AMS may be used at an equivalent rate. Do not reduce use rates of Touchdown HiTech when using AMS.

Drift Control Agents

Drift control agents may be used with Touchdown HiTech.

Dyes/Colorants

Dyes or colorants approved for agricultural use can be used in spray solutions of Touchdown HiTech. Use according to manufacturer's direction. Addition of these dyes/colorants may reduce performance, especially at low dilution rates.

When an adjuvant is to be used with the product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is recommended.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS - NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS

This section is organized alphabetically by nonagricultural use site description. There may be several application sites listed in a category.

AQUATIC AND WETLAND SITES

Use Touchdown HiTech to control emerged, floating, and marginal weeds in aquatic and wetland sites (Table 5). These sites include all bodies of fresh or brackish water which are flowing, nonflowing, or transient. Aquatic and wetland sites include bayous; canals; estuaries; irrigation and drainage ditches; lakes; marshes; ponds; reservoirs; rice levees; rivers; seeps; streams; wastewater treatment facilities; wildlife habitat restoration and management areas, and similar sites.

Touchdown HiTech will only control plants which are emerged from the water during the application.

There are no restrictions on the use of treated water for irrigation, recreation, or domestic purposes.

Consult local state fish and game agency; and local public water control authorities before applying this product in and around public water. Permits may be required to treat such water.

Do not apply this product directly to water within 0.5 mile up-stream of an active potable water intake in flowing water (i.e. river, stream, etc.) or within 0.5 mile of an active potable water intake in a standing body of water such as lake, pond, or reservoir.

To make aquatic applications around and within 0.5 mile of active potable water intakes, the water intake must be turned off for a minimum period of 48 hours after the application. The water intake may be turned on prior to 48 hours if the glyphosate level in the intake water is below 0.7 part per million as determined by laboratory analysis. These aquatic applications may be made ONLY in those cases where there are alternative water sources or holding ponds which would permit the turning off of an active potable water intake for a minimum period of 48 hours after the applications. This restriction does NOT apply to intermittent inadvertent overspray of water in terrestrial use sites.

For treatments after drawdown of water or in dry ditches, allow 7 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within 1 day after drawdown to ensure application to actively growing weeds.

Retreatment of floating mats of vegetation may be necessary for complete control due to splashing of the sprayed foliage. Avoid wash-off of the treated foliage for at least 2 hours following application. Wait at least 24 hours before retreating foliage.

In flowing waters, applications should be made while traveling upstream to prevent concentration of herbicide in the treated area. When treating weeds on the banks, avoid overlap more than one foot into open water.

Do not apply or allow drift to areas where no woody brush, trees, or weeds are present. The maximum application rate of 3 qt per acre must not be exceeded in any single broadcast application that is being made over water except as follows:

- Stream crossings in utility rights-of-way.
- Where applications will result in less than 20% of the total water area being treated.

Treatment of dense emerged weeds may result in oxygen loss in the water from decomposition of the dead weeds. Oxygen depletion may result in fish kill. Therefore, treat only 1/3 to 1/2 of the total water body at one time, especially if dense weeds exist and wait 14-21 days between treatments.

CHRISTMAS TREES

Method of Application: Postdirected spray: site preparation; and spot spray.

Touchdown HiTech may be used prior to planting Christmas trees; or as a postdirected spray and spot treatment around established Christmas trees.

Follow the directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED sections, for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Christmas Trees

- A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v
 (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be
 improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals, of water.
- Avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees.
- This product is not recommended for broadcast applications over the top of Christmas trees.

FARMSTEADS (NONCROP)

Method of Application: General nonselective weed control, trim-and-edge, chemical mowing, cut stumps, and habitat management.

Applications can be made in noncrop areas on the farm such as:

Barrier strips
Ditchbanks

Farm roads

Dry ditches and dry canals

Equipment areas
Farm buildings

Farmyards

Fence rows Fuel storage areas

Rights-of-way

Shelterbelts

Soil bank land

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED sections for rates and timing.

A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v (1 quart NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume. Control of weeds may also be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1-2% by weight or 8.5-17 lbs./100 gals. of water.

Tank Mixtures for Farmsteads

Refer to the **ANNUAL WEEDS CONTROLLED** section, Table 1, for application rates and timing. For annual weeds, use 0.6 to 2.4 qt/A of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 0.9 to 2.4 qt/A when weeds are greater than 6 inches tall.

Refer to the **PERENNIAL WEEDS CONTROLLED** section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. For perennial weeds, apply 1.25 to 3.0 qt/A in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns, or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES** section of this label for specified rates.

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Banvel®

Simazine

Direx

Surflan

Diuron

2.4-D

Princep Caliber 90

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.



Chemical Mowing

Touchdown HiTech will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at a rate of 2.5 to 5 fl oz/A. Use 2.5 to 3.3 fl oz of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

Cut Stumps

Alder Eucalyptus Madrone Oak Reed, giant Salt-cedar Sweetgum Tan oak Willow

Touchdown HiTech will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed. Apply Touchdown HiTech using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 40 to 100% solution of Touchdown HiTech completely covering the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Application delay may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Habitat Management - Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Banvel Simazine
Direx Surflan
Diuron 2,4-D
Princep Caliber 90

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Wildlife Food Plots

Touchdown HiTech may be used for site preparation for control of annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area after applying Touchdown HiTech. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Farmsteads

Avoid contact with the foliage of ornamentals or other desirable plants.

Repeat applications may be necessary.

Avoid making cut stump applications as injury to adjacent trees may occur from root grafting.



FORESTRY AND UTILITY RIGHT OF WAY USES

Touchdown HiTech may be used for the control or partial control of woody brush, trees, annual, and perennial weeds in forestry and utility sites. Touchdown HiTech may also be used in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites, for maintaining logging roads, and for side trimming along utility rights-of-way, (including electrical power; pipeline and telephone rights-of-way; and utility sites such as substations).

Broadcast applications can be made at 1-6 qt/A in 5-30 gals./A by air; and 10 to 60 gallons/A by ground.

Spray to wet applications can be made with a handgun, backpack, or mistblower applicator with a 0.6 to 1.7% spray solution. For low volume directed spray applications, use a 4 to 8% solution of TouchdownHiTech. Handguns, backpack, or mistblower applicators can be used. For low volume directed spray applications, coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one-half of the plant is important for best results.

Use of 0.5 to 1% NIS is recommended. Mix 2-4 qt of NIS per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Refer to the WEEDS, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED sections for use rates. For best results, apply to actively growing woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion and before fall color and leaf drop. Increase rates within the specified range for control of perennial weeds any time after emergence and before seedheads, flowers, or berries appear.

Use the lower rates of Touchdown HiTech within the specified range for control of annual weeds and actively growing perennial weeds after seedheads, flowers, or berries appear.

Tank Mixtures for Use in Forestry Site Preparation and Utility Rights-of-Way

Tank mixtures of Touchdown HiTech may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation controlled. Any specified rate of Touchdown HiTech may be used in a tank mix.

Arsenal®

Garlon™ 4

Chopper®

Oust XP

Escort®

Vanquish®

Garlon™ 3A

- Only use Garlon 4 tank mixes or use Touchdown
- HiTech alone at specified rates in utility side trimming.
- Ensure that Garlon 3A is thoroughly mixed with water according to label directions before adding to tank mixture. Ensure adequate agitation at the time Garlon 3A is added to avoid spray compatibility problems.
- For forestry site preparation, make sure the tank mix product is approved for use prior to planting desired species.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds controlled.

