DATA EVALUATION RECORD

- 1. CHEMICAL: XRD-498. Shaughnessey No. 129016.
- TEST MATERIAL: XRD-498; N-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-2. (1,2,4) triazolo (1,5-a)pyrimidine-2-sulfonamide; AGR 240043; CAS No. 098967-40-9; 99.6% purity; a white powder.
- **STUDY TYPE:** Avian Reproduction Study. Species Tested: 3. Bobwhite quail (Colinus virginianus).
- CITATION: Beavers, J.B., A. Corbitt, and M.J. Jaber. 1989. XRD-498 Herbicide, N-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-(1,2,4) triazolo (1,5-a)pyrimidine-2-sulfonamide: A One-Generation Reproduction Study with the Bobwhite (Colinus virginianus). Laboratory Project No. 103-297. Prepared by Wildlife International Ltd., Easton, MD. Submitted by DowElanco. MRID No. 419317-41.

5. REVIEWED BY:

Michael L. Whitten, M.S. Wildlife Toxicologist KBN Engineering and Applied Sciences, Inc.

Date: 12/4/91

APPROVED BY: 6.

Pim Kosalwat, Ph.D. Senior Toxicologist KBN Engineering and Applied Sciences, Inc.

Henry T. Craven, M.S. Supervisor, EEB/EFED USEPA

signature: P. Kosalwat

Signature: Muhal L. Walle

Date: 12/4/91

Signature: 7 Com

Date: 12/0/92

- 7. CONCLUSIONS: Nominal dietary concentrations of XRD-498 at 100 and 300 ppm a.i. had no effects upon behavior, food consumption, or reproduction in adult bobwhite quail during the 20-week exposure period. The NOEC was 300 ppm a.i., based upon reduced ratios for viable embryos/eggs set, hatchlings/eggs set, and 14-day survivors/eggs set. study is scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirements for an avian reproduction study.
- N/A. This study is being accepted as core even N/A. though 1st concentrations in the dust were not 8. RECOMMENDATIONS: I measured. This is because the diet was mixed fresh each week reducing the potential for degradation bottom mixings

9. BACKGROUND:

10. <u>Discussion of Individual Tests</u>: N/A.

11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

- A. <u>Test Animals</u>: The birds used in the test were penreared, unmated bobwhite quail (*Colinus virginianus*) obtained from Fritt's Quail Farm, Phillipsburg, New Jersey. At test initiation all birds were examined for physical injuries and general health. Birds that did not appear healthy were discarded. The birds were acclimated to the facilities for 8 weeks prior to the study, and were 22 weeks of age at test initiation. Adult birds were identified by individual leg bands.
- B. Dose/Diet Preparation/Food Consumption: Test diets were prepared by mixing XRD-498 herbicide into a pre-mix which was used for weekly preparation of the final diet. The control diet and three test concentrations (100, 300, and 600 ppm) were prepared weekly and presented to the birds on Monday of each week. When necessary, additional feed was prepared. Each of the four groups of adult birds was fed the appropriate diet from test initiation until terminal sacrifice. Dietary concentrations were adjusted for purity of the test substance, and are presented as ppm of the active ingredient (a.i.). The control diet contained an amount of the solvent (acetone) and carrier (corn oil) equal to that in the treated diets.

Basal diet for adult birds and their offspring was formulated by Agway, Inc. The composition of the diet was presented in the report. The test substance was not mixed into the diet of the offspring. Food and water were supplied ad libitum during acclimation and during the test. Six samples from the control and each treatment concentration were collected on day 0 of week 1 to determine the homogeneity of the test material in the diet. These samples, along with verification samples collected on day 0 of weeks 9 and 18, were used to calculate mean measured concentrations. Samples were collected on day 7 of weeks 1, 9, and 18 to evaluate the stability of the test material in the diet. All samples were frozen immediately after collection, and remained frozen until analyzed by Dow Chemical Co.

Food consumption in each pen was determined once each week throughout the study.

C. <u>Design</u>: The birds were randomly distributed into four groups as follows:

XRD-498 Herbicide Nominal	Number	Birds	Per Pen
Concentration	of Pens	Males	<u>Females</u>
Control (0 ppm)	16	1	1
100 ppm	16	1	1
300 ppm	16	1	1
600 ppm	16	1	1

Treatment levels were based upon known toxicity data and consultation with the sponsor. The primary phases of the study and their approximate durations were as follows:

- 1. Acclimation 8 weeks.
- 2. Pre-photostimulation 7 weeks.
- 3. Pre-egg laying (with photostimulation) 3 weeks.
- 4. Egg laying 9 weeks.
- 5. Post-adult sacrifice (final incubation, hatching, 14-day offspring rearing period) 5 weeks.
- Pen Facilities: Adult birds were housed indoors in pens constructed of wire grid and sheeting. Pens measured approximately 30 cm x 51 cm. The pens had sloping floors which resulted in a ceiling height ranging from 21 to 26 cm. The average temperature in the adult study room was 17.5°C ± 2.5°C (SD) with an average relative humidity of 40% ± 13% (SD).

The photoperiod during acclimation and during the first 7 weeks of the study was 8 hours of light per day. The photoperiod was then increased to 17 hours of light per day and maintained at that level until sacrifice of adult birds. The birds were exposed to approximately 130 lux of illumination throughout the study.

e. Adult Observations/Gross Pathology: Adult birds were observed at least once daily throughout the study for signs of toxicity or abnormal behavior. All birds that died during the study were necropsied. As soon as practical after the death of the bird, the penmate was sacrificed and necropsied. At study termination, all surviving birds were sacrificed and necropsied. Adult birds were weighed at test initiation, at the end of weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, and at study termination.

