

1/4 70-169 R-12

KILL-KO

FRUIT TREE SPRAY

ACCEPTED  
on call cert  
NOV 12 1987  
70-169

An Insecticide and Fungicide for Insect  
and Disease Control on Fruit Trees

Contains Methoxychlor\*, Malathion, Captan

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Technical Methoxychlor* . . . . .	10.00%
Captan ** . . . . .	6.85%
Related Derivatives . . . . .	.15%
Malathion (0,0-dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate) . . . . .	5.00%

INERT INGREDIENTS: . . . . .	78.00%
	<u>100.00%</u>

\*Equivalent to 8.8% 2,2-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)-1, 1, 1-trichloroethane and 1.2% other isomers and related compounds.

\*\* N-Trichloromethylthio-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide

DANGER (14 pt.)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN (10 pt.)

EPA REG. NO. 70-169  
EPA EST. NO. 70-KY-1

NET WEIGHT  
10 OUNCES

See Back Panel for Other Precautionary Statements

Manufactured by  
RIGO COMPANY  
Buckner, Kentucky 40010

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER

Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. May cause allergic reactions. Do not get in eyes. Wear goggles or face shield when handling. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Remove and separately launder clothing before reuse.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician.

If swallowed: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solutions, or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Wear goggles or face shield when handling. Remove contaminated clothing and separately launder clothing before reuse.

Wear chemical resistant gloves when using indoors or outdoors. When using, wear long pants and long-sleeved shirt and apply with the wind to your back. Wash non-disposable gloves thoroughly with soap and water before removing.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

SPRAY APPLICATION: 10 oz. of this material will make 6½ gallons of fruit tree spray. For smaller quantities use 5 level tablespoonfuls to each gallon of water. Mix well. Agitate solution while spraying. Apply spray to trees thoroughly.

APPLES, PEARS: To control Bitter Rot, Scab, Brooks Fruit Spot, Woolly and Green Aphids, Pacific, Clover and Red Spider Mites, Codling Moth, Forbes Scale, Plum Curculio, Apple Maggot, Japanese Beetle, and Red Banded Leaf Roller, apply as follows:

- 1) When blossom stems separate and before blossoms open.
- 2) When 75% of the petals have fallen.
- 3) 10 days later.
- 4) 10 days to 2 weeks later.
- 5) Continue at 2-week intervals up to 7 days before harvest.

Do not use on D'Anjou pears. Russetting may be produced on Bosc pears. Red delicious and other sensitive varieties may be injured by early season application.

PEACHES: To control Brown Rot, Peach Scab, European Red Mite, Red Spider, Plum Curculio, Oriental Fruit Moth, Japanese Beetle, European Fruit Scale, Pacific and Clover Mites, apply as follows:

- 1) Full bloom.
- 2) When shucks begin to split.
- 3) 10 days later.
- 4) 10 days later.
- 5) 2 weeks later.
- 6) Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

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PLUMS (PRUNES): To control Pacific, European and Red Spider Mites, Plum Curculio, Mealy Plum and Green Peach Aphids and Japanese Beetle, apply as follows:

- 1) When trees are in full bloom.
- 2) When shucks are falling.
- 3) 10 days later.
- 4) 2 weeks later.
- 5) Continue at 2-week intervals if necessary. Do not apply later than 7 days before harvest.

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If control of disease on above fruit crops is necessary with the specified days before harvest, apply a wettable sulfur spray. Remove residues by washing, wiping, brushing or other effective means.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (10pt.)

**STORAGE:** Store in original container only in a cool, dry location away from children and domestic animals.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

**Container Disposal:** Do not reuse empty container. Wrap container and put in trash collection.

**NOTICE:** Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

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