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RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE (GROUND WATER CONCERN)

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION
THIS PRODUCT IS A RESTRICTED-USE HERBICIDE DUE TO GROUND WATER CONCERNS. USERS MUST READ AND FOLLOW ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE POTENTIAL FOR ATRAZINE TO REACH GROUND WATER

8/8/90

AAtrex®

CIBA-GEIGY

4L

2½ Gallons
U. S. Standard Measure

HERBICIDE

For season-long weed control in corn and sorghum
For weed control in certain other crops; in noncrop areas,
and industrial sites

Active Ingredients: Atrazine: 2-chloro-4-ethylamino-6-isopropyl- amino-s-triazine	40.8%
Related compounds	2.2%

Inert Ingredients	57.0%
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Total	100.0%
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AAtrex 4L contains 4 lbs. active ingredients per gallon. Shake well before using.
Use entire contents at one time.

EPA Reg. No. 100-497

EPA Est. 100-LA-1

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
CAUTION**

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet
CGA 7L38AA 020

DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Directions for Use and the Conditions of Sale and Warranty before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

Conditions of Sale and Warranty

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application all of which are beyond the control of CIBA-GEIGY or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

CIBA-GEIGY warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use subject to the inherent risks referred to above. **CIBA-GEIGY makes no other express or implied warranty of Fitness or Merchantability or any other express or implied warranty. In no case shall CIBA-GEIGY or the Seller be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.** CIBA-GEIGY and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and user accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty, which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of CIBA-GEIGY.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. **FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.**

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to drift or through drift expose workers or other persons, except those knowingly involved in the application. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. **Warnings must be given which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing until sprays have dried, and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure as described under Precautionary Statements on this label.** When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information: **"CAUTION: Area treated with AAtrex 4L on (date of application). Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure, flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse."**

LABEL NOT
PER PR NOTICE 80-6
DATE **AUG 1 1990**

CGA 130-561P

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

General Information

This herbicide controls many annual broadleaf and grass weeds in corn, sorghum, sugarcane, and certain other crops specified on this label. It is also effective in noncrop areas and industrial sites for control of most annual and many perennial broadleaf and grass weeds. The product may be applied before or after weeds emerge.

Following many years of continuous use of this product and chemically related products, biotypes of some of the weeds listed on this label have been reported which cannot be effectively controlled by this and related herbicides. Where this is known or suspected, and weeds controlled by this product are expected to be present along with resistant biotypes, we recommend the use of this product in combinations or in sequence with other registered herbicides which are not triazines. If only resistant biotypes are expected to be present, use a registered non-triazine herbicide. Consult with your state Agricultural Extension Service for specific recommendations.

Since this product acts mainly through root absorption, its effectiveness depends on moisture to move it into the root zone. If weeds develop, a shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing will generally result in better weed control.

This product is noncorrosive to equipment and metal surfaces, nonflammable, and has low electrical conductivity.

Avoid using near adjacent desirable plants or in greenhouses, or injury may occur.

To avoid spray drift, do not apply under windy conditions. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may result.

Where the use directions give a range of rates, use the lower rate on coarse-textured soil and soil low in organic matter; use the higher rate on fine-textured soil and soil high in organic matter.

Note: CIBA-GEIGY does not recommend applications in combination with other herbicides or oils, except as specifically described on the label or in literature published by CIBA-GEIGY.

Application Procedures

Ground application: Use conventional ground sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are uniformly spaced and are the same size. Calibrate sprayer before use and recalibrate at the start of each season and when changing carriers. Unless otherwise specified, use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray mixture/A for all preplant incorporated, preplant surface, preemergence, and postemergence applications (with or without oil or surfactant) with ground equipment.

Use a pump with capacity to (1) maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles, (2) provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension, and (3) to provide a minimum of 20% bypass at all times. Use centrifugal pumps which provide propeller shear action for dispersing and mixing the product. The pump should provide a minimum of 10 gals./minute/100 gal. tank size circulated through a correctly positioned sparger tube or jets.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For band applications, calculate amount to be applied per acre as follows:

band width in inches	x	broadcast rate	=	amount needed
row width in inches		per acre		per acre of field

Aerial application: Use aerial application only where broadcast applications are specified. Apply in a minimum of 1 qt. of water for each quart of the product applied per acre. For postemergence treatments on corn and sorghum, apply recommended rate in a minimum of 2 gals. of water/A. Avoid applications under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

Avoid application to humans or animals. Flagmen and loaders should avoid inhalation of spray mist and prolonged contact with skin, and should wash thoroughly before eating and at the end of each day's operation.

Application in water or liquid fertilizer: Nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer may replace all or part of the water as a carrier for preemergence, preplant incorporated, or preplant surface ground application on corn and sorghum. Check the compatibility of this product with liquid fertilizer and/or nitrogen solution as shown below before use. Do not apply in nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer after corn or sorghum emerges or crop injury may occur.

Compatibility Test: Since liquid fertilizers can vary, even within the same analysis, always check compatibility with herbicide(s) each time before use. Be especially careful when using complete suspension or fluid fertilizers as serious compatibility problems are more likely to occur. Commercial application equipment may improve compatibility in some instances. The following test assumes a spray volume of 25 gals. per acre. For other spray volumes, make appropriate changes in the ingredients. Check compatibility using this procedure:

1. Add 1 pint of fertilizer to each of 2 one-quart jars with tight lids.
2. To one of the jars add 1/4 tsp. or 1.2 milliliters of a compatibility agent approved for this use, such as Comper® or Unise® (1/4 tsp. is equivalent to 2 pts. per 100 gals. spray). Shake or stir gently to mix.
3. To both jars add the appropriate amount of herbicide(s). If more than one herbicide is used, add them separately with dry herbicide first, flowables next, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After each addition, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix. The appropriate amount of herbicide for this test follows:
 Dry herbicides: For each pound to be applied per acre, add 1.5 level teaspoons to each jar.
 Liquid herbicides: For each pint to be applied per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon or 2.5 milliliters to each jar.

