NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (Include SIF Code):
Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.
P.O. Box 18300
Greensboro, NC 27419-8300

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.

2. Make the following label changes listed below before you release the product for shipment:

a. Change the registration number to "EPA Reg. No. 100-1157".

b. Above the ingredients statement, modify the phrase "Nonselective Foliar Systemic Herbicide for Weed Control" to the following (to list the use sites):

Nonselective foliar systemic herbicide for weed control in or on conservation reserve programs (CRP), corn, fallowland and postharvest uses, farmsteads, grass seed production, pastures, small grains, sorghum, and soybeans.

c. In the second paragraph at the top of page 13, change "should" to "may" in the sentence "No label rates should be exceeded."

d. At the end of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section (page 14), add spray drift advisory information text (available in most recent Registration Eligibility Documents; also see the Gramoxone Max label).
e. At the bottom of page 16, change all maximum application rates so that they are presented in terms of lbs a.i. of glyphosate (with quarts of product in parentheses). Also, clarify that these are yearly limits. Change the third bullet from the bottom to "In crop areas, do not exceed a total of 6 lbs a.i. glyphosate (8 quarts of Touchdown CF) per acre per year. In noncrop areas, do not exceed a total of 7.95 lb a.i. of glyphosate (10.6 quarts of Touchdown CF) per year." Change the second bullet from the bottom to "Do not exceed 0.75 lb a.i. of glyphosate (1 quart of Touchdown CF) per acre by air unless otherwise specified on this label."

f. In the use precautions for corn (page 18), change the third bullet to the following: "For hooded sprayer applications, do not exceed 0.75 lb a.i. glyphosate (1 quart Touchdown CF) per acre per application; nor 2.25 lb a.i. of glyphosate (3 quarts of Touchdown CF) per acre per year." Change the sixth bullet to the following: "Apply no more than 0.75 lb a.i. glyphosate (1 quart of Touchdown CF) per acre by air; and 2.25 lbs a.i. glyphosate (3 quarts of Touchdown CF) per acre by ground preharvest."

g. In the use precautions for small grains (p. 23), change the first bullet to the following: "Apply at least 7 days before harvest at no more than 0.75 lb a.i. glyphosate (1 qt. Touchdown CF) per acre preharvest in wheat and barley."

h. In the use precautions for sorghum (p. 24), change the forth bullet to the following: "Apply no more than 2.25 lbs a.i. glyphosate (3 quarts Touchdown CF) per acre per season by hooded applications." Change the sixth bullet to: "Preharvest applications must be made at least 7 days prior to harvest with a maximum of 1.5 lbs a.i. (2 qts Touchdown CF) per acre."

i. In the use precautions for soybeans (p. 26), change the forth bullet to the following: "Make preharvest applications at least 7 days before harvest of soybeans with no more than 4.5 lbs a.i. glyphosate (6 qts. Touchdown CF) per acre by ground; and no more than 0.75 lbs a.i. glyphosate (1 qt. Touchdown CF) per acre by air."

j. It appears that the ingredients statement and CSF need to be revised to clarify the form of glyphosate present in the formulation. Submit a revised CSF that includes a separate line item that specifies the concentration of glyphosate in the ammonium salt form. Submit revised labeling that changes diammmonium salt to ammonium salt or provide a satisfactory explanation of why glyphosate should be listed as the diammmonium salt. Further changes to the ingredient statement and the CSF may be needed in the future after discussion between you and my staff.
3. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Please submit one electronic pdf file copy of this label within one month of receipt of this letter to keep our electronic labeling updated. If you have any questions about this notice, you may contact Tobi Colvin-Snyder at 703-305-7301.

Jim Tompkins
Product Manager 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)
Touchdown@ CF
Herbicide

Nonselective Foliar Systemic Herbicide for Weed Control

Active Ingredient:
*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine ............................................................. 28.3%
Other Ingredients: ........................................................................................................... 71.7%
Total: ............................................................................................................................. 100.0%

*Contains 3 pounds of glyphosate acid in each gallon, in the diammonium salt form.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet

EPA Reg. No. 100- **
EPA Est.

SCP

--- gallons
U.S. Standard Measure

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated
DEC 24 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.
## FIRST AID

| If in eyes:                  | Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.  
|                            | Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  
|                            | Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.  
| If on skin or clothing:     | Take off contaminate clothing.  
|                            | Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.  
|                            | Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.  
| If swallowed:              | Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  
|                            | Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.  
|                            | Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.  
|                            | Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
| If inhaled:                 | Move person to fresh air.  
|                            | If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.  
|                            | Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.  

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

### HOT LINE NUMBER

For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal)  
Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident),  
Call  
1-800-888-8372

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

**CAUTION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, and shoes.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.
**User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**Environmental Hazards**

Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

**Chemical and Physical Hazards**

Do not store, mix or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in unlined steel (except stainless steel), galvanized steel containers, or sprayer tanks. This product or spray solutions of this product will react with these containers and tanks and produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by spark, open flame, lighted cigarette, welder torch, or other ignition source.

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic, or plastic-lined steel containers.
CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, INC. or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

In no event shall SYNGENTA or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitations of Warranty and of Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves Category A, such as butyl rubber, or natural rubber, or neoprene rubber
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For Recyclable/Refillable Containers:

Before refilling, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices. After filling and before transporting, check for leaks. Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking container.

