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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

JUL 2 1 2005

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Dan Campbell Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, NC 27419-8300

Dear Mr. Campbell:

Subject: Princep 4L

EPA Registration Number 100-526

Application dated September June 14, 2005

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended is acceptable, provided you make the following changes before you release the product for shipment.

- 1. On page 9, following the aerial application procedures, insert the attached aerial spray drift management text.
- 2. On page 17, change the statement "Observe precautions on both the Princep 4L and Roundup labels for each crop involved." to "Observe precautions on both the Princep 4L and Roundup or Touchdown labels for each crop involved."

Submit one (1) copy of final printed labeling incorporating the above changes before you release the product for shipment. Amended labeling will supercede all previously accepted ones. A stamped copy of labeling is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions, please contact Hope Johnson at 703-305-5410.

Sincerely,

James 21. Tompkins
Product Manager 25

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Attachment-Spray Drift Management

Under the heading Spray Drift Management the text should read as follows:

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the <u>Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information</u>.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion section of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume-Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spay volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure-Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of nozzles-Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation-Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type-Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

Boom Length-For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application-Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion, because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun set and often continue into the morning. presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).



HERBICIDE

(Front Cover of 2.5 gallon and Bulk Booklet) Master Label

GROUP

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ur.		
Princep® 4L		
Herbicide		
For weed control in certain	n crops	
Active Ingredient: Simazine: 2-chloro-4,6-bi	s(ethylamino)-s-triazine	41.99
Other Ingredients:		58.1%
Total:		100.0%
Princep 4L contains 4 lbs.	active ingredient per gallon.	
KEEP OUT OF REACH O	F CHILDREN.	
CAUTION		
See additional precautions	ary statements and directions for use insid	de booklet.
EPA Reg. No. 100-526	_	
EPA Est. 100-LA-001 EPA Est	(2.5 gallon only) (Bulk)	
2.5 gallons Net Contents		
gallons (Bulk)	ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated	
Net Contents SCP 526 MAS	Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.	

FIRST AID		
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
if swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 	
Have the product of doctor, or going for	ontainer or label with you when calling a poison control center or treatment.	
	HOT LINE NUMBER Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical	

For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident), Call 1-800-888-8372

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category C on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Simazine is a chemical which can travel (seep or leach) through soil and enter ground water which may be used as drinking water. Simazine has been found in ground water as a result of its use as a herbicide. Users of this product are advised not to apply simazine where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface and where the soils are very permeable, i.e., well-drained soils, such as loamy sands. Users are advised to consult with their local agricultural agencies to obtain information on the location of ground water and the type of soil in their area.



CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

In no event shall SYNGENTA or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton
- Shoes plus socks



NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR WEED CONTROL, AND/OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product is not for use in formulating end-use products for aquatic use.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Ground water contamination may be reduced by diking and flooring of permanent liquid bulk storage sites with an impermeable material.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

Container Disposal (2½ gallon)

Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent), puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by open burning, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, keep out of smoke.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-888-8372, day or night.

Container Disposal (Bulk, 100, and 220 gallon)

Refer to label on container for disposal instructions.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-888-8372, day or night.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Apply Princep 4L herbicide before weeds emerge or after removal of weed growth. Princep 4L controls a wide variety of annual broadleaf and grass weeds when used at selective rates in agricultural crops.

Where a range of application rates is given, use the low rate on coarse-textured soil and soil lower in organic matter; use the high rate on fine-textured soil and soil higher in organic matter.

To avoid spray drift, do not apply under windy conditions. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may result.

Since Princep 4L enters weeds mainly through their roots, moisture is needed to move it into the root zone. Very dry soil conditions following application may necessitate shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing.

Princep 4L is nonflammable.



ANNUAL WEEDS CONTROLLED

alyssum annual bluegrass annual morningglory annual ryegrass

barnyardgrass (watergrass)

burclover carelessweed carpetweed

common chickweed crabgrass (*Digitaria* spp.) downy brome (cheatgrass)

fall panicum fiddleneck filaree fireweed

fivehook bassia Flora's paintbrush Florida pusley

forida pusiey foxtails goosegrass groundsel henbit junglerice

knawel (German moss)

common lambsquarters

nightshade pepperweed pigweed

pineappleweed prickly lettuce common purslane

ragweed rattail fescue redmaids Russian thistle shepherdspurse

signalgrass (Brachiaria spp.)

silver hairgrass smartweed spanishneedles speedwell tansymustard wild mustard wild oats witchgrass

yellow flower pepperweed

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Princep 4L is a Group 5 Herbicide (contains the active ingredient simazine).