4. After adding all ingredients, put lids on and tighten, and invert each jar ten times to mix. Let the mixtures stand 15 minutes and then look for separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels, heavily oily film on the jar, or other signs of incompatibility. Determine if the compatibility agent is needed in the spray mixture by comparing the two jars. If either mixture separates, but can be removed readily, the mixture can be sprayed as long as good agitation is used. If the mixtures are incompatible, test the following methods of improving compatibility: (A) slurry the dry herbicide(s) in water before addition, or (B) add 1/2 of the compatibility agent to the fertilizer and the other 1/2 to the emulsifiable concentrate or flowable herbicide before addition to the mixture. If incompatibility is still observed, do not use the mixture.

Application in water plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate: Adding emulsifiable oil (petroleum-derived, petroleum-derived oil concentrate, or single or mixed crop-derived oil concentrate) to postemergence water-based sprays in corn and sorghum may improve weed control. However, under certain conditions, the use of either type of oil may seriously injure the crop. To minimize this possibility, observe the following directions:

Use one of the following properly emulsified:

1. A suitable oil concentrate containing not less than 1% but not more than 20% suitable emulsifier or surfactant blend.
2. Petroleum-derived oil containing at least 1% suitable emulsifier.

Note: In the event of a compatibility problem when mixing oil with this product and water, a compatibility agent such as Comper or Unise should be used. Any of the above oils contaminated with water or other materials can cause compatibility problems and/or crop injury.

Mixing procedures - all uses: (1) Be sure sprayer is clean and not contaminated with any other materials, or crop injury or sprayer clogging may result. (2) Fill tank 1/4 full with clean water, nitrogen solution, or complete liquid fertilizer. (3) Start agitation. (4) Be certain that the agitation system is working properly and creates a whipping or rolling action on the liquid surface. (5) Pour product directly from container into tank. (6) Continue filling tank until 90% full. Increase agitation if necessary to maintain surface action. (7) Add emulsifiable oil, oil concentrate, or tank mix herbicide(s) after this product is thoroughly suspended. (8) Finish filling tank. (9) Empty tank as completely as possible before refilling to prevent buildup of oil or emulsifiable concentrate residue. Maintain agitation to avoid separation of materials. (10) If an oil or emulsifiable concentrate film starts to build up in tank, drain it and clean with strong detergent solution or solvent. (11) Clean sprayer thoroughly immediately after use by flushing system with water containing a detergent.

AAtrax 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum*

Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence (or Post-emergence at 4 pts./A With Oil)

Broadleaf and Grass Weeds Controlled

barnyardgrass (watergrass)	cocklebur	nightshade
giant foxtail**	groundcherry	pigweed
green foxtail	ironweed	purslane
large (hairy) crabgrass**	koctha	ragweed
wild oat	lambsquarters	sicklepod
witchgrass (Panicum capillare)	annual morningglory	velvetleaf
yellow foxtail	mustards	(bullweed)

Postemergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Con. rate in Water (2 + 2.4 pts./A)

Broadleaf Weeds Controlled

annual morningglory	lambsquarters	smartweed	wild buckwheat
cocklebur	mustards		velvetleaf
ironweed	pigweed		

* Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CIBA-GEIGY representative for additional information.

** Indicates partial control only.

Corn

Preplant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and grass control): Use on medium- and fine-textured soil with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in CO, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, MN, MO, MT, NE, ND, SD, WI, and WY. Apply 1/2 the recommended rate of AAtrax 4L shown in Table 1 for the soil texture as a split treatment 30-45 days prior to planting and the remainder at planting. Applications made less than 30 days prior to planting may be as either a split or single treatment. On coarse-textured soils, do not apply more than two weeks prior to planting.

If weeds are present at the time of treatment, apply in tank mix combination with a contact herbicide (for example, Alachlor® Extra or Roundup®). Observe directions for use, precautions, and restrictions on the label of the contact herbicide.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the field or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Preplant Incorporated (Broadleaf and grass control): Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate in Table 1. Apply to the soil and incorporate before plowing, or after final seedbed preparation. Avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting before weed emergence, at rate in Table 1.

Postemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height at rate in Table 1.

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Table 1: Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control on Corn *

Soil Texture	Broadcast rate/A
COARSE Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	4 pts.
MEDIUM Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with low organic matter	4.75 pts.
FINE Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with medium to high organic matter, and clay (including the dark prairie soils of the Corn Belt)	6 pts.
Peat, muck, and high organic clay (apply postemergence only)	6 pts.

* Broadleaf control (eastern CO, western KS, western NE, NM, OK Pan Handle, west TX, and eastern WY): On sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, mild to strongly alkaline soil, and all recently leveled soil, apply no more than 2.4 pts./A, either preplant surface, preplant incorporated, or preemergence. On other soils in these areas, apply rate in Table 1 for broadleaf and grass control.

Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CIBA-GEIGY representative for additional information.