Container Disposal

Reseal container and offer for reconditioning, or triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or clean in accordance with manufacturer’s instructions.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

GENERAL INFORMATION


This product is authorized for use in specified counties in the following states: Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada, Oklahoma, Oregon, Washington.


*Nebraska: Arthur, Banner, Box Butte, Chase, Cheyene, Dawes, Deuel, Dundy, Frontier, Garden, Grant, Hayes, Hitchcock, Hooker, Keith, Kimball, Lincoln, McPherson, Morrill, Perkins, Red Willow, Scotts Bluff, Sheridan, Sioux

*Nevada: Churchill, Elko, Humboldt, Lyon, Pershing

*Oklahoma: Alfalfa, Beaver, Blaine, Canadian, Cimarron, Custer, Dewey, Ellis, Garfield, Grant, Harper, Kay, Kingfisher, Logan, Major, Noble, Pawnee, Payne, Roger Mills, Texas, Woods,
Woodward


Touchdown® CF is a nonselective foliar systemic herbicide used to control a broad spectrum of emerged grass and broadleaf weeds, both annual and perennial, in:

- Conservation Compliance/Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)
- Corn
- Fallowland and postharvest
- Farmsteads
- Grass seed production
- Pastures
- Small Grains
- Sorghum
- Soybeans

Touchdown CF is formulated as a liquid concentrate which contains 3 pounds acid equivalent per gallon, in the diammonium salt form.

**RATES**

Follow recommended rates for Touchdown CF listed in the **WEEDS CONTROLLED** section. Use the higher label rates when weeds are dense or large. Also, use higher application volumes and pressures when weed vegetation is dense.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED**

Table 1: Annual Weed Control - Touchdown CF Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Species</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Touchdown CF Rates</th>
<th>Maximum Weed Height/Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fluid Ounces/A</td>
<td>3&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley</td>
<td><em>Hordeum vulgare</em></td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barnyardgrass</td>
<td><em>Echinochloa crus-galli</em></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegrass, annual</td>
<td><em>Poa annua</em></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluegrass, bulbous</td>
<td><em>Poa bulbosa</em></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brome, downy</td>
<td><em>Bromus tectorum</em></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttercup</td>
<td><em>Ranunculus spp.</em></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canarygrass</td>
<td><em>Phalaris canariensis</em></td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant Name</td>
<td>Scientific Name</td>
<td>Code</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheat</td>
<td>Bromus secalinus</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed, common</td>
<td>Stellaria media</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickweed, mouseear</td>
<td>Cerastium vulgatum</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocklebur, common</td>
<td>Xanthium strumarium</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>Zea mays</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass</td>
<td>Digitaria spp.</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dwarf dandelion, Virginia</td>
<td>Krigia virginica</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall panicum</td>
<td>Panicum dichotomiflorum</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Falseflax, smallseed</td>
<td>Camelina microcarpa</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiddleneck</td>
<td>Amsinckia spp.</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filaree</td>
<td>Erodium spp.</td>
<td>48</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleabane, hairy</td>
<td>Conyza bonariensis</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida pusley</td>
<td>Richardia scabra</td>
<td>32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foxtail</td>
<td>Setaria spp.</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goatgrass, jointed</td>
<td>Aegilops cylindrica</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goosefoot, nettleleaf</td>
<td>Chenopodium murale</td>
<td>40</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groundcherry</td>
<td>Physalis spp.</td>
<td>48</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Groundsel, common</td>
<td>Senecio vulgaris</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild-proso millet</td>
<td>Panicum miliaceum</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henbit</td>
<td>Lamium amplexicaule</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horseweed/Marestall</td>
<td>Conyza canadensis</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson grass, seedling</td>
<td>Sorghum halepense</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kochia</td>
<td>Kochia scoparia</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Lambsquarters, common</td>
<td>Chenopodium album</td>
<td>16</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morning glory</td>
<td>Ipomoea spp.</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard, blue</td>
<td>Chorispora tenella</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Mustard, tansy</td>
<td>Descurainia pinnata</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard, tumble</td>
<td>Sisymbrium altissimum</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard, wild</td>
<td>Sinapis arvensis</td>
<td>12</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nightshade</td>
<td>Solanum spp.</td>
<td>48</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oats</td>
<td>Avena sativa</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oats, wild</td>
<td>Avena fatua</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant Type</td>
<td>Scientific Name</td>
<td>Insecticide Rate (g/ac)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>------------</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panicum, Texas</td>
<td>Panicum texanum</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennycress, field</td>
<td>Thlaspi arvense</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pigweed</td>
<td>Amaranthus spp.</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puncturevine</td>
<td>Tribulus terrestris</td>
<td>32 48</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pushley, Florida</td>
<td>Richardia scabra</td>
<td>64</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbitfootgrass</td>
<td>Polypogon monspeliensis</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rocket, London</td>
<td>Sisymbrium irio</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rockpurslane, Redmaids</td>
<td>Calandrinia caulescens</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rye</td>
<td>Secale cereale</td>
<td>16 24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass, Italian/annual</td>
<td>Lolium multiflorum</td>
<td>32 48</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sandbur, field</td>
<td>Cenchrus incertus</td>
<td>16 24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sowthistle, annual</td>
<td>Sonchus oleraceus</td>
<td>16 48</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sprangletop</td>
<td>Leptochloa spp.</td>
<td>48</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurge</td>
<td>Euphorbia spp.</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurge, prostrate</td>
<td>Euphorbia supina</td>
<td>48</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stinkgrass</td>
<td>Eradogrostis cilianensis</td>
<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sunflower, common</td>
<td>Helianthus annuus</td>
<td>24 32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>Triticum aestivum</td>
<td>16 24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Witchgrass</td>
<td>Panicum capillare</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rye</td>
<td>Secale cereale</td>
<td>16 24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 In no-till systems, use 24 fl. oz./A.
2 Will not control glyphosate-tolerant volunteer corn.
3 Do not apply in the button stage.
4 Multiple applications may be required.
5 Tolerant biotypes can be controlled by Gramoxone® Max plus either 2,4-D or a triazine-based herbicide.
Table 2: Annual Weed Control - Touchdown CF Rates in a Tank Mix with 0.25 lbs. a.i./A of Dicamba or 0.5 lbs. a.i./A of 2,4-D

