NITED STATES, DURINGS, DURINGS	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCE Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460		EPA Reg. Number: 100-617	Date of Issuance: 12/20/2017	
	NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: <u>X</u> Registration <u>X</u> Reregistration		Term of Issuance: Unconditional		
	(under FIFRA, as amended)		Name of Pesticide Proc	luct:	
	g differing in substance from that accepted in connection with or to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on				
registered/reregis amended. Registr product by the A motion, may at a The acceptance of	On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on her/his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.				
EPA received the final label amendment request submitted by email on $12/15/2017$. EPA grants this request under the authority of section $3(c)(5)$ of FIFRA, as amended. With this accepted labeling, all requirements set forth in the Reregistration Eligibility Decision for Propiconazole have been satisfied. Therefore, EPA reregisters the product listed above. This action is taken under the authority of section $4(g)(2)(c)$ of FIFRA, as amended. Reregistration under this section does not eliminate the need for continual reassessment of pesticides. EPA may require submission of data at any time to maintain the registration of your product.					
Submit one (1) copy of final printed labeling. Amended labeling will supersede all previously accepted labels. A copy of your label stamped "Accepted" is enclosed for your records. Products shipped after 12 months from the date of this Notice or the next printing of your label, whichever occurs first, must bear the new revised label.					
Signature of Approving	Official:		Date:		

12/20/2017

Shaja B. Joyner, Product Manager 20	
Fungicide-Herbicide Branch	
Registration Division 7505P	

EPA Form 8570-6

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If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 06/12/2012
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 06/12/2012

If you have any questions, please contact Nathan Mellor by phone at (703) 347-8562, or via email at mellor.nathan@epa.gov.

[MASTER]

PROPICONAZOLE GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE

Tilt®

Fungicide

Broad spectrum fungicide for control of plant diseases

Active Ingredient:	
Propiconazole*:	
Other Ingredients**:	58.2%
Total:	100.0%

*CAS No. 60207-90-1 **Contains petroleum distillates

Tilt is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate (EC) and contains 3.6 lb of propiconazole per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet. See First Aid statement inside booklet or on container label.

EPA Reg. No. 100-617

____ gallons Net Contents

	FIRST AID					
 If in eyes Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 						
lf on skin	 If on skin Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 					
If swallowed	 If swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by the poison control center or doctor. 					
 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment adviced 						
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN					
Contains petroleum distillates - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.						
	HOT LINE NUMBER					
For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) Call 1-800-888-8372						

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING/AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Goggles or face shield as protective eyewear
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of: barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils or Viton® ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

All handlers using propiconazole as a seed piece treatment must wear:

- Goggles or face shield as protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- A chemical-resistant apron

User Safety Requirements

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Propiconazole is toxic to fish and shrimp. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Protective eyewear
- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tilt is a broad spectrum fungicide registered for the control of many important plant diseases.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use Tilt in greenhouses or as a tree injection.
- Do not apply in a manner that will result in exposure to humans or animals.

Integrated Pest Management

Tilt should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy (IPM) whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. Tilt may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

PROPICONAZOLE GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE

Tilt is in the Group 3 class fungicides. The mode of action of Tilt is as a demethylation inhibitor of sterol biosynthesis (DMI) which disrupts membrane synthesis by blocking demethylation. Fungal pathogens can develop resistance to products with the same mode of action when used repeatedly. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the crop and use area. Consult your local or State agricultural authorities for resistance management strategies may include rotating and/or tank mixing with products having different modes of action or limiting the total number of applications per season. Syngenta Crop Protection encourages responsible resistance management to ensure effective long-term control of the fungal diseases on this label. Tilt should not be alternated or tank mixed with any fungicide to which resistance has already developed.

Rotational Crops:

Rotational Crops	Planting Time From Last Tilt Application
Beans, Dry and Succulent	
Brassica, Leafy greens (Subgroup 5B)	
Bulb Vegetables	
Carrots	
Celery and Leaf Petioles, Subgroup 4B	
Cereals (wheat, barley, rye, triticale, oats)	
Cilantro (Coriander) Leaves	
Corn (field, seed, pop, and sweet)	
Dill	
Garden Beets	
Grasses grown for seed (Cool season grasses only)	
Mint	
Parsley, Fresh and Dried leaves	0 days
Peanuts	
Quinoa	
Radish	
Rapeseed (Canola), Subgroup 20A	
Rice (including Wild Rice)	
Sorghum	
Soybeans	
Strawberry and other Low-Growing Berry Subgroup 13- 07G	
Sugar Beets	
Sugarcane Watercress	
Buckwheat	
Millet	12 Months
Alfalfa (if propiconazole rate does not exceed 0.22 lb	
ai/acre/year)	75 days
All Other Crops Intended for Food, Grazing, or Feed	105 days

Any crop listed and approved for use on this label has a 0 day plant back interval.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Droplet Size

Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE Standard 572).

Temperature Inversion

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of propiconazole. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for aerial applications:

- 1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
- 2. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
- 3. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upward.

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Air assisted or air blast sprayers move spray droplets into the canopy using a forced air stream. Set up the fan to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and

provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate sprayer before use.

Use a pump with capacity to: (1) maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles, and (2) provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension - this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute. Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation. Do not air sparge.

Although Tilt is an emulsifiable concentrate, it is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on suction side of pump should be *16-mesh or coarser*. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Agitate the spray solution before and during application. Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

Tilt Alone: Add $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{2}{3}$ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add the Tilt to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the spray solution after the Tilt has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

Tilt + Tank Mixtures: Tilt is usually compatible with all tank mix partners listed on this label. To determine the physical compatibility of Tilt with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

Add $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{3}$ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add the tank mix partner into the tank. Allow the material to completely

dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and the Tilt to the spray tank. Allow the Tilt to completely disperse. Spray the mixture with the agitator running.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

This product may not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

RESTRICTION: Do not mix Tilt with Syllit® or crop injury may occur.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur.

Ground Application: For tree crops, apply in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise. For other crops, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.

Aerial Application: For tree crops, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise. For other crops, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation) - Apply Tilt through irrigation equipment only to crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.

For chemigation, apply in 0.1- 0.25 inches of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Tilt, alone or in combination with other pesticides which are registered for application through irrigation systems, may be applied through irrigation systems. Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the

responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Notes: Do not inject Tilt at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part Tilt. Tilt is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used, but should be replaced once a year. Do not use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

Operating Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Notes: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating Tilt through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

• Determine the size of the area to be treated.