Postemergence with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water: Add the following volume of one of the type oils indicated for aerial or ground application unless the oil label specifies otherwise:

Type Oil	Ground Application	Aerial Application
Oil Concentrate (Crop or Petroleum-derived)	1 qt./A	1/2 - 1 qt./A
Petroleum-derived oil	1 gal./A	2 qts./A

Note: Crop-derived or petroleum-derived oil concentrates should contain at least 1% but not more than 20% suitable emulsifier or surfactant blend. Petroleum-derived oils should contain at least 1% suitable emulsifier.

Broadleaf and grass control: For postemergence control of those weeds listed under Preplant Incorporated and Preemergence, broadcast 4 pts./A plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate after weed emergence, but before weeds reach 1.5 inches in height and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height.

Broadleaf control: For postemergence control of those weeds listed under Post-emergence with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water, broadcast 2.4 pts./A plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate before pigweed and lambquarters reach 6 inches in height and before all other weeds reach 4 inches in height. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

Precautions: For applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water: (1) Inbred lines or any breeding stock may be severely injured by applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate. (2) Adding other insecticides, herbicides, liquid fertilizers, or other materials is not recommended, because they may cause compatibility problems or crop injury. (3) Store and handle emulsifiable oil and oil concentrate carefully. Oil contaminated with even a small amount of water may not emulsify properly when added to the tank. To avoid crop injury, (4) Do not apply when crop is under stress from prolonged cold, wet weather, poor fertility, or other factors, or when crop is wet and succulent from recent rainfall. (5) Do not exceed 3 lbs. active ingredient (or 6 pts. of this product) per acre per calendar year. (6) Postemergence applications to corn must be made before corn exceeds 12 inches in height. (7) Do not make more than one application per season except as recommended for partial control of yellow nutsedge, quackgrass, and Canada thistle.

Problem weeds suppression

Yellow nutsedge and Canada thistle: This product will partially control (suppress) yellow nutsedge (*Cyperus esculentus*) and Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) when applied according to directions. For best results, apply each year until yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle is eliminated or reaches a level of infestation where neither weed is an economic problem. If yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle regrow following last application, cultivate once.

Four alternative methods of use for partial control (suppression) of yellow nutsedge and Canada thistle are listed below in order of preference. If other weed species, such as annual grasses, are also expected, use alternative 2 or 4.

1. Broadcast 3 pts./A plus 1 gal. of emulsifiable oil or 1 qt. of oil concentrate. Apply after crop and yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle emerge, but before yellow nutsedge reaches a height of 3 inches or Canada thistle reaches a height of 6 inches. Repeat application before corn exceeds 12 inches in height.
2. Broadcast 3 pts./A preplant incorporated for control of yellow nutsedge, or broadcast 3 pts./A during or shortly after planting, but prior to crop or weed emergence for control of Canada thistle. Follow with an application of 3 pts./A plus 1 gal. of emulsifiable oil or 1 qt. of oil concentrate after corn and weeds emerge, but before yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle reaches a height of 6 inches and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height.
3. Broadcast 6 pts./A plus 1 gal. of emulsifiable oil or 1 qt. of oil concentrate after crop emerges, but before corn exceeds 12 inches in height. Apply after yellow nutsedge and Canada thistle emerge, but before yellow nutsedge is 3 inches tall or Canada thistle is 6 inches tall.
4. Broadcast 6 pts./A before, during, or shortly after planting, but before crop or weed emergence (yellow nutsedge control only).

Note: Do not use emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate when corn is wet or under stress, especially when using 6 pts./A of this product, as crop injury may occur. See "Precautions for applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water" for additional directions.

Quackgrass suppression on land going into corn production

Split application: Broadcast 3 pts./A in early spring. Plow 1-3 weeks later. Apply a second application at 3 pts./A in spring before, during, or after planting, but before weeds are 1.5 inches high and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height. This split application will suppress quackgrass and control most annual broadleaf and grass weeds.

Quackgrass control on land going into corn production

Make a single broadcast application of 6 pts./A in spring before planting. Plow 1-3 weeks later. Follow-up in the fall by utilizing a suitable contact herbicide, such as Roundup.

Tank Mixtures for Corn

This product may be tank mixed with these herbicides for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in corn:

Dual® (metolachlor)	Lasso or Lasso EC + Roundup
Dual + Gramoxone Extra	Lasso or Lasso EC + Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Roundup (glyphosate)	Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Princep®	Princep
Dual + Princep + Gramoxone Extra	Princep + Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Princep + Roundup	Princep + Roundup
Becton® or Ramrod® (propanchlor)	Roundup
Lasso® or Lasso EC (alachlor)	Sutan + *

Use tank mix directions appearing on the labels of the above herbicides when tank mixing with this product. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of products used in a particular tank mix.

Note: When the labels of the above herbicides refer to atrazine 80W, use equivalent rates of AAtrax 4L. One lb. of 80W equals 1.6 pts. of 4L.

Princep 80W, Princep 4L, or Princep Caliber® 90

In addition to the weeds listed under AAtrax 4L, Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence, this combination also controls crabgrass, fall panicum, and carpetweed.

Broadcast tank mix before planting, at planting, or after planting, but before crop and weeds emerge, at rates in Table 2. Use the 1:1 ratio for control of most weeds. Use the 1:2 ratio for expected heavy infestations of crabgrass and fall panicum. Cultivate shallowly if weeds develop.

Preplant Surface-Applied: Use on medium- and fine-textured soils with minimum tillage or no-tillage systems only in CO, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, MN, MO, MT, NE, ND, SD, WI, and WY. Apply 2/3 the recommended rate of AAtrax 4L and Princep shown in Table 2 for the soil texture as a split treatment 30-45 days prior to planting and the remainder at planting. Applications made less than 30 days prior to planting may be as either a split or single treatment. On coarse-textured soils, do not apply more than two weeks prior to planting. Refer to the AAtrax 4L, Applied Alone - Preplant Surface-Applied section of the corn label for additional details.