Forestry Conifer and Hardwood Release - Directed Spray and Selective Equipment

Touchdown HiTech may be applied with selective equipment or as a directed spray for forestry conifer and hardwood release, including Christmas tree plantations and silvicultural nurseries. See the APPLICATION PROCEDURES section for recommended equipment.

Spray to wet applications can be made with a 1.7% spray solution for control of undesirable woody brush and trees. Use a 0.8 to 1.7% spray solution for most annual and perennial weeds. For low volume directed spray applications, use a 4-8% solution of Touchdown HiTech. Handguns, backpack, or mistblower applicators can be used. Coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one-half of the plant is important for best results.

Equipment calibrated for broadcast applications can be used. Use 1.2 to 6.0 qt of Touchdown HiTech in 10 to 60 gallons of clean water per acre. Use shielded application equipment to avoid contact with foliage or green bark of desirable plants.

Use of 0.5 to 1.5% NIS is recommended. Mix 2-6 at NIS per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Wiper application equipment may be used. Refer to the Wiper Applicators and Sponge Bars section for rate and use directions.

Refer to the WEEDS, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED sections for use rates. For best results, apply to actively growing woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion and before fall color and leaf drop. Increase rates within the specified range for control of perennial weeds any time after emergence and before seedheads, flowers, or berries appear.

Use the lower rates of Touchdown HiTech within the specified range for control of annual weeds and actively growing perennial weeds after seedheads, flowers, or berries appear.

Tank Mixtures for Use in Directed Spray and Selective Equipment

Tank mixtures of Touchdown HiTech may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation controlled. Any specified rate of Touchdown HiTech may be used in a tank mix.

Arsenal Garlon 4 Oust XP

- Only use Oust XP tank mixes or use Touchdown HiTech alone at specified rates in hardwood plantations.
- Only use Garlon 4 or Arsenal tank mixes or use Touchdown HiTech alone at specified rates in pine plantations.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of trees, woody brush, and weeds controlled.

Forestry Conifer Release - Broadcast Spray

Use of 0.25 to 1% NIS is recommended. Mix 1-4 qt NIS per 100 gallons of spray solution.

To avoid injury to desirable species, make sure final resting buds have formed and are well hardened off before fall application or prior to initial bud swelling in the spring.

Outside Southeastern U.S.

Touchdown HiTech can be used as a broadcast spray for conifer forest release. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6 to 1.8 qt/A for species listed in the following table in areas outside the southeastern U.S., unless specified otherwise in the table.

Use for Release of the Following Conifer Species Outside the Southern U.S.

Species	Scientific Name	Remarks
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Apply 0.6 to 0.9 qt/A at end of first growing season (except CA).
Fir	Abies spp.	
Hemlock	Tsuga spp.	Do not add surfactant. Injury may result.
Pines	Pinus spp.	Not for use on loblolly, long leaf, short leaf, or slash pine. Apply 0.6 to 0.9 qt/A at end of first growing season (except CA).
Redwood, California	Sequoia spp.	Do not add surfactant. Injury may result.
Spruce	Picea spp.	In Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, up to 1.8 qt/A may be used for difficult to control woody brush and trees. In other areas, apply 0.6 to 0.9 qt/A at end of first growing season.

Tank Mixtures for Broadcast Sprays Outside the Southeastern U.S.

Tank mixtures of Touchdown HiTech may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation control.

Arsenal Applicators Concentrate Oust XP

- In Maine and New Hampshire, use 1 fl oz/A of Arsenal Applicators Concentrate in a tank mix to control difficult species.
- For Douglas Fir release, use 2 to 6 fl oz/A of Arsenal Applicators Concentrate in a tank mix with 0.6 to 0.9 qt/A of Touchdown HiTech.
- For Balsam Fir and Red Spruce release, use 1 to 2.5 fl oz/A of Arsenal Applicators Concentrate with 1.2 qt/A of Touchdown HiTech.
- For Jack Pine and White Spruce release, use 1 to 3 oz/A of Oust XP in a tank mix with 0.6 to 1.2 qt/A of Touchdown HiTech. For White Pine release, use 1 to 1.5 oz/A of Oust XP in a tank mix with 0.6 to 1.2 qt/A of Touchdown HiTech. Over-the-top applications to established stands can be made. Make sure late summer or final fall resting buds have formed before application.

Southeastern U.S.

Touchdown HiTech can be used as a broadcast spray for conifer forest release. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6 to 1.2 qt/A for species listed in the following table in areas outside the southeastern U.S., unless specified otherwise in the table.

Use for Release of the Following Conifer Species In the Southern U.S.

Species	Scientific Name	Remarks
Eastern White Pine	Pinus strobus	Apply 0.6 to 0.9 qt/A during late summer
Loblolly Pine	Pinus taeda	or early fall on established stands.
Long-leaf Pine	Pinus palustris	Apply 0.6 qt/A at end of first growing
Short-leaf Pine	Pinus echinata	season.
Slash Pine	Pinus elliottii	Make sure final fall resting buds have
Virginia Pine	Pinus virginiana	formed before application.

Tank Mixtures for Broadcast Sprays in the Southeastern U.S.

A tank mix of Touchdown HiTech may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation control. Apply 0.6 to 1.2 qt/A of Touchdown HiTech in a tank mix with Arsenal Applicators Concentrate at 2 to 16 fl oz. Use the higher specified rates for dense, tough-to control, woody brush and trees.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of trees, woody brush, and weeds controlled.

Forestry Conifer Release - Broadcast - Annual and Perennial Weed Control

Touchdown HiTech may be used for the control of annual weeds and control or suppression of perennial weeds listed in the **WEED CONTROL** sections (Table 1 and 2). Make applications to actively growing weeds as a broadcast spray over the top of labeled conifers. For best results, apply in a maximum of 25 gallons of clean water per acre.

Tank Mixtures for Residual Annual and Perennial Weed Control in Conifer Forests

Touchdown HiTech in a tank mix with the following residual herbicides can provide residual control of annual and perennial weeds.

Atrazine Oust XP

- For Loblolly Pine release, apply 9.6 to 14.4 fl oz/A of Touchdown HiTech in a tank mix with 2 to 4 oz/A of Oust XP.
- For Slash Pine release, apply 7.2 to 9.6 fl oz/A of Touchdown HiTech in a tank mix with 2 to 4 oz/A of Oust XP.
- These applications can be made to newly planted pines. For best results, apply after emergence of annual and perennial weeds in the spring or early summer. May and June applications are often the best.
- For Douglas Fir release, apply 0.6 qt/A of Touchdown HiTech in a tank mix with 4 lb a.i./A atrazine.
 Do not add surfactant. Applications can only be made to Douglas firs established at least one full
 growing season. Apply in early spring (mid-March to early April) before bud swell. Injury will occur if
 applications are made after bud swell.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of trees, woody brush, and weeds controlled.

Note: For all of the following use sites on this label, refer to Tables 1-4 for specific rates unless otherwise noted below.

GENERAL HABITAT MANAGEMENT AND HABITAT RESTORATION

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management and natural areas, including rangeland and wildlife refuges, including riparian and estuarine areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products:

Banvel Simazine Direx® Surflan-Diuron Vanquish Princep® Caliber 90® 2,4-D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Wildlife Food Plots

Touchdown HiTech may be used for site preparation for control of annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area after applying Touchdown HiTech. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

ORNAMENTAL AND PLANT NURSERY USES

For specific use rates, refer to Tables 1 to 4 WEEDS CONTROLLED AND WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROL section for annual and perennial weed control.