- Determine the time required to apply 1/8-1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying Tilt through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of Tilt required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of Tilt and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the Tilt solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the Tilt solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30-minute interval. When applying Tilt through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of Tilt required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of Tilt into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the Tilt solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

		Use Rate fl oz		
Crop	Target Diseases	product/A	Application Instructions	
Almonds	Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia laxa,</i> <i>M. fructicola</i>)	4-8	Apply Tilt at 5-10% bloom and 50-100% bloom. Under severe disease conditions, use the highest rate. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	
	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum)	8	Apply Tilt beginning at bud break on a 7-14 day interval.	
Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A).				
Specific Use Restrictions:				

1) Do not apply more than 32 fl oz/A /year of Tilt.

2) Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl oz/A).

3) Do not apply more than 0.9 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/season.

4) Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).

5) Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

			Use Rate fl oz		
	Crop	Target Diseases	product/A	Application Instructions	
	nana and ntains	Black Sigatoka (<i>Mycosphaerella</i> <i>fijiensis</i>)	3	Apply Tilt before disease symptoms appear at the onset of the rainy season. Apply 3 fl oz of Tilt/A in 10-20 gallons of water/A. Apply no more than 2 consecutive applications on a 21-25 day schedule before rotating to another labeled product with a different mode of action for at least 2 sprays. A maximum of 8 applications can be made. If possible, it is recommended to have at least 2 consecutive months 'triazole free' during the period of lower disease pressure.	
		Mixing Procedures			
		 Oil-in-Water Emulsion 1. Add the crop oil to the spray tank. 2. Add the emulsifier (0.6 fl oz/gal of oil) and Tilt to the spray tank and mix thoroughly for 5 minutes. 3. Add water to the spray tank and mix thoroughly for 15 minutes. 			
	Oil Alone1. Add crop oil to the spray tank.2. Add the Tilt to the spray tank and mix thoroughly for 5 minutes.				
	Maintain agitation.				
	ecific Use Re				
2) 3)	3) Do not apply Tilt on plantains if the fruit present are not protected with polyethylene bags.				
4) 5) 6) 7)	6) Do not feed whole bananas and plantains to animals.				

	1				
		Use Rate fl oz			
Crop	Tarrat Diagona	product/A	Application Instructions		
Beans, Dry and	Target Diseases Bean rust	4	Application Instructions Apply when conditions are conducive for disease.		
Succulent		4	Up to three applications may be made on a 7-14 day		
Succulent	(Uromyces appendiculatus)		interval.		
Bean	Anthracnose		Interval.		
(Cicer arietinum)	(Colletotrichum		NOTE: On certain bean varieties, Tilt application		
(Lupinus spp.)	lindemuthianum)		may cause crinkled and/or greener leaves. Yields of		
(Phaseolus spp.)	Alternaria leaf spot		beans displaying these characteristics have not		
(<i>Vigna</i> spp.)	(Alternaria alternata)		been reduced.		
(Vicia faba)	Ascochyta leaf spot				
	(Ascochyta				
See below for	phaseolorum)				
complete list of dry	Rust				
and succulent	(Phakopsora spp.)				
beans.	Southern blight				
	(Sclerotium rolfsii)				
	Web blight				
	(Rhizoctonia solani)				
	Ascochyta blight				
	(Mycosphaerella				
	pinodes)				
	Ascochyta leaf and pod				
	spot				
	(Ascochyta spp.)				
	Alternaria blight				
	(Alternaria spp.)				
			zo bean); <i>Lupinus</i> spp. (including sweet lupine, white		
			ncluding kidney bean, lima bean, mung bean, navy		
bean, pinto bean, snap bean, and wax bean); Vicia faba (broad bean, fava bean); Vigna spp. (including asparagus					
bean, blackeyed pea and cowpea)					
Note: Tilt may be applied by ground or by air.					
Specific Use Restrict					
1) Do not apply more than 12 fl oz of Tilt /A/year.					
2) Do not exceed 3 applications per year					
 3) Do not apply more than 0.34 lb ai of propiconazole-containing products. 4) Do not apply within 7 down of how set for avapulant house (7 dow DIII). 					
 Do not apply within 7 days of harvest for succulent beans (7-day PHI). Not for use on cowpea cultivars intended for livestock feeding only. 					
5) Not for use on cowpea cultivars intended for livestock feeding only.					

		Use Rate			
0	Tanna (Dianana	fl oz	Annulise tion instance		
Crop Berry,	Target Diseases Mummyberry	product/A 6	Application Instructions Make first application of Tilt beginning at green tip and		
Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A	Disease (Monilinia vaccinicorymbosi)	0	repeat in 7-10 days. If conditions are favorable for disease development, additional applications may need to be made at pink bud and repeating every 7-10 days through petal fall.		
Blackberry Loganberry Red and Black Raspberry Wild Raspberry Cultivars,	Leaf Spot and Stem Canker (Septoria albopuncatata) Rust (Pucciniastrum vaccinii)	6	Apply when conditions favor disease development. Repeat applications on a 4-week spray interval.		
varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	Leaf and Cane Spot (Septoria rubi)	6	Apply as a delayed dormant spray after training in the spring. Repeat this application in the late spring, again at bud break, and again once flowering has begun.		
See additional crops below.	Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera</i> <i>vaccinii</i>)	6	Apply Tilt at 5-10% bloom. Repeat this application at full bloom and on a 14 day interval while conditions are favorable for disease development.		
Berry, Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B	Leaf Spot (<i>Septoria</i> spp.)	6	Make first application any time prior to bloom and again after petal fall. If needed, repeat application just after harvest.		
Highbush Blueberry Lowbush Blueberry Highbush Cranberry Black Currant Red Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Lingonberry Native Currant Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.					
See additional crops below.					
Strawberry section)					
Additional Busha Huckleberry, Josta	perries: Aronia Berry, B aberry, Juneberry (Saska	uffalo Currant, C atoon Berry), Sala	hilean Guava, European Barberry, Edible Honeysuckle, al, Sea Buckthorn		
volume should be	Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 5 gal/A) or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A).				
Specific Use Res 1) Do not apply	Specific Use Restrictions: 1) Do not apply more than 30 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.				
2) Do not excee	2) Do not exceed 5 applications per year.				