Following many years of continuous use of this product and chemically related products, biotypes of some of the weeds listed on this label have been reported which cannot be effectively controlled by this and related herbicides. Where this is known or suspected, and weeds controlled by this product are expected to be present along with resistant biotypes, we recommend the use of this product in registered combinations or in sequence with other registered herbicides which are not triazines, i.e. which are not solely a Group 5 Herbicide. If only resistant biotypes are expected to be present, use a registered herbicide which is not solely a Group 5 Herbicide. Consult with your State Agricultural Extension Service for specific recommendations.

PERENNIAL CROP REPLANTING

If replanting perennial crops, do not apply Princep 4L in the year preceding planting these crops, unless otherwise stated on this label, or crop injury may occur.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

Ground application: Use conventional ground sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are uniformly spaced and the same size. Calibrate sprayer before use and recalibrate at the start of each season and when changing carriers. Unless otherwise specified, use a minimum of 20 gals. of spray mixture per acre.

Use a pump with capacity to: (1) maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles, (2) provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension, and (3) to provide a minimum of 20% bypass at all times. Use centrifugal pumps which provide propeller shear action for dispersing and mixing this product. The pump should provide a minimum of 10 gals./minute/100 gal. tank size circulated through a correctly positioned sparger tube or jets.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For band applications, calculate amount to be applied per acre as follows:

<u>band width in inches</u> X broadcast rate = amount needed row width in inches per acre per acre of field

Aerial application: Use aerial application only where specified in the use directions. Apply in a minimum of 1 gal. of water for each quart of Princep 4L applied per acre. Avoid applications under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

Avoid application to humans or animals. Flagmen and loaders should avoid inhalation of spray mist and prolonged contact with skin.

MIXING PROCEDURES

All Uses: (1) Be sure sprayer is clean and not contaminated with any other materials, or crop injury or sprayer clogging may result. (2) Fill tank ¼ full with clean water, nitrogen solution, or complete fluid fertilizer. (3) Start agitation. (4) Be certain that the agitation system is working properly and creates a rippling or rolling action on the liquid

MA

surface. (5) If any dry herbicides are being tank mixed, add them to the tank and allow them to become thoroughly suspended. (6) Then pour Princep 4L directly from jug into tank. (7) Continue filling tank until 90% full. Increase agitation if necessary to maintain surface action. (8) Add other liquid tank mix herbicide(s) after this product is thoroughly suspended. (9) Finish filling tank. Maintain agitation to avoid separation of materials. (10) Empty tank as completely as possible before refilling to prevent buildup of emulsifiable concentrate residue from possible tank mix herbicides. (11) If an emulsifiable concentrate film starts to build up in tank, drain it and clean with strong detergent solution or solvent. (12) Clean sprayer thoroughly immediately after use by flushing system with water containing a detergent.

Compatibility test: To determine the tank mix compatibility of Princep 4L with liquid fertilizer, crop oil, spreaders, or other recommended pesticides, use this test method. Nitrogen solutions or complete fluid fertilizers may replace all or part of the water in the spray in corn. Since liquid fertilizers can vary, even within the same analysis, check compatibility each time before use. Be especially careful when using complete suspension or fluid fertilizers, as serious compatibility problems are more apt to occur. Commercial application equipment may improve compatibility in some instances. Check compatibility using this procedure:

- 1. Add 1 pt. of fertilizer to each of 2 one-qt. glass jars with tight lids.
- 2. To **one** of the jars, add ¼ tsp. of a compatibility agent approved for this use (¼ tsp. is equivalent to 2 pts./100 gals. spray). Cap and shake until mixed. Examples of compatibility agents include Compex® and Unite®.
- 3. To **both** jars, add the appropriate amount of herbicide(s). If more than one herbicide is used, add them separately with dry herbicides first, flowables next, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After each addition, cap and shake until thoroughly mixed. The appropriate amount of herbicides for this test follows (assuming a spray volume of 25 gals./A):

Dry herbicides: For each pound per acre, add 1.5 teaspoons to each

jar. Fluff up wettable powder products before

measuring.

Liquid herbicides: For each pint per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon to each jar.

For a spray volume other than 25 gals./A, change the teaspoons added to each jar as follows:

<u>25 gals. X no. teaspoons given above</u> = teaspoons to add desired gals. spray volume per acre to each jar

4. After adding all ingredients, put lids on and tighten. Shake jars vigorously one minute. Let the mixtures stand 15 minutes and then look for separation, large

flakes, precipitates, grease, gels, medium to heavy oily film on the jar, or other signs of incompatibility. Determine if the compatibility agent is needed in the spray mixture by comparing the 2 jars. If either mixture separates, but can be remixed readily, the mixture can probably be sprayed as long as good agitation is used. If the mixtures are incompatible, test the following methods of improving compatibility: (A) slurry the dry herbicide(s) in water before addition, or (B) add ½ of the compatibility agent to the fertilizer and the other ½ to the emulsifiable concentrate or flowable herbicide before addition to the mixture. If still incompatible, do not use the materials mixed in the same spray tank.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS

Apply the spray to the orchard or vineyard floor, avoiding contact with fruit, foliage, or stems. Recommended rates are based on broadcast treatment. For band applications or spot applications around trees in fruit or nut plantings, reduce the broadcast rate of Princep 4L and water per acre in proportion to the area actually sprayed.