Eggs were collected daily from all pens, marked according to pen of origin, and fumigated to prevent pathogen contamination. The eggs were then stored at 10.4°C ± 0.8°C (SD) and 68% relative humidity until incubated. Eggs were removed from the storage room weekly and candled. Cracked or abnormal eggs were discarded. All eggs that were not cracked, abnormal or used for egg shell thickness measurements were placed in an incubator at $37.5^{\circ}C \pm 0.05^{\circ}C$ (SD) and 56% relative humidity. Eggs were candled again on day 11 of incubation to determine embryo viability and on day 21 to determine embryo survival. All eggs were turned automatically while in the incubator. were placed in a hatcher on incubation day 21. Temperature in the hatcher was 37.2°C ± 0.6°C (SD) with a relative humidity of 76%.

Weekly throughout the egg laying period, one egg was collected, when available, from each of the odd numbered pens during the odd numbered weeks, and from each of the even numbered pens during the even numbered weeks. These eggs were used for egg shell thickness measurements. The average thickness of the dried shell plus membrane was determined by measuring (to the nearest 0.005 mm) five points around the waist of the egg using a micrometer.

- G. <u>Hatchlings</u>: All hatchlings and unhatched eggs were removed from the hatcher on day 25 or 26 of incubation. The average body weight of the hatchlings by pen was then determined. Hatchlings were leg-banded for identification by pen of origin and then placed in brooding pens until 14 days of age. Each brooding pen measured 72 cm x 90 cm x 23 cm high, and was constructed of galvanized wire mesh and sheeting. Brooder temperatures were maintained at approximately 38°C. The photoperiod was maintained at 16 hours of light per day. Hatchlings were fed untreated diet. At 14 days of age, the average body weight by parental pen of all survivors was determined.
- H. Statistics: Upon completion of the study, Dunnett's method was used to determine statistically significant differences between the control group and each of the treatment groups. Sample units were the individual pens within each experimental group. Percentage data were examined using Dunnett's method following arcsine transformation. The pens in which mortality occurred were not used in statistical comparisons of the data.

Each of the following parameters was analyzed statistically:

Adult Body Weight
Adult Feed Consumption
Eggs Laid of Maximum Laid
Eggs Cracked of Eggs Laid
Viable Embryos of Eggs Set
Live 3-Week Embryos of
Viable Embryos
Hatchlings of 3-Week
Embryos
Hatchlings of Eggs Set

Offspring Body Weight
Hatchlings of Maximum Set
14-Day Old Survivors of
Maximum Set
14-Day Old Survivors of
Eggs Set
14-Day Old Survivors of
of Hatchlings
Egg Shell Thickness

12. REPORTED RESULTS

- A. <u>Diet Analysis</u>: The results of the diet analyses showed that homogeneity and stability were within acceptable limits. Mean measured concentrations of samples collected on the first day of weeks 1, 9, and 18 were 95 ppm, 285 ppm, and 584 ppm (Table 6, attached). These values correspond to 95%, 95%, and 97% of the nominal concentrations of 100, 300, and 600 ppm, respectively. Detailed results of diet analyses were presented in Appendix XII of the report.
- B. Mortality and Behavioral Reactions: There were no treatment-related mortalities at any concentration tested. Three incidental mortalities (all were females) occurred during the study. One mortality occurred in the control group, one at 100 ppm, and one at 300 ppm. No mortalities occurred in the 600-ppm group.

Necropsy results of all mortalities and sacrificed birds were included in the report. Due to the nature of the lesions observed at necropsy, all mortalities were considered to be incidental to treatment. Similarly, all lesions observed in sacrificed birds were considered to be unrelated to treatment.

No overt signs of toxicity were observed at any concentration.

C. <u>Adult Body Weight and Food Consumption</u>: No significant differences in body weights between the control and any treatment group were noted at any body weight interval.

There were no apparent treatment related effects upon feed consumption at any concentration (Table 2, attached). There was a slight, but significant

reduction in feed consumption at 100 ppm during week 7, at 300 ppm during week 3, and at 600 ppm during weeks 1 and 3. These differences were considered to be unrelated to treatment.

- D. Reproduction: When compared to the control group, there were no significant differences in reproductive parameters at any concentration tested (Tables 3 & 3A, attached). While not statistically significant, at 600 ppm there may have been a slight reduction in viable embryos as a percentage of eggs set. Six of the sixteen pens in this treatment group had values one standard deviation or more below the control mean. This reduction also was reflected in both hatchlings and 14-day old survivors as percentages of eggs set.
- E. <u>Egg Shell Thickness</u>: When compared to the control group, there were no significant differences in egg shell thickness at any concentration.
- F. Offspring Body Weight: There were no significant differences between the control and any treatment group in body weight of offspring at hatching or at 14 days of age.
- "Dietary concentrations of XRD-498 herbicide at 100 ppm, 300 ppm, and 600 ppm did not result in treatment related mortalities, overt signs of toxicity, or effects upon adult body weight or feed consumption during the 20 week exposure period. There were no statistically significant effects upon reproductive parameters at 100 ppm, 300 ppm or 600 ppm. However, in the 600 ppm treatment group, there may have been a slight reduction in viable embryos as a percentage of eggs set."

The report stated that study was conducted in conformance with Good Laboratory Practice regulations (40 CFR Part 160). Quality assurance audits were conducted during the study and the final report was signed by the Quality Assurance Auditor of Wildlife International Ltd.