Do not exceed 5 applications per year.
 Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).
 Do not apply more than 0.84 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions		
Brassica, Leafy greens (Subgroup	Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.)	3-4	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7- 10-day interval.		
5B)	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe		If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.		
Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy) Collards Kale	polygoni)				
Mustard greens					
(See additional crops below)					
Brassica Leafy	Brassica Leafy greens (Subgroup 5B): Broccoli raab; Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy); Collards, Kale, Mizuna,				
	Mustard spinach; Rape				
			dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water		
volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.					
 Specific Use Restrictions: 1) Do not apply more than 12 fl oz/A/year of Tilt. 					
 Do not exceed 3 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 4 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (3 fl oz/A). 					
 applying at the lowest rate (3 ii 02/A). Do not apply more than 0.34 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI) 					

		Use Rate			
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions		
Bulb	Purple Blotch	Tilt solo	Begin applications when conditions favor disease		
Vegetables	(Alternaria porri)	4-8	development and continue on a 7-10 day interval.		
			Use the higher rate and shorter interval when		
Bulb Onions	Suppression of Botrytis		disease conditions are severe.		
Subgroup	Leaf Blight	Tilt plus tank mix	Apply 2-4 fl oz of Tilt in combination with another		
3-07A Garlic Bulb Onions Bulb Shallot Bulb Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	(Botrytis squamosa)	partner 2-4	fungicide registered for control of botrytis leaf blight or purple blotch. Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and continue on 7-day interval or according to the tank mix partner label. Use the higher rate when disease conditions are severe. To achieve optimum disease control, use a wetting agent or spreader-sticker.		
See additional crops below.					
Green Onions Subgroup 3-07B					
Leek Fresh Onion					
Green Onion					
Fresh Shallot					
Leaves					
Cultivars,					
varieties, and/or					
hybrids of these. See additional					
crops below.					
	nions: Davlily Fritillaria G	I Great-headed Garlic	Serpent Garlic, Lily, Chinese Onion, Pearl Onion,		
Potato Onion					
	Onions: Fresh Chive Leav	es, Fresh Chinese (Chive Leaves, Hosta Elegans, Fritillaria Leaves,		
			tem Onion, Tree Tops Onion, Welsh Onion Tops		
Note: Tilt is most	effective when applied and	allowed to dry before	e a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water		
volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gal/A)					
	n (a minimum of 5 gal/A).				
Specific Use Res					
1) Do not apply more than 16 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.					
2) Do not exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl oz/A). When applying 4 fl oz/A, do not exceed 4 applications per year.					
 Do not apply within 14 days of harvest on bulb onion types (14-day PHI). Tilt may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI) for green onion types. 					
 5) Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year. 					

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Carrots	Leaf Blights (Cercospora carotae) (suppression of	4	Apply 4 fl oz of Tilt when conditions favor disease development. Continue applications on a 7-10 day interval, using the shorter interval when disease conditions are severe. If desired, a spreader-sticker may be used.
	Alternaria dauci) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	Tilt plus chlorothalonil 2	Apply 2 fl oz of Tilt with 0.75 lb ai of chlorothalonil/A (1 pint Bravo WeatherStik®). Begin applications when conditions favor disease development. Continue applications on a 7- 10 day interval.
volume shoul		rough coverage. 7	dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water Filt may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gal/A) ion.
1) Do not a	PRestrictions: pply more than 16 fl oz/A xceed 4 applications per	,	g at the highest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 8 applications per year

 Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 h) when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl oz/A).
 Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).
 Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year. ιpμ ŀ r yea

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions			
Celery and Leaf Petioles Subgroup 4B	Early Blight (<i>Cercospora apii</i>) Late Blight (<i>Septoria apicola</i>)	4	Apply Tilt on a 7 day schedule, either by ground or aerial application. If desired, Tilt may be mixed with appropriate spreader-sticker.			
Celery	(00010110 00000)					
Celery,						
Chinese						
Cardoon						
Celtuce						
Fennel,						
Florence						
Rhubarb						
Swiss Chard						
			dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water			
	•	• •	ilt may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 10 gal/A)			
or aerial application (a minimum of 5 gal/A).						
Specific Use Restrictions:						
 Do not apply more than 16 fl oz/A/year of Tilt. 						
,	y within 14 days of harv					
4) Do not apply) Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.					

Target DiseasesEarly Season Suppressionof:Powdery Mildew(Blumeria spp., Erysiphespp.)Leaf Blight(Septoria tritici)Glume Blotch(Stagonospora nordorum)Tan Spot(Pyrenophora tritici- repentis)Control of Leaf Diseases:Rust(Puccinia spp.)Powdery Mildew	fl oz product/A 2-4 4	Application Instructions Apply Tilt in the spring. Follow up with a second application up to Feekes growth stage 10.54 for season long control. Applications may be made no closer than a 14 day interval.
of: Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nordorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici- repentis) Control of Leaf Diseases: Rust (Puccinia spp.)		second application up to Feekes growth stage 10.54 for season long control. Applications may be made no closer than a 14 day interval.
Control of Leaf Diseases: Rust (Puccinia spp.)	4	Protecting the flag leaf is important for
(Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nordorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici- repentis) Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) Spot Blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) Net Blotch		 maximizing the potential yield. Highest yields are normally obtained when Tilt is applied when the flag leaf is 50% to fully emerged. Applications may be made no closer than a 14-day interval. The use of oil-base adjuvant may improve the spray coverage and canopy penetration. Tilt can be applied through full head emergence (Feekes growth stage 10.54). Do not apply after this stage to avoid possible illegal residues.
Foot Rot (Pseudocercosporella spp.)	4	Apply Tilt plus half rates of other EPA registered fungicides such as Topsin® M. Apply at tillering, but before elongation has occurred.
Fusarium Head Blight Suppression	4	Apply Tilt at approximately 50% flowering. Addition of a penetrating type of adjuvant may increase Fusarium head blight suppression.
e used to provide thorough cover strictions: / within 7 days of harvest for fora / more than 8 fl oz/A/year of Tilt. / more than 4 fl oz/A/year of Tilt i	rage. Tilt may be a ige or hay (7-day Pl f forage or hay will	pplied by ground, air, or chemigation. H). be harvested.
	spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nordorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici- repentis) Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) Spot Blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) Net Blotch (Pyrenophora teres) Foot Rot (Pseudocercosporella spp.) Fusarium Head Blight Suppression St effective when applied and allo e used to provide thorough cove estrictions: / within 7 days of harvest for fora / more than 8 fl oz/A/year of Tilt. / more than 4 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.	spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nordorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici- repentis) Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) Spot Blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) Net Blotch (Pyrenophora teres) Foot Rot (Pseudocercosporella spp.) Fusarium Head Blight Suppression st effective when applied and allowed to dry before a e used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be a estrictions: / within 7 days of harvest for forage or hay (7-day Pl / more than 8 fl oz/A/year of Tilt. / more than 4 fl oz/A/year of Tilt if forage or hay will ed 2 applications per year when applying at the high