Precautions (All fruit and nut crops): To avoid crop injury, (1) Apply only to orchards or groves where trees have been established 12 months or more, unless specified differently. (2) Make only one application per year, except as noted otherwise. (3) Do not use on gravelly, sand, or loamy sand soil. (4) Immediately following application, limit overhead sprinkler irrigation to ½ inch.

Almonds, Peaches, and Nectarines (CA only)

Apply 1-2 qts. of Princep 4L per treated acre in a 2 to 4-ft. band on each side of the tree row. Apply before weeds emerge in late fall or early winter. Weeds controlled by 1 qt. of Princep 4L include burclover, common chickweed, wild mustard, and shepherdspurse. Apply only once per year.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not treat trees established in the grove less than 3 years. (2) Do not treat the Mission (TX) variety of almonds. (3) Do not apply to almond trees propagated on plum rootstocks. (4) Do not replant almonds, peaches, or nectarines in treated soil for 12 months after treatment. (5) Do not apply on soil with less than 1% organic matter. (6) Do not treat areas where water will accumulate.

Apples, Pears, and Sour Cherries

Apply 2-4 qts./A.

Avocados

CA and FL only: Apply 2-4 qts./A after final preparation of grove.



Blueberries and Caneberries (blackberries, boysenberries, loganberries, and raspberries)

Apply 2-4 qts./A in the spring or apply a split application of 2 qts./A in the spring plus 2 qts./A in the fall. Apply in a minimum of 40 gals. of water per acre.

On plantings less than 6 months old, use ½ the above rate.

To control quackgrass, apply 4 qts./A in the fall or split the application, applying 2 qts./A in the fall plus 2 qts./A in the spring, when quackgrass is actively growing.

Note: Do not apply when fruit is present, or illegal residues may result.

Cranberries

MA: Apply up to 4 qts./A, either before spring growth begins or in the fall after harvest.

Other areas: Apply 2 qts./A before spring growth begins.

Filberts

Apply 2-4 qts./A in the fall or apply a split application of 2 qts./A in the fall plus 2 qts./A in the spring.

Precaution: If trees are planted on a hillside, excessive soil erosion may result from the elimination of weeds.

Note: Do not apply when nuts are on the ground during the harvest period, or illegal residues may result.

Grapes

Apply 2-4.8 qts./A any time between harvest and early spring.

Precaution: Do not use in vineyards established less than 3 years, or crop injury may occur.



Grapefruit, Lemons, and Oranges

AZ (Lemons and Oranges only): Apply a split application of 1.6 qts./A in the spring plus 1.6 qts./A in the fall.

CA: Apply 2-4 qts. A in a single application, or apply 2 qts. A in the fall and 2 qts. A in the spring.

Precaution: Do not use in the Imperial, Coachella, or Palo Verde Valleys, or crop injury may occur.

FL (Grapefruit and Oranges only): Apply 4 qts. of Princep 4L to weed-free soil during the spring and/or fall to control weeds expected to emerge during these periods. Apply prior to emergence of weeds or if weeds have emerged, apply in tank mixture with a contact herbicide. Use caution to keep the treatment off the foliage, fruit, or trunk of citrus trees.

For control of difficult species, such as balsamapple vine and spanishneedles, and partial control of honeyvine milkweed, apply 8 qts. of Princep 4L as a single application in the spring as a 50% band application to the grove acre. Apply in the spring growing season between January and April. Do not make a fall Princep 4L application if this treatment was used in the spring. When emerged weeds are present, apply Princep 4L in tank mixture with a recommended contact herbicide. Follow all directions, precautions, limitations, etc. on the tank mix products.

TX (Grapefruit and Oranges only): Apply 4-4.8 qts./A.

Precautions (All areas): To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not use in nurseries. (2) Do not apply to bedded grapefruit, lemons, or oranges (except for FL grapefruit and oranges). (3) Do not apply to trees under stress from freeze damage for one year after the freeze. (4) In FL, do not exceed 8 qts. of Princep 4L during any one growing season. (5) Do not exceed 4 qts./acre/year of Princep 4L on grove planted trees 1 year old or less, or crop injury may occur. Note: Dark-red grapefruit hybrids, e.g. "Star Ruby", have a higher risk of crop injury than non-dark-red types.

Macadamia Nuts

Apply 2-4 qts. in 50 gals. of water per acre before harvest and just prior to weed emergence. Repeat application as necessary.

Note: Do not apply when nuts are on the ground during the harvest period, as illegal residues may result.

Olives

Apply 2-4 qts./A following grove preparation in the fall. Repeat annually in midwinter.