14. Reviewer's Discussion and Interpretation of the Study:

A. <u>Test Procedure</u>: The test procedures were in accordance with Subdivision E - Hazard Evaluation: Wildlife and Aquatic Organisms, ASTM, and SEP guidelines except for the following deviations:

The average temperature in the adult study room was 17.5°C; 21°C is recommended.

Eggs were stored at a temperature of approximately 10°C; 16°C is recommended.

Eggs were candled on day 21 to determine embryo survival; day 18 is recommended.

Behavioral observations of offspring were not reported.

Observations on food palatability were not reported.

B. Statistical Analysis: Statistical procedures differed from recommended methods. Specifically, there is no basis for transforming the number of eggs laid and the number of hatchlings to percentile values of the maximum number of eggs laid or set in any test group.

Statistical analyses of reproductive parameters were performed by the reviewer using analysis of variance (ANOVA) following square-root transformation of the count data and arcsine square-root transformation of the ratio data. The comparison between control data and data from each treatment level was made using multiple comparison tests. The computer program used is based on the EEB Bigbird program, with an exception that the count data were square-root transformed before the ANOVA. The significance level was $p \leq 0.05$.

Analyses of reproductive parameters were verified (results attached) and found to match those reported by the authors, except for the parameters of eggs hatched/3-week live embryos, and female body weight. The values for hatchlings/3-week live embryos were greater at 100 and 300 ppm than in the controls. These differences are not considered to be treatment-related. Female body weight change from initiation to termination at 600 ppm was significantly different from control values. Because females at 600 ppm gained more weight than the controls (Table 1, attached), the difference is not attributed to treatment.

C. <u>Discussion/Results</u>: As the authors indicate, the following parameters were reduced at 600 ppm: viable embryos/eggs set, hatchlings/eggs set, and 14-day survivors/eggs set. While the differences were not statistically significant, a conservative approach in a risk assessment is to assume, as did the authors, that

these values represent treatment effects. Therefore, the NOEC was 300 ppm.

The authors state that no overt signs of toxicity were observed at any concentration, but further state that incidental signs such as "... wing droop, a ruffled appearance, lethargy, and depression were noted at various concentrations during the study." Since wing droop, a ruffled appearance, lethargy, and depression (i.e., reduced activity) are often symptoms of pesticide toxicity, the authors should, in future reports, provide more information regarding why these observations were not considered to be signs of toxicity.

This study is scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirements for an avian reproduction study.

D. Adequacy of the Study:

- (1) Classification: Core.
- (2) Rationale: Deviations from protocols were minor and probably did not affect the validity of the study.
- (3) Repairability: N/A.
- 15. COMPLETION OF ONE-LINER: Yes; November 26, 1991.

RIN 1767-93

REVIEWS FOR BROADSTRIKE (FLUMETSULAM 129016)
Page is not included in this copy.
Pages 9 through 13 are not included.
The material not included contains the following type of information:
Identity of product inert ingredients.
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Description of quality control procedures.
Identity of the source of product ingredients.
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TREATMENT LEVEL: 300 PPM

			THICK 🛠	HATWT	SURVWT	FOOD	
CASE	33		0	•	**		
CASE	34		ŏ	6 6	27	487	
CASE	35		Ŏ	4	22	458	
CASE	36		Ō	4	22 24	395 454	
CASE	37		Ö	6	21	454 474	
CASE	38		0	5	23	398	
CASE	39		0	7	26	434	
CASE	40		Ō	· ·	•	511	
Case Case	41 42		0	6	24	397	•
CASE	43		0	6	24	447	
CASE	44		0	5	17	408	
CASE	45		Ö	6	27	424	
CASE	46		0	6 5	23	463	
CASE	47		Ö	6	19	486	
CASE	48	ŕ	•		22	385	
•			·	•	.•	244	
CASE	T 49	REATMENT I	LEVEL 600 PP				
CASE	50		ŏ	6 6	22	442	•
CASE	51		ŏ	6	21	403	
CASE	52		Ŏ	5	22 20	405	
CASE	53		0	5	22	461 504	
CASE	54		Ö	5 6	23	451	
CASE	55		0	6	23	370	
CASE	56		0	6	23	484	
CASE	57		0	5 6	24	439	
CASE	58		0	6	23	457	
CASE	59		0	5	23	451	
CASE CASE	60		0	5	25	462	
CASE	61 62		0	6	26	505	
CASE	63		0	6	23	375	
CASE	64		0	6	21	429	
			O	6	23	378	
		•	Eggshell	thickness	(mm)		
	$T T_{-M}$	RT THICK 0 0.229		~			
C 01	tool 1		रिष्मा	0.212	300000000.219	600pgm	
		0 .	1	0.219	2 0.234		
		0 .	1	0.222	2 0.243		0.214
		0 0.199	1	0.186	2 0.218		0.195
		0 0.199	1	0.214	2 0.231	J	0.209
		0 0.203	1	0.206	2 0.231	•	0.191
		0 0.204	. 1	•		•	0.23
		0 0.194	1	0.192			0.219
		0 0.205	1	0.189	2 0.167	-	0.195
A		0 0.201	1	0.201	2 0.213	•	0.159
; :		0 0.22	i	-	2 0.212	-	0.203
•		0 0.21	i	0.181	2 0.19		0.197
		0 0.208	i	0.22	2 0.235	_	0.219
		0 0.201	1	0.212	2 0.23	3	0.206
		0 0.217	i	0.208	2 0.204	3	0.218-
		0 0.205-	1	0.204	2 0.218	3	0.214
		.3	•		? .	3	0.207