when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl oz/A).
5) Do not apply more than 0.22 lb ai propiconazole-containing products/A/year.
6) Do not apply after Feekes 10.54.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Cereals	Early Season Suppression	2-4	Apply Tilt in the spring. Follow up with a
Barley	of:		second application up to Feekes growth stage
Rye	Powdery Mildew		10.5 for season long control.
Triticale	(Blumeria spp., Erysiphe		
Oats	spp.)		Applications may be made no closer than a 14
Outo	Leaf Blight		day interval.
	(Septoria tritici)		
	Glume Blotch		
	(Stagonospora nordorum)		
	Tan Spot		
	(Pyrenophora tritici-		
	repentis)		
	Control of Leaf Diseases:	4	Protecting the flag leaf is important for
	Rust		maximizing the potential yield. Highest yields
	(Puccinia spp.)		are normally obtained when Tilt is applied whe
	Powdery Mildew		the flag leaf is 50% to fully emerged.
	(Blumeria spp., Erysiphe		the hag lear is 50 % to fully enlerged.
	spp.)		Applications may be made no closer than a 14
	Leaf Blight		day interval. The use of oil-base adjuvant may
	(Septoria tritici)		improve the spray coverage and canopy
	Glume Blotch		
			penetration.
	(Stagonospora nordorum)		
	Tan Spot		Tilt con he emplied up to 45 days prior to
	(Pyrenophora tritici-		Tilt can be applied up to 45 days prior to harvest.
	repentis)		narvest.
	Helminthosporium Leaf Blight		
	(Drechslera tritici-repentis)		
	Spot Blotch		
	(Bipolaris sorokiniana)		
	Barley Scald		
	(Rhynchosporium secalis)		
	Barley Stripe		
	(Pyrenophora graminea)		
	Net Blotch		
	(Pyrenophora teres)		
	Foot Rot	4	Apply Tilt plus half rates of other EPA
	(Pseudocercosporella spp.)		registered fungicides such as Topsin® M.
			Apply at tillering, but before elongation has
			occurred.
	Fusarium Head Blight	4	Apply Tilt at approximately 50% flowering.
	Suppression		Addition of a penetrating type of adjuvant may
			increase Fusarium head blight suppression.
			a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water
		rage. Tilt may be a	pplied by ground, air, or chemigation.
	Restrictions:		
	oply within 7 days of harvest for fora		HI).
2) Do not a	oply more than 8 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.	-	
	oply more than 4 fl oz/A/year of Tilt		
4) Do not ex			nest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 4 applications per year
when app	olying at the lowest rate (2 fl oz/A).		
	oply more than 0.22 lb ai propicona	zole-containing proc	ducts/A/year.
	oply after Feekes 10.54.	-	

		Use Rate fl oz					
Crop	Target Diseases	product/A	Application Instructions				
Citrus (non- bearing)	Greasy Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella</i>	6-8	Begin applications in June. Apply on 30 day interval through August.				
Calamondin Citron Citrus hybrids Grapefruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Mandarin Orange (sour and sweet) Pummelo Satsuma Mandarin	citri)						
Tangerine Including all							
cultivars and/or hybrids of these.							
Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A).							
	Specific Use Restrictions:						
	more than 24 fl oz/A/yea	r of Tilt.					
			t the highest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 4 applications per year				
	when applying at the lowest rate (6 fl oz/A).						
 Do not apply more than 7.2 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year. 							

		Use Rate				
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions			
Corn Field Seed Popcorn	Northern Corn Leaf Blight (Setosphaeria turcica) Northern Corn Leaf Spot (Cochiliobolus carbonum) Southern Corn Leaf Blight	2-4	For leaf blights apply Tilt when disease first appears. Continue on a 7-14 day schedule. Use the low rate when disease pressure is low. Under heavy disease pressure or if conditions are favorable for disease, apply the high rate.			
Sweet Corn	(Cochliobolus heterostrophus) Also known as Helminthosporium Leaf Blights (H. maydis, H. turcicum, H. carbonum)					
	Rusts (Puccinia spp.) Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae- maydis) Eye Spot (Aureobasidium zeae)	4	Apply Tilt when disease first appears. If conditions favorable for disease persist, continue to apply on a 7-14 day schedule. For best disease control, early applications (at initial disease onset) perform better.			
Note: Tilt is mo	st effective when applied and a	llowed to dry before	a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water			
			applied by ground, air, or chemigation.			
Specific Use R For Field Corn,	estrictions: Field Corn Grown for Seed, a	and Popcorn				
	ly more than 16 fl oz/A/year of T					
			ghest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 8 applications per year			
when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl oz/A).						
 Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for forage, grain and stover (30-day PHI). Do not apply more than 8 fl oz/A/year of Tilt on field corn harvested for forage. 						
 Do not apply more than 8 fl oz/A/year of Tilt on field corn harvested for forage. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing products/A/year. 						
For Sweet Corr		azoro oontaining pro				
	ly within 14 days of harvest for e	ears (14-day PHI).				
 Do not apply within 14 days of harvest for forage (14-day PHI). 						

		Use Rate							
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions						
Cranberries	Cottonball	4-6	Make the first application at leaf bud break and						
	(Monilinia oxycocci)		repeat in 14 days. Make the third application at						
			early bloom and repeat in 14 days. Under severe						
			pressure, use the higher rate for control.						
Note: Tilt is most	t effective when applied and	allowed to dry befor	e a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water						
volume should be	used to provide thorough co	overage. Tilt may be	e applied by either ground or aerial application (a						
minimum of 20 ga	,								
Specific Use Res	strictions:								
, , , , ,	more than 24 fl oz/A/year of								
	ed 4 applications per year wh g at the lowest rate (4 fl oz/A		ighest rate (6 fl oz/A) or 6 applications per year						
	within 45 days of harvest for	,	/ PHI)						
, .	more than 0.67 lb ai propico	· · ·							
	ranberry fields used for aqua								
/			areas to non-target aquatic habitat. Applicators						
	should use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.								
	Do not apply to flooded crop.								
/	Do not allow release of irrigation or flood water to non-target aquatic habitat for at least 14 days after the last								
	application.								
Use is limited	to UR, WA and WI.		Use is limited to OR, WA and WI.						