Peaches, Plums, and Sweet Cherries

Apply 1.6-4 qts./A. Apply in late fall to early spring prior to weed emergence.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Peaches: use only in AR, LA, MO, OK, TX, and states east of the Mississippi River. For CA, see specific directions in the Almonds, Peaches, and Nectarines (CA only) section. (2) Plums and sweet cherries: use only in MO and states east of the Mississippi River, except TN.

Pecans

Apply 2-4 qts./A before weeds emerge in the spring.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not use west of the Pecos River in TX or in AZ, CA, or NM. (2) Do not make applications to transplanted trees that have been established less than 2 years in the grove.

Note: Do not apply when nuts are on the ground, or illegal residues may result. Do not allow animals to graze treated areas.

Strawberries

OR and WA: For control of chickweed, groundsel, mustard, and shepherdspurse, apply broadcast 1 qt./A. In fields where overhead irrigation is used to activate this product, apply after harvest at time of bed renovation. In fields where overhead irrigation is not available, apply during early October through November.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Make only one application per growing season. (2) Do not apply within 4 months after transplanting.

Wainuts

Apply 2-4 qts./A. Leveling and furrowing operations after application will lessen effectiveness of weed control.

Note: Do not apply when nuts are on the ground, or illegal residues may result.

Princep 4L Plus Bromacil 80W for Grapefruit and Oranges (FL Only)

Use in grapefruit and oranges in FL for control of balsamapple, black nightshade, carpetweed, crabgrass, cudweed, dayweed, Florida pusley, horseweed, pepperweed, pigweed, poorjoe, ragweed, rattlebox, spanishneedles, and sandbur, and for partial

control of bermudagrass, bahiagrass, pangolagrass, paragrass, and torpedograss. Apply 4 qts. of Princep 4L plus 3-4 lbs. of bromacil 80W per acre beneath trees in a minimum of 40 gals. of water per acre before or soon after weed growth begins. Use caution to keep the spray off the foliage, fruit, or trunk of citrus trees. When mixing, add bromacil 80W slurry to water in spray tank, agitate thoroughly, then add Princep 4L and agitate thoroughly again. Use the lower rates for light weed infestations or all applications in bedded citrus areas. Use the higher rates for heavy weed infestations only in ridge grown citrus areas. Temporary yellowing of citrus leaves may occur following treatment.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not use in nurseries, or where trees are under stress from freeze damage for one year after the freeze. (2) Do not use on soil with less than 1% organic matter or on poorly drained soil. (3) Do not treat trees planted in irrigation furrows. (4) Do not treat diseased trees such as those with foot rot. (5) Do not use in groves interplanted with other trees or desirable plants, nor in home grapefruit or orange plantings, or in areas where roots of other valuable plants or trees may extend. (6) Treated areas may be planted to citrus trees one year after application. (7) Do not rotate to other crops within 2 years after application.

Note: Apply only once per year and avoid contact with foliage and fruit with spray or mist, or illegal residues may result.

Princep 4L Plus Gramoxone® Max

This tank mix is effective in the following fruit and nut crops for kill of existing vegetation and for residual control of the annual broadleaf and grass weeds claimed for Princep 4L applied alone. This combination is also effective for top kill and suppression of perennial weeds. In FL, this mixture may be applied in spring or fall to emerged weeds.

Use this tank mix on these crops:

almonds (CA only)

apples

avocados (CA and FL¹ only)

cherries (sour and sweet⁴)

filberts

grapefruit (CA and TX only)

grapes

lemons (AZ and CA only)

macadamia nuts

olives

oranges²

peaches³

pears

plums⁴

walnuts

Apply the Princep 4L rate given under the appropriate crop on this label plus the appropriate labeled rate of Gramoxone Max in 50-200 gals. (30-50 gals. for pecans) of water per acre to the orchard floor, avoiding contact with fruit, foliage, or stems. Add a nonionic surfactant, such as X-77®, at 0.5 pt./100 gals. of spray. Apply when weeds

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are succulent and new growth is 1-6 inches tall. For mature woody weeds or difficult to control perennial weeds, re-treat or spot treat with Gramoxone Max if regrowth occurs.

Add Princep 4L to the spray tank first (refer to **Mixing Procedures** section of this label), then add Gramoxone Max, and add the surfactant last. Provide constant agitation during mixing and application to keep the mixture in suspension.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Apply the tank mix only once per year. (2) Use a shield for young trees or vines.

Refer to the Princep 4L and Gramoxone Max labels for further directions, specific weeds controlled, and precautions and limitations on each crop.

¹In avocados in FL, this tank mix also controls balsamapple, rattail amaranth, and at the higher rate of each herbicide, it suppresses coral vine.

²In oranges in FL, apply 4 qts. of Princep 4L per acre per application. Do not exceed 8 qts. of Princep 4L during any one growing season.