REPRODUCTION/BOBWHITE QUAIL

TREATMENT LEVEL: 0 PPM

		THIC	K ★ HATW:	r survwt	FOOD
CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	0 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 · · · 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 5 5 6	22 21 22 26 23 22 20 24 23 27 26 22	392 371 203 468 446 439 442 485 497 444 480 374 424
CASE CASE	15 16	0	6	24 31	465 484
CASE	TI 17	REATMENT LEVEL:	100 PPM 6	24	465
CASE	18	0	6	21	397
CASE	19	0	6	22	462
CASE CASE	20	0	5	18 17	483 423
CASE	21 22	0	5	21	392
CASE	23		•	. •	474
CASE	24	.0	6	25	424
CASE	25 26	0	6 5	26 24	460 422
CASE	27	•			13
CASE	28	0	5	24	410
CASE	29	0	6	25	393
CASE	30	0	6	23	441 432
CASE CASE	31 32	0	6 5	26 21	432 406

* See following page for eggshell thickness values

ANOVA on food

DEP VAR:	FOOD N:	64 M	ULTIPLE R: 0.165	SQUARED MUI	LTIPLE R: 0.02
	A	NALYSIS	OF VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUAL	RES DI	F MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	9553.37	7.5 3	3184.458	0.556	0.646
ERROR	343435.62	25 60	5723.927		0.040
ost-hoc cont	rast of treat	ment 1	with control.		
TEST FOR EFFI TEST OF HYPO	ECT CALLED: THESIS	TRT			
SOURCE	SS	DF	· MS	F	P
					•
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	5330.281 343435.625	1 60	5330.281 5723.927	0.931	0.338
HYPOTHESIS ERROR Ost-hoc contr	343435.625 ast of treatm	60	5723.927	0.931	0.338
HYPOTHESIS ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTH	343435.625 ast of treatm	60 ent 2 w	5723.927	0.931 F	0.338 P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR OSt-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTH	343435.625 ast of treatm CT CALLED: HESIS	60 ent 2 w	5723.927	•	
HYPOTHESIS ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFECT EST OF HYPOTH SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	343435.625 ast of treatm CT CALLED: HESIS SS 63.281 343435.625	ent 2 w TRT DF 1 60	5723.927 ith control. MS 63.281 5723.927	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFECT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR OST-hoc contr	343435.625 ast of treatm CT CALLED: HESIS SS 63.281 343435.625 ast of treatm	ent 2 w TRT DF 1 60	5723.927 ith control. MS 63.281 5723.927	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFECT EST OF HYPOTH SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	343435.625 ast of treatm CT CALLED: HESIS SS 63.281 343435.625 ast of treatm	ent 2 w TRT DF 1 60	5723.927 ith control. MS 63.281 5723.927	F	P

XRD-498 BOBWHITE QUAIL

TREATMEN	T LEVEL:	Contro	1 (0 ppm)						
			EL	EC	ES	VE	LE21	HAT	TWOWK
CASE	1		34	1	30	29	29	28	24
CASE	2		0	0	0	0	0	.0	Ö
CASE	3		•		•		•		•
CASE	· 4		29	0	25	18	18	17	15
CASE	5		35	0	31	19	19	19	18
CASE	6		41	2	35	32	32	32	30
CASE	7		44	0	40	40	40	39	37
CASE	.8		38	0	34	33	32	26	24
CASE	9		23	2	. 18	18	18	17	16
CASE	10		53	5	44	41	4.0	35	35
CASE	11		30	4	20	15	13	9	5
CASE	12		34	1	29	29	29	26	25
CASE	13		48	.0	44	44	44	43	. 33
CASE	14		48	Ò	44	42	42	36	33
CASE	15		41	0	35	-35	34	31	28
CASE '	16		20	.0	16	14	14	13	13
		Sums	518	15	445	409	404	371	336
TREATMENT	LEVEL:	100 ppm							
CASE	17		46	0	42	32	32	30	30
CASE	18		12	0	9	8	.8	.8	8
CASE	19		35	0	32	29	29	29	27
CASE	20		26	0	22	21	20	20	12
CASE	21		17	1	14	14	14	14	13
CASE	22		27	1	23	22	22	22	22
CASE	23		0	0	Ò	0	0	0	0
CASE	24		36	0	32	26	26	26	25
CASE	25		36	0	32	23	23	22	22
CASE	26		45	0	40	33	32	30	24
CASE	27			.•			.•		
CASE	28		48	1	43	43	43	43	3.6
CASE	29		30	0	27	26	26	26	26
CASE	30		43	0	39	37	37	33	30
CASE	31		53	0	49	46	46	40	40
CASE	32		39	1	34	34	34	30	23
		Sums	493	4	438	394	392	373	338

XRD-498/QUAIL

TREATMEN	IT LEVEL	.: 300 pp	120						
			EL	EC	ES	VE	LE21	HAT	TWOWK
CASE	33		34	0	31	29	29	28	
CASE	34		44	0	40	36	36	26 35	26
CASE	35		14 .	0	11	8	7	33 7	33
CASE	36		18	0	16	15	15	14	4
CASE	37		45	0	41	41	41		11
CASE	38		18	1	14	14	14	41 14	37
CASE	39		31	3	22	21	21		10
CASE	40		1	Ó	Ö	0	0	21 0	20
CASE	41		42	2	35	32	32	31	0
CASE	42		43	.5	34	33	33	30	28
CASE	4.3		17	1	13	9	9	9	26
CASE	44		28	3	21	21	21		8
CASE	45		36	7	25	22	21	21	21
CASE	46		40	2	34	22	22	21	18
CASE	47		. 32	3	25	22	22	21 21	17
CASE	48		•			•		21	19
		Sums	, 443	27	362	325	323	314	278
TREATMEN	T LEVEL:	: 600 ppm	ı						
CASE	49		34						
CASE	50		45	0	30	30	30	30	24
CASE	51		54	2	39	38	36	32	25
CASE	52		38	3	47	. 41	41	39	36
CASE	53		30	2	32	32	32	32	27
CASE	54		47	0	27	19	19	.18	15
CASE	55		27	1 0	42	32	32	23	21
CASE	56		47		24	22	22	19	18
CASE	57		49	1 2	42	42	42	16	14
CASE	58		29	0	43	25	24	22	20
CASE	59		49	Ö	25 45	18	18	18	17
CASE	60		15	1		42	42	35	33
CASE	61		28	i	12 23	12	12	12	11
CASE	62		31	0	23 27	21	21	17	15
CASE	63		30	0	26	26	26	25	24
CASE	64		30	0	26 26	5	.5	5	4
			00	v	25	17	17	17	11
		Sums	583	13	510	422	419	360	315