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Species</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Maximum Height/Length</th>
<th>Touchdown CF Fluid Ounces/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kochia (dicamba only)</td>
<td>Kochia scoparia</td>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>12-16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce, prickly</td>
<td>Lactuca serriola</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morningglory</td>
<td>Ipomoea spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, common</td>
<td>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ragweed, giant</td>
<td>Ambrosia trifida</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Polygonum pensylvanicum</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetleaf</td>
<td>Abutilon theophrasti</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocklebur, common</td>
<td>Xanthium strumarium</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleabane, rough</td>
<td>Erigeron strigosus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horseweed/Marestail**</td>
<td>Conyza canadensis</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kochia</td>
<td>Kochia scoparia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambsquarters, common</td>
<td>Chenopodium album</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed</td>
<td>Amaranthus spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunflower, common</td>
<td>Helianthus annuus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thistle, Russian</td>
<td>Salsola iberica</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Read and follow dicamba and 2,4-D labels.
*Glyphosate tolerant biotypes can be controlled by Gramoxone Max plus either 2,4-D or a triazine-based herbicide.
Table 3: Perennial Weed Control and Weed Management - Touchdown CF Rates Used Alone or in Tank Mix with 0.25 lbs. a.i./A of Dicamba or 0.5 lbs. a.i./A of 2,4-D

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Species</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Spot Spray % v/v</th>
<th>Quarts/A</th>
<th>Tank Mix with 2,4-D or Dicamba</th>
<th>Application Timing and Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>Medicago sativa</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1-2</td>
<td></td>
<td>At 6-8 inch stage or more after final cutting in fall. Deep till 7 days after treatment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bindweed, field</td>
<td>Convolvulus arvensis</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>4-5</td>
<td></td>
<td>At or after flowering, in late summer for best results.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>At or after flowering for control, multiple applications may be required. Do not apply by air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1-2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, by ground equipment only. Apply in fall or following harvest on runners 12 inches or more in length.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>For suppression by ground or aerial applications. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6-18 inches in length.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1-1.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply when plants are 4-12 inches.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueweed, Texas</td>
<td>Helianthus ciliaris</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4-5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Apply at or beyond bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall, but before a killing frost.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromeagrass, smooth</td>
<td>Bromus inermis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1-2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Apply when most plants are at the boot to early seedhead stage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1-1.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply to actively growing plants 4-12 inches in height.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnsongrass</td>
<td>Sorghum halepense</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.5-3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Apply at boot to head stage and in the fall prior to frost. Use 1-2 qts./A for annual tillage systems. Use 2-3 qts./A on no-till acres. Allow 3-7 days before tillage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>For burn down, apply when plants are 12 inches in height and allow 3 days before tillage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant Name</td>
<td>Herbicide</td>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>Application Details</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nightshade, silverleaf</td>
<td>Solanum Eleagnifolium</td>
<td>2 2</td>
<td>Apply when 60% of plants have berries. Apply fall treatments before a killing frost.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass, perennial</td>
<td>Lolium perenne</td>
<td>1 1-3</td>
<td>Apply 1-2 qts./A when most plants are in the boot to head stage or prior to frost. In noncrop or areas where no tillage is practiced, use 2-3 qts./A. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 qt./A rate.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quackgrass</td>
<td>Agropyron repens</td>
<td>2 1-2</td>
<td>Apply 1-2 qts./A in annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods where deep tillage is used. Do not tank mix with a residual herbicide at the 1 qt. rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6-8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2-3</td>
<td>Apply in pastures, sod, or noncrop areas where deep tillage will not follow the application. Spray when quackgrass is at least 6 inches in height.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurge, leafy</td>
<td>Euphorbia esula</td>
<td>2 0.5</td>
<td>For suppression: greater than 12 inches tall in late summer.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thistle, Canada</td>
<td>Cirsium arvense</td>
<td>2 2-3</td>
<td>Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing, or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days before tillage. For fall applications or following mowing, allow a minimum of 6-9 inches rosette development.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5-1</td>
<td>For suppression: Apply in late summer or fall after harvest, mowing, or tillage. Allow rosette regrowth to be a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Allow 3 or more days before tillage.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheatgrass, western</td>
<td>Agropyron smithii</td>
<td>2 2-3</td>
<td>Boot to head.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Partial control.