³Limited to AR, CA, LA, MO, OK, TX, and states east of the Mississippi River. As appropriate, refer to Princep 4L sections **Almonds**, **Peaches**, **and Nectarines** (**CA only) or Peaches**, **Plums**, **and Sweet Cherries** for rate of Princep 4L and other information.

Tank Mixture with Roundup® or Touchdown Brand Herbicides

This tank mixture is effective in grape vineyards and in the following bearing or nonbearing tree crops for control of existing vegetation and for residual control of the annual broadleaf and grass weeds claimed for this product applied alone. This combination is also effective for partial control of perennial weeds contacted by the spray mixture during application.

```
almonds** (CA only)

apples*

avocados* (CA and FL only)

cherries (sour and sweet****2)

filberts**

grapefruits*** (CA, FL, and TX)

grapes*

lemons* (AZ and CA)

macadamia nuts**

peaches*****

peaches*****

pears*

pears*

plums*****

plums*****

walnuts**
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Use the appropriate rate given elsewhere on this label for Princep 4L applied alone to the crop being treated. Add to the spray tank the appropriate labeled rate of a

⁴Limited to MO and states east of the Mississippi River, except TN.

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Roundup or Touchdown brand product per acre, depending on weeds present and their growth stage. Also add an agriculturally approved nonionic surfactant at 0.5% by volume of spray solution. Apply the mixture in 10-40 gals. of water per acre as a postemergence spray to the weeds at the appropriate weed growth stage given on the Roundup label.

Add Princep 4L to the spray tank first, then add the Roundup or Touchdown brand product. Provide constant agitation during mixing and application to keep the mixture in suspension. Refer to **Application Procedures** section of this label for further directions.

Precaution: To avoid crop injury, take extreme care to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift, or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit, or other parts of trees or vines. Observe precautions on both the Princep 4L and Roundup labels for each crop involved.

Always refer to the labels of both herbicides for further directions, specific weeds controlled, and precautions and limitations on each crop.

- *Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.
- **Allow a minimum of 21 days between last application and harvest of these crops.
- *** Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest of these crops.
- ****Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest of these crops.
- ¹Limited to AR, CA, LA, MO, OK, TX, and states east of the Mississippi River. For CA, see specific directions in the **Almonds**, **Peaches**, and **Nectarines** (CA only) section.
- ²Plums and sweet cherries: limited to MO and states east of the Mississippi River, except TN.

Tank Mixture with Solicam®

For improved control of such weeds as clover, cutleaf eveningprimrose, dandelion, henbit, horseweed or marestail, lambsquarters, and puncturevine, apply Princep 4L in tank mixture with Solicam DF on these crops:



oranges grapefruit lemons

Apply 4 qts./A of Princep 4L plus 4-5 lbs. of Solicam DF Herbicide (78.6% active ingredient) in 20-100 gals. of water per acre. Princep 4L + Solicam may be applied in tank mixture with Gramoxone Extra or Roundup.

Follow the labeled directions and restrictions of use on labels of the herbicides used in mixtures with Princep 4L.

Precaution: Keep Princep 4L + Solicam mixtures from contacting foliage, fruits, and stems of citrus trees during spraying.

Princep 4L Plus Surflan®

Use this tank mix in the following crops for preemergence control of all weeds claimed on both labels:

almonds lemons
apples oranges
avocados peaches
caneberries pears
cherries pecans
filberts plums

grapes English walnuts

grapefruit

Apply the Princep 4L rate given under the appropriate crop on this label plus 2.67-5.33 lbs. of Surflan 75W or 2-4 qts. of Surflan A.S. in 20-40 gals. of water per acre. Refer to the Surflan 75W or Surflan A.S. label for complete tank mix directions, and use 0.8 qt. of Princep 4L for each pound of Princep 80W. Observe all precautions and limitations on the Princep 4L and Surflan labels.

FIELD CROPS

Corn

Nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer may replace all or part of the water in the spray. Determine the physical compatibility of Princep 4L with fertilizer before use. Refer to the **General Information** section of this label for a compatibility test procedure. Do not apply after corn has emerged, as there is danger of liquid fertilizer causing crop injury. Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray mixture per acre.

Preemergence: Apply before weeds and corn emerge. Use the appropriate rate in the following table.

Preplant: Broadcast in the spring after plowing at the appropriate rate in the following table. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation of Princep 4L. Best results will be obtained when Princep 4L is applied within 2 weeks before planting. Under dry weather conditions, preplant applications may give better weed control than preemergence. If weeds develop, particularly under relatively dry conditions, a shallow cultivation will generally result in better weed control.

Soil Texture	Broadcast Rate Per Acre*
Sand, silt, and loam that is low in organic matter	4 pts.
