



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

Caswell 497E

FEB 16 1995

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Dietary Exposure Analysis for Imidacloprid (NTN) through the Use on Fruiting Vegetables and Brassica Leafy Vegetables Crop Groups, Lettuce, Grapes, Tomato Processed Commodities; Meat, Milk, Poultry and Eggs (PP#3F4231/3H5675).

FROM: Jennifer M. Wintersteen
Dietary Risk Evaluation Section
Science Analysis Branch/HED
Jennifer Wintersteen
(7509C)

TO: Dennis Edwards, PM Team 19
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division
(7505C)

THROUGH: Elizabeth A. Doyle, Section Head
Dietary Risk Evaluation Section
SAB/Health Effects Division
E.A. Doyle
W. J. Bur

Action Requested

Provide a Dietary Risk Evaluation System (DRES) analysis of the dietary exposure for imidacloprid through the proposed uses on various raw agricultural commodities (RACs). The following tolerances are being assessed in this analysis:

· Fruiting Veggies Crop Group	1.00 ppm
· Brassica Veggies Crop Group	3.50 ppm
· Grapes	1.00 ppm
· Lettuce	3.50 ppm
· Tomato paste	6.00 ppm
· Tomato puree	3.00 ppm
· meat, fat and byproducts of cattle, horses, sheep, goats and hogs	0.30 ppm
· meat, fat and meat byproducts of poultry	0.05 ppm
· eggs	0.02 ppm
· milk	0.10 ppm

Discussion

1. Toxicological Endpoint: The chronic analysis used a Reference Dose (RfD) of 0.057 mg/kg body weight/day, based on a no observed effect level (NOEL) of 5.7 mg/kg bwt/day and an uncertainty factor of 100. The NOEL is based on a chronic toxicity study in rats that demonstrated increased thyroid lesions in males as an endpoint effect. The HED RfD Peer Review Committee also classified imidacloprid as a Group E carcinogen (G. Ghali memo, 11/10/93).



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An acute dietary assessment is required by the Toxicology Endpoint Selection Document for Imidacloprid (M. Ottley and K. Baetcke memo, 4/18/94). The endpoint for acute dietary risk assessment is 24 mg/kg/day from the rabbit developmental study. The LEL (72 mg/kg/day) was based upon decreased body weight, and increased resorptions, abortion and increased skeletal abnormalities.

2. Residue Information: Food uses evaluated in this analysis were the published tolerances listed in 40 CFR §180.472 and the proposed new uses as recommended in a CBTS memo by F. Griffith dated 1/19/95. Hops is included in this analysis as a published commodity with an expiration date of 6/28/95.

Meat and milk tolerances, 0.3 and 0.1 ppm, respectively, for imidacloprid have recently been published. These published tolerances are equal to the proposed meat and milk tolerances in this petition.

No information has been provided for refinement of percent of crop treated or anticipated residues for either chronic or acute analyses. A summary of the residue information used in the analysis is attached as Table 1.

3. Results: A DRES chronic exposure analysis was performed using tolerance level residues and 100 percent crop treated information to estimate the Theoretical Maximum Residue Contribution (TMRC) for the general population and 22 subgroups.

Summaries of the TMRCs and their representations as percentages of the RfD for imidacloprid are attached as Table 2.

The following table provides exposure information for the U.S. population and the most highly exposed subgroup, children one to six years old. Exposure and percent of the Reference Dose for each proposed commodity is given in the table as well.

TMRC Exposure Estimates for Imidacloprid				
Commodity Type	U.S. Population (TMRC) (%RfD) (µg/kg/day)		Children (1-6 yrs) (TMRC) (%RfD) (µg/kg/day)	
Published Uses				
- hops				
- meat				
- milk				
- cottonseed				
- potatoes				
- apples				
- sorghum				
- TOTAL	2.594130	5	6.577375	12
Proposed Uses				
- Fruiting Veggies	3.682286	6	7.797148	14
- Brassica Veggies	0.718137	1	0.887115	2
- Grapes	0.265345	0.5	0.772070	1
- Poultry	0.025334	0.04	0.051560	0.09
- Eggs	0.011607	0.02	0.025999	0.05
- Tomato paste/purée ¹	2.964333	5	6.619601	12
- Lettuce	0.790699	1	0.623376	1
Total	8.087994	14	16.734728	29

¹ Tomatoes are part of the Fruiting Vegetables Crop Group. The exposure due to tomato paste and puree listed here is also reflected in the exposure from this crop group. Total exposure was calculated with tomato commodities included only once.