**MIXING PROCEDURES**

**SPRAY ADDITIVES**

Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) – Control of annual and perennial weeds with Touchdown CF may be improved by adding dry ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2% by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water. Liquid formulations of AMS may be used at an equivalent rate. Do not reduce use rates of Touchdown CF when using AMS.
**Drift Control Agents** – Drift control agents may be used with Touchdown CF.

**TANK MIXES WITH RESIDUAL HERBICIDES**

Refer to CROP USE DIRECTIONS section for recommended tank mixes. Tank mixes of Touchdown CF with other pesticides, fertilizers, or any other additives except as specified on this label or other approved Syngenta supplemental labeling may result in tank mix incompatibility or unsatisfactory performance. It is recommended that the compatibility of any tank mix combination be tested on a small scale such as a jar test before actual tank mixing.

Always refer to labels of other pesticide products for mixing directions and precautions which may differ from those outlined here. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

**TANK MIXING RECOMMENDATIONS**

1. Fill spray tank ½ full with clean water.
2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
3. Add AMS (if used).
4. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
5. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
6. Add Touchdown CF.
7. Add nonionic surfactant/wetting agent (if used).
8. Fill remainder of spray tank.

**APPLICATION PROCEDURES**

**TIMING**

Touchdown CF should be applied to actively growing emerged weeds. Annual weeds of 6 inches or less in height are typically the easiest to control. Generally, more effective control of perennial weeds is achieved at the flowering or seedhead stage. Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED sections for specific application timing.

When annual weeds have been mowed or grazed, wait for 3 to 4 inches of new growth to appear prior to application. When perennial weeds have been mowed or grazed, allow new growth to reach recommended stage prior to application.

Visible effects on annual weeds occurs within 2 to 4 days after application; effects on perennial weeds may take 7 days or longer. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity.

**APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES**

- Avoid drift. Applications should not be made in low level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or under any other conditions which favor drift. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended.
Drift control additives may be used with Touchdown CF. Read and follow the manufacturer's directions for use.

All equipment must be properly maintained and washed to remove product residues after use.

**BROADCAST APPLICATIONS**

**Ground:** Applications should be made in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

When foliage is dense, spray volume should be increased to ensure coverage of the target weeds. Flat-fan nozzles will result in the most effective application of Touchdown CF. Spray boom and nozzle heights must be adjusted to provide coverage of target weed. Flood nozzles may result in reduced weed control due to inadequate coverage.

**Air:** Applications should be made in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with effective weed control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the canopy should be avoided.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good weed control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding inappropriate spray boom pressure. Solid stream or low shear nozzles may be utilized to reduce small droplet formation. These nozzles direct the fluid parallel to the existing airflow to reduce shear effects. Other techniques may include reducing the fan angle of flat fan nozzles if used, or reducing the deflector plate angle if deflector type nozzles are used. Ensure the spray is released at an appropriate distance below the airfoil.

For best results, each specific aerial application vehicle used should be quantifiably pattern tested for aerial application of Touchdown CF herbicide initially and every year thereafter. To minimize drift, it is suggested aerial application equipment produce the following minimum spray deposition characteristics:

- **Volume Median Diameter (VMD)** > 400 microns
- **Volume Diameter (VD) (0.9)** > 200 microns

Prolonged exposure of Touchdown CF to uncoated steel surfaces may result in corrosion and possible failure of the part. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion. To prevent corrosion of exposed parts, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of Touchdown CF accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear are most susceptible.

**SHEILD/HOODED APPLICATION**

Use shielded/hooded sprayers to control weeds between rows while protecting the crop from the herbicide. Keep shields/hoods as close to the ground as possible and avoid ground speed in excess of 5 mph. Use appropriate nozzles, spacing, and pressure to achieve coverage without allowing spray to touch or drift onto the crop. Maintain equipment in good operating condition to prevent leakage or dripping onto the crop. Refer to state extension service recommendations and equipment manufacturers' guidelines for more information on proper
operation of shielded/hooded sprayers.

SPOT TREATMENTS

For annual weeds less than 6 inches, use a 0.4 to 0.75% v/v solution. For annual weeds over 6 inches, use a 0.75 to 1.5% v/v solution. Use a 1 to 2% v/v solution for most perennials (see Table 4 for specific rates and timing). When using motorized spot spray equipment (rider bar), use a 3% v/v solution. See Spot Spray Dilution Table below for rates of Touchdown CF/volume of finished spray solution. Spray the solution on actively growing weeds until uniformly wet but not to the point of runoff. Retreat 14-21 days later if regrowth occurs.

