

3. Hollow block foundations or voids of masonry should be treated to make a continuous chemical barrier in voids. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet so it will reach the footing.
4. For crawl spaces apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet and foot of depth from grade to bottom of foundations. Application may be made by rodding and/or trenching (utilizing low pressure spray). Treat both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes.
 - a. Rod holes should be spaced (about 1 foot) to provide a continuous chemical barrier.
 - b. Trench need not be wider than 6 inches nor below the foundation. The emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench. Cover the treated soil with a layer of untreated soil or other suitable barrier such as polyethylene sheeting.

RETREATMENT RESTRICTIONS

Retreatment for subterranean termites should only be made when there is evidence of reinfestation subsequent to the initial treatment, or there has been a disruption of the chemical barrier in the soil due to construction, excavations, landscaping, etc. Reapplication should be made as a spot treatment to these areas.

Annual treatment of the entire premises must be avoided.

TERMITE CONTROL IN EXISTING STRUCTURES

Buildings with Basements or Crawl-Spaces

First remove all wood debris and wood forms. Around piers, pipes, chimney bases and along foundations of poured concrete dig a trench 6 inches wide and 4 inches deep. For brick and block foundations dig the trench about 12 inches deep. If footing is more than 12 inches deep, make holes with a crowbar, pipe or a rod about one foot apart that extend from the trench bottom to the top of the footing. Make holes closer in hard-packed clay soils. NEVER DIG BELOW THE TOP OF THE FOOTING. Apply the emulsion in the trench at a rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Apply half of this to the back-fill. Likewise, treat along the inside of foundations of crawl-space buildings. Cover treated soil with a thin layer of untreated soil.

For raised porches, terraces, and entrance slabs, drill holes at one foot intervals, 6 inches from the foundation, and pour one-half gallon of emulsion into each hole. Refill holes. Slabs with heat ducts or radiating heat pipes should be treated by commercial pest control operator.

The object is to establish a treated soil barrier which will prevent termite entry. Other critical areas may also require treatment, particularly if there are inaccessible areas, basements or slab-type construction. It is suggested that you contact the Agricultural Cooperative Extension Service for advice or consult a commercial pest control service.

Avoid contamination of public and private water supplies by following these precautions. Do not allow a hose or any type of faucet extension to reach into the termite chemical solution while filling or mixing this material with water. Use anti-back-flow or anti-siphonage equipment on all filling equipment. These devices can be purchased at hardware or plumbing supply stores. Use of anti-back-flow equipment will help to insure that the user of this toxic chemical will not contaminate domestic water supplies. Refer to Federal (Federal Housing Administration), state, and local specifications for safe distances of treatment areas from wells.

Soil in the vicinity of wells, cisterns or ponds should not be treated if it is water saturated, subject to excessive saturation due to an accumulation of water or if the soil to be treated around the perimeter of the structure is at a grade lower than surrounding yard or property area. If this is the situation treat as follows: Do Not Apply Under Pressure. Soil should be removed to an area safe from well or domestic water contamination, treated, allowed to stand undisturbed for two to four hours then returned to the trench which has been lined with 4 mil. plastic sheeting. Be careful not to puncture the plastic sheeting when returning soil to trench. Do not treat structures that contain cisterns or wells.

NOTICE: Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.



185

Contents of this bottle will make
40 gallons of finished spray.

KILL-KO

Termi-Ded

- Do-it-yourself
Termite Control
- Easy to apply.
- Simply Follow Directions
For Control of Termites
Around Homes.

These are the signs of Subterranean Termite Infestation:

- Mud shelter tubes over foundation walls.
- Wood that is hollowed out beneath the surface.
- Swarms of winged adults in spring or fall. (Do not confuse with winged ants. Ants have a narrow waist.)

ACCEPTED
 APR 24 1984
 Under the Federal Insecticide,
 Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
 as amended, for the pesticide
 registered under
 EPA Reg. No. 70-119

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Chlordane, Technical*..... 74.0 %
 Petroleum Distillate..... 20.0 %

INERT INGREDIENTS:..... 6.0 %
 TOTAL 100.0%

*Equivalent to 44.4% Octachloro-4, 7-Methanotetrahydroindane and 29.6% Related Compounds. Contains 8.0 lbs. Chlordane per Gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN - 10 pt.

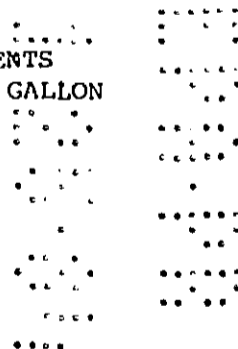
WARNING - 14 pt.

See Side Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements

EPA Reg. No. 70-119
EPA Est. No. 70-KY-1

NET CONTENTS
ONE HALF GALLON

Manufactured By
RIGO COMPANY
BUCKNER, KENTUCKY 40010



70-119

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING! Harmful if swallowed. Contact with skin can cause toxic symptoms. Avoid breathing vapors. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Wash thoroughly after handling and before smoking or eating.

Statement of Practical Treatment

If Swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If possible, vomiting should be induced under medical supervision. Drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if indicated.

If In Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of running water and get medical attention immediately.

In Case of Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and wash with plenty of soap and water.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Chlordane is a central nervous system stimulant. Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish, birds and other wildlife. Do not contaminate any body of water by direct application, cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes and containers.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Keep container closed.

Storage and Disposal - 10 pt.

Storage: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.
Disposal: Do not reuse empty container. Wrap container and put in trash collection.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

70-119

MIXING: Use a 1½ water emulsion for subterranean termites. To make a 1½ water emulsion, mix as follows:

<u>Amount of Termi-Ded</u>		<u>Amount of water</u>
1 cup (8 oz.)	in	5 gallons
2 cups (16 oz.)	in	10 gallons
4 cups (32 oz.)	in	20 gallons
8 cups (½ gal.)	in	40 gallons

PRECONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Effective preconstruction subterranean termite control requires the establishment of an unbroken vertical and/or horizontal chemical barrier between wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil. To meet F.H.A. termite proofing requirements, follow the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development (H.U.D.) Minimum Property Standards.

After grading is completed and prior to the pouring of the slab, slab supported/constructed porches or entrance platforms, make the following treatments. Applications shall be made by a low pressure spray for horizontal barriers over areas intended for covering floors, porches and other critical areas.

Establish a vertical barrier in areas such as around the base of foundations, plumbing, back-filled soil against foundation walls and other critical areas.

1. Where it is necessary to produce a horizontal barrier, apply the emulsion at the rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet to fill dirt. If fill is washed gravel or other coarse material, apply at 1½ gallons per 10 square feet. It is important that the emulsion reaches the soil substrate.
 - a. If concrete slabs cannot be poured over soil the same day it has been treated, a water-proof cover, such as polyethylene sheeting, should be placed over the soil. This is not necessary if foundation walls have been installed around the treated soil.
2. To produce a vertical barrier, apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth.
 - a. Rodding and/or trenching applications should not be made below the top of the footing.
 - b. Trench need not be wider than 6 inches.
 - c. Rod holes should extend from the base of the trench to the top of the footing, and should be spaced (about a foot) to provide a continuous barrier.
 - d. Emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench. Cover treated soil with a layer of untreated soil, or other suitable barrier such as polyethylene sheeting.