

READ THE DIRECTIONS BEFORE USING

Choose a cool, calm period preferably early morning or evening when plants will not be subjected to hot direct rays of the sun. Do not spray if rain is expected before leaf surfaces dry. Start applications in the spring when insects first appear or conditions favor disease (warm humid days). It is easier to prevent disease and certain scale damage than to cure same. Apply at 10-12 day intervals, or every five to seven days in presence of active disease spores. **SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING, UNTIL COMPLETELY REBLENDED.** Contains micronic particles which settle upon standing and require reblending by shaking. Mix with water or use hose spray gun, and while applying shake sprayer occasionally to keep particles in suspension.

Rates of application: Early spring or fall (short days and young tender foliage or easy to kill insects) use 2 to 3 tablespoons per gallon of spray water. Summer: use 3 to 4 table-
spoons per gallon of spray water. Apply spray thoroughly to tops and undersides of leaves until lightly dripping. Always use the lower dilution at which control is obtained repeat-
ing application more frequently as necessary.

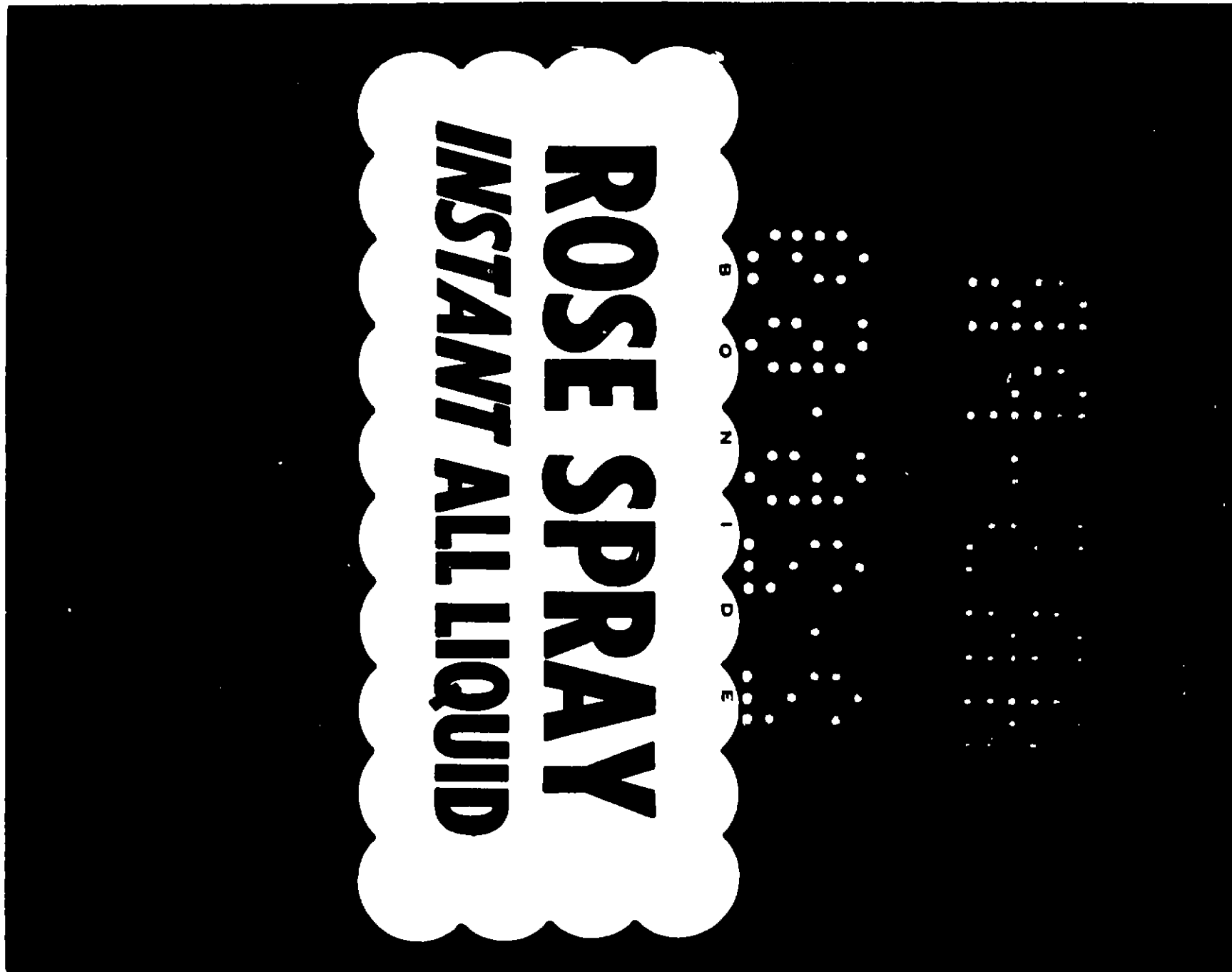
CAUTION

ALWAYS KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED (PREVENTS EVAPORATION) AND AWAY FROM HEAT and open flame (flammable). Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. May be absorbed through skin. In case of contact wash immediately with soap and water. Avoid breathing spray mist. May be a skin irritant and/or sensitizer. Wash hands and contaminated clothing after use. Do not take or administer internally. Avoid contamination of foodstuffs, feed, feeding troughs, watering receptacles, outdoor fish ponds, and water supplies. Do not use on Boston Ivy.

Store out of the reach of children in a place not subject to freezing temperature.

Buyer's Guarantee Limited to Label Claims USDA Reg. No. 4-125
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ACCEPTED
 MAR 6, 1969
 UNDER THE FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG & COSMETIC ACT
 FUNGICIDE, INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE, OVICIDE, SCALICIDE
 FOR USE ON ROSES AND OTHER ORNAMENTALS
 REGISTERED UNDER THE
 FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT OF 1963
 4-125



1 Pt. makes up to 24 gallons

3 teaspoons = 1 tablespoon = 1/2 oz. Liquid

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

*Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate)	10.0%
**Captan N-[(trichloromethyl)thio]-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide	10.0%
***1.0% (dinitro (1-methylheptyl) phenyl crotonate)	0.7%
(other nitrophenols and derivatives chiefly dinitro (1-methylheptyl) phenol)	0.3%
****1,1-bis (p-chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroethanol	0.5%
Gamma isomer of Benzene Hexachloride from Lindane	0.5%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	78.0%

● *Reg. T.M.U.C.C.

100.0%

Lets the natural beauty of your flowers shine through 9 ways: 1) Insecticide 2) Aphicide 3) Miticide 4) Ovicide 5) Scalicide 6) Fungicide 7) No powder film 8) 7-day action 9) Clean, shiny leaves. Easy to use: Mixes instantly — no plugged nozzles.

New Rose Liquid is safe in use dilution on flowers including rose, carnation, gladiolus, zinnia, chrysanthemum, lilac, arbor vitae, juniper, hydrangea and azalea. Kills the following major ornamental pests and many other minor pests up to seven days when properly applied and protects plants from disease damage listed below.

Insects: Bagworm, birch leaf miner, blister beetles, flea beetles, Jap beetles, leaf hoppers, leaf rollers, mealy bugs, psyllids, rose aphids, rose slug, scale insects, tent caterpillars, exposed thrips, spider mites (European red, clover and two spotted).

Diseases: Powdery mildew, black spot, rust, leaf spot (alternaria), anthracnose, botrytis flower blight.