Soil containing moderate amounts of clay and organic matter	4.8 pts.
Loam that is high in organic matter and clay (including dark prairie soils of Corn Belt)	6 pts.
Peat, muck, and high-organic clay	8 pts.

^{*}For calculation of band treatment rate, see the General Information section.

Quackgrass Control: Broadcast 6-8 pts./A in the fall. Plow 2-3 weeks later, or, if erosion is a problem, delay plowing until spring.

Winter Annual Broadleaf Control – Preemergence Fall Application

For preemergence control of winter annual weeds, such as common chickweed, henbit, shepherdspurse, tansymustard, wild mustard, annual bluegrass, downy brome, and others, broadcast 1 qt./A of Princep 4L after harvest of the preceding crop and prior to weed emergence on land to be planted to corn the following year. A tillage operation may precede the application. Do not apply to frozen ground. If Princep 4L is used in the fall corn weed control program, do not exceed 2 qts. of Princep 4L preemergence in the spring.

Precautions: (1) Do not apply more than 8 pts. of Princep 4L per acre of com per year. (2) Do not plant any crop except corn until the following year, or injury may occur. (3) Following harvest, plow and thoroughly till the soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of the rate used. (4) If Princep 4L is used at a rate higher than 6 pts./A or equivalent band rate, a crop of untreated corn should precede the next rotational crop. (5) Do not apply Princep 4L preplant incorporated for weed control in corn in the High Plains and Intermountain areas of the West (including central and western KS, western NE, western OK, and the Panhandle of TX) where rainfall is sparse and erratic or where irrigation is required. (6) In the High Plains and Intermountain areas of the West where rainfall is sparse and erratic or where irrigation is required, use Princep 4L only when corn is to follow corn or when a crop of untreated corn is to precede other rotational crops. (7) In western MN and eastern parts of the Dakotas, KS, and NE, do not rotate to soybeans if the rate applied was more than 4 pts./A or equivalent band rate, or injury may occur. (8) Injury may occur to soybeans

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planted in north-central and northwest IA, south-central and southwest MN, northeast NE, southeast SD, and other areas the year following application on soils having a calcareous surface layer. (9) Do not plant sugar beets, tobacco, vegetables (including dry beans), spring-seeded small grains, or small-seeded legumes and grasses the year following Princep 4L application, or injury may occur.

Note: Do not graze treated areas, or illegal residues may result.

Tank Mixtures on Corn

AAtrex®: Use Princep 4L in a preplant or preemergence tank mixture with AAtrex Nine-O®, or AAtrex 4L for control of many annual weeds, including carpetweed, crabgrass, fall panicum, foxtail, lambsquarters, morningglory, pigweed, ragweed, and velvetleaf.

Apply at the rates given below. Use the 1:1 ratio for most weeds and the 2:1 ratio for expected heavy infestations of crabgrass and fall panicum.

	Broadcast Rate Per Acre			
	1:1 Ratio		2:1	Ratio
	Princep		Princep	
Soil Texture	4L	AAtrex 4L*	4L	AAtrex 4L*
Sand, loamy	1 qt.	1 qt.	1.33 qts.	0.67 qt.
sand, sandy	1			
loam	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Loam, silt loam,	1.2 qts.	1.2 qts.	1.6 qts.	0.8 qt.
silt, clay loam,	-			
sandy clay loam,	ĺ			
silty clay loam,				
sandy clay, or		j	j	
silty clay with low				ļ
organic matter	4 44	4 44	4.00 -4-	0.00
Loam, silt loam,	1.44	1.44 qts.	1.92 qts.	0.96 qt.
silt, clay loam,	qts.	t		
sandy clay loam,				
silty clay loam,				}
sandy clay, or silty clay with				
medium to high	J :			
organic matter,	1			
and clay (including dark	•			
prairie soils of the Corn Belt)	1	i		
preside doing of the Collin Bolty	L		<u> </u>	

^{*}When using AAtrex 4L or AAtrex Nine-O, use equivalent atrazine rates. One qt. of AAtrex 4L equals 1.1 lb. of AAtrex Nine-O.

Refer to the AAtrex label for complete directions and use 1 qt. of this product for each 1.1 lb of Princep Caliber 90. Also refer to the AAtrex label and the **Corn** section of this label for precautions and limitations.

Gramoxone Max: Use in a tank mixture where corn will be planted directly in a cover crop, established sod, or previous crop residues. This combination controls existing vegetation and provides residual control of the annual broadleaf and grass weeds listed under the **General Information** section.

Add Princep 4L to the spray tank, mix thoroughly with water, and then add Gramoxone Max and a nonionic surfactant. Provide constant agitation during mixing and application to keep the mixture in suspension.

Apply 4-6 pts. of Princep 4L plus the appropriate labeled rate of Gramoxone Max in 20-60 gals. of water per acre as a broadcast spray, either before or after planting, but before corn emerges. Add a nonionic surfactant at the rate of 0.5 pt./100 gals. of spray volume.

For further information, see general information, caution and warning statements, precautions, and notes on the Princep 4L and the Gramoxone Max labels.

NURSERIES, CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTINGS, SHELTERBELTS

Nurseries (see list below)

Apply 2-3 qts. in at least 25 gals. of water per acre in fall or spring.

Precautions: To avoid plant injury, do not apply for at least one year after transplanting.