If weeds are present at time of treatment, apply in a tank mix combination with a contact herbicide (for example, Gramoxone Extra or Roundup). Observe directions for use, precautions, and restrictions on the label of the contact herbicide.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Preplant Incorporated: Apply to the soil and incorporate in the spring before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. Avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence: Apply during or shortly after planting, but before crop and weeds emerge.

Refer to Corn sections of this label and to Princep 80W, Princep Caliber 90, or Princep 4L labels for further directions, limitations, and precautions.

Table 2: Tank Mixtures with Princep on Corn

Soil texture	Broadcast rate/A			
	1:1 Ratio*		1:2 Ratio**	
	This product	Princep 80W ¹	This product	Princep 80W ¹
Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	2 pts.	1.25 lbs.	1.32 pts.	1.67 lbs.
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with low organic matter	2.4 pts.	1.5 lbs.	1.6 pts.	2 lbs.
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with medium to high organic matter, and clay (including dark prairie soils of the Corn Belt)	3 pts.	1.8 lbs.	1.92 pts.	2.4 lbs.

* For control of most weeds.

** For control of expected heavy infestations of crabgrass and fall panicum.

¹ When using Princep Caliber 90 or Princep 4L, use equivalent rates. One lb. of Princep 80W equals 0.9 lb. of Princep Caliber 90 or 1.6 pts. of Princep 4L.

Princep 80W, Princep 4L, or Princep Caliber 90 plus Roundup: Use as tank mixture for preemergence and postemergence control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds where corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residues. Refer to Roundup label for all directions, weed control, precautions, and limitations.

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Princip 80W, Princip 4L, or Princip Caliber 80 plus Gramoxone Extra: Use as tank mixture with Princip and Gramoxone Extra to kill existing vegetation and for residual weed control where corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod, or in previous crop residues. Add this product and Princip to water in spray tank, agitating until thoroughly mixed. Then add Gramoxone Extra and a nonionic surfactant, such as X-77®. Continue agitation during application. Broadcast 2-4 pts. of this product plus 1.25-2.5 lbs. of Princip 80W (or 2-4 pts. of Princip 4L, or 1.1-2.2 lbs. of Princip Caliber 80) plus a suitable amount of Gramoxone Extra in 20-80 gals. of water per sprayed acre. Refer to the Gramoxone Extra label for the appropriate rates to utilize in this tank mixture. Apply before, during, or after planting, but before corn emerges. Add 0.5 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as X-77, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Use the higher rate of Gramoxone Extra specified on the label if existing vegetation is 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6 inches.

Refer to further limitations and precautions on labels for this product, Princip, and Gramoxone Extra.

Precautions for all applications to corn: (1) To avoid crop injury and illegal residues, do not apply more than 3 lbs./A active ingredient (6 pts./A of this product) per calendar year. (2) For best control of velvetleaf and cocklebur, the application rate cannot be less than 2 lbs./A active ingredient, either alone or in tank mix combinations. (3) Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used.

Note for all applications to corn: Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 21 days following application, or illegal residues may result.

Rotational crops: (1) Do not rotate to any crop except corn or sorghum until the following year, or injury may occur. (2) If applied after June 10, do not rotate with crops other than corn or sorghum the next year, or crop injury may occur. (3) In the High Plains and Inter-mountain areas of the West where rainfall is sparse and erratic or where irrigation is required, use only when corn or sorghum is to follow corn or sorghum or when a crop of untreated corn or sorghum is to precede other rotational crops. (4) In eastern parts of the Dakota, KS, western MN, and N. Dak., do not rotate to soybeans if the rate applied to corn or sorghum was more than 4 pts./A equivalent band application rate, or soybean injury may occur. (5) Injury may occur if soybeans planted the year following application on soils having a calcareous surface layer. (6) Do not plant sugar beets, tobacco, vegetables (including dry beans), spring-seeded small grains, or small-seeded legumes and pulses the year following application, or injury may occur.

Sorghum and Sorghum-sudan Hybrids (Grain and Forage Types)

Preplant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and grass control): Use on medium- and fine-textured soil with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in CO, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, MN, MO, MT, NE, ND, SD, WI, and WY. Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ the recommended rate of AAtrix 4L shown in Table 3 for the soil texture as a split treatment 30-45 days prior to planting and the remainder at planting. Applications made less than 30 days prior to planting may be as either a split or single treatment. Under dry conditions, irrigation after application is recommended to move AAtrix 4L into the soil.

If weeds are present at time of treatment, apply in a tank mix combination with a contact herbicide (for example, Gramoxone Extra or Roundup). Observe directions for use, precautions, and restrictions on the label of the contact herbicide.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Preplant Incorporated (Broadleaf and grass control): Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate shown in Table 3. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting, but prior to weed or crop emergence at rate shown in Table 3.

Table 3: Preplant Surface, Preplant Incorporated, and Preemergence Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control in Sorghum*

Soil Texture	Organic matter	Broadcast rate/A
COARSE Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	any level	DO NOT USE (except for preemergence use on bedded sorghum in AZ and CA)
MEDIUM AND FINE Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, clay	less than 1%	3-2.4 pts. **
	1-15%	4-4.75 pts. **
	more than 15%	4-4.75 pts. **

* Do not apply preplant surface or preplant incorporated in AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, or TX. Do not apply preemergence in NM, OK, or TX, except in northeast OK and the TX Gulf Coast.

** Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CIBA-GEIGY representative for additional information.

In case of planting failure, sorghum or corn may be replanted. Do not make a second broadcast application, or injury may occur. If originally applied in a band and sorghum or corn is replanted in untreated row middles, this product may be applied in a band to the second planting.

Preemergence broadleaf weed control in furrow irrigated bedded sorghum (AZ and CA only): For preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds, broadcast 1.6-2.4 pts./A after bed preparation, during or after planting, but before sorghum and weeds emerge and before the first furrow irrigation. Follow with several regular irrigations, making sure to thoroughly wet all soil.

Precautions for preemergence application to furrow irrigated bedded sorghum in AZ and CA: To avoid possible sorghum injury, do not use on sand or loamy sand soil or on sorghum planted in furrows. Applications to sorghum growing on alkali soils or where cuts, fills, or erosion have exposed calcareous or alkali subsoils may cause crop injury. In case of crop failure, do not replant sorghum for 8 months following application. Corn may be planted immediately.

Postemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply at rate shown in Table 4 before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height and before sorghum exceeds 12 inches in height.

Table 4: Postemergence Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control in Sorghum*

Soil Texture	Minimum sorghum height at treatment	Broadcast rate/A
Sand or loamy sand		DO NOT USE
Sandy loam		See directions for postemergence broadleaf weed control.
Silt loam to sandy clay loam	Completely emerged	4-4.75 pts.
Clay and Pullman clay soil	6 inches	4-4.75 pts.
Silty clay loam and finer textured soil	Completely emerged	6 pts.

* Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CIBA-GEIGY representative for additional information.

Postemergence broadleaf weed control with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water: Broadcast 2.4 pts./A for control of many broadleaf weeds. Apply before pigweed and lambquarters reach 6 inches in height and before all other weeds reach 4 inches in height. In CO, western KS, NM, OK, TX, and desert regions of AZ and CA, apply when sorghum is 6-12 inches in height, but before it reaches boot stage. In all other areas, apply after sorghum reaches the 3-leaf stage but before it exceeds 12 inches in height. Add 1 gal. of emulsifiable oil/A for ground application and 0.5 gal./A for aerial application, or add 1 qt./A of oil concentrate for ground application. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

For the list of weeds controlled, see AAtrix 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Postemergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water.

Precautions for applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water: See "Precautions for applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water" in Corn section.

Postemergence broadleaf weed control with surfactant (CO, western KS, NM, OK, TX and desert regions of AZ and CA only): Broadcast 2.4 pts./A plus 0.75-1.5 pts. of surfactant after sorghum reaches 6 inches in height, but before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height. Apply only on sandy loam and finer textured soil.

Precautions for all applications to sorghum: (1) Heavy rain immediately following application tends to cause excessive concentrations of herbicide in seed furrow, resulting in possible crop injury. Do not apply to furrow-planted sorghum until furrows are leveled (plowed in). Level deep planter marks or seed furrows before application. (2) Application to sorghum growing under stress caused by minor element deficiency or to sorghum growing on highly calcareous soil may result in crop injury. (3) Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used. (4) Injury may occur if both the herbicide, preplant surface, preplant incorporated, or preemergence, and an at-planting systemic insecticide applied in-furrow are used. (5) Do not apply more than 3 lbs. active ingredient (6 pts. of this product) per acre per calendar year.

Note: Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 21 days following application, or illegal residues may result.

Rotational crops: See "Rotational crops" in Corn section.

Tank Mixtures for Grain Sorghum

Dual 8E: Use as tank mixture with Dual 8E for control of those weeds listed on the Dual 8E label, as well as on the label. Use this tank mixture only on sorghum seed treated with Concep®. Refer to the Dual 8E label for all directions, precautions, and limitations.

Winter Weed Control in Texas

For postemergence control of winter weeds only, such as henbit, seedling dock, and annual thistle on fall bedded land in the Gulf Coast and Blacklands of Texas. Apply 0.8-1 qt./A postemergence to the weeds in November or December to land that will be planted to corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum the following spring. For best results, add a suitable surfactant, such as X-77, at the rate of 0.5% of the spray volume, an emulsifiable oil at the rate of 1.0% of the spray volume, or an oil concentrate at the rate of 1 qt. per acre.

Normal weed control programs may be used in the following corn, grain sorghum or forage sorghum crop.

Note: Do not plant any crops except corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum the spring following this treatment, or illegal residues may result.

AAtrix 4L Alone - Chemical Fallow

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow: To control annual broadleaf and grass weeds following wheat harvest and in the following sorghum crop when grown under minimum tillage, broadcast 6 pts./A to wheat stubble immediately following wheat harvest. If weeds are present at application, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable treatment after application, or use an approved contact herbicide before or after the application of AAtrix 4L. Plant sorghum into wheat stubble the following spring with minimum soil disturbance. Use a surface planter or a planter leaving a shallow furrow. If weeds are present at planting, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable method before planting.

For the list of weeds controlled, see AAtrix 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence.

Precautions: (1) Use only on silt loam or finer textured soil or crop injury may result. (2) Wheat-sorghum-fallow cropping sequence must be followed. (3) Do not apply following sorghum harvest.

Note: To avoid illegal residues, do not graze or feed forage from treated area to livestock. To avoid illegal residues and crop injury, do not plant any crop other than those on this label within 16 months following treatment.