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions				
Dill	Cercospora Leaf	3-4	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7-				
	Blight		10 day interval.				
	(Cercosporidium						
	punctum)		If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch				
			to a fungicide with a different mode of action.				
	Powdery Mildew						
	(Erysiphe heraclei)						
Note: Ti	Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water						
	volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.						
Specific Use Restrictions:							
1) Don	not apply more than 12 fl oz/A/	ear of Tilt.					
	when applying at the lowest rate (3 fl oz/A).						
	not apply more than 0.34 lb ai p		ntaining product/A/year				
-, D01	 Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). 						

		Use Rate					
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions				
Filberts	Eastern Filbert Blight	5-8	Begin applications when green leaf tissue				
(Hazelnuts)	(Anisogramma anomala)		becomes visible and continue on 14-21 day				
			interval. Under severe disease conditions, use				
			the higher rate and shorter interval.				
			NOTE: On certain varieties, Tilt applications may cause smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of				
			filberts displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to Tilt treatments.				
Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water							
volume sho	volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a						
minimum of	f 15 gal/A).						
Specific Us	se Restrictions:						
1) Do not							
2) Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 6 applications per year							
when a	when applying at the lowest rate (5 fl oz/A).						
3) Do not	apply more than 0.9 lb ai propicona	azole-containing pro	duct/A/year.				
4) Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).							

4) Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).
5) Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

	Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions		
Gar	den	Leaf Spot	3-4	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 14-		
Bee	ets	(Cercospora beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe		day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before rotating to another registered fungicide with a different mode of action.		
		polygoni)		If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.		
	Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.					
		estrictions:				
1)	Do not app	ly more than 16 fl oz/A/	year of Tilt.			
2)	2) Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 5 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (3 fl oz/A).					
3)						
4)	Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.					

4) Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Grasses grown for seed (Cool season grasses only)	Rusts (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>)Ergot Stem Diseases	4-8	Apply Tilt when powdery mildew infections, and/or rust pustules are noticeable and increasing in number in late spring or early summer. Apply on a 14-21 day interval. To maximize control of severe rust pressure, apply 8 fl oz/A and make applications at 14-day intervals until the seed is mature. Make the last application at least 20 days before seed matures. For bluegrass, it is important to begin application early in the growing season.

Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by ground, air (a minimum of 10 gal/A), or chemigation.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Do not feed hay cut within 20 days of the last application.

2) Do not graze treated areas within 140 days of the last application.

3) Do not apply more than 32 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.

4) Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl oz/A).

5) Do not apply more than 0.90 lb ai propiconazole-containing products/A/year.

6) Use is limited to Idaho, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, and Washington.

7) Do not apply to bermudagrass grown for seed.

8) Do not apply within 20 days of harvest (20-PHI) of seed.

		Use Rate				
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions			
Mint	Rust	4	Begin applications when the plants are 2-4 inches			
Peppermint	(Puccinia menthae)		high or when conditions become favorable for			
Spearmint			disease development. Continue on a 14-day			
			interval as conditions warrant.			
Note: Tilt is most	Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water					
volume should be	volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by ground in a minimum of 20 gal/A or by					
aerial in a minimum of 2 gal/A.						
Specific Use Res	Specific Use Restrictions:					
1) Do not apply	1) Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).					
2) Do not exceed 3 applications per year.						
3) Do not excee						
4) Do not apply more than 0.34 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.						

		Use Rate			
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions		
Parsley, Fresh	Leaf Spot	3-4	Begin applications at first sign of disease.		
and Dried	(Cercospora spp.)		Repeat on a 14-day interval. Make no more than		
Leaves	Leaf Spot		2 consecutive applications before rotating to		
	(Alternaria spp.)		another registered fungicide with a different		
Cilantro	Powdery Mildew		mode of action.		
(Coriander),	(Erysiphe spp.)				
Leaves			If disease levels continue to increase,		
			immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.		
Note: Tilt is mos	t effective when applied and a	llowed to dry before	a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water		
volume should be	e used to provide thorough cov	verage. Tilt may be	applied by ground, air, or chemigation.		
Specific Use Re	strictions:	× · ·			
1) Do not apply	more than 16 fl oz/A/year of	Tilt.			
2) Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 5 applications per year					
when applyir	ng at the lowest rate (3 fl oz/A)).			
3) Do not apply	within 14 days of harvest (14	-day PHI).			
A_{1} Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiopazole containing product/A/year					

a) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).
b) Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.

		Use Rate	
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Peanuts	Early Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora</i> <i>arachidicola</i>) Late Leaf Spot (<i>Cercosporidium</i> <i>personatum</i>) Rust (<i>Puccinia arachidis</i>) Web Blotch (<i>Phoma arachidicola</i>)	4	Apply Tilt beginning 35-40 days after planting or at the first appearance of disease. Continue applications on a 10-14 day schedule. Under heavy disease pressure use higher recommended application rates. Tilt also may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.
	Courthours Otom Dat		Tilt may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.
	Southern Stem Rot (Sclerotium rolfsii)		 Apply Tilt using one of following schedules: A. Apply 4 fl oz/A of Tilt to the crown and pegging zones of the plant using chemigation or directed ground application. Begin applications 45 days after planting, or at the first appearance of disease. Repeat on a 14 day interval. B. Apply 8 fl oz/A of Tilt to the crown and pegging zones of the plant using chemigation or directed ground application. Make 2 applications: the first at pegging (approximately 60 days after planting) or at the first appearance of disease, and the second application 3-4 weeks later. Irrigation: When applying Tilt in irrigation water for Southern Stem Rot control, use a minimum of 0.25 – 0.5 inches of irrigation water/A. Use enough water so that the fungicide penetrates the peanut canopy and reaches the crown of the plant where Southern Stem Rot is most active. When applying Tilt via irrigation or as a directed ground application, additional methods should be employed for leaf spot control.