Christmas Tree Plantings and Shelterbelts (see list below)

Remove weed growth before application. Apply 2-4 qts. in at least 25 gals. of water per acre after transplanting. Use at the same rate for annual maintenance applications.

For quackgrass control apply 4 qts./A in the fall or apply a split application of 2 qts./A in the fall plus 2 qts./A in early spring, after quackgrass begins growth.

Precautions: To avoid tree injury, (1) Do not use Princep 4L on seedbeds or cuttingbeds. (2) In CA, OR, and WA, do not apply to Christmas trees or shelterbelts sooner than one year after transplanting. In other areas, do not apply to Christmas trees or shelterbelt transplants less than 2 years of age. (3) Do not use until soil is firmly settled around roots. (4) Do not apply more than once a year, except as directed for quackgrass control.

Apply Princep 4L to these species of trees and shrubs, as recommended above:

Conifers

Deciduous Trees and Woody Ornamentals

arborvitae
Austrian pine
Bishop pine*
knobcone pine*

lodgepole pine (shore pine)

Monterey pine*
Mugho pine

red pine (Norway pine)

Scotch pine white pine

blue spruce Norway spruce

red spruce
white spruce
balsam fir
Douglas fir
Fraser fir
white fir
hemlock

hemlock juniper red cedar white cedar yew (*Taxus* spp.) American elm Siberian elm barberry boxelder

bush honeysuckle

caragana cotoneaster dogwood eucalyptus

holly (Ilex spp.) (max. 3.2 qts./A)

honey locust

Oregon grape (*Mahonia* spp.) *Pieris* spp. (max. 3.2 qts./A)

red oak
Russian olive
oleander*
palm (2 qts./A)*
bottle brush*
carob*

*For CA only

Pennant® Tank Mix: Princep 4L may be tank mixed with Pennant Liquid Herbicide to control weeds in containerized, field, and liner* grown ornamentals and commercial landscapes. See the Pennant label for ornamental species, weeds controlled with this tank mixture, and for other information.

*Plants transplanted normally in rows in a nursery or similar area for further growth prior to transplanting to final growing place.

Surflan Tank Mix: On Christmas tree plantings, use this tank mix for preemergence control of weeds listed on the Surflan 75W (or Surflan A.S.) and Princep 4L labels. Use on field grown conifer species listed on the labels for each herbicide plus grand fir, alpine fir, Engelmann spruce, black spruce, Colorado blue spruce, Coulter pine, giant redwood, and Veitchi fir.

Broadcast the mixture as a directed spray to the soil surface or as an overtop spray, using 2-4 qts. of Princep 4L and 2.67-5.33 lbs. of Surflan 75W (or 2-4 qts. of Surflan A.S.). Apply in sufficient water per acre to uniformly treat the area. Follow overtop sprays with sprinkler irrigation to move the herbicide from leaf surfaces to the soil. Remove weed growth before application. Mix weed residues, prunings, or trash into the

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soil, or remove them before treatment. Soil should be in good tilth and free of clods at time of application. Shallow cultivation (1-2 inches) after treatment will not reduce weed control. Observe all precautions and limitations on the Princep 4L and Surflan labels.

Note: Length of weed control may be reduced when continuous wet soil conditions follow herbicide application.

Precautions: To avoid plant injury, (1) Do not use on seedbeds or on unrooted cuttings. (2) Do not use in greenhouses or other enclosed areas.

TURFGRASSES FOR SOD (FL ONLY)

St. Augustinegrass, Centipedegrass, and Zoysiagrass

Apply 2-4 qts./A, according to soil texture as indicated below.

Muck or peat	4 qts.	Old beds	within 2 days after lifting of sod
		New beds	3-4 days after sprigging or plugging
Sandy soil	2 qts.	Old beds	within 2 days after lifting of sod
		New beds	7-10 days after sprigging or plugging

If weeds regrow, apply an additional 2 qts. on muck or peat, or 1 qt. on sandy soil.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not apply within 30 days prior to cutting or lifting. (2) Do not apply in combination with surfactants or other spray additives. (3) Use only on turfgrass reasonably free of infestations of insects, nematodes, and diseases. (4) On newly sprigged turfgrass, temporary slowing of growth may follow application.

TURFGRASS FOR FAIRWAYS, LAWNS, SOD PRODUCTION*, AND SIMILAR AREAS

*In states other than FL. For use on turfgrass for sod in FL, see **Turfgrasses for Sod** (**FL only**) section.

Bermudagrass, Centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and Zoysiagrass

Apply Princep 4L after September 1 (after October 1 for annual bluegrass) before emergence of winter annual weeds. Fall applications of Princep 4L will control annual bluegrass, burclover, lawn burweed, common and mouseear chickweed, corn speedwell, henbit, hop clover, spurweed, and parsley-piert. Princep 4L will also control these weeds soon after emergence. For control of summer annual weeds listed in the **General Information** section of this label, apply Princep in late winter before the weeds emerge. Apply in a minimum of 15 gals. of water per acre.

Irrigate with ½ inch of water if rainfall does not occur within 10 days after preemergence treatment.

Where annual bluegrass is the major weed, use 1 qt. of Princep 4L per acre (22 ml. or 0.75 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.). Use 1-2 qts./A (22-44 ml. or 0.75-1.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.) for control of other weeds. However, do not exceed 1 qt./A per treatment on newly sprigged turfgrass or on hybrid bermudagrass.