Touchdown HiTech may be postdirected around established woody ornamental species such as arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, euonymus, fir, Douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, privet, pine, spruce, and yew. Touchdown HiTech may also be used to trim-and-edge around trees, buildings, greenhouses, shadehouses, sidewalks and roads, potted plants, and other objects in a nursery setting.

Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. TOUCHDOWN HITECH IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage or green bark of established ornamentals.

When applying Touchdown HiTech to control weeds in and around shadehouses and greenhouses. desirable vegetation must not be present and air circulation fans must be off.

PASTURE USES

Touchdown HiTech can be used on pastures of the following type:

Alfalfa

Fescue

Bahiagrass Bermudagrass Orchardorass

Bluegrass

Ryegrass Timothy

Bromegrass

Clover

Wheatgrass

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting but before emergence; renovation; spot spray; and wiper/wick.

Follow directions listed in the SPRAY ADDITIVES and APPLICATION PROCEDURES sections. Refer to the WEEDS, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED sections, for rates and timing.

For best results, remove domesticated livestock 14 days before treatment. Allow 2 to 6 inches of new growth prior to treatment.

To aid in renovation of pastures, Touchdown HiTech may be applied at 5.6 to 38 fl oz/A to dormant pastures. Applications of Touchdown HiTech to green, nondormant plant tissue of desirable species will cause stunting, plant injury, or plant death.

General Use Precautions for Pastures

- Remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks before grazing or harvesting for forage and hay following preplant, preemergence, or pasture renovation applications.
- If using spot or wiper/wick application, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days before grazing or harvesting for forage or hay.

Tank Mixtures for Pastures

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the herbicides 2,4-D and/or Dicamba for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **WEEDS CONTROLLED** section for application rates and timing. Apply Touchdown HiTech at 0.6 to 4.8 pt/A in these tank mixes for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. For control or suppression of dense populations of weeds greater than 12 inches in height or weeds under stress, consider use rates at the higher end of the rate range.

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds, woody brush, and trees controlled.

TURFGRASS USES (INCLUDING ROADSIDES)

Touchdown HiTech may be used on turf in any areas described in GENERAL NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS.

Chemical Mowing

Touchdown HiTech, at 4 fl oz in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, will suppress Kentucky bluegrass and serve as a substitute for mowing.

Touchdown HiTech, at 5 fl oz in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, will suppress fine fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass, or tall fescue and serve as a substitute for mowing.

Touchdown HiTech, at 2 to 3 fl oz in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, will suppress some annual grasses such as ryegrass, wild barley, and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas. Make applications while the annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads reach the boot stage of development. Treatment may cause injury to the desired grasses.

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Dormant Bermudagrass

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release in dormant bermudagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. Apply 5 to 38 fl oz pts. of Touchdown HiTech in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to control winter annuals less than 6 inches in height and tall fescue at or beyond the 4 to 6 leaf stage.

Dormant Bahiagrass

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bahiagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. Apply pts 5 to 38 fl oz of Touchdown HiTech in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to control winter annuals less than 6 inches in height and tall fescue at or beyond the 4 to 6 leaf stage.

Rates to Achieve Control (C) or Suppression (S) in Dormant Bermudagrass and Bahiagrass

	Touchdown HiTech fluid oz/acre						
Weed Species	4.8	7.2	9.6	14.4	19		
Barley, little	S	С	i				
Bedstraw, catchweed	S	С					
Bluegrass, annual	S	C	•				
Chervil	S	С					
Chickweed, common	S	С					
Clover, crimson	*	S	S	С			
Clover, largehop	*	S	S	C .			
Fescue, tall	*	*	*	. *	S		
Geranium, Carolina	*	*	S	S	С		
Henbit	*	S	С				
Ryegrass, Italian	*	*	S	С			
Speedwell, corn	S	С					
Vetch, common	*	*	S	С			

^{*}These rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

Tank Mix with Oust XP - Dormant Bermudagrass

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with Oust XP for residual control. Apply 5 to 40 fl oz of Touchdown HiTech with 0.25 to 1 oz of Oust XP per acre. Use where some temporary injury or discoloration to a desirable bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. Use a maximum of 1 oz of Oust XP to minimize injury and avoid delays in greenup.

Actively Growing Bermudagrass

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release in actively growing, well established bermudagrass. Apply 10 to 30 fl oz of Touchdown HiTech in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height or runner length. Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass Bluestem, silver Fescue, tall

Johnsongrass* Trumpetcreeper** Vaseygrass

*Johnsongrass is controlled at the higher rate.

**Suppression at the higher rate only.

Use only on well established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may occur but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications are not recommended in the same season.

Tank Mix with Oust XP - Actively Growing Bermudagrass

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with Oust XP for residual control. Apply 10 to 19 fl oz of Touchdown HiTech with 1 to 2 oz of Oust XP per acre. Use lower rates of both products when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height or runner length. Use the higher rates of both products as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass Bluestem, silver Dallisgrass Dock, curly Fescue, tall Johnsongrass Trumpetcreeper Vaseygrass Vervain, blue

Broomsedge

Dogfennel

Poor Joe

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may occur but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications are not recommended in the same season.

Tank Mix with Oust XP - Dormant Bahiagrass

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with Oust XP for residual control. Apply5 to 38 fl oz of Touchdown HiTech with 0.25 to 0.5 oz of Oust XP per acre. Use where some temporary injury or discoloration to a desirable bahiagrass stand can be tolerated.

Actively Growing Bahiagrass

Touchdown HiTech, at 3 fl oz in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre, may be used to suppress vegetative growth and inhibit seedhead formation of actively growing bahiagrass for approximately 45 days. Make applications 1 to 2 weeks after green-up or after mowing to a height of 3 to 4 inches. Applications must be made before seedhead emergence. Suppression can be extended to 120 days with an application of Touchdown HiTech at 2.5 fl oz, followed in 45 days with an application at 1.25 to 2.5 fl oz. Do not make more than 2 applications per year.

Tank Mix with Oust XP - Actively Growing Bahiagrass

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with Oust XP for residual control. One to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing, apply 3.6 fl oz. of Touchdown HiTech with 0.25 oz of Oust XP. Do not make more than one application per year.

Bahiagrass Seedhead and Vegetative Suppression - Touchdown HiTech, at 3.6 fl oz in 10 to 25 gallons of spray solution per acre, may be used to suppress vegetative growth and inhibit seedhead formation of actively growing bahiagrass for approximately 45 days. Make applications 1 to 2 weeks after green-up or after mowing to a height of 3-4 inches. Applications must be made before seedhead emergence. Suppression can be extended to 120 days with an application of Touchdown HiTech at 2.4 fl oz, followed in 45 days with an application at 1.2 to 2.3 fl oz. Do not make more than 2 applications per vear.

Annual Grass Suppression in Rough Turf - Touchdown HiTech at 2.4 to 3 fl oz in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre, may be used to suppress growth of some annual grasses (such as annual ryegrass, wild barley, and wild oats) growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas. Make applications when annual grasses are actively growing and before seedheads are in the boot stage. Treatments after seedhead emergence may cause injury to desired grasses.