Acute Exposure

The DRES detailed acute exposure analysis evaluates individual food consumption as reported by respondents in the USDA 77-78 Nationwide Food Consumption Survey (NFCS) and estimates the distribution of single day exposures through the diet for the U.S. population and certain subgroups. The analysis assumes uniform distribution of imidacloprid in the commodity supply. Since the toxicological effect to which high end exposure is being compared in this analysis is developmental toxicity, the DRES subgroup of concern is females (13+ years) which approximates women of child-bearing age.

The Margin of Exposure (MOE) is a measure of how closely the high end exposure comes to the NOEL (the highest dose at which no effects were observed in the laboratory study), and is calculated as the ratio of the NOEL to the exposure ($\text{NOEL/exposure} = \text{MOE}$). For substances whose acute NOEL is based on animal studies, the Agency is not generally concerned unless the MOE is below 100.

In the analysis, tolerance level residues were used to calculate the high-end exposure for the females (13+ years) subgroup. Although the analysis considered only those individuals who consumed any of the commodities in the DRES data file for imidacloprid, the consuming population represents approximately 99% of the surveyed individuals. High end exposure was compared to the NOEL of 24 mg/kg bwt/day from the rabbit developmental study to get a high end Margin of Exposure. The MOE for females was calculated in the attached table and the results are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Females (13+ years) High End Exposure} &= 0.048 \text{ mg/kg/day} \\ \text{NOEL/Exposure} &= 24 \text{ mg/kg/day} \div 0.048 \text{ mg/kg/day} = 500\end{aligned}$$

Using the given endpoints, the MOE is not of concern for the subgroup females (13+ years) with an estimated MOE above 100. See attached Table 3 for a distribution of acute exposure.

Discussion

To the extent that this analysis used tolerance level residues and 100 percent-crop-treated assumptions, it is considered a "worst-case" picture of the dietary risk from imidacloprid. The chronic dietary risk from exposure of imidacloprid appears to be of minimal concern, with all DRES subgroups having TMRC values well below the Reference Dose.

The acute dietary analysis of imidacloprid is not of concern for females of child-bearing age considering the proposed tolerances.

There appears to be no dietary concern for the tolerances on the recommended commodities found on page 1 of this memo.

Attachments

cc: DRES, Caswell #497E, Tox I (M. Ottley), CBTS (Griffith)

Table 1.

CHEMICAL INFORMATION FOR CASSELL NUMBER 497E

DATE: 02/13/95

PAGE:

1

CHEMICAL	STUDY TYPE	EFFECTS	REFERENCE DOSES		DATA GAPS/COMMENTS	STATUS
			ADI	UF -->100		
Imidacloprid Cassell #497E CAS No. 105827-78-9 A.I. CODE: 129099 CFR No.	2yr feeding- rat NOEL= 5,7000 mg/kg 100.00 ppm LEL= 16,9000 mg/kg 300.00 ppm	Increased incidence of mineralized particles in thyroid colloid. No evidence of oncogenic- ity in rats or mice.	OPP RfD= 0.057000 EPA RfD= 0.000000			RfD/PR reviewed 06/22/93
ONCO: E (RfD/PR Committee)						

