

Cooper-Tox[®] Livestock



- Emulsifiable Toxaphene Concentrate
 - Specifically Prepared for Livestock Use
 - Kills Ticks, Lice, Horn Flies, Keds on Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Hogs and Cures Sheep Scab
 - Protects Against Reinfestation
- PERMITTED FOR USE IN OFFICIAL DIPPING**
- One Gallon Makes 150 Gallons of Spray or Dip

Active Ingredients

Toxaphene (Technical Chlorinated Camphene containing 67 to 69% Chlorine).....	61.00%
Xylene	4.63%
Kerosene	19.71%
Inert Ingredients	14.66%
	100.00%

Net Contents
One Gallon
(U.S. Measure)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING
SEE BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA Est. 59-NC-1
EPA Reg. No. 59-28

Cooper-Tox[®] Livestock

**PRECAUTION
HAZARDS TO HUMAN
WA**

May be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Use respirator or goggles if necessary. Keep away from children. Do not use Cooper-Tox Livestock on dairy animals and livestock within 28 days of slaughter. Avoid treating household pets or children in poultry houses. Do not spray or dip calves under 3 months of age. Recommended in quarantine programs when animals are returned for fever tick or scabies control and in dual treatments.

STATEMENT OF P

If Swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.
If Inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply respiration if necessary.
If on Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash immediately.
If in Eye: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

Note to Physician/Veterinarian: If swallowed, use gastric lavage. Systemic excitation. Control convulsions with barbiturates. Duration of action: a long-acting barbiturate such as phenobarbital.

ENVIRONMI

PHYSICAL OR C

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of any body of water. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON LIVESTOCK

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with the following directions:

Beef Cattle
Ticks, Horn Flies and Lice: Accurately mix Cooper-Tox Livestock and horn flies present and will give up to two and four weeks. application is usually sufficient for control. Thorough wetting of



Cooper-Tox Livestock

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Avoid or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use as directed. Keep away from food or feed products. Keep clothing free from residue. Do not use on dairy animals in dairy barns or on feed or forage to be fed to dairy animals. Do not apply to animals of slaughter. Avoid treating animals during cold, stormy weather. Do not use on dogs, cats or other animals in poultry houses. Do not use on calves under 3 months of age. If it is necessary to treat calves under the age of 6 months, spraying is not recommended. When animals of all ages must be dipped, dip under supervision of Federal and State Personnel. For control of individual head immersion of young animals is essential to avoid swallowing of dip wash.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Call your local Health Officer or Poison Control Center immediately. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless under medical supervision. Do not induce vomiting. Move to fresh air. Apply respiration if indicated. Remove contaminated clothing and wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Wash with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. If swallowed use gastric lavage. Avoid aspiration. Toxaphene may produce central nervous system depression. Convulsions with barbiturates, preferably administered intravenously. Since toxaphene has a fairly long duration of action, a barbiturate such as phenobarbital may be used after initial control of convulsions.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not use on fish and wildlife. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat or open flame.

USE ON LIVESTOCK

Do not use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Accurately mix Cooper-Tox Livestock at the rate of 1 gallon to 150 gallons of water. This concentration will kill ticks and give up to two and four weeks protection respectively against reinfestation. For lice, a single thorough wetting will give up to two and four weeks protection respectively against reinfestation. For ticks, a single thorough wetting will give up to two and four weeks protection respectively against reinfestation. Repeat application when necessary.

Scabies (Psoroptic, Chorioptic, Sarcoptic): Mix Cooper-Tox Livestock at the rate of 1 gallon to 150 gallons of water. Thorough wetting is essential for best results. Repeat application in 14 days.

Back Rubbers: To aid in controlling horn flies and lice on beef cattle, dilute 1 pint Cooper-Tox Livestock with 1 gallon diesel fuel or 1 gallon kerosene. Charge burlap ruff by soaking with solution so it is thoroughly wet, but not to the point of dripping. Repeat charging as necessary. Regular exposure of the animals for about 10 weeks is usually necessary for good results against lice.

Sheep and Goats

Lice and Sheep Ticks (Keds): Accurately mix Cooper-Tox Livestock at the rate of 1 gallon to 700 gallons of water. Thorough wetting is essential for best results. One application is usually sufficient for control of these pests.

Sheep Scab: Accurately mix Cooper-Tox Livestock at the rate of 1 gallon to 150 gallons of water. Immerse sheep for not less than 10 minutes. Ducking head at least twice. One dipping is usually sufficient for treating sheep scab. A second dipping may be given in two weeks if needed.

Fleeca Worms and Ticks: Accurately mix Cooper-Tox Livestock at the rate of 1 gallon to 150 gallons of water. Wet sheep thoroughly. Repeat application as necessary but not more often than once every two weeks.

Hogs

Lice: Mix Cooper-Tox Livestock at the rate of 1 gallon to 350 gallons of water. A single thorough application is usually all that is necessary for control of this pest. Do not treat sows within two weeks of farrowing nor for three weeks thereafter.

Sarcoptic Mange: Mix Cooper-Tox Livestock at the rate of 1 gallon to 150 gallons of water. Repeat application in 14 days. Thorough wetting is essential. Do not treat sows within two weeks of farrowing nor for three weeks thereafter.

Mixing Cooper-Tox Livestock With Water: Add Cooper-Tox Livestock directly to required amount of water in accordance with dilutions recommended on this label. Stir or agitate the resulting mixture thoroughly before each use.

Replenishment (Dipping Vats): Add Cooper-Tox Livestock in accordance with recommended dilutions for all fresh water added to the vat or control replenishments by vat-side test.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **Storage:** Store in a cool, dry place away from heat or open flame. **Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinse liquids that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal, State or local procedures under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. **Container Disposal:** Triple rinse (or equivalent) and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved State and local procedures.

NOTE

Approved as a permitted pesticide by the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture for official use in State-Federal cooperative programs for the eradication of ticks and scabies. It must be used according to APHIS Veterinary Services Regulations (Parts 72 and 73, Title 9, Code of Federal Regulations), Veterinary Services Memorandum Number 5561 and Supplements and Veterinary Services Memorandum Number 5565.

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