Renovation; Seed or Sod Production

Touchdown HiTech may be used to renovate turf in any areas described in GENERAL NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS.

Touchdown HiTech controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm season grasses such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management. Apply Touchdown HiTech after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions for Turfgrass Uses

A nonionic surfactant (NIS) or wetting agent (approved for intended use) must be added at 0.25% v/v (1 qt NIS or wetting agent/100 gallons) of finished spray volume.

Do not feed or graze turfgrass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring, or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures. Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turfgrass. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

Application or rates greater than 10 fl oz/A of Touchdown HiTech may result in injury or delayed green-up in highly maintained areas, such as golf courses and lawns.

- Oust XP tank mixes should not be used in highly maintained turfgrass.
- Do not feed or graze turfgrass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.
- Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

Roadsides

For specific use rates, refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED section.

Touchdown HiTech may be used on road shoulders, medians, and landscape areas. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar equipment.

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the roadside.

Touchdown HiTech may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

Touchdown HiTech may be tank mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot, and bare ground treatments:

Banvel Diuron Endurance Escort Krovar Oust XP Pendulum Princep Ronstar Sahara Simazine Surflan Telar Vanquish 2.4-D

OTHER NONAGRICULTURAL USE RESIDENTIAL AND RECREATIONAL

AREAS; INDUSTRIAL SITES; PARKS; RAILROADS;

General

Touchdown HiTech may be used in industrial sites, parks, railroads and residential and recreational areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. Touchdown HiTech may be used to trim-and-edge around objects in nonagricultural use sites, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation, and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. Touchdown HiTech may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

Nonagricultural Use Areas and Industrial Sites

For specific use rates, refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED section.

Repeated applications of Touchdown HiTech may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

Tank Mixtures for Nonagricultural Use Areas and Industrial Sites

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control of emerged annual weeds and control or partial control of perennial weeds, woody brush, and trees.

Arsenal Banvel Karmex Krovar[®] Sahara® Simazine

Barricade[®]
Diuron
Endurance[®]

Pendulum® Plateau® Princep®

Surflan® Telar® Vanquish

Escort

Ronstar®

2.4-D

Tank Mix with Oust XP - Perennial Weed Control

Touchdown HiTech, applied at 1.2 to 2.4 pt/A in a tank mix with Oust XP at 2 to 4 oz/A, will provide control or suppression of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass

Fescue, tall

Bermudagrass Broomsedge Johnsongrass Poor Joe

Dallisgrass Dock, curly

Quackgrass Vaseygrass

Dogfennel

Vervain, blue

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds controlled.

Railroads

For specific use rates, refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED section

Touchdown HiTech may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of Touchdown HiTech may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. Touchdown HiTech may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Touchdown HiTech may be tank mixed with the following products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground, and crossing treatments.

Arsenal Escort Krovar Spike® 2,4-D
Banvel Garlon Oust XP Telar
Diuron Hyvar® Sahara Vanquish

Woody Brush and Tree Management

For specific use rates, refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED section.

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control woody brush and tree weeds in any area described in GENERAL USE AREAS.

Apply Touchdown HiTech as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles.

Apply a 0.6 to 1.7% solution of Touchdown HiTech when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Use a 4-8% solution of Touchdown HiTech when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut; allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment. Reduced results may occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

Tank Mixtures for Woody Brush Control on Railroad Rights-of Way

Touchdown HiTech can be tank mixed with the following products for enhanced control of woody brush and trees.

Arsenal Garlon Escort Tordon®

Cut Stumps

Touchdown HiTech will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed. Apply Touchdown HiTech using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100% solution of Touchdown HiTech completely covering the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Application delay may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion. Avoid applications during peak sap flow in spring.

Alder Madrone Salt-cedar
Coyote Brush Maple Sweetgum
Dogwood Oak Tan oak
Eucalyptus Poplar Willow
Hickory Reed, giant

Note: Avoid making cut stump applications when roots of desirable adjacent trees may have grafted onto the roots of the cut stump.

Tree Injections and Frill Applications

Touchdown HiTech may be used to control woody brush and trees by using injection and frill applications in any areas described in **GENERAL NONAGRICULTURAL USE AREAS**.

Apply the equivalent of 1 ml of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). For best results, apply a 25 to 100% solution of Touchdown HiTech to a continuous frill or to evenly spaced cuts around the tree below all branches. In larger diameter trees, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings.

Avoid runoff in species that exude sap freely by making frills or cuts at an oblique angle, producing a cupping effect. Use Touchdown HiTech in an undiluted form. For best results, avoid applications during peak sap flow in the spring. Make applications during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion.

Following is a partial list of species that can be controlled using this technique.

Black gum¹ Oak
Dogwood¹ Poplar
Hickory¹ Sweetgum
Maple, red¹ Sycamore

Partial Control

Note: Avoid making injection or frill applications when roots of desirable adjacent trees may have grafted onto the roots of the cut stump.

WEEDS CONTROLLED, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES CONTROLLED

Water volumes of 3-40 gallons per acre by ground equipment and 3-15 gallons by air are recommended. Use the minimum spray volume that provides adequate coverage.

When tank mixing with residual herbicides, refer to the individual crop section for recommendations.

Apply to actively growing weeds.

Table 1. Annual Weed Control – Touchdown HiTech Rates

Use the higher end of the rate range when stressful growing conditions or dense plant populations exist.

Weed Species		Touchdown HiTech Fluid Ounces Per Acre Maximum Weed (Height/Length)				
	Scientific Name	3"	6"	12"	18"	24"
Anoda, spurred	Anoda cristata	14–20	20–24			
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			10–14	14–20
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	20	14–20	20–30		
Bassia, fivehook	Bassia hyssopifolia	!	20			
Bittercress	Cardamine spp.			5–10	10–14	
Bluegrass, annual	Poa annua			510	,	
Bluegrass, bulbous	Poa bulbosa			5–10	:	
Bristly starbur	Ancanthospomum hispidum		10–14	14–20		
Brome, downy ¹	Bromus tectorum		8–10	10–14		
Brome, Japanese	Bromus japonicus		5–10	10–14		. 14–20
Browntop panicum	Panicum fasciculatum		5–10	14–20		22–30
Buckwheat, wild ²	Polygonum convolvulus	20				
Buffalobur	Solanum rostratum	14–20	20-30	22–30		
Burcucumber	Sicyos angulatus		10–14	14–20		
Burgherkin	Cucumis anguria	14–20	20-30			
Buttercup ³	Ranunculus spp.			5–10	10–14	
Camphorweed	Heterotheca subaxillaris	·	20–30			
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis		14-20			
Carolina geranium ⁴	Geranium carolinianum	14–20	20–30	·		
Carpetweed	Mullugo verticillata		10–14	14–20		
Cheat	Bromus secalinus		5–10		10–14	
Cheatgrass	Bromus tectorum		5-10		10-14	
Cheeseweed	Malva parviflora	14	20			
Chervil	Anthriscus cerefolium				5–10	