FOOD CODE	FOOD NAME	PETITION		TOLERANCE (PPM)	
		NUMBER	NEW	PENDING	PUBLISHED
01013AA	GRAPES-FRESH	3F4231	1.000000		
01014DA	GRAPES-RAISINS	3F4231	1.000000		
01014JA	GRAPES-JUICE	3F4231	1.000000		
04001AA	APPLES-FRESH	3F4169			0.500000
04001DA	APPLES-DRIED	3F4169			0.500000
04001JA	APPLES-JUICE	3F4169			0.500000
06007AA	MANGOES	4F4285		0.200000	
08020AA	HOPS	300343			3.000000
11001AA	EGGPLANT	3F4231	1.000000		
11003AA	PEPPERS,SWEET, GARDEN	3F4231	1.000000		
11003AB	CHILI PEPPERS	3F4231	1.000000		
11003AD	PEPPERS-OTHER	3F4231	1.000000		
11004AA	PIMIENTOS	3F4231	1.000000		
11005AA	TOMATOES-WHOLE	3F4231	1.000000		
11005JA	TOMATOES-JUICE	3F4231	3.000000		
11005RA	TOMATOES-PUREE	3F4231	6.000000		
11005TA	TOMATOES-PASTE	3F4231	1.000000		
11005UA	TOMATOES-CATSUP	3F4231	3.500000		
13005AA	BROCCOLI	3F4231	3.500000		
13006AA	BRUSSEL SPROUTS	3F4231	3.500000		
13007AA	CABBAGE-GREEN AND RED	3F4231	3.500000		
13008AA	CAULIFLOWER	3F4231	3.500000		
13009AA	COLLARDS	3F4231	3.500000		
13010AA	CABBAGE-CHINESE/CELERY, INC. BOK CHOY	3F4231	3.500000		
13011AA	KALE	3F4231	3.500000		
13012AA	KOHLRABI	3F4231	3.500000		
13013AA	LETTUCE-LEAFY VARIETIES	3F4231	3.500000		
13020AA	LETTUCE-UNSPECIFIED	3F4231	3.500000		
13021AA	MUSTARD GREENS	3F4231	3.500000		
13045AA	LETTUCE-HEAD VARIETIES	3F4169			0.300000
14013AA	POTATOES(WHITE)-WHOLE	3F4169			0.300000
14013AB	POTATOES(WHITE)-UNSPECIFIED	3F4169			0.300000
14013AC	POTATOES(WHITE)-PEELED	3F4169			0.300000
14013DA	POTATOES(WHITE)-DRY	3F4169			0.300000
14013HA	POTATOES(WHITE)-PEEL ONLY	4F4337			0.050000
24006AA	SORGHUM (INCLUDING MILO)	4F4169			6.000000
27003AA	COTTONSEED-OIL	4F4169			9.000000
27003MA	COTTONSEED-MEAL	4F4169			
43058AA	WINE AND SHERRY	3F4231			
50000DB	MILK-NON-FAT SOLIDS	4F4169	1.000000		0.100000

Table 1.

CHEMICAL INFORMATION FOR CASSELL NUMBER 497E

DATE: 02/13/95

PAGE: 2

CHEMICAL	STUDY TYPE	EFFECTS	REFERENCE DOSES	DATA GAPS/COMMENTS	STATUS
Imidacloprid Cassell #497E CAS No. 105827-78-9 A.I. CODE: 129099 CFR No.	2yr feeding- rat NOEL= 5.7000 mg/kg 100.00 ppm LEL= 16.9000 mg/kg 300.00 ppm ONCO: E (RfD/PR Committee)	Increased incidence of mineralized particles in thyroid colloid. No evidence of oncogenic- ity in rats or mice.	ADI UF -->100 OPP RfD= 0.057000 EPA RfD= 0.000000	No data gaps.	RfD/PR reviewed 04/22/93