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Wheat-Corn-Fallow (KS, NE): This product controls cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), Kochia, mustards, pigweed, Russian thistle, wild lettuce, wild sunflower, and volunteer wheat during period after wheat harvest. Weed control may extend into following corn crop grown under minimum tillage.

Follow directions for use, notes, and precautions in the "Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow" section above, substituting corn for references to sorghum.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, and WY): For preemergence control of cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), common lambsquarters, field pennycress, Kochia, mustard, Russian thistle, wild lettuce, and suppression of volunteer wheat during fallow period of a wheat-fallow-wheat rotation, broadcast 1-2 pts./A on all soils except those listed under "Precautions." For control of pigweed and wild sunflower, use the higher rate. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period.

Tank Mixtures for Chemical Fallow

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow or Wheat-Corn-Fallow (KS, NE)

Gramoxone Extra: If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with Gramoxone Extra may be used. Broadcast 5 pts. of AAtrex 4L plus a suitable amount of Gramoxone Extra in 20-60 gals. of water/A by ground equipment. Add 0.5-1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as X-77, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Add AAtrex 4L to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add Gramoxone Extra, followed by surfactant. Use the higher rate of Gramoxone Extra specified on the label if weeds are 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6 inches. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period. Refer to Gramoxone Extra label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, and WY)

Gramoxone Extra: If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with Gramoxone Extra may be used. Broadcast 1-2 pts. of AAtrex 4L plus a suitable amount of Gramoxone Extra in 20-60 gals. of water/A by ground equipment. Add 0.5-1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as X-77, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Add AAtrex 4L to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add Gramoxone Extra, followed by surfactant. Use the higher rate of Gramoxone Extra specified on the label if weeds are 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6 inches. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period. Refer to Gramoxone Extra label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

If weeds are present at application and this product is used alone, use either an approved contact herbicide before or after treatment, or tillage after treatment.

Use tillage to control weeds which escape during fallow period. Till before planting. For this product applied alone or in tank mixtures with Gramoxone Extra, plant at least 2 inches deep and 12 months or more after application.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not use on sand soil. (2) Do not treat eroded hillides, caliche and rocky outcroppings, or exposed calcareous subsoil. (3) Do not treat soils of the Rosebud and Canyon Series in western NE and adjoining counties in CO and WY. (4) Do not treat soils with calcareous surface layers. (5) Avoid spray overlap.

Note: Do not graze treated areas within 6 months after application, or illegal residues may result.

Aerial application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft., using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 mph. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply AAtrex 4L alone by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.

Roadside

To control certain annual weeds in established perennial grasses along roadsides in CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, and WY, including cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), common (annual) broomweed, little barley, medusahead, sagewort, and tumble mustard, broadcast 2 pts./A in a minimum of 10 gals. of water by ground equipment in the fall before ground freezes, or after thawing in the spring, but before the established grasses green-up and before weeds emerge. Examples of desirable established grasses include big bluestem, bluegrasses, bromegrass, buffalograss, crested wheatgrass, Indiangrass, little bluestem, side-oats grama, switchgrass, and Western wheatgrass. Apply only once per year. Temporary discoloration or other form of injury to the desirable perennial grasses may occur following application.

Notes: To avoid illegal residues, (1) Do not cut or feed roadside grass hay (2) Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas

Sugarcane

For control of many broadleaf and grass weeds, including amaranths, crabgrass, fireweed, Florida's paintbrush, foxtails, junglerice and wiregrass, broadcast 4-8 pts./A of AAtrex 4L at time of planting or ratooning, but before sugarcane emerges. Broadcast evenly in a minimum of 5 gals. of spray per acre, or broadcast or band by ground equipment in a minimum of 20 gals. per acre, unless indicated otherwise. One additional application may be made over the sugarcane as it emerges, and two additional applications may be made interline after emergence as directed sprays. Repeat treatments, where needed, may be applied broadcast, band, or interline as suggested with the final application being prior to close-in. Do not exceed the rate of herbicide suggested for any one crop of sugarcane.

Note: Where high rates of AAtrex 4L are used alone, apply in a minimum of 1 qt. of water for each 1 qt. of AAtrex 4L applied per acre

Aerial application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft., using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 mph. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply AAtrex 4L alone by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants

Florida

For control of emerged peltitory weed: Apply 0.8-1.2 pts./A in at least 40 gals. of water as a directed spray by ground equipment prior to close-in. Add 4 qts. of surfactant for each 100 gals. of spray. Thoroughly cover weed foliage.

For control of alexandergrass, large crabgrass, peltitory (arklery) weed, and spiny amaranth, use one of the following methods at planting or ratooning:

1. Apply 8 pts./A preemergence. Follow with one or two applications, as needed, post-emergence to sugarcane and weeds, at 4 pts./A. Treat before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.
2. Apply 1-3 times, as needed, at 4 pts./A postemergence to sugarcane and weeds. Treat before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.

Louisiana

For control of annual weeds during the summer fallow period, apply 4 pts./A to weed-free beds immediately after bed formation. Follow normal weed control program after planting.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not apply more than 10 qts./A to any one crop of sugarcane. (2) If making 4 pts./A application during summer fallow period, do not exceed 8 qts./A during the remainder of the growing season, or illegal residues may result.

Texas

Use AAtrex 4L for control of barnyardgrass, pigweed, purslane and sunflower, in plant or ratoon sugarcane.

Apply 8 pts./A of AAtrex 4L preemergence. Follow with one or two applications, as needed, at 6 pts./A postemergence to sugarcane and weeds.

For best results when weeds are emerged, add a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 2 qts./100 gals. to the spray and apply before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.