1) Do not apply more than 16 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.

2) Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2.5 fl oz/A).

3) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI) with low use rate (4 fl oz/A).

4) Do not apply within 21 days of harvest (21-day PHI) if used high use rate (8 fl oz/A).

5) Do not feed hay from treated fields to livestock if used high rate (8 fl oz/A).

6) Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing products/A/year.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Pecans Note: Tilt is m	Pecan Scab (<i>Cladosporium</i> <i>caryigenum</i>) Downy Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella</i> <i>caryigena</i>) Liver Spot (<i>Gnomonia caryae pv</i> <i>pecanae</i>) Vein Spot	4-8	 Pecan scab: Apply 4-8 fl oz/A on a 14 day schedule during bud break and pre-pollination sprays. Apply 6-8 fl oz/A during nut formation and cover sprays. Use higher rates when disease pressure is heavier. Other listed foliar diseases: Apply 4 fl oz/A with other registered pecan products labeled for these mid to late season foliar diseases. Observe all directions, precautions, and limitations for the
	(Gnomonia nerviseda) Zonate Leaf Spot (Cristulariella moricola) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera penicillata)		other products.

Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by either ground or by aerial application (a minimum amount of 20 gal/A).

The active ingredient(s) in this product may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your County has a Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm. Bulletins also may be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or State pesticide agencies.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Do not apply more than 32 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.

2) Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl oz/A).

3) Do not apply after shuck split or within 45 days of harvest, whichever comes first.

4) Do not apply more than 0.9 lb ai propiconazole-containing products/A/year.

5) Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions				
Pineapple (Hawaii only)	Butt rot (Ceratocystis paradoxa)	0.75 fl oz/100 gal of water (1:17,000)	Treatments can be made in either a cold or hot water dip.				
			Cold Water Dip: Immerse crowns to give thorough wetting, remove, and allow to drain.				
			Hot Water Dip: Maintain water temperature at 125°F (52°C). Soak crown for 20-30 minutes, remove, and allow to drain.				
Specific Use Restrictions:							
1) Do not use	treated crowns for food or feed	1.					
2) Do not graze while plant is growing.							
3) Do not graz	3) Do not graze tops until fruit is harvested.						
4) Dispose of	used dip solution according to	local, state, and fed	eral regulations.				

		Use Rate					
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions				
Pistachios	Botrysphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea)	5-8	Begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 14-21 days interval. Under severe disease conditions, use the higher rate and the shorter interval.				
			NOTE: Under certain conditions Tilt applications may cause smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of pistachios displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to Tilt treatments.				
Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a							
	minimum of 15 gal/A).						
	Specific Use Restrictions:						
1) Do not ap							
when app	ceed 4 applications per year whe lying at the lowest rate (5 fl oz/A)		ghest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 6 applications per year				

Bo not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).
 Do not apply more than 0.9 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.
 Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

_		Use Rate			
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions		
Quinoa	Leaf Spot	4	Apply prior to disease development.		
	(Ascochyta hyalospora)				
	Stalk Rot		An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.		
	(Phoma exigua)				
Note: Tilt can	be applied by either ground,	chemigation, or aeria	al application.		
Specific Use F	Specific Use Restrictions:				
 Do not apply within 7 days of harvest for forage or hay (7-day PHI). 					
2) Do not exc	2) Do not exceed 2 applications per year.				
3) Do not app) Do not apply more than 8 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.				
4) Do not app	4) Do not apply more than 4 fl oz/A/year of Tilt if forage or hay will be harvested.				
5) Do not app	5) Do not apply more than 0.22 lb ai propiconazole-containing products/A/year.				
6) Do not app	bly within 30 days of harvest	(30-day PHI).			

	Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions		
Rac	lish	Cercospora Leaf spot (Cercospora spp.)	3-4	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7- 10 day interval.		
				If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.		
Note: Tilt is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume should be used to provide thorough coverage. Tilt may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.						
	Specific Use Restrictions:					
1)		bly more than 16 fl oz/A/				
2)	when applying at the lowest rate (3 fl oz/A).					
3)		bly more than 0.45 lb ai p				
4)	Do not app	bly within 14 days of har	/est (14-day PHI)			

		Use Rate	
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz Product/A	Application Instructions
Rapeseed	Alternaria black spot	2.6–4	For Phoma control, apply during the rosette stage
Subgroup	(Alternaria brassicae)	(0.07–0.113)	between 2nd true leaf and bolting.
20A	Black leg/Phoma		
	(Leptosphaeria		For Alternaria, make an application at the end of
Canola	maculans)		flowering/early pod set. For other foliar diseases,
	Cercospora leafspot		apply at first sign of disease.
including	(C. brassicicola)		
cultivars,	Head rot		For head rot, apply at 50% flowering.
varieties,	(Rhizoctonia solani)		
and/or hybrids	Powdery mildew		Make no more than one Tilt application per year.
of these and	(Erysiphe polygoni)		
others in this			Optional language if label has a rate range. If
group (see			disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.
below)			
			rovide thorough coverage. Tilt can be applied by
•	.	apply in 0.1-0.25 in	ches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water
	ecrease in efficacy.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			phea, echium, flax seed, gold of pleasure, hare's
	•		d seed, oil radish, poppy seed, rapeseed, sesame,
	d cultivars and/or hybrids of th	eses	
Specific Use Re			
	y more than 4 fl oz/A/year of T	llt.	
	eed 1 application per year.		
	y more than 0.113 lb ai of prop		ng products/A/year.
Do not appl[*]	v within 30 davs of harvest (30	J-dav PHI).	

a) Do not apply more than 0.113 ib at of propromazore-contain
 4) Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).

