

fale



OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES, AI TOXIC SUBSTANCES

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

24-SEP-1999

SUBJECT:

PP# 8F04980. Chlorfenapyr (i.e. Chlorfenapyr Insecticide

Cattle Ear Tag) in/on Meat & Milk. Amendment of 9/7/99. Revised Section F. MRID# none. Barcode D259238.

Chemical 129093. Case 290113. Submission S567814.

FROM:

George F. Kramer, Ph.D., Chemist

Registration Action Branch 1
Health Effects Division (7509C)

THROUGH: Melba Morrow, D.V.M., Branch Senior Scientist

Registration Action Branch 1 Health Effects Division (7509C)

TO:

Arnold Layne/Ann Sibold

Registration Division (7505C)

American Cyanamid Company has petitioned for permanent tolerances for residues of the insecticide/miticide chlorfenapyr [4-bromo-2-(chlorophenyl)-1-(ethoxymethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carbonitrile] in conjunction with the registration of Chlorfenapyr Insecticide Cattle Ear Tag as follows:

Milk .		•						• "			0.01	ppm
Milk Fa	at .			•	•				•		0.02	ppm
Cattle	Meat			•					•		0.01	ppm
Cattle	Fat								•		0.03	ppm
Cattle	Meat	: B3	pro	odu	icts	5.				•	0.05	ppm

Time-limited tolerances (in conjunction with a Section 18 registration on cotton) have been established for: cottonseed (0.5 ppm); Cotton gin byproducts (2.0 ppm); Fat\* (0.10 ppm); meat byproducts\* (0.3 ppm); Meat\* (0.01 ppm); Milk (0.01 ppm); Milk fat (0.15 ppm) [40 CFR §180.513(b); expires 1/31/01]. \*of beef, goat, swine, horse and sheep

The current amendment addresses deficiencies identified in HED's previous review (Memo, G. Kramer 8/19/99; D247483).

13

### Executive Summary of Chemistry Deficiencies

• None •

### CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

HED concludes there are no residue chemistry data requirements that would preclude the establishment of the proposed permanent tolerances for chlorfenapyr in/on milk and cattle RACs. As previous HED risk assessments have included meat and milk tolerances at higher values than those proposed in this action, a new risk assessment will not be required for this petition.

HED notes that meat and milk tolerances which are higher than those proposed in this petition have been established on a time-limited basis under [40 CFR §180.513(b) and proposed in PP#s 6E4683, 6F4623, and 5F4456. If any of these tolerances are established on a permanent basis, then the meat and milk tolerances proposed in this petition will not be necessary.

#### DETAILED CONSIDERATIONS

# Deficiency - Conclusion 7 (from Memo, G. Kramer 8/19/99; D247483)

7. Holstein dairy cows were tagged with chlorfenapyr with 2 ear tags. Samples were analyzed with method M 2405 (LOQ = 0.05 ppm) for liver and kidney; M 2398 (LOQ = 0.01 ppm) for muscle, fat, and milkfat; and M2395.01 (LOQ = 0.01 ppm) for milk. Quantifiable residues were observed only in milkfat (0.018 ppm) and fat (0.020 ppm). Based on the results of this study, the appropriate tolerances are:

Milk .								0.01	ppm
Milk F	at .							0.02	ppm
Cattle	Mea	t.						0.01	ppm
Cattle	Fat					-		0.03	ppm
Cattle									

A revised Section F is thus required for this petition.

Petitioner's Response: Submission of a revised Section F.

**HED's Conclusion:** The requested information has been provided. This deficiency is now resolved.

cc: PP#8F04980, G. Kramer (RAB1)

RDI: M. Morrow (9/24/99), Team (9/23/99)

G.F. Kramer:806T:CM#2:(703)305-5079:7509C:RAB1

### CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

HED concludes there are no residue chemistry data requirements that would preclude the establishment of the proposed permanent tolerances for chlorfenapyr in/on milk and cattle RACs. As previous HED risk assessments have included meat and milk tolerances at higher values than those proposed in this action, a new risk assessment will not be required for this petition.

HED notes that meat and milk tolerances which are higher than those proposed in this petition have been established on a time-limited basis under [40 CFR §180.513(b) and proposed in PP#s 6E4683, 6F4623, and 5F4456. If any of these tolerances are established on a permanent basis, then the meat and milk tolerances proposed in this petition will not be necessary.

## DETAILED CONSIDERATIONS

# Deficiency - Conclusion 7 (from Memo, G. Kramer 8/19/99; D247483)

7. Holstein dairy cows were tagged with chlorfenapyr with 2 ear tags. Samples were analyzed with method M 2405 (LOQ = 0.05 ppm) for liver and kidney; M 2398 (LOQ = 0.01 ppm) for muscle, fat, and milkfat; and M2395.01 (LOQ = 0.01 ppm) for milk. Quantifiable residues were observed only in milkfat (0.018 ppm) and fat (0.020 ppm). Based on the results of this study, the appropriate tolerances are:

Milk										_	_		_	_	_			0.01	חממ
144 7 1.	'n.					-				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Ppm
MITK	ra	ıτ	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠		•							0.02	ppm
Cattl	Le	Мe	at															0.01	ppm
Catt]	Le	Fa	t															0.03	mag
Catt]	e	Мę	at	В	ур	ro	du	ct	s									0.05	mag

A revised Section F is thus required for this petition.

Petitioner's Response: Submission of a revised Section F.

**HED's Conclusion:** The requested information has been provided. This deficiency is now resolved.

 $\sim$