**Touchdown CF Herbicide Spot Spray Dilution Table**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solution Strength</th>
<th>1 gallon</th>
<th>10 gallons</th>
<th>25 gallons</th>
<th>100 gallons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.6 fl. oz.</td>
<td>6 fl. oz.</td>
<td>1 pt.</td>
<td>2 qts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1%</td>
<td>1.3 fl. oz.</td>
<td>0.8 pts.</td>
<td>2 pts.</td>
<td>1 gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.25%</td>
<td>1.6 fl. oz.</td>
<td>1 pt.</td>
<td>2.5 pts.</td>
<td>5 qts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>2 fl. oz.</td>
<td>1.25 pts.</td>
<td>3 pts.</td>
<td>6 qts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2%</td>
<td>2.6 fl. oz.</td>
<td>1.5 pts.</td>
<td>4 pts.</td>
<td>2 gals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3%</td>
<td>4 fl. oz.</td>
<td>2.5 pts.</td>
<td>6 pts.</td>
<td>3 gals.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WIPER APPLICATION

Touchdown CF may be applied using a wiper or "wick" applicator (e.g. rope, sponge, or porous plastic applicators) for selective control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds which become taller than the crop or desirable vegetation. Mix 1 gallon of Touchdown CF in 2 gallons of water unless directed otherwise in this label. Precautions should be taken to avoid contact with crops or desirable vegetation. Equipment should be operated at speeds of 5 mph or less. Use slower speeds where weeds are dense. For improved control, make two applications in opposite directions.

CDA EQUIPMENT

For control of annual weeds with hand held equipment, apply a 20% solution of Touchdown CF at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (1 quart per acre). For perennial weeds, use a 20 to 40% solution of Touchdown CF at a flow rate of 2 ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 4 quarts per acre). For vehicle mounted equipment, apply in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section for application rates and timing.

Precautions should be taken to avoid contact with crops or desirable vegetation.
GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

- Touchdown CF requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Application to drought-stressed weeds or weeds with little green foliage (i.e. mowed, cut, or hailed on weeds); weeds covered with dust; weeds damaged by insects or diseases may result in reduced weed control.

- Touchdown CF does not provide soil residual control of weeds. Weeds emerging after application will require retreatment.

- Heavy rainfall or irrigation shortly after application may require retreatment.

- Tillage or mowing within 3 days following application may reduce weed control.

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

- Do not spray if conditions of thermal inversion exist, or if wind direction and speed may cause spray to drift onto adjacent nontarget areas. Drift minimization is the responsibility of the applicator. Consult with local and State agricultural authorities for information regarding avoiding or minimizing spray drift.

- Touchdown CF is not volatile and cannot move as a vapor after application onto nontarget vegetation.

- It is recommended that the spray system be thoroughly cleaned with water and a commercial tank cleaner after each use.

- Spray solutions of Touchdown CF should be mixed, stored, and applied using only plastic, plastic-lined steel, stainless steel, aluminum, or fiberglass containers. Concentrate should not be stored in galvanized steel, carbon steel, aluminum, or unlined steel containers.

- There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of this product.

- Damage may be caused by contact of Touchdown CF to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended.

- In crop areas, do not exceed a total of 8 quarts per acre. In noncrop areas, do not exceed a total of 10.6 quarts per acre.

- Do not exceed 1 quart per acre by air unless otherwise specified on this label.

- For broadcast postemergence treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.
The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed maximum use rate.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

This section is organized alphabetically by crop categories. There may be several crops listed in a crop category.

CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE/CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

Method of Application: Rotating out of CRP, site preparation (sequential herbicide applications), dormant beneficial plant management, postemergence; and wiper/wick.

- Site Preparation: Prior to application, removal of excessive vegetation by grazing, mowing, burning, etc. may improve control. When annual weeds have been mowed or grazed, wait for 3 to 4 inches of new growth before application. When perennial weeds have been mowed or grazed, allow regrowth to reach recommended stage (see WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Table 3, for rates and timing).

Sequential applications of Touchdown CF and Gramoxone® Max herbicides are effective in controlling established CRP grasses. Refer to the Gramoxone MAX herbicide label for recommended rates and tank mixes.

Touchdown CF/Gramoxone Max Herbicide Sequential Program: (Spring Application)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Species</th>
<th>Program A</th>
<th>Program B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fescue</td>
<td>Gramoxone Max at 1.7-2.5 pts./A followed 7-10 days later with Gramoxone Max at 1.7-2.5 pts./A</td>
<td>Touchdown CF at 2-2.5 pts./A per followed 10-14 days later with Gramoxone Max at 1.7-2.5 pts./A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchardgrass</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryegrass</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Dormant Beneficial Plant Applications: Apply 12-16 oz./A in early spring before desirable species, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy. Late fall applications can be made after desirable grasses have reached dormancy. If perennial grasses are not dormant at time of application, stunting can occur.

- Touchdown CF may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use such as atrazine, dicamba, and 2,4-D.

- There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of Touchdown CF. Read and follow crop rotation label restrictions for all tank mix products.