Сгор	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz Product/A	Application Instructions			
Rice	Sheath Blight (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Brown Leaf Spot (<i>Helminthosporium oryzae</i>) Narrow Brown Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora oryzae</i>) Leaf Smut (<i>Entyloma oryzae</i>) Sheath Spot (<i>Rhizoctonia oryzae</i>) Kernel Smut (<i>Tilletia barclayana</i>) Aggregate Sheath Spot (<i>Rhizoctonia oryzae</i> - sativa) Black Sheath Rot (<i>Gaeumannomyces</i> graminis) For disease suppression of: False Smut (<i>Ustilaginoidea virens</i>) Stem Rot (<i>Sclerotium oryzae</i>)	6-10	 Timing of Tilt application will depend on disease severity, disease complex and rice variety/growth stage. Consult local extension experts for local economic thresholds established for various rice varieties and diseases. Tilt should be applied on either of the following schedules as an aerial spray in 5-10 gal of water/A. A. 6 fl oz/A at first internode elongation (up to 2-inch panicle) and repeat at swollen boot. Make the second application 14 days after the first application, but before the boot splits and head emerges. Tilt provides best control of sheath blight when the first application is applied at disease appearance in the field. The first application is recommended when 5% or fewer of the tillers are infected. B. 10 fl oz/A at first internode elongation (up to 2-inch panicle). The 10 fl oz/A rate is recommended if greater than 10% of the tillers are infected with sheath blight. If disease reappears, use another registered fungicide for the second application. Tank mix option: Apply 6 fl oz/A of Tilt in a tank mix with Quadris or other fungicides for control of rice diseases. 			
Wild Rice (MN only)	Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Helminthosporium sp.) Brown Spot (Bipolaris spp.)	6-8	Apply 6 fl oz/A of Tilt at both booting and heading, or make a single application of 8 fl oz/A at booting. Minimum re-application interval is 10 days.			
			re a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water be applied by air.			
The active in critical habita Bulletin for th consult http://	gredient(s) in this product may ha it in some counties. When using ie county in which you are applyir	ave effects on feder this product, you m ng the pesticide. To Bulletins also may	ally listed threatened and endangered species or ust follow the measures contained in the County o determine whether your County has a Bulletin, y be available from local pesticide dealers,			
-	Restrictions:					
	pply to stubble or ratoon crop rice					
	se in rice fields where commercia					
when ap	plying at the lowest rate (6 fl oz/A	A).	· · · · · ·			
	pply within 35 days of harvest (3					
	pply more than 0.34 lb ai propico		products/A/year.			
 Do not re 	elease flood water within 7 days o	or an application.				

		Use Rate				
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions			
Sorghum	Ergot	3-4	Make the first application at or just prior to			
-	(Claviceps sorghi)		flowering. Repeat on a 5-7 day interval. Apply up			
			to 4 times.			
Note: Tilt is	most effective when applied and	allowed to dry befor	e a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water			
volume shoul	ld be used to provide thorough c	overage. Tilt may be	e applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gal/A)			
or aerial appl	ication (a minimum of 10 gal/A).					
Specific Use	Specific Use Restrictions:					
1) Do not apply more than 16 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.						
2) Do not exceed 4 applications per year.						
3) Do not a	pply within 30 days of harvest (3	0-day PHI) for forag	e.			
4) Do not a	4) Do not apply within 21 days of harvest (21-day PHI) for grain and stover.					
5) Do not g						
6) Do not a	pply more than 8 fl oz of Tilt (0.2	2 lb ai propiconazol	e) on sorghum harvested for forage.			
7) Do not a	Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.					

7) Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.

		Use Rate	
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Soybeans	Aerial Web Blight (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i>	4-6	Aerial Web Blight: Apply 5-6 fl oz/A at the first appearance of disease and repeat the application 14-21 days later. Under severe disease conditions use the higher rate and shorter interval.
	truncatum)		
	Brown Spot (<i>Septoria glycines</i>) Frogeye Leaf Spot		Other foliar diseases: Apply 6 fl oz/A at growth stage R3 (early pod set when pods are 1/8-1/4 inch long) and 14-21 days later at growth stage R5 (pod fill).
	(<i>Cercospora sojina</i>) Soybean Rust		Soybean rust: Apply 4-6 fl oz/A at first indication that disease is in the area. For best control, preventive applications work best. Repeat on 14-
	(Phakopsora pachyrhizi)		21 day interval. Use higher rate and shorter interval when disease is present in field and incidence is less than 2% (2 plants in 100 are infected). If incidence is greater than this or if disease is in mid canopy, control will not be acceptable. Scouting for the disease and/or being aware of the proximity of the disease via monitoring systems will aid in the proper timing to maximize the effectiveness of the fungicide applications.
			On certain varieties, Tilt applications may cause crinkled, smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of dry beans displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to Tilt treatments.
			a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water
			applied by either ground or aerial application. rerage and penetration when applying by air.
Specific Use F			
	oly more than 12 fl oz/A/year of		a_{host} rate (6.fl $a_{\text{T}}(\Lambda)$ or 2 applies tions not see
when appl	ying at the lowest rate (4 fl oz/A)		ghest rate (6 fl oz/A) or 3 applications per year
	o Stage R6.	azala containing ar	aduat/A/vaar
Do not app	bly more than 0.34 lb ai propicor	iazoie-containing pr	oduct/A/year.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Stone Fruits Crop Group 12-12 Apricots Cherries, Sweet	Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	4	Apply Tilt at early bloom stage. If disease pressure is low, a second application may be made as needed through petal fall. Under conditions of high disease pressure and/or very susceptible varieties, make a second application from 75-100% bloom and a third application at petal fall.
Cherries, Tart Nectarines Peaches Plums Plumcot	Fruit Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	4	Apply as needed a maximum of 2 sprays during the preharvest period up to the day of harvest (0-day PHI). If high inoculum and severe disease conditions persist, apply another registered fungicide after the 2 Tilt applications.
Prunes	Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.) Cherry Leaf Spot (<i>Blumeriella jaapii</i>) Rust (<i>Tranzschelia</i> <i>discolor</i>)	4	Follow the Brown Rot Blossom Blight schedule. Make up to 2 additional applications on a 10-14 day interval from the end of petal fall to harvest.

applications. Tilt may be applied by ground or air (a minimum of 15 gal/A).

Complete List of Stone Fruit Crops: Apricot; apricot, Japanese; capulin; cherry, black; cherry, Nanking; cherry, sweet; cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; nectarine; peach; plum; plum, American; plum, beach; plum, Canada; plum, cherry; plum, Chickasaw; plum, Damson; plum, Japanese; plum, Klamath; plum, prune; plumcot; sloe; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Precaution: Applications of Tilt during bloom to Stanley plums have occasionally caused fruit to be less oval in shape and smaller in size at harvest. To avoid this, do not apply Tilt to Stanley plums earlier than 21 days prior to harvest.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Do not apply more than 20 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.

2) Do not exceed 5 applications per year.

3) Tilt may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

4) Do not apply more than 0.56 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.