Weed Species		Touchdown HiTech Fluid Ounces per Acre Maximum Weed (Height/Length)				
	Scientific Name	3"	6"	12"	18"	24"
Chickweed, common	Stellaria media			5–14	1420	
Chickweed, mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum		5–10	5–14	14–20	
Citronmelon	Citrullus lanatus	14-20	20–30			
Cocklebur, common	Xanthium strumarium			5–10	10–14	14-20
Coffee senna	Cassia occidentalis	1420	20–30			
Coreopsis, plains/tickseed	Coreopsis tinctoria		10-14	14-20	20-30	
Corn ⁵	Zea mays		5–10	10–14		14–20
Corn speedwell	Veronica arvensis			5–10		
Cowpea	Vigna unguiculata	14–20	20–30			
Crabgrass ⁶	Digitaria spp.	10	10–14	1420		
Crotalaria, showy	Crotalaria spectabilis	10-14	14–20	20–30		
Croton, tropic	Croton glandulosus	14–20	20–30			
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	5–10	10–20	24–48		
Cutleaf eveningprimrose ⁴	Oenothera laciniatá	14–20	24–36			
Deadnettle, purple	Lamium purpureum		14-20	24-36		
Devil's–claw (unicorn plant)	Proboscidea louisianica	14	20 .			
Dwarfdandelion	Krigia cespitosa				510	
Eastern mannagrass			5-10	10–14		-
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata	10–14	14–20	20–30		
Fall panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	5–10	14-20	20–30		22-30
Falsedandelion	Pyrrhopappus carolinianus				10-14	
Falseflax, smallseed	Camelina microcarpa			5–10		
Fiddleneck	Amsinckia spp		14	20–30		
Filaree	Erodium spp.		14–20	20–30		· · ·
Fleabane, annual	Erigeron annus		5–10		10–14	
Fleabane, hairy	Conyza bonariensis		14–20	20–30		

		Touchdown HiTech Fluid Ounces Per Acre				
		Maximum Weed (Height/Length)				
Weed Species	Scientific Name	3"	6"	12"	18"	24"
Fleabane, rough	Erigeron strigosus	5–10	10–14	14–20		• ,
Florida beggarweed	Desmodium tortuosum		10–14	14–20		
Florida pusley	Richardia scabra	1420	20–30			
Foxtails	Setaria spp.		5–10	10–14	14–20	
Goatgrass, jointed	Aegilops cylindrica		5–10	10–14		
Goosefoot, neetleleaf	Chenopodium murale		20–30			
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	10–14	14–20	20–30		
Grain sorghum (milo)	Sorghum bicolor		5–10	10–14	1420	
Groundcherry	Physalis spp.		20–30			
Groundsel, common	Senecio vulgaris		10–14			
Hemp sesbania	Sesbania exaltata	10-14	24–30	24–30		
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule		14–20	24–36	·	
Hophornbeam copperleaf	Acalypha ostryifolia	1420	24–36			
Horseweed/Marestail	Conyza canadensis		10-14	14–20	20–30	, , , , , , ,
Itchgrass	Rottboellia cochinchinensis		5–10	14–20	20–30	
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium			14-20	20–30	
Johnsongrass, seedling	Sorghum halepense		5–10	10–14	14–20	20-30
Junglerice	. Echinochloa colona	10–14	1420	20–30		
Knotweed	Polygonum aviculare		14–20	20–30		
Kochia ³	Kochia scoparia		10-14	1420		
Lambsquarters,	Chenopodium album		14-20	20-30	30-35	
common Lettuce, prickly	Lactuca serriola		10–14	14-20		
Little barley	Hordeum pussillum		5–10	10–14		
London rocket	Sisymbrium irio	ļ	5–10			14-20
Mayweed	Anthemis cotula	10–14	14–20		20–30	
Medusahead	Taeniatherum caput- medusae	14	14-20			
Morningglory 4.7	Ipomoea spp.	14–20	20–30			
Mustard, blue	Chorispora tenella		5-10	10–14	14–20	

		Touchdown HiTech Fluid Ounces per Acre					
		Maximum Weed (Height/Length0					
Weed Species	Scientific Name	3"	6"	12"	18"	24"	
Mustard, tansy	Descurainia pinnata		5–10	10–14	14–20		
Mustard, tumble	Sisymbrium altissimum		5–10	10–14	14–20	- ;	
Mustard, wild	Brassica kaber		510	10–14	14–20		
Nightshade, black	Solanum nigrum	14	1420	20–30	·		
Nightshade, hairy	Solanum sarrachoides Sendtner	14	14–20	20–30			
Oats	Avena sativa	10	10–14		1420		
Oats, wild	Avena fatua	10	10–14		14–20		
Panicum, Texas	Panicum texanum		5–10	1420		20–30	
Pennycress, field	Thlaspi arvense		5–10	10–14	·		
Pigweed	Amaranthus spp.		<u> </u>	10–14	14–20	24-30	
Poinsettia, wild	Euphorbia heterophylla	10–14	20-30				
Prickly sida (Teaweed) ^{4,7}	Sida spinosa	14–20	20–30			·	
Punctureviņe	Tribulus terrestris	14–20	20-30				
Purslane, common	Portulaca oleracea	14–20	20–30				
Rabbitfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis		14–20				
Ragweed, common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia		10–14	14–20	.20–30		
Ragweed, giant	Ambrosia trifida	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10-14	14–20	20-30		
Red rice	Oryza sativa	14–20					
Redweed	Melochia corchorifolia	14–20	20–30				
Rockpurslane Redmaids	Calandrinia spp.		14–20	·			
Rye	Secale cereale		5–10		14–20	20–30	
Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum		14–20	20-30			
Sandbur, field	Cenchrus incertus		10	10-14			
Sandbur, southern	Cenchrus echinatus	5–10	10–14	14–20			
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor		5–10	10–14	14–20		
Shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris		5–10	10–14			
Sicklepod	Cassia obtusifolia	14–20	20–30				
Signalgrass, broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla	10–14	14-20	20–30			

		Touchdown HiTech Fluid Ounces Per Acre Maximum Weed (Height/Length)						
Weed Species	Scientific Name	3"	6"	12"	18"	24"		
Smartweed (ladysthumb)	Polygonum persicaria		14–20	20–30	,			
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum		14-20	2030				
Sowthistle, annual	Sonchus oleraceus	, , , ,	14–20	20–30				
Spanishneedles	Bidens bipinnata		14–20	20-30				
Speedwell, purslane	Veronica peregrina			5–10				
Sprangletop	Leptochloa spp.		5–10	10–14	14–20			
Spurge, annual	Euphorbia spathulata		10-14	14-20		,		
Spurge, prostrate	Euphorbia humistrata		10–14	14–20				
Spurge, spotted	Euphorbia maculata		10-14	14–20				
Spurry, umbrella	Holosteum umbellatum		10-14					
Stinkgrass	Eragrostis cilianensis			10–14				
Sunflower, common	Helianthus annuus	-		5–10	10–14			
Thistle, Russian	. Salsola iberica		14–20	20–30				
Velvetleaf ⁷	Abutilon theophrasti		14-20	20–30				
Virginia copperleaf	Acalypha virginica	14–20	20–30					
Virginia pepperweed	Lepidium virginicum				10–14			
Waterhemp	Amaranthus spp.		14–20	20–30	 			
Wheat	Triticum aestivum		5–10	10–14	14–20			
Wild-proso millet	Panicum miliaceum		14	20	30			
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare			10–14		 		
Woolly cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa		10-14	14–20				
Yellow rocket	Barbarea vulgaris		-	. 10–14	14–20	 		

¹ In no-till systems, use 14 oz./A.

² Maximum runner length. For control of wild buckwheat >3" in runner length, use sequential applications of 20 oz./A.