CORN (FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN, AND SWEET CORN)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence; hooded sprayers; spot spray; preharvest; and postharvest.
Follow the directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions for Corn

- Crop plants contacted by Touchdown CF will be injured or killed.
- Spot application must be made prior to corn silking.
- For hooded sprayer applications, do not exceed 1 quart per acre per application; nor 3 quarts per acre per year.
- Do not graze or feed corn forage or fodder following hooded sprayer applications.
- Preharvest application must be made at least 7 days before harvest.
- Apply no more than 1 quart per acre by air; and 3 quarts per acre by ground preharvest.

Tank Mixtures for Corn

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Tables 1 and 2, for Touchdown CF application rates and timing. See residual herbicide label for appropriate rates to use in the tank mixture at this timing.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Table 3, for Touchdown CF application rates and timing. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control. See residual herbicide label for appropriate rates to use in the tank mixture at this timing.

UAN may be used as a carrier at 10-70 gals./A with 2,4-D, dicamba, or any residual herbicides on the following list. Use 1.5 - 4 pts./A of Touchdown CF when UAN is used as a carrier. For use with 2,4-D and dicamba on annual and perennial weeds, consult Tables 2 and 2. Reduced weed control may occur on certain weeds as a result of UAN foliar burn which can reduce uptake of Touchdown CF. Touchdown CF can be tank mixed with the following products:

- Ambush®
- Atrazine
- Axiom®
- Balance®
- Basis®
- Bicep Lite II MAGNUM®
- Bicep MAGNUM®
- Bicep II MAGNUM®
- Bullet®
- Callisto®
- Clarity®
- Dicamba
- Dual MAGNUM®
- Dual II MAGNUM®
- Frontier®
- Fultime™
- Guardsman®
- Harness®
- Harness® Xtra
- Homet™
- Karate®
- Lasso®
- Lightning®
- Lorox®
- Marksman®
- Micro-Tech®
- Prowl®
- Princep®
- Surpass™
- Surpass 100
- Topnotch™
- Warrior®
- 2,4-D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.
Hooded Sprayers

Touchdown CF may be used through hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern for weed control between the rows. Adjust the hooded sprayer in raised seedbeds to ensure the front and rear flaps touch the ground to completely enclose the spray solution.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes in direct contact with the leaves of the crop. Do not apply Touchdown CF when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated.

Application Requirements:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.
- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row.
- Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.
- Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.
- Use low drift nozzles.

Gramoxone Max herbicide may be considered for Hooded Sprayer applications in corn. Use Gramoxone Max at 0.75-1.3 pt./A for control of actively growing weeds. Read and follow directions for this use on the Gramoxone Max herbicide label.

Preharvest

Touchdown CF may be applied as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a corn harvest aid. Touchdown CF should be applied at 35% grain moisture or less. Ensure corn has reached physiological maturity (black layer formed) and that maximum kernel fill is complete. Do not apply a preharvest treatment on corn grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

FALLOWLAND AND POSTHARVEST USE

Method of Application: Chemical fallow; fallow beds; stale seedbeds; aid to tillage; and postharvest.

Touchdown CF may be applied by ground or air during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of this product.

Chemical Fallow - Ecofallow

Touchdown CF may be used in place of tillage to control annual weeds or volunteer wheat in fallow fields. Repeat applications may be necessary to control weeds emerging after application. Refer to Table 1 and 2 for use rates and timing. Broadcast or spot treatments of
Touchdown CF will control or suppress perennial weeds. Refer to Table 3 for use rates and timing. Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections of this label.

Tank mixes with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used for additional control of annual weeds listed in Table 3. Tank mixing with atrazine may provide residual control.

Postharvest Chemical Fallow for Cereals

Touchdown CF may be applied after harvest to control newly emerged weeds, volunteer cereals, or weeds which were present at harvest. Allow sufficient time after harvest for weed regrowth to occur before making application. Refer to Table 1 and 2 for use rates and annual weeds controlled. Repeat applications may be necessary for fall germinating weeds. Broadcast or spot treatments of Touchdown CF will control or suppress perennial weeds. Refer to Table 3 for use rates and timing. Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections of this label.

Tank mixes with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used for additional control of weeds listed in Table 2. A postharvest tank mix with atrazine may be used if the field will be planted to corn or sorghum or laid fallow the following season. A tank mix with atrazine may be applied for residual control of certain annual weeds such as common lambsquarters, kochia, mustards, pigweeds, and volunteer wheat. Tank mixing with atrazine may result in reduced performance.

Aid to Tillage

Touchdown CF may be used in conjunction with tillage operations in fallow systems to control cheat, downy brome, foxtails, tansy mustard, and volunteer cereals. Apply 6-12 oz./A of Touchdown CF in 3-10 gallons of water per acre. Apply before weeds exceed 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by tillage no later than 15 days after treatment or before weed regrowth. Allow at least one day after application before tillage. Tank mixes with residual herbicides may reduce performance. Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections of this label.

FARMSTEADS (NONCROP)

Method of Application: General nonselective weed control, trim-and-edge, chemical mowing, cut stumps, and habitat management.

Applications can be made in noncrop areas on the farm such as:

- Barrier strips
- Ditchbanks
- Dry ditches and canals
- Equipment areas
- Farm buildings
- Farm roads
- Farmyards
- Fence rows
- Fuel storage areas
- Rights-of-way
- Shelterbelts
- Soil bank land

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and
APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to the WEEDS, CONTROLLED sections for rates and timing.