FOOD CODE	FOOD NAME	PETITION NUMBER	NEW	TOLERANCE (PPM) PENDING	PUBLISHED
50000FA	MILK-FAT SOLIDS	4F4169			0.100000
50000SA	MILK SUGAR (LACTOSE)	4F4169			0.100000
53001BA	BEEF-MEAT BYPRODUCTS	4F4169			0.300000
53001BB	BEEF(ORGAN MEATS)-OTHER	4F4169			0.300000
53001DA	BEEF-DRIED	4F4169			0.300000
53001FA	BEEF(BONELESS)-FAT (BEEF TALLOW)	4F4169			0.300000
53001KA	BEEF(ORGAN MEATS)-KIDNEY	4F4169			0.300000
53001LA	BEEF(ORGAN MEATS)-LIVER	4F4169			0.300000
53001MA	BEEF(BONELESS)-LEAN (W/O REMOVEABLE FAT)	4F4169			0.300000
53002BA	GOAT-MEAT BYPRODUCTS	4F4169			0.300000
53002BB	GOAT(ORGAN MEATS)-OTHER	4F4169			0.300000
53002FA	GOAT(BONELESS)-FAT	4F4169			0.300000
53002KA	GOAT(ORGAN MEATS)-KIDNEY	4F4169			0.300000
53002LA	GOAT(ORGAN MEATS)-LIVER	4F4169			0.300000
53002MA	GOAT(BONELESS)-LEAN (W/O REMOVEABLE FAT)	4F4169			0.300000
53003AA	HORSE	4F4169			0.300000
53005BA	SHEEP-MEAT BYPRODUCTS	4F4169			0.300000
53005BB	SHEEP(ORGAN MEATS)-OTHER	4F4169			0.300000
53005FA	SHEEP(BONELESS)-FAT	4F4169			0.300000
53005KA	SHEEP(ORGAN MEATS)-KIDNEY	4F4169			0.300000
53005LA	SHEEP(ORGAN MEATS)-LIVER	4F4169			0.300000
53005MA	SHEEP(BONELESS)-LEAN (W/O REMOVEABLE FAT)	4F4169			0.300000
53006BA	PORK-MEAT BYPRODUCTS	4F4169			0.300000
53006BB	PORK(ORGAN MEATS)-OTHER	4F4169			0.300000
53006FA	PORK(BONELESS)-FAT (INCLUDING LARD)	4F4169			0.300000
53006KA	PORK(ORGAN MEATS)-KIDNEY	4F4169			0.300000
53006LA	PORK(ORGAN MEATS)-LIVER	4F4169			0.300000
53006MA	PORK-LEAN	4F4169			0.300000
55008BA	TURKEY-BYPRODUCTS	3F4231	0.050000		
55008LA	TURKEY-GIBLETS (SKIN)	3F4231	0.050000		
55008MA	TURKEY-FLESH(W/O SKIN, W/O BONES)	3F4231	0.050000		
55008MB	TURKEY-FLESH(+SKIN, W/O BONES)	3F4231	0.050000		
55008MC	TURKEY-UNSPECIFIED	3F4231	0.050000		
55013BA	POULTRY, OTHER-BYPRODUCTS	3F4231	0.050000		
55013LA	POULTRY, OTHER-GIBLETS(LIVER)	3F4231	0.050000		
55013MA	POULTRY, OTHER-FLESH (+SKIN, W/O BONES)	3F4231	0.050000		
55014AA	EGGS-WHOLE	3F4231	0.020000		
55014AB	EGGS-WHITE ONLY	3F4231	0.020000		
55014AC	EGGS-YOLK ONLY	3F4231	0.020000		
55015BA	CHICKEN-BYPRODUCTS	3F4231	0.050000		

Table 1.

CHEMICAL INFORMATION FOR CASWELL NUMBER 497E

DATE: 02/13/95

PAGE: 3

CHEMICAL		STUDY TYPE	EFFECTS	REFERENCE DOSES		DATA GAPS/COMMENTS	STATUS
Imidacloprid	Caswell #497E	2yr feeding- rat	Increased incidence of mineralized particles in thyroid colloid.	ADI UF -->100		No data gaps.	Rfd/PR reviewed 06/22/93
CAS No. 105827-78-9		NOEL= 5,7000 mg/kg		OPP Rfd= 0.057000			
A.I. CODE: 129099		LEL= 16,9000 mg/kg		EPA Rfd= 0.000000			
CFR No.		300.00 ppm	No evidence of oncogenic-ity in rats or mice.				
		ONCO: E (Rfd/PR Committee)					
FOOD CODE	FOOD NAME	PETITION NUMBER	NEW	TOLERANCE (PPM)			
				PENDING	PUBLISHED		
55015LA	CHICKEN-GIBLETS(LIVER)	3F4231	0.050000				
55015MA	CHICKEN-FLESH(M/O SKIN,M/O BONES)	3F4231	0.050000				
55015MB	CHICKEN-FLESH(+SKIN,M/O BONES)	3F4231	0.050000				