ANOVA on	SQR (Eggs	Laid)
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DEP VAR: SEL N: 61 MULTIPLE R: 0.181 SQUARED MULTIPLE R: 0.033

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

SOURCE SUM-OF-SQUARES DF MEAN-SQUARE F-RATIO P TRT 4.579 3 1.526 0.641 0.592 ERROR 135.826 57 2.383

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 1 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED: TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

TRT

SOURCE SS DF MS F P HYPOTHESIS 0.238 1 0.238 0.100 0.753 ERROR 135.826 57 2.383

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 2 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE SS DF MS F P HYPOTHESIS 1.219 1 1.219 0.512 0.477 ERROR 135.826 57 2.383

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 3 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE SS DF MS F P HYPOTHESIS 0.892 1 0.892 0.374 0.543 ERROR 135.826 57 2.383

ANOVA on SQR(Eggs Cracked)

			ANOVA	on SQR(Eggs	Cracked)	
DEP VAR:	SEC	N: 61	MULTIE	PLE R: 0.335	SQUARED MULTIP	LE R: 0.112
		ANA	LYSIS C	F VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-0	F-SQUARE	S DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	[P
TRT	•	3.972	3	1.324	2.401	0.077
ERROR	-	31.424	57	0.551		
ost-hoc co	ntrast o	f treatme	ent 1 w	ith control.		
TEST FOR E	FFEGT CA		TRT		•	
SOUR	CE	SS	DF	MS	F.	P
HYPOTHES: ERRO		0.855 31.424	1 57	0.855 0.551	1.551	0.218
EST FOR EFF TEST OF HYP	ECT CALI OTHESIS	.ED:	TRT	with control.		
SOURC	E	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESI ERRO		1.138 31.424	1 57	1.138 0.551	2.063	0.156
death and a second						
				th control.		
TEST FOR EF	FECT CAL		nt 3 wi	th control.		
SET-hoc con SEST FOR EF SEST OF HYP SOURCE	FECT CAL OTHESIS			th control.	F	P

ANOVA on SQR(Eggs Set)

	AN	ALYSIS (OF VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUAR	ES DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	6.64	L 3	2.214	0.947	0.424
ERROR	133.194	57	2.337		
Post-hoc con	trast of treatm	ent 1 w	rith control.		
TEST FOR EF	FECT CALLED: OTHESIS	TRT			
SOURC	E SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESI:	0.048	1	0.048	0.021	Λ 007
ERROI		57	2.337	0.021	0.887
	R 133.194 Frast of treatments	57	2.337	0.021	0.887
Post-hoc cont	Trast of treatments	57	2.337	F. 0.021	0.887 P
Post-hoc cont TEST FOR EFF TEST OF HYPO	rast of treatmers CTHESIS SS 2.253	57 ent 2 w	2.337		
Post-hoc cont TEST FOR EFF TEST OF HYPO SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	Trast of treatments of treatments of treatments of treatments of treatments of treatments of the second of the sec	TRT DF 1 57	2.337 ith control. MS 2.253 2.337	F	P
Post-hoc cont TEST FOR EFF TEST OF HYPO SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR ost-hoc cont	Trast of treatments of treatme	TRT DF 1 57	2.337 ith control. MS 2.253 2.337	F	P
Post-hoc cont TEST FOR EFF TEST OF HYPO SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	Trast of treatments of treatme	57 ent 2 wint TRT DF 1 57	2.337 ith control. MS 2.253 2.337	F	P

ANOVA on SQR(Viable Embryos)

	VE N: 61			UARED MULTIPL	E R: 0.026
	AN	ALYSIS (OF VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUAR	ES DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	3.62	2 3	1.207	0.504	0.681
ERROR	136.60	3 57	2.397		3.301
ost-hoc contro		ment 1 w	ith control.		
TEST FOR EFFE(TEST OF HYPOTH	CT CALLED: HESIS	TRT			
SOURCE	ss	DF	MS	F .	P
HYPOTHESIS	0.076	•		<u>-</u>	
		1	0.076	0.032	0.859
ERROR	136.603	57	2.397	·	0.839
Dest-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTH	st of treatme T CALLED: ESIS	ent 2 wi	th control.		0.839
DST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTH	st of treatme T CALLED: ESIS SS	ent 2 wi		F	Р
ost-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFEC TEST OF HYPOTH	st of treatme T CALLED: ESIS	ent 2 wi	th control.		
PST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTHI SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	st of treatment T CALLED: ESIS SS 2.419 136.603	TRT DF 1 57	MS 2.419 2.397	F	P
OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTHIS SOURCE HYPOTHESIS	St of treatments CALLED: SS 2.419 136.603	TRT DF 1 57	MS 2.419 2.397	F	P
SST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT TEST OF HYPOTHI SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR St-hoc contras EST FOR EFFECT	St of treatments CALLED: SS 2.419 136.603	TRT DF 1 57	MS 2.419 2.397	F	P 0.319
SST-hoc contractions of the contraction of the cont	St of treatment T CALLED: ESIS SS 2.419 136.603 t of treatment CALLED: SIS	TRT DF 1 57 nt 3 with	MS 2.419 2.397 Ch control.	F 1.009	P