³ Control will be reduced at the button stage.

When the predominant weed species include Carolina geranium, cutleaf eveningprimrose, and henbit that are less than 6 inches tall, Gramoxone Inteon should be considered as an alternative.

⁵ Will not control glyphosate-tolerant volunteer corn.

⁶ Plant diameter.

Multiple applications may be required.

Touchdown HiTech will not control glyphosate—resistant weed biotypes. Glyphosate—resistant biotypes can be controlled by timely application of Gramoxone Inteon plus either 2,4-D and/or a PSI herbicide prior to planting.

Table 2. Annual Weed Control – Touchdown HiTech Rates in a Tank Mix with 0.25 lb. a.i./A of Dicamba or 0.5 lb. a.i./A of 2,4-D

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Maximum Height/Length	Touchdown HiTech Fluid Ounces Per Acre
Kochia (dicamba only)	Kochia scoparia	6"	10–14
Lettuce, prickly	Lactuca serriola		
Morningglory	Ipomoea spp.		
Ragweed, common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	,	
Ragweed, giant	Ambrosia trifida		·
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum		
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti		
Cocklebur, common	Xanthium strumarium	12"	
Fleabane, rough	Erigeron strigosus		
Horseweed/Marestail*	Conyza canadensis		,
Kochia	Kochia scoparia		* .
Lambsquarters, common	Chenopodium album		
Pigweed	Amaranthus spp.		•
Sunflower, common	Helianthus annuus		
Thistle, Russian	Salsola iberica		

Read and follow dicamba and 2,4-D labels

^{*} Glyphosate-resistant biotypes less than 3 inches tall can be controlled by Gramoxone Inteon plus either 2,4-D or a triazine-based herbicide.

Table 3. Perennial Weed Control and Weed Management – Touchdown HiTech Rates Used Alone or in Tank Mix with 0.25 lb. a.i./A of Dicamba or 0.5 lb. a.i./A of 2,4-D

Weed Species	ScientificName	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Tank Mix With 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application Timing and Remarks
Alfalfa	Medicago sativa	1.25	0.83–1.25	·	At 6-8 inch stage or more after final cutting in fall. Deep till 7 days after treatment.
Artichoke, Jerusalem	Helianthus tuberosus	1.25	1.8–3		At or after flowering.
Balsam-apple ¹	Momordica charantia	1.25			Apply at or beyond bloom.
Bahiagrass	Paspalum notatum	1.25	1.8–3		Early seedhead stage.
Barley, foxtail	Hordeum jubatum	1.25	0.6-1.33		4-6 inch stage.
Bentgrass	Agrostis spp.	1.25			Should have at least 3 inches of growth. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to fall application. Till 7-10 days after application.
Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon	1.25	1.8–3		Seedheads present; may require retreatment.
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)		1.25	1		Apply when water bermudagrass is 12-18 inches in length. Allow 7 days before flushing or flooding the field. Not registered for use in California on this weed.
Bindweed, field	Convolvulus arvensis	1.25	2.25–3		At or after flowering, west of Mississippi River, in late summer for best results.
			1.82.25		At or after flowering, east of Mississippi River, in late summer for best results
			1.2	Yes	At or after flowering for control, multiple applications may be required. Do not apply by air.
			0.6–1.2	Yes	For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, by ground equipment only. Apply in fall or following harvest on runners 12 inches or more in length.

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts per Acre	Tank Mix With 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application Timing and Remarks
Bindweed, field (continued)	Convolvulus arvensis		0.4	Yes	For suppression by ground or aerial applications.
					Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should
					be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are
		1		·	between 6-18 inches in length.
•		, · · ·	0.6–3		In California: Apply at 12 inches or greater runner length. Use high end of
			-		rate range where dense populations exist. For suppression on land which
					is irrigated and tilled, use 0.6 qt./A.
Bluegrass, Kentucky	Poa pratensis	1,25	0.6–1.2		Apply at boot to early seedhead stage.
			0.6–1		For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply when
Discussed Taxas	Listing the condition in	4.25	2.25.2		plants are 4-12 inches. Apply at or beyond bloom
Blueweed, Texas	Helianthus ciliaris	1.25	· 2.25–3		west of the Mississippi River. For best results,
			4.0.005		apply in late summer or fal but before a killing frost.
			1.8–2.25		Apply at or beyond bloom east of the Mississippi River. For best results,
					apply in late summer or fal but before a killing frost.
Brackenfern 	Pteridium aquilinum	0.6–1	1.8–2.75		Fronds fully expanded and at least 18 inches long.
Bromegrass, smooth	Bromus inermis	1.25	0.6–1.33		Apply when most plants ar at the boot to early seedhead stage
•			0.6–1		For partial control in pasture or hay crop
	·				renovation, apply to active growing plants 4-12 inches in height.
Bursage, woollyleaf	Ambrosia grayi	1.25	1.2	Yes	Apply to actively growing plants at or beyond flowering.
			0.6	Yes 1	Apply to actively growing plants at or beyond flowering.
Canarygrass, reed	Phalaris arundinacea	1.25	1.33–1.8		Boot to head.
Cattail	Typha spp.	1.25	1.8–3		Early head to early bud.

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Tank Mix with 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application Timing and Remakrs
Clover, red Clover, white	Trifolium pratense Trifolium repens	1.25	1.8–3	·	Early head to early bud. May require retreatment.
Cogongrass	Imperata cylindrica	1.25	1.8–3		Late summer/fall, greater than 18 inches in height. May require retreatment.
Dallisgrass	Paspalum dilatatum	1.25	1.8–3		Early head to early bud.
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale	1.25	1.8–3		Early bud.
			0.33	Yes	Early bud.
Dayflower ¹	Commelina spp.	1.25	1–1.33		Less than 4 inches in height.
Dock, curly	Rumex crispus	1.25	1.8–3		Earlý bud.
			0.33	Yes	Early bud.
Dogbane, hemp	Apocynum cannabinum	1.25	2.75		Late bud to flower. May require retreatment.
			0.33	Yes	Actively growing at 6-12 inch stage for suppression.
Dogfennel	Eupatorium capillifolium	1.25	1.8–3		Actively growing, less than 12 inches in height.
Fescue	Festuca spp.	1.25	1.8–3	·	Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.
Fescue, tall	Festuca arundinacea	1.25	0.6–1.8	•	Apply 1.8 qts./A when most plants have reached boot to early seedhead stage. Fall applications only: Apply 0.6 qt./A when plants are 6-
	•				12 inches in height. A spring applied sequential treatment of 0.6 pt./A will improve long term control.
Goatweed	Scoparia dulcis	1.25	1.2-1.8		Less than 8 inch stage.
Guineagrass	Panicum maximum	0.6	1.33-1.8		7-10 leaf stage.
Horsenettle	Solanum carolinense	1.25	1.8–3		Early bud stage.
Horseradish	Armoracia rusticana	1.25	2.75		Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to early flower stage in late summer or fall.
Iceplant	Mesembryanthemum crystallinum	1–1.25	_		At or beyond the early bud stage.
lvy, German	Senecio milkanioides	1.25	1.2-3.0	·	At or beyond the early bud stage.
Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	0.6	0.33-1.8		Apply at boot to head stage and in the fall prior to frost. Use 0.6 to 1.2 qts./A for annual tillage systems. Use 1.2 to 1.8 qts./A on no-
			0.33		till acres. Allow 3-7 days before tillage. For burndown, apply when plants are 12 inches in height and allow 3 days before tillage.