Precautions: (1) Injury to sugarcane may occur when under moisture stress, when soil is of low adsorptive capacity, or when land is first cropped to sugarcane. (2) Do not apply after close-in. (3) Do not apply more than 20 pts./A to any one crop of sugarcane, or crop injury may result.

Turfgrasses for Sod (Florida only)

St. Augustinegrass, Centipedegrass, and Zoysia Grass

Broadcast 4-8 pts./A according to soil texture to control those weeds listed under AAtrex 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence.

Muck or peat	8 pts.	Old beds: Within 2 days after lifting sod
		New beds: 3-4 days after springing or plugging.
Sandy soil	4 pts.	Old beds: Within 2 days after lifting sod.
		New beds: 7-10 days after springing or plugging

If weeds regrow, apply an additional 4 pts./A on muck or peat, or 2 pts./A on sandy soil.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not apply within 30 days prior to cutting or lifting. (2) Do not apply in combination with surfactants or other spray additives. (3) Use only on turfgrass reasonably free of infestations of insects, nematodes, and diseases. (4) On newly springed turfgrass, temporary slowing of growth may follow application.

Turfgrass for Fairways, Lawns, Soil Production* and Similar Areas

*In states other than Florida. For use on turfgrass for sod in Florida, see "Turfgrasses for Sod (Florida only)" section above.

Bermudagrass, Centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and Zoysia Grass

Apply AAtrex 4L after October 1 before emergence of winter annual weeds for control of annual bluegrass, burdock, carpet burweed, chickweed, corn speedwell, henbit, hop clover, and spurge. AAtrex 4L will control annual bluegrass even if it is emerged at time of treatment. For control of summer annual weeds listed in the preemergence section of the AAtrex 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum section of this label, also apply AAtrex 4L in late winter before the weeds emerge. Apply in a minimum of 15 gals. of water per acre or 1 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft.

Where annual bluegrass is the major weed, use 1 qt./A (22 ml or 0.75 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.) Use 2 qts./A (44 ml or 1.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.) for control of the other weeds named above. Do not exceed 1 qt./A per treatment on newly springed turfgrass or on hybrid bermudagrass such as Tiflora, Tifway, and Ormond.

For continued summer annual weed control, apply another 1 qt./A at least 30 days after the previous application, but not after April 15. However, do not make more than two applications of this product per year.

Precautions: On newly springed turfgrass and hybrid bermudagrass, temporary slowing of growth and yellowing may occur following application. To avoid turf injury, (1) Use only on turfgrass reasonably free of infestations of insects, nematodes, and diseases. (2) Do not use on golf greens. (3) Do not use north of NC (except may be used in Virginia Coastal Plains) or west of the high rainfall areas of eastern OK and eastern TX. (4) Do not use on muck or alkaline soils. (5) Do not apply over the rooting area of trees or ornamentals not listed on this label. (6) Do not overseed with desirable turfgrass within 4 months before or 6 months after treatment. (7) Do not apply this product to newly seeded bermudagrass until it has overwintered and has a well-developed rhizome system. Do not exceed 2 qts. product/A within 12 months of seeding bermudagrass.

Note: Do not graze or feed turf clippings to animals or illegal residues may result.

Mississippi Nuts

For preemergence control of many broadleaf and grass weeds, including crabgrass, foxtail, wiregrass, Florida's paintbrush, spanghneedles, and fireweed, broadcast 4-8 pts./A before harvest and before weeds emerge. Repeat as necessary. Do not spray when nuts are on ground during harvest period. Do not apply by air.

Guava

Use only on established plantings which are at least 18 months old. Apply as a directed spray at 4-8 pts./A of AAI:ax 4L in 20-50 gals. of spray mix preemergence or early postemergence to weeds. When applying postemergence, the use of a surfactant and greater spray volume (80-100 gals. of spray mix per acre) may enhance weed control. This product controls many annual broadleaf and grass weeds, including fireweed, purslane, scarlet pimpernel, sparrowweeds, and sowthistle.

Notes: To avoid illegal residues, (1) Do not allow spray to contact foliage or fruit. (2) Do not apply more frequently than at 4 month intervals. (3) Do not apply more than 16 pts. of AAI:ax 4L per year.

Containers

For control of annual broadleaf and grass weeds prior to transplanting, after transplanting or in established containers (including Douglas fir, grand fir, noble fir, white fir, Austrian pine, bishop pine, Jeffrey pine, knobcone pine, loblolly pine, lodgepole pine (shore pine), Monterey pine, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine, slash pine, blue spruce, and Sitka spruce): Broadcast 4-8 pts. in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre by air or 10 gals. by ground before weeds are 1.5 inches tall. Apply to established trees between fall and early spring while trees are dormant. For new transplants, apply during or soon after transplanting. For applications prior to transplanting, allow sufficient precipitation to activate AAI:ax 4L before transplanting. In areas where spring and summer rainfall is inadequate to activate AAI:ax 4L, apply during fall prior to spring transplanting.

For the list of weeds controlled, see AAI:ax 4L, Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence.

Quickgrass control: Broadcast 6 pts. in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre by air or 10 gals. by ground between fall and early spring while trees are dormant and before quickgrass is more than 1.5 inches tall.

Precautions: (1) In areas west of the Rocky Mountains (except the Great Basin), grazing may begin 7 months after a fall application or 3 months after a winter or spring application. (2) To prevent illegal residues, do not graze treated areas of the Great Basin, or areas east of the Rocky Mountains. (3) Temporary injury to trees may occur following use of AAI:ax 4L on coarse-textured soil. (4) To avoid crop injury, do not apply to seedbeds. (5) Also apply only once per year.