ANOVA on SQR(21-day Live Embryos)

DED TIAD				on SQR(21-day	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
DEP VAR:	SLE21	N:	61	MULTIPLE R: 0.16	60 SQUARED M	ULTIPLE R: 0.
		ANAL	YSIS	OF VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF	-SQUARES	DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT		3.583	.3	1.194	0.498	0.685
ERROR		136.853	57	2.401		
ost-hoc con TEST FOR EN	FFECT CAL		t 1 v	with control.		
Sourc	E S	SS	DF	MS	F.	P
HYPOTHESI ERRO		0.047	1	0.047	0.020	0.889
ERRU	K 13	6.853	57	2.401		
st-hoc con	trast of	treatment		2.401		
st-hoc con EST FOR EF EST OF HYPO SOURCE	trast of FECT CALL OTHESIS	treatment	2 w		F	P
st-hoc con EST FOR EF	trast of FECT CALL OTHESIS S	treatment ED: 1	: 2 w:	ith control.	F 0.954	
St-hoc con EST FOR EFF EST OF HYPO SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR t-hoc cont	trast of FECT CALL OTHESIS S 136 Tast of t	treatment ED: 1 S 2.291 5.853	2 w	ith control. MS 2.291		P
ST-hoc con EST FOR EFI EST OF HYPO SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	trast of FECT CALL OTHESIS S 136 Tast of t ECT CALLE THESIS	treatment ED: 7 S 2.291 5.853 Freatment D: Ti	2 wind 2	MS 2.291 2.401		P

ANOVA on SQR(Hatched)

DEP VAR: SHAT N: 61 MULTIPLE R: 0.117 SQUARED MULTIPLE R: 0.014

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

SOURCE SUM-OF-SQUARES DF MEAN-SQUARE F-RATIO TRT 1.723 3 0.574 0.261 0.853 ERROR 125.202 57 2.197

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 1 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE SS DF MS F P HYPOTHESIS 0.006 1 0.006 0.003 0.959 ERROR 125.202 57 2.197

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 2 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE SS DF MS F Ρ HYPOTHESIS 1.178 1 1.178 0.536 0.467 ERROR 125.202 57 2.197

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 3 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE SS DF MS F P HYPOTHESIS 0.038 1 0.038 0.017 0.896 ERROR 125.202 57 2.197

ANOVA on SQR(Two week Survivors)

DEP VAR: STWOWK N: 61 MULTIPLE R: 0.131 SQUARED MULTIPLE R: 0.017

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUARES	DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P	
TRT	2.111	3	0.704	0.334	0.801	
ERROR	120.224	57	2.109			
	<u> </u>		<u>. </u>			······································

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 1 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED: TRT TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	0.010 120.224	1 57	0.010 2.109	0.005	0.947

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 2 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED: TRT TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE DF MS F P SS HYPOTHESIS 1.456 1 1.456 0.690 0.410

57 2.109 ERROR 120.224

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 3 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED: TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

F P SOURCE SS DF MS 0.146 0.069 0.793 0.146 1 HYPOTHESIS ÉRROR 120.224 57 2.109

ANOVA on EC/EL

		WIACAN	OH EC/EL		
DEP VAR: I	RESP1 N: 59	MUI	LTIPLE R: 0.339	SQUARED MULT	IPLE R: 0.115
	ANA	LYSIS (F VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUARES	S DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	389.307	3	129.769	2.375	0.080
ERROR	3005.035	55	54.637		
ost-hoc con	trast of treatme	ent 1 v	with control.	-	iliya ya ya ya ya ya kata ka ya ka
TEST FOR EFI	FECT CALLED: OTHESIS	TRT	46		
SOURCE	E SS	DF	MS	F.	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR		1 55	76.562 54.637	1.401	0.242
	trast of treatments FECT CALLED: OTHESIS	ent 2 v	with control.		
SOURCE	E SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROI		1 55	112.091 54.637	2.052	0.158
ost-hoc con	trast of treatme	ent 3 v	with control.	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
TEST FOR EF	FECT CALLED: OTHESIS	TRT			
SOURCE	E SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHES IS			2.018 54.637	0.037	0.848

ANOVA on VE/ES

RESP2 N: 58 MULTIPLE R: 0.193 SQUARED MULTIPLE R: 0.037 DEP VAR: ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE SOURCE SUM-OF-SQUARES DF MEAN-SQUARE F-RATIO P TRT 400.140 3 133.380 0.696 0.558 ERROR 10342.785 54 191.533 Post-hoc contrast of treatment 1 with control. TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED: TRT TEST OF HYPOTHESIS SOURCE SS DF MS F P HYPOTHESIS 23.727 1 23.727 0.124 0.726 ERROR 10342.785 54 191.533 Post-hoc contrast of treatment 2 with control. TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED: TRT TEST OF HYPOTHESIS SOURCE SS DF MS F P HYPOTHESIS 65.979 1 65.979 0.344 0.560 10342.785 54 ERROR 191.533 Post-hoc contrast of treatment 3 with control. TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED: TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE

ERROR

HYPOTHESIS

SS

365.913

10342.785

DF

1

54

MS

365.913

191.533

1.910

0.173

ANOVA on LE21/VE

DEP VAR: RESP3 N: 58 MULTIPLE R: 0.156 SQUARED MULTIPLE R: 0.024

ANALYSIS OF VARIA	ANA	.YS1S	OF	VAR	TANCE
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	ANA	LYSIS C	F VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUARE	S DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P .
TRT	38.460	.3	12.820	0.447	0.721
ERROR	1549.380	54	28.692		.
Post-hoc cont	rast of treatme	ent 1 w	ith control.		
TEST FOR EFFI TEST OF HYPOT	ECT CALLED: THESIS	TRT	•		
SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F.	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	27.044 1549.380	1 54	27.044 28.692	0.943	0.336
Post-hoc cont TEST FOR EFFEC TEST OF HYPOTH	rast of treatme I CALLED: I ESIS	ent 2 w	ith control.		
SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	10.488 1549.380	1 54	10.488 28.692	0.366	0.548
Post-hoc contra	st of treatmen	t 3 wit	th control.		
TEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTH	T CALLED:	TRT			
SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	30.828 1549.380	1 54	30.828 28.692	1.074	0.305

ANOVA on HAT/LE21

EP VAR:	RESP4	N: 58	MULTI	PLE R: 0.361	SQUARED MULTIP	LE R: 0.131
		ANAL	YSIS O	F VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-	OF-SQUARES	DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT		906.605	3	302.202	2.703	0.054
ERROR		6038.203	54	111.819		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.,			• • •		
rest for ef	FECT C	ALLED:	TRT	ith control.		
SOURC	E	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESI ERRO		417.189 6038.203	1 54	417.189 111.819	3.731	0.059 100 ppm > C
ost-hoc con TEST FOR EF			nt 2 w	ith control.		
TEST OF HYP					•,	*
SOURC	E	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESI		530.545	1	530.545	4.745	0.034
ERRO	R	6038.203	54	111.819		Boo ppm > cont
ost-hoc con	trast	of treatme	nt 3 w	ith control.		
TEST FOR EF TEST OF HYP			TRT			
SOURC	E	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHES I ERRO		3.113 6038.203	1 54	3.113 111.819	0.028	0.868

ANOVA on TWOWK/HAT

DEP VAR: R	ESP5 N: 58	3 MULTI	PLE R: 0.307	SQUARED MULTIE	PLE R: 0.094
	ANA	ALYSIS O	F VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUARE	ES DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	584.208	3	194.736	1.872	0.145
ERROR	5617.454	54	104.027		
Post-hoc conti	cast of treatm	ent 1 wi	Ith control.		
TEST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPOT		TRT			
SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS	96.599	1	96.599	0.929	0.340
ERROR	5617.454	54	104.027		
ERROR Post-hoc contr	ast of treatme				
ERROR Post-hoc contr	ast of treatme				
ERROR	ast of treatme	ent 2 wi		F	P
ERROR Post-hoc contr TEST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPOT	ast of treatme CT CALLED: HESIS	ent 2 wi TRT DF 1	th control.	F 1.072	P 0.305
ERROR Post-hoc contr TEST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPOT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	ast of treatments CT CALLED: HESIS SS 111.507	ent 2 wi TRT DF 1 54	MS 111.507 104.027		
ERROR Cost-hoc contr TEST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPOT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	ast of treatments CT CALLED: HESIS SS 111.507 5617.454 ast of treatments	ent 2 wi TRT DF 1 54	MS 111.507 104.027		
ERROR Cost-hoc contr TEST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPOT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR OSt-hoc contr TEST FOR EFFE	ast of treatments CT CALLED: HESIS SS 111.507 5617.454 ast of treatments	TRT DF 1 54	MS 111.507 104.027		

ANOVA on HAT/ES

	Al	VALYSIS	OF VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUAR	RES DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	910.22	2 3	303.407	1.606	0.199
ERROR	10201.56	9 54	188.918		
ost-hoc cont TEST FOR EFF TEST OF HYPO	rast of treat	ment 1 v	with control.		
SOURCE					
		DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS	132.957	1	132.957	0.704	<u>.</u>
ERROR	10201.569	54	188.918	0.704	0.409
ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFE EST OF HYPOT SOURCE	10201.569 Fast of treatm CCT CALLED: HESIS SS	54	188.918	6.704 F	0.40 <u>9</u>
ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFE CEST OF HYPOT	10201.569 Cast of treatm CT CALLED: HESIS	54 ent 2 w: TRT	188.918 Ith control.		P 0.400
ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFE CEST OF HYPOT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	10201.569 Fast of treatm CCT CALLED: HESIS SS 135.924	TRT DF 1 54	188.918 ith control. MS 135.924 188.918	F	P
ERROR OST-hoc contr CEST FOR EFFE CEST OF HYPOT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	10201.569 Fast of treatm CT CALLED: HESIS SS 135.924 10201.569 Ast of treatme	TRT DF 1 54	188.918 ith control. MS 135.924 188.918	F	P
ERROR OST-hoc control CEST FOR EFFE CEST OF HYPOT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR St-hoc control EST FOR EFFE	10201.569 Fast of treatm CT CALLED: HESIS SS 135.924 10201.569 Ast of treatme	TRT DF 1 54	188.918 ith control. MS 135.924 188.918	F	P