Tank Mixtures for Farmsteads

Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing.

Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns, or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the Touchdown CF Herbicide Spot Spray Dilution Table for recommended rates.

Touchdown CF can be tank mixed with the following products:

- Banvel®
- Direx®
- Diuron
- Princep Caliber 90®
- Simazine
- Surfian™
- 2,4-D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

General Use Precautions for Farmsteads

- Avoid contact with the foliage of ornamentals or other desirable plants.
- Repeat applications may be necessary.

GRASS SEED PRODUCTION

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; renovation; site preparation; shielded/hooded sprayers; wiper/wick applicators; spot treatments; creating rows in annual ryegrass.

Apply to turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications MUST be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section for rates and timing.
General Use Precautions for Grass Seed Production

- Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring, or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

- Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.

- Vegetation contacted by Touchdown CF will be injured or killed.

- For spot treatments, apply prior to heading of grasses.

Shielded/Hooded Sprayers

Use Instructions: Apply 1-3 qts. of Touchdown CF in 10-20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded/hooded applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields/hoods.

Wiper/Wick Applicators

Mix 1 gallon of Touchdown CF in 2 gallons of water. Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

PASTURES

Touchdown CF can be used on pastures of the following type:

- Bahiagrass
- Bermudagrass
- Bluegrass
- Bromegrass
- Fescue
- Orchardgrass
- Ryegrass
- Timothy
- Wheatgrass

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting but before emergence; renovation; spot spray; and wiper/wick.

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections.

For best results, remove domesticated livestock 14 days before treatment. Allow 2-6 inches of new growth prior to treatment.
To aid in renovation of pastures, Touchdown CF may be applied at 10-64 oz./A to dormant pastures. Applications of Touchdown CF to green, nondormant plant tissue of desirable species will cause stunting, plant injury, or plant death.

**General Use Precautions for Pastures**

- Remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks before grazing or harvesting for forage and hay following preplant, preemergence, or pasture renovation applications.
- If using spot or wiper/wick application, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days before grazing or harvesting for forage or hay.

**Tank Mixtures for Pastures**

Touchdown CF can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds provided that the tank mix product label allows use of the product. Refer to the **WEEDS CONTROLLED** section for application rates and timing.

- **2,4-D**
- **Dicamba**

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses, and a list of weeds controlled.

**SMALL GRAINS**

Touchdown CF may be used on the small grain crops listed below:

- Barley
- Millet (pearl, proso)
- Oats
- Rye
- Teosinte
- Triticale
- Wheat (all)

**Method of Application:** Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; as a spot spray (except rice); preharvest (wheat only); postharvest; and wiper/wick (wheat only).

Follow directions listed in the **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES** sections. Refer to **WEEDS CONTROLLED** section for application rates and timing.

**General Use Precautions for Small Grains**

- Apply at least 7 days before harvest at no more than 1 qt./A preharvest in wheat and feed barley.
- For wiper/wick applications in wheat, allow at least 35 days between application and harvest.
- Crop plants contacted by Touchdown CF will be injured or killed.
Tank Mixtures for Preplant/Preemergence Use for Small Grains

Touchdown CF can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control or suppression of annual and perennial weeds. Under certain conditions, the mixture of Touchdown CF with one or more herbicide tankmix combinations may result in a reduction of activity.

Dicamba
2,4-D

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Preharvest (Wheat and Feed Barley Only)

Touchdown CF may be applied as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a harvest aid. Touchdown CF should be applied after the hard dough stage of grain (30% or less grain moisture). Cool, wet, and/or cloudy weather conditions following application may slow down the activity of this product. Do not apply a preharvest treatment on grain grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

SORGHUM (MILO)

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence: spot spray; wiper/wick; hooded sprayers; preharvest; and postharvest.

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions for Sorghum

- Contact with sorghum foliage may result in crop injury.
- Spot applications must be made before heading of milo.
- Wiper and wick applications must be made 40 days before harvest. Do not feed or graze wiper/wick treated milo fodder. Do not ensile wiper/wick treated foliage.
- Apply no more than 3 quarts per acre per season by hooded applications.
- Do not feed or graze sorghum forage and fodder after hooded applications.
- Preharvest applications must be made at least 7 days prior to harvest with a maximum of 2 qts./A.
Tank Mixtures for Sorghum (Preplant/Preemergence)

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control. Touchdown CF can be tank mixed with the following products:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Atrazine</th>
<th>Dual II MAGNUM</th>
<th>Prowl</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bicep Lite II MAGNUM</td>
<td>Frontier</td>
<td>Warrior</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bicep II MAGNUM</td>
<td>Guardsman</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dicamba</td>
<td>Karate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

Hooded Sprays

Touchdown CF may be used through hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern for weed control between the rows. Adjust the hooded sprayer in raised seedbeds to ensure the front and rear flaps touch the ground to completely enclose the spray solution.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes in direct contact with the leaves of the crop. Do not apply Touchdown CF when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated.

Application Requirements:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground. Treat before tillers extend between the drill rows as spray contacting these tillers may kill the main plant.