		Use Rate					
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions				
Strawberry	Anthracnose	4	Begin applications when disease levels are no more				
and other Low	(Colletotrichum		than 5%. Apply 4 fl oz/A of Tilt up to 4 times on a 7-day				
Growing Berry	acutatum)		interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications				
Subgroup 13-	Leaf Spot		before rotating to another registered fungicide with a				
07G (except	(Cercospora		different mode of action.				
Cranberry)	fragariae)						
	Powdery Mildew						
See additional	(Sphaerotheca						
crops below.	macularis)						
	Leaf Rust						
	(Phragmidium						
	potentillae)						
Additional Low	Additional Low Growing Berries: Bearberry, Bilberry, Cloudberry, Muntries, Partridgeberry						
Note: Tilt is mos	st effective when applied	and allowed to dry	before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water				
volume should be	e used to provide thoroug	gh coverage. Tilt r	nay be applied by either ground (a minimum of 20 gal/A)				
or aerial applicati	ion (a minimum of 15 gal	I/A).					
Specific Use Re	strictions:						
	1) Do not apply more than 16 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.						
2) Do not exce							
4) Do not apply							

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Sugar Beets	Leaf Spot (Cercospora beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	4	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 10-14 day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before rotating to another registered fungicide with a different mode of action.
			If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.
		•	e a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water e applied by ground, air, or chemigation.
Specific Use F	· · · ·		
 Do not app Do not exc Do not app Do not app 	bly more than 12 fl oz/A/year o ceed 3 applications per year. bly within 21 days of harvest (2	21-day PHI).	
Do not app	bly more than 0.34 lb ai propic	onazole-containing p	product/A/year.

		Use Rate	
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions
Sugarcane	Pineapple disease (Ceratocystic paradoxa)	0.75 fl oz/ 100 gal of water (1:17,000)	Apply Tilt to cut seed pieces using one of following methods:
			Cold Water Dip: Immerse seed pieces to give thorough wetting, remove, and allow to drain.
			Hot Water Dip: Maintain water temperature at 125° F (52°C). Soak the seed pieces for 20-30 minutes, remove, and allow to drain.
			Conveyer Belt Treatment: Treat seed pieces with Tilt/water solution using in-line directed spray sufficient to wet cut ends.
	Brown Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> <i>melanocephela</i>) Orange Rust	4-6	Apply Tilt as a foliar application prior to rust development and continue throughout the season every 14-28 days.
	(Puccinia kuehnii)		<i>Optional language if label has a rate range:</i> If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.
			Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.
			Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.
			Tilt may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.
1) Dispose o	Restrictions: f used dip solution according to	local state and fed	aral regulations
	e treated seed pieces for food or		
	ply more than 24 fl oz/A/year of		
<i>'</i>			ohest rate (6 fl oz/A) or 6 applications per year

Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (6 fl oz/A) or 6 applications per year 4) when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl oz/A).

5) Tilt may be applied within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).
6) Do not apply more than 0.67 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.

(Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions	
Ті ра	alm	Cercospora Leaf spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.)	3-4	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7- 10 day interval.	
		Phyllosticta leafspot		If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.	
				Iry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water It may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.	
Spec	cific Use F	Restrictions:			
1)) Do not apply more than 16 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.				
	Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl oz/A) or 5 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (3 fl oz/A).				
3)	Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year				

- Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.
 Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

•		Use Rate			
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A	Application Instructions		
Tree Nuts	Foliar Diseases	4-8	Apply Tilt at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7-14		
Crop Group 14- 12			day interval.		
12					
See list below					
for tree nuts					
See specific					
directions for					
Almond					
Filbert					
Pecan					
Pistachios					
volume should be	used to provide thorough	coverage. Tilt may b	ore a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water be applied by either ground or aerial application (a und applications are recommended.		
			echnut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; bunya; bur oak;		
· •		<i>i</i> i <i>i i</i>	oconut; coquito nut; dika nut; ginkgo; Guiana		
			e-chestnut; macadamia nut; mongongo nut; monkey- pecan; pequi; Pili nut; pine nut; pistachio; Sapucaia		
			cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.		
Specific Use Res					
1) Do not apply more than 32 fl oz/A/year of Tilt.					
 Do not exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl oz/A) or 8 applications per year 					
when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl oz/A).					
 Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI) except for pecans (see specific directions). 					
4) Do not apply more than 0.9 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.					
	livestock in treated areas				

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions	
Watercress	Alternaria leafspot	3 - 4	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a	
Water cress	(Alternaria spp.)	5-4	7- 10 day interval. Make no more than 2 applications	
	(Alternatia Spp.)		before harvesting leaves. Up to 4 applications can be	
	0		a 1 11	
	Cercospora		made per year.	
	leafspot			
	(C. nasturtii)		If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch	
			to a fungicide with a different mode of action.	
Note: Tilt is mo	ost effective when applie	d and allowed to dr	y before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water	
volume should	be used to provide thoro	ugh coverage. Tilt	may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.	
Specific Use R		0 0		
 Do not apply more than 16 fl oz/A/year of Tilt. 				
 Do not exceed 4 applications per year. 				
 Do not apply more than 0.45 lb ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year. 				
 4) Do not apply within 3 days of harvest (3-day PHI). 				
	ny within 5 days of harve			

POST HARVEST USE

Pineapple Cera	Target Diseases ratocytis Butt Rot <i>C. paradoxa</i>)	gal 3 - 4 fl oz	Application Instructions Apply 3 to 4 fl oz in 100 gallons of water or wax water emulsion after harvest. Fruit should be
			dipped or sprayed for thorough coverage and allowed to drain. Limit dipping time to no more than 3 minutes. Dip solution should be replaced with fresh dip solution after 200,000 lb of fruit have been treated. Fruit discarded from fresh fruit packing operations may be used for processing. Cannery wastes may be fed.

Tilt Rate Conversion Table

FI Oz of Tilt/Acre	Lb Al/Acre	Acres Treated Per 1 Gallon Tilt
2	0.056	64
4	0.1125	32
6	0.169	21.3
8	0.225	16
10	0.28	12.8
12	0.34	10.7
16	0.45	8
20	0.56	6.4
24	0.67	5.3
30	0.84	4.3
32	0.90	4

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Store in the original container in cool place.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling [less than 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Container Handling [greater than 5 gallons]

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse the container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Container Handling [greater Than 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container

(or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

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Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

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