For control of summer annuals which emerge after the initial application, apply an additional 1 qt./A at least 30 days after the initial application, but not after June 1. However, do not make more than 2 applications per year.

Precautions: On newly sprigged turfgrass, hybrid bermudagrass, nondormant bermudagrass, or nondormant zoysiagrass, temporary slowing of growth and yellowing may occur following application. To avoid turf injury, (1) Use only on turfgrass reasonably free of infestations of insects, nematodes, and diseases. (2) Do not use on golf greens. (3) Do not use north of NC (except in the VA Coastal Plains) or on soils with a pH above 7.8. (4) Do not use on muck or alkaline soils. (5) Do not apply over the rooting area of trees or ornamentals not listed on this label. (6) Do not seed or overseed with desirable turfgrass within 4 months before or 6 months after treatment. (7) Do not apply this product to newly seeded grasses until they have overwintered and have a well-developed rhizome system. (8) Do not exceed 2 qts./A within 12 months of seeding grasses.

Note: Do not graze or feed turf clippings to animals, or illegal residues may result.

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Roundup® trademark of Monsanto Company

Surflan® trademark of Dow AgroSciences

Unite® trademark of HACO, Inc.

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For non-emergency (e.g., current product information), call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.

Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. Greensboro, North Carolina 27409 www.syngenta-us.com

SCP 526 MAS

PRINCEP 4L 526 MAS AMEND JUNE05 CLEAN - pd - 06/14/05 000100-00526.20050614.PRINCEP-4L-AMEND-JUNE05.pdf

Container Label (For 2.5 gallon, Bulk, 100, and 220 gallon)

GROUP	5	HERBICIDE

Active Ingredient:

For weed control in certain crops

Princep® 4L

Herbicide

Other Ingredients: 58.1%

Total: 100.0%

Princep 4L contains 4 lbs. active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See Directions for Use in attached booklet.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

EPA Reg. No. 100-526

EPA Est. 100-LA-001 (2.5 gallon)

EPA Est. _____ (Bulk)

2.5 gallons ____gallons 100 gallons 220 gallons
Net Contents Net Contents Net Contents Net Contents

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

FIRST AID	
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the product doctor, or going for	container or label with you when calling a poison control center or or treatment.
	HOT LINE NUMBER Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical
	ergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident), Call

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Simazine is a chemical which can travel (seep or leach) through soil and enter ground water which may be used as drinking water. Simazine has been found in ground water as a result of its use as a herbicide. Users of this product are advised not to apply simazine where the water table (ground water) is

1-800-888-8372

close to the surface and where the soils are very permeable, i.e., well-drained soils, such as loamy sands. Users are advised to consult with their local agricultural agencies to obtain information on the location of ground water and the type of soil in their area.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Container Disposal (2.5 gallon)

Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent), puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by open burning, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, keep out of smoke.

Container Disposal (Bulk, 100, 220 Gallons)

When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use and return the container to the point of purchase, or to a designated location named at the time of purchase of this product. This container must be refilled with this pesticide product. **DO NOT REUSE THE CONTAINER FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.** Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, contact Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-888-8372. If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations.

To be used in accordance with directions for use in Princep 4L label booklet. See Princep 4L label booklet for pesticide disposal instructions.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-888-8372, day or night.

[Bulk:]

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seiler or SYNGENTA, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

In no event shall SYNGENTA or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

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SCP 526 MAS

	August 19, 1991
Revised	July 23, 1993
Revised	February 21, 1995
Revised	February 20, 1997
Revised	October 1, 1999
Revised	April 6, 2000
Revised	May 17, 2000
Revised	August, 2003 – First Aid
Revised	August 2004 – Conditions of registration
	from 1 st aid amendment also Notifica-
	tion for Roundup tank mixes for peach
	PHI from 14 to 17 day at EPA's request
Revised	June 2005 – Added RM symbol; added

Precaution 5 to TX (Grapefruit/Orange only) section; revised Extra to Max;

Touchdown brand to TM with

Roundup section; revised soil texture table in corn section; deleted Eradicane and Sutan; revised Turfgrass for Fairways section; revised bulk Storage and Disposal section..

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