- Sorghum must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.

- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row.

- Maximum allowable application speed is 5 mph.

- Maximum allowable wind speed at application is 10 mph.

- Use low drift nozzles.

Gramoxone Max herbicide may be considered for hooded sprayer applications in sorghum. Read and follow directions for this use on the Gramoxone Max herbicide label.
Preharvest

For weed control and desiccation of sorghum, apply 1-4 pts./A. Apply in 3-30 gallons of water per acre by ground or in 3-15 gallons of water per acre by air.

Apply after most of the heads have matured. Apply when grain moisture is 30% or less. Development of immature heads will be interrupted and yield potential will be affected when applications are made too early. Do not apply a preharvest treatment on sorghum grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

SOYBEANS

Method of Application: Before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence; spot spray; wiper/wick; preharvest; postharvest.

Follow directions listed in the APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, SPRAY ADDITIVES, and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES sections. Refer to WEEDS CONTROLLED section for application rates and timing.

General Use Precautions for Soybeans

- Soybeans, except glyphosate-tolerant varieties, will be injured or killed when contacted with Touchdown CF.
- Spot application must be made prior to initial pod set.
- Wiper/wick application must be made at least 7 days before harvest.
- Make preharvest applications at least 7 days before harvest of soybeans with no more than 6 qts./A by ground; and no more than 1 qt./A by air.
- Allow at least 25 days before grazing or harvesting for livestock feed following harvest aid application.

Tank Mixtures for Soybeans (Preplant/Preemergence)

For Control of Annual Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Tables 1 and 2, for application rates and timing.

For Control or Suppression of Perennial Weeds in a Residual Herbicide Tank Mix: Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED section, Table 3, for application rates and timing. Perennial weeds may require multiple applications for control.

For use with 2,4-D on perennial weeds, consult Table 3.
Touchdown CF can be tank mixed with the following products:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Name</th>
<th>Mixable With</th>
<th>Mixable With</th>
<th>Mixable With</th>
<th>Mixable With</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authority® Broadleaf</td>
<td>Frontier</td>
<td>Partner</td>
<td>Steel®</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authority® Frontier</td>
<td>Fusilade®</td>
<td>Preview</td>
<td>Turbo</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canopy®</td>
<td>Fusion®</td>
<td>Prowl</td>
<td>Warrior</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canopy XL®</td>
<td>Gemini®</td>
<td>Pursuit®</td>
<td>2,4-D</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command®</td>
<td>Karate</td>
<td>Pursuit® Plus</td>
<td>2,4-DB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual MAGNUM</td>
<td>Lasso</td>
<td>Reflex®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual II MAGNUM</td>
<td>Lexone</td>
<td>Scepter®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FirstRate™</td>
<td>Lorox</td>
<td>Sencor®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flexstar®</td>
<td>Lorox Plus</td>
<td>Squadron®</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, and a list of weeds controlled.

**Preharvest**

Touchdown CF may be applied preharvest as a broadcast spray with ground or aerial equipment as a harvest aid. Touchdown CF provides weed control when applied preharvest to soybeans and may aid in crop dry down. Apply to mature soybeans when pods have lost their color. Do not apply a preharvest treatment to soybeans grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

This product is sold only for uses stated on its label. This formulation is covered by U.S. Patent No. 5,468,718.

Ambush®, Bicep MAGNUM®, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM®, Bicep II MAGNUM®, Callisto™, Dual MAGNUM®, Dual II MAGNUM®, Flexstar®, Fusilade®, Fusion®, Gramoxone® Max, Karate®, Princep®, Princep Caliber 90®, Reflex®, Touchdown® CF, Warrior® and the Syngenta logo are trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company.

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Banvel® is a trademark of Micro Flo Company.

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For non-emergency (e.g., current product information), call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.

Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.
Greensboro, North Carolina 27409
www.syngenta-us.com

SCP
Z - LABELT-W – TOUCHDOWN CF – pd – 04/17/02
Touchdown® CF

Herbicide

Nonselective Foliar Systemic Herbicide for Weed Control

Active Ingredient:
\*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine........................................ 28.3%
Other Ingredients: ................................................................. 71.7%
Total: ........................................................................ 100.0%

\*Contains 3 pounds of glyphosate acid in each gallon, in the diammonium salt form.

___ gallons
U.S. Standard Measure

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FIRST AID</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>If in eyes:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>If on skin or clothing:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Take off contaminate clothing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>If swallowed:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>If inhaled:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Move person to fresh air.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

HOT LINE NUMBER
For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal)
Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident),
Call
1-800-888-8372

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, and shoes.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.
User Safety Recommendations

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Chemical and Physical Hazards

Do not store, mix or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in unlined steel (except stainless steel), galvanized steel containers, or sprayer tanks. This product or spray solutions of this product will react with these containers and tanks and produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by spark, open flame, lighted cigarette, welder torch, or other ignition source.

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic, or plastic-lined steel containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

For Recyclable/Refillable Containers:

Before refilling, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices. After filling and before transporting, check for leaks. Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking container.

Container Disposal

Reseal container and offer for reconditioning, or triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or clean in accordance with manufacturer’s instructions.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!