Aerial application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft. above vegetation, using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 mph. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply AAI:ax 4L by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.

Nonselective Weed Control on Noncrop Land

This product provides long-term weed control on industrial sites, highway medians and shoulders, railroad rights-of-way, lumberyards, petroleum tank farms, and in noncrop areas on farms, such as around buildings, equipment and fuel storage areas, along fences, and lanes. Do not use near adjacent desirable plants or in greenhouses, or injury may occur.

Apply before or soon after weeds begin growth. Make postemergence applications when weeds are young and actively growing. Use the higher rates on fine clay and muck soils. Use sufficient water to assure thorough coverage. Use at least 1 gal. of water for each quart of product; use more if practical.

Annual broadleaf and grass weeds (including barnyardgrass, cheatgrass, crabgrass, lambquarters, foxtail, ragweed, puncturevine, and turnip mullen): Broadcast 4-8-10 qts./A.

For small areas, 3.28 pt. per 1,000 sq. ft. is equivalent to 10 qts./A.

Precautions: (1) Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas, or illegal residues may result. (2) Do not exceed 10 lbs. active ingredient (10 qts. of this product) per acre per calendar year.

Storage and Disposal**Storage**

Ground water contamination may be reduced by diking and flooring of permanent liquid bulk storage areas with an impermeable material.

Pesticide Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product are acutely toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or residue is a violation of federal law. Pesticide, spray mixture, or residue that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to federal, state or local procedures. For guidance in proper disposal methods, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office.

Container Disposal

Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by open burning, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, keep out of smoke.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on the label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, call 1-800-888-6372 day or night.

Precautionary Statements**Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals****CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Users are required to wear long-sleeved shirts and long pants or equivalent, chemical resistant gloves, and boots (waterproofed). In addition, persons involved in mixing/loading operations are required to use chemical resistant rubber or neoprene gloves and a face shield or goggles.

Statement of Practical Treatment

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger, or, if available, by administering syrup of ipecac. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

Note to Physicians: There is no specific antidote for atrazine. If this product is ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. The use of an aqueous slurry of activated charcoal may be considered.

Environmental Hazards

Atrazine can travel (leach or leech) through soil and can enter ground water which may be used as drinking water. Atrazine has been found in ground water. Users are advised not to apply atrazine to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well-drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of ground water.

This product may not be mixed/loaded, or used within 50 feet of all wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes.

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

AAI:ax® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY for atrazine

Baxton® trademark of Dow Chemical Company for propanilol

Caliber® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY

Comper® trademark of KALO Agricultural Chemicals, Inc.

Concord® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY

Dual® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY for metolachlor
U. S. Patent No. 3,937,730

Gramoxone® trademark of ICI Americas for paraquat

Laseo® trademark of Monsanto Company for alachlor

Princep® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY for simazine

Ramrod® trademark of Monsanto Company for propanilol

Roundup® trademark of Monsanto Company for glyphosate herbicide

Sutan + 4® trademark of Stauffer Chemical Company for butylate

Unite® trademark of Hopkins Agricultural Chemical Company

X-77® trademark of KALO Agricultural Chemicals, Inc.

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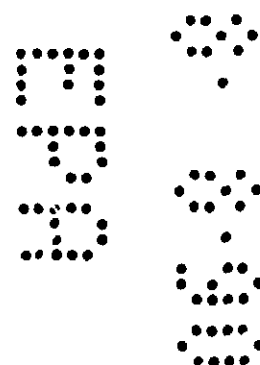
Agricultural Division

CIBA-GEIGY Corporation

Greensboro, North Carolina 27419

CGA 7L36AA

020



RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE (GROUND WATER CONCERN)

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION

THIS PRODUCT IS A RESTRICTED-USE HERBICIDE DUE TO GROUND WATER CONCERNS. USERS MUST READ AND FOLLOW ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE POTENTIAL FOR ATRAZINE TO REACH GROUND WATER

AAtrex® 4L Herbicide

For season-long weed control in corn and sorghum

For weed control in certain other crops; in noncrop areas; and industrial sites

Active Ingredients:

Atrazine: 2-chloro-4-ethylamine-6-isopropylamine-s-triazine 48.8%
Related compounds 2.2%

Inert Ingredients: 57.0%

Total: 100.0%

AAtrex 4L contains 4 lbs. active ingredients per gallon.

See directions for use in attached booklet.

Shake well before using.

Use entire contents at one time.

2½ Gallons
U. S. Standard Measure

Keep Out of Reach of Children.

CAUTION

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Users are required to wear long-sleeved shirts and long pants or equivalent, chemical resistant gloves, and boots (waterproofed). In addition, persons involved in mixing/loading operations are required to use chemical resistant rubber or neoprene gloves and a face shield or goggles.

Statement of Practical Treatment

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger, or, if available, by administering syrup of ipecac. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

Note to Physicians: There is no specific antidote for atrazine. If this product is ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. The use of an aqueous slurry of activated charcoal may be considered.

Environmental Hazards

Atrazine can travel (leach or seep) through soil and can enter ground water which may be used as drinking water. Atrazine has been found in ground water. Users are advised not to apply atrazine to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well-drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of ground water.

This product may not be mixed/loaded, or used within 50 ft. of all wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes.

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

CHEMIGATION PROHIBITION

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

AAtrex® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY for atrazine

EPA Reg. No. 100-407/EPA Est. 100-LA-1

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