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Tank Mix With 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application timing and Remarks
Kikuyugrass	Pennisetum clandestinum	1.25	1.33–1.8	·	Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Knapweed	Centaurea spp.	1.25	2.75	: .	Apply in fall at late bud to flower stage.
Lantana, largeleaf ¹	Lantana camara	0.83	_		Apply at or beyond bloom stage
Lespedeza .	Lespedeza spp.	1.25	1.8–3		Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.
Loosestrife, purple	Lythrum salicaria	1.25	1.2-3	Yes	Apply at or beyond bloom stage.
Milkweed, common	Asclepias syriaca	1.25	. 1.8	Yes	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.
Milkweed, honeyvine	Ampelamus albidus	1.25	1.33–2.75	Yes	Late bud to early flower. May require retreatment.
Muhly, wirestem	Muhlenbergia frondosa	1.25	0.6–1.33		Use 0.6 to 1:33 qts./A in pasture, sod, or noncrop areas. Spray plants 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Mullein, common	Verbascum thapsus	1.25	1.8–3	1	Early bud.
Napiergrass	Pennistum purpureum	1.25	1.8–3		Early head stage.
Nightshade, silverleaf	Solanum eleagnifolium	1.25	1.33		Apply when 60% of plants have berries. Apply fall treatments before a killing frost.

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Tank Mix with 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application Timing and Remarks
Nutsedge, purple Nutsedge, yellow	Cyperus rotundus Cyperus esculentus	0.6–1.25	0.33–1.8		Apply 1.8 qts./A for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or
					when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets which have not germinated will not be
			·		controlled and may germinate following treatment. Sequential applications: 0.6–1.2 qts./A applied to plants in the 3-5
•					leaf stage or less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments at this stage for long term control. For
					partial control: apply 0.33– 1.2 qts. per acre. Treat when plants have 3-5 leaves or less than 6 inches
	Contribution of the second	4.05	00.422		tall. Repeat treatments at this stage for long term control.
Orchardgrass	Dactylis glomerata	1.25	0.6–1.33		Apply 1.2 qts./A on plants at early boot to seedhead stage. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 0.6–1
					qt./A. Apply to actively growing plants 4-12 inches in height. In orchardgrass sods rotated to no-till corn: Apply 0.6–1 qt. Apply to
					orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least
					3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be required for
Pampasgrass ¹	Erianthus ravennae	0.83-1.25			optimum results. Apply at or beyond boot stage.
Paragrass	Brachiaria mutica	1:25	1.8–3		Early seedhead stage.

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Tank Mix with 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application Timing and Remarks
Phaseybean ¹	Phaseolus lathyroides	1.25	1.33–2.75		Less than 8 inches tall.
Phragmites 1	Phragmites spp.	0.83-1.25	1.8–3		For best results, treat during late summer or fall months or when plants are actively growing and in full
			-		bloom. Repeat treatments may be necessary. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.
Poison hemlock	Conium maculatum	0.83-1.25			Apply as a spray to wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.
Pokeweed, common	Phytolacca americana	1.25	1		Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches in height.
Quackgrass	Agropyron repens	1.25	0.6–1.8		Apply 0.6–1.8 qts./A in annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods where deep tillage is used.
					Do not tank mix with a residual herbicide at the 0.6 qt. rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6-8 inches in
					height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
			1.33–1.8		Apply in pastures, sod, or noncrop areas where deep tillage will not follow the application. Spray when quackgrass is at least 8 inches in height.
Redvine ¹	Brunnichia ovata	1.25	0.4–1.33		For suppression, apply 0.4 qt./A at each of two applications 7-14 days
					applications 7-14 days apart or a single application of 1.33 qts./A. Apply to plants greater than 18 inches tall in September/October to plants which have been
			·	,	growing 45-60 days since the last tillage. Make application at least 1 week prior to killing frost.

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Tank Mix With 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application Timing and Remarks
Ryegrass, perennial	Lolium perenne	0.83	0.6–1.8		Apply 0.6–1.8 qts./A when most plants are in the boot to head stage or prior to frost. In noncrop or areas where no tillage is practiced, use 1.33–1.8 qts./A. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 0.6 qt./A per acre rate.
Smallflowered Alexandergrass	Brachiaria subquadripara	1.25	1.33–2.75		Less than 4 inches in height, actively growing.
Smartweed, swamp	Polygonum coccineum	1.25	1.8–3		Early bud, 12 inch stage.
			0.33	Yes	Early bud, 12 inch stage.
Sowthistle, perennial	Sonchus arvensis	1.25	1.33-1.8		Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing, or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days before tillage.
Spurge, leafy	Euphorbia esula	1.25	0.33	Yes	For suppression: greater than 12 inches tall in late summer.
Starthistle, yellow	Centaurea solstitialis	1.25	1.8-3		Apply to actively growing plants at late bud to flowering stage.
Sweet potato, wild 1	Ipomea pandurata	1.25			Apply at or beyond flowering stage.
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	1.25	1–1.8		Boot to head stage.
Thistle, artichoke ¹	Cynara cardunculus	1.25			Apply when plants are beyond the bloom stage.

Weed Species	Scientific Name	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Tank Mix With 2,4-D or Dicamba	Application Timing and Remarks
Thistle, Canada	Cirsium arvense	1.25	1.33–1.8		Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest,
·			·		mowing, or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation
					of active growth and rosette development prior to application. Fall treatments
·					must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days before tillage.
					For fall applications or following mowing, allow a minimum of 6-8 inches
			0.33-0.6	Yes	rosette development. For suppression: Apply in
•			0.33-0.6	les	late summer or fall after harvest, moving, or tillage.
					Allow rosette regrowth to be
					a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating.
					Allow 3 or more days before tillage.
Timothy	Phleum pratense	1.25	1.33–1.8		Boot to head; wait 3 days before tillage.
Torpedograss'	Panicum repens	1.25	2.25-3	·	At or beyond seedhead.
					Repeat applications will be required to maintain control
	,				Fall treatments must be
Trumpetcreeper ¹	Campsis radicans	1.25	1.33	<u> </u>	made prior to a killing frost. Late September/October
Trumpetoreeper	Campsis radicaris	1.25	1.55		applications on actively
					growing plants at least 18
				Ì .	inches in height; retreatment may be
					required Make
	· ·				applications at least one week before killing frost.
Vaseygrass	Paspalum urvillei	1.25	1.8–3		Apply at early head stage.
Vetch	Vicia spp.	1.25	.1.2-2.42	 	Boot to head.
Virginia creeper	Parthenocissus quinquefolia	1.25	2.75		Full leaf expansion.
Velvetgrass	Holcus spp.	1.25	1.8–3		Early head stage
Wheatgrass, western	Agropyron smithii	1.25	1.33-1.8		Boot to head.

¹ Partial control

Table 4. Woody Brush and Trees Controlled

Apply Touchdown HiTech after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. In most areas, best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing, or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

When plants are growing under stressed conditions, or where infestations are dense, Touchdown HiTech may be used at 3-6.3 qts./A or a 0.6-1.25% solution for spot spray clean-up.