Table 2: Imidacloprid on Petition 3f4231/3H56/5

CHEMICAL INFORMATION		STUDY TYPE		EFFECTS		REFERENCE DOSES		DATA GAPS/COMMENTS		STATUS							
Imidacloprid Caswell #497E CAS No. 105827-78-9 A.I. CODE: 129099 CFR No.		2yr feeding- rat NOEL= 5.7000 mg/kg 100.00 ppm LEL= 16.9000 mg/kg 300.00 ppm ONCO: E (RfD/PR Committee)		Increased incidence of mineralized particles in thyroid colloid. No evidence of oncogenic-ity in rats or mice.		ADI OPP RfD= 0.057000 EPA RfD= 0.000000		No data gaps.		RfD/PR reviewed 04/22/93							
POPULATION SUBGROUP		TOTAL TMRC (MG/KG BODY WEIGHT/DAY)		CURRENT TMRC*		NEW TMRC**		NEW TMRC AS PERCENT OF RFD		DIFFERENCE AS PERCENT OF RFD		EFFECT OF ANTICIPATED RESIDUES		ARC		%RFD	
U.S. POPULATION - 48 STATES		0.002594		0.008088		14.189463		9.638358									
U.S. POPULATION - SPRING SEASON		0.002430		0.007688		13.487042		9.223460									
U.S. POPULATION - SUMMER SEASON		0.002499		0.007728		13.557321		9.173293									
U.S. POPULATION - FALL SEASON		0.002744		0.008459		14.840837		10.027309									
U.S. POPULATION - WINTER SEASON		0.002699		0.008457		14.836598		10.101014									
NORTHEAST REGION		0.002722		0.008410		14.754535		9.978268									
NORTH CENTRAL REGION		0.002667		0.008291		14.545756		9.867540									
SOUTHERN REGION		0.002332		0.007284		12.779346		8.688951									
WESTERN REGION		0.002764		0.008722		15.301900		10.452581									
HISPANICS		0.003044		0.008528		14.961621		9.621442									
NON-HISPANIC WHITES		0.002609		0.008210		14.403633		9.827302									
NON-HISPANIC BLACKS		0.002271		0.006994		12.270568		8.286121									
NON-HISPANIC OTHERS		0.002667		0.008576		15.046021		10.367528									
NURSING INFANTS (< 1 YEAR OLD)		0.004831		0.005485		9.623265		1.146958									
NON-NURSING INFANTS (< 1 YEAR OLD)		0.011653		0.014746		25.870911		5.427146									
FEMALES (13+ YEARS, PREGNANT)		0.001790		0.006714		11.778432		8.637902									
FEMALES 13+ YEARS, NURSING		0.002142		0.007632		13.388868		9.630498									
CHILDREN (1-6 YEARS OLD)		0.006577		0.016735		29.359172		17.819918									
CHILDREN (7-12 YEARS OLD)		0.004040		0.012404		21.760947		14.673144									
MALES (13-19 YEARS OLD)		0.002675		0.008391		14.721891		10.028779									
FEMALES (13-19 YEARS OLD, NOT PREG. OR NURSING)		0.002151		0.007105		12.464561		8.691330									
MALES (20 YEARS AND OLDER)		0.001790		0.006156		10.800475		7.659696									
FEMALES (20 YEARS AND OLDER, NOT PREG. OR NURS)		0.001533		0.005993		10.514782		7.824637									

*Current TMRC does not include new or pending tolerances.
 **New TMRC includes new, pending, and published tolerances.

Table 3: Acute Exposure Distribution for Imidacloprid

NOEL = 24.0 mg/kg bwt/day

DETAILED ACUTE ANALYSIS INCLUDING AR'S: ALL STATISTICS BASED ON USERS' DAILY CONSUMPTION 10:35 Friday, February 10, 1995

 NAME: IMIDACLOPRID STUDY RDV NOEL SF STUDY TYPE SPECIES EFF. LEV. CORE GRADE DOC. NO.
 *CASWELL NO: 497E A
 *CAS NO: 12909-90-0 SHAUGHNESSY NO: 129099 B
 *STATUS CODES: C
 *RDV INFO: The LD value used in this analysis is 0.0024 MG/KG of BODY WEIGHT/DAY
 *FILE INFO: No Tolerance Data Are Used--Without User Modifications.

 AR DATA: No User Modifications

FEMALES(13+ YRS)

ESTIMATED % OF POTENTIAL	MEAN DAILY RESIDUE CONTRIBUTION PER USER-DAY
ESTIMATES BASED ON PERSON DAYS THAT ARE USER-DAYS	MG/KG BODY WEIGHT/DAY AS PERCENT OF RDV
TOLERANCES: 0.00	0.000000
ANTICIPATED RESIDUES: 99.82	0.006277
ESTIMATED % OF POPULATION USER-DAYS WITH RESIDUE CONTRIBUTION EXCEEDING X TIMES THE RDV, FOR X=	261.53
0 .2 .4 .6 .8 1 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2 3 4 5 10 15 20	
ANTICIPATED RESIDUES:	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
100 96 89 81 73 66 60 54 49 45 41 27 19 14 4 1 0	

Exposure = RDV x X = 0.0024 x 20 = 0.048 mg/kg/day
 NOEL / Exposure = 24 mg/kg/day / 0.048 mg/kg/day = 500