Weed	Rate (qt/A) ¹
Alder	1.8-2.75
Ash ²	1.33-3
Aspen, quaking	1.8-2.75
Bearmat (Bearclover) ²	1.33-3
Beech ²	1.33-3
Birch	1.33-1.8
Blackberry	1.8-2.75
Blackgum	1.33-3
Bracken	1.33-3
Broom, French and Scotch	3
Buckwheat, California ²	3
Cascara ²	1.33-3
Catsclaw ²	3
Ceanothus ²	1.33-3
Chamise ²	1.33-3
Cherry, bitter, black and pin	1.33-8
Cottonwood, eastern	1.33-3
Coyote brush	3
Cypress, swamp and bald	1.33-3
Deerwood	1.33-3
Dewberry	1.8-2.4
Dogwood ²	1.33-3
Elderberry	1.33-1.8
Elm ²	1.33-3
Eucalyptus, bluegum	1.33-3
Florida holly (Brazalian peppertree) ²	1.33-3
Gallberry	1.33-3
Gorse ²	1.33-3
Hackberry, western	1 33-3
Hasardia ²	3
Hawthorn	1.33-1.8
Hazel	1.33-1.8
Hickory ²	1.33-3

Weed	Rate (qt/A) ¹
Honeysuckle	1.8-2.75
Hornbeam, American ²	1.33-3
Huckleberry	1.33-3
Kudzu	2.25-3
Locust, black ²	1.33-3
Madrone, resprouts ²	3
Magnolis, sweetbay	1.33-3
Manzanita	1.33-3
Maple, red	1.33-3
Maple, sugar	3
Monkey flower ²	3
Oak, black and white ²	1.33-3
Oak, northern and pin	1.33-3
Oak, post	1.8-2.75
	1.33-3
Oak, red Oak, scrub²	1.33-3
Oak, southern red	1.33-1.8
Orange, osage	1.33-3
Persimmon ²	1.33-3
Pine	1.33-3
Poison ivy	2.25-3
Poison oak	2.25-3
Poplar, yellow ²	1.33-3
Prunus	1.33-3
Raspberry	1.8-2.5
Redbud, eastern	1.33-3
Redcedar, eastern	1.33-3
Rose, multiflora	1.33-1.8
Russian olive ²	1.33-3
Sage brush, California	3
Sage, black	3
Sage, white ²	1.33-3
Sago, black	1.33-3
Salmonberry	1,33-1.8
Saltbrush, Seamyrtle	1.33-3
Saltcedar ²	1.33-3
Sassafras ²	1.33-3
Sourwood ²	1.33-3
Sumac (laurel ² , poison, smooth, sugarbrush, and	1.33-3
winged ²⁾	1.00 0
Sweetgum	1.33-1.8
Swordfern ²	1.33-3
Talley-tree Chinese	3
Tan oak resprouts ²	3
Thimbleberry	1.33-1.8
Tobacco tree ²	3
Toyon	1.33-3
Trumpetcreeper	
	1.33-1.8 1.33-3
Vine maple ²	
Virginia creeper	1.33-3
Waxmyrtle, southern ²	1.33-3
Willow	1.8-2.75

Weed	Rate (qt/A) ¹
Yerbesenta, California	1.33-3

¹Or use a 4-8% solution for spot spray clean-up

Table 5. Aquatic and Wetland Perennial Weed Control and Weed Management – Touchdown HiTech Rates Used Alone.

Weed Species	ScientificName	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Application Timing and Remarks
Alligatorweed	Alternanthera philoxeroides	1.25	2.4	Apply when most of the target plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.
Cordgrass	Spartina backeri	1.25	1.8-3	Schedule applications in order to allow 6 hours before treated plants are covered by tidewater. The presence of debris and silt on the cordgrass plants will reduce performance. It may be necessary to wash targeted plants prior to application to improve uptake of this product into the plant.
Cutgrass, Giant	Zizaniopsis millacea	1.25	2.54	Repeat applications will be necessary to maintain control. Allow for substantial regrowth to the 7-10 leaf stage prior to retreatment.
Loosestrife, Purple	Lythrum salicaria	0.6-1.25	1.6	Treat when plants are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

²Partial control

Weed Species	ScientificName	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Application Timing and Remarks
Lotus, American	Nelumbo lutea	0.6	2.4	Treat when plants are actively growing or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Repeat treatment may be necessary to control regrowth from underground parts or seed.
Maidencane	Panicum hematomon	0.6	2.4	Repeat treatments will be required, especially to vegetation partially submerged in water. Under these conditions, allow for regrowth to the 7-10 leaf stage prior to retreatment.
Pepperweed, Perennial	Lepidium latifolium	1.25	1.8-3	Apply at or beyond flowering.
Reed, Giant	Arundo donax	1.25		Apply when plants are actively growing. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.
Salvinia spp. Including Giant salvinia	Salvinia spp.; S. molesta	1.5-1.8	3	Spray when plants are approaching maturity. This product does not control plants which are completely submerged or a majority of their foliage is under water.
Spatterdock	Nuphar luteum	0.6	2.4	Apply when most plants are in full bloom. For best results, apply during the summer or fall months.
Starthistle, Yellow	Centaurea solstitialis	1.25	1.8-3	Apply when actively growing and when most plants have reached early head or early bud stage of growth.
Tules, Common	Scirpus acutus	1.25	1.8-3	Apply to actively growing plants, after application, visual symptoms will be slow to appear and my not occur for 3 or more weeks.

Weed Species	ScientificName	Spot Spray % v/v	Quarts Per Acre	Application Timing and Remarks
Waterhyacinth	Eichhornia crassipes	0.6-1.25	2-3	Apply when plants are actively growing and at or beyond the early bloom stage of growth. After application, visual symptoms may require 3 or more weeks to appear with complete necrosis and decomposition usually occurring within 60-90 days. For faster results, use higher rates or tank mix with Reward Herbicide.
Waterlettuce	Pistia stratiotes	0.6-1.25	1.8-3	Use higher rates when infestations are heavy. Spring applications may require retreatment.
Waterprimrose	Ludwigia spp.	0.6	1.8-3	Apply to plants that are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth, but before fall color changes occur. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

This product is sold only for uses stated on its label. This formulation is covered by U.S. Patent No. 5,468,718.

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Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P. O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

Container Label

GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

Touchdown HiTéch™

Herbicide

Nonselective Foliar Systemic Herbicide for Weed Control

Active Ingredient:

*Glyphosate: N-(phosphonometh	nyl) glycine, in the form of the monopotassium salt	52.3%
Other Ingredients:		47.7%
Total:		100.0%

^{*}Contains 5 pounds per U.S. gallon of glyphosate acid equivalents.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use in attached booklet.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1182

EPA Est. 100-LA-001

2.5 gallons Net Contents 30 gallons Net Contents 110 gallons Net Contents 220 gallons Net Contents ____ gallons [Bulk] Net Contents

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

··	
	FIRST AID
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
•• •	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.
clothing:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
•	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the product treatment.	t container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for
	HOT LINE NUMBER
	For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal)
	Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident),
	Call
	1-800-888-8372

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Do not store, mix or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in unlined steel (except stainless steel), galvanized steel containers, or sprayer tanks. This product or spray solutions of this product will react with these containers and tanks and produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by spark, open flame, lighted cigarette, welder torch, or other ignition source.

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic, or plastic-lined steel containers.

BULK/MINI BULK:

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. To the fullest extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Disposal

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling [less than 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Container Handling [Bulk/Mini-Bulk]

Refillable container. Refill the container with Touchdown HiTech Herbicide only. Do not use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER!

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