ANOVA on TWOWK/ES

	AN	ALYSIS	OF VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUAR	ES DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	907.32	8 3	302.443	2.144	0.105
ERROR	7617.070	54	141.057		0.105
ost-hoc conti	rast of treatm	ent 1 v	with control.		
TEST FOR EFFI TEST OF HYPOT	ECT CALLED: THESIS	TRT			
SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F.	P
HYPOTHESIS	81.332	1	81.332	0.577	0.451
מ∧פפים					0.43
	7617.070	54 ent 2 w	141.057		
st-hoc contr	ast of treatme			F	
est-hoc control EST FOR EFFE EST OF HYPOTI SOURCE HYPOTHESIS	ast of treatme CT CALLED: HESIS SS 6.917	ent 2 w	ith control.	. -	P
st-hoc contr EST FOR EFFE EST OF HYPOTI SOURCE	ast of treatme CT CALLED: HESIS	ent 2 w	ith control.	F 0.049	P
EST FOR EFFE EST OF HYPOTI SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	ast of treatme CT CALLED: HESIS SS 6.917	TRT DF 1 54	MS 6.917 141.057	. -	P
EST FOR EFFER EST OF HYPOTI SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR St-hoc contra	ast of treatments CT CALLED: HESIS SS 6.917 7617.070 Sst of treatments	TRT DF 1 54	MS 6.917 141.057	. -	P
ST-hoc control EST FOR EFFE EST OF HYPOTI SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR St-hoc control	ast of treatments CT CALLED: HESIS SS 6.917 7617.070 Sst of treatments	TRT DF 1 54	MS 6.917 141.057	. -	P
St-hoc contracts EST FOR EFFECT EST OF HYPOTH SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR EST-hoc contracts EST FOR EFFECT EST OF HYPOTH	ast of treatments CT CALLED: HESIS SS 6.917 7617.070 st of treatments T CALLED: ESIS	TRT DF 1 54 nt 3 wi	MS 6.917 141.057	0.049	P 0.826

ANOVA on survwt

	JRVWT N:	58 MUL	TIPLE R: 0.179	SQUARED MULT	TIPLE R: 0.032
	ANA	LYSIS O	F VARIANCE		
SOURCE	SUM-OF-SQUARE	S DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	11.483	3	3.828	0.598	0.619
ERROR	345.500	54	6.398		
ost-hoc cont TEST FOR EFF TEST OF HYPO	rast of treatm ECT CALLED: THESIS	ent 1 w	ith control.		
SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR		1 54	9.143 6.398	1.429	0.237
EST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPO SOURCE	CT CALLED: THESIS	TRT DF	MS	F	P
EST FOR EFFE	CT CALLED: THESIS SS 5.143	TRT DF		F 0.804	P 0.374
EST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPO SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	CT CALLED: THESIS SS 5.143	TRT DF 1 54	MS 5.143 6.398		
SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR SST-hoc conti	CT CALLED: THESIS SS 5.143 345.500 Cast of treatments	TRT DF 1 54	MS 5.143 6.398		
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	CT CALLED: THESIS SS 5.143 345.500 Cast of treatments	DF 1 54	MS 5.143 6.398		

SOURCE

HYPOTHESIS ERROR SS

0.000 0.015 DF

1

55

MS

0.000 0.000 F

0.000

P

0.988

ANA OF-SQUARE 0.000 0.015	LYSIS (S DF 3 55 ent 1 w TRT DF 1	MEAN-SQUARE 0.000 0.000 ith control.	F-RATIO 0.603	P 0.616
0.000 0.015 f treatme LLED: SS 0.000	S DF 3 55 ent 1 w TRT DF 1	MEAN-SQUARE 0.000 0.000 ith control.	0.603	0.616
0.000 0.015 f treatment LLED: SS 0.000	3 55 ent 1 w TRT DF	0.000 0.000 ith control.	0.603	0.616
0.015 f treatme LLED: SS 0.000	55 ent 1 w TRT DF	0.000 ith control.		
f treatme LLED: SS 0.000	ent 1 w	ith control.	F	
SS 0.000	TRT DF	MS	F	P
0.000	1		F	.P
			√ ,	, E
	55	0.000 0.000	0.109	0.74
treatmen	nt 2 wi TRT DF	th control.	F	P
0.000 0.015	1 55.	0.000 0.000	0.871	0.355
	LED: O.000 O.015 treatmen	LED: TRT SS DF 0.000 1 0.015 55	0.000 1 0.000 0.015 55 0.000 treatment 3 with control.	LED: TRT SS DF MS F 0.000 1 0.000 0.871 0.015 55 0.000 treatment 3 with control.

ANOVA on hatwt

EP VAR:	HATWT	N: 58	MULTIP	PLE R: 0.086	SQUARED MULTI	PLE R: 0	.007
		ANAL	SIS OF	VARIANCE			
OURCE	SUM-C	F-SQUARES	DF M	IEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P	
TRT		0.146	3	0.049	0.135	0.939	
ERROR	•	19.509	54	0.361			
st-hoc co	ontrast o	of treatmen	nt 1 wii	th control.	-		
TEST FOR E			TRT				
SOUR	RCE	SS	DF	MS	F		P
HYPOTHES ERE	SIS ROR	0.036 19.509	1 54	0.036 0.361	0.099		0.754
Post-hoc of EST FOR EITEST OF H	FFECT CA	LLED:	ent 2 w	ith control.			
sou	RCE	SS	DF	MS	F		P
HYPOTHE ER	SIS ROR	0.000 19.509	1 54	0.000 0.361	0.000		1.000
Post-hoc c	ontrast	of treatme	ent 3 wi	th control.	and the second s		<u> </u>
TEST FOR TEST OF H			TRT				
sou	RCE	SS	DF	MS	F		P
HYPOTHE ER	SIS	0.101 19.509	1 54	0.101 0.361	0.278		0.600

BOBWHITE QUAIL; MALE BODY WEIGHT

TREATMENT LEVEL: 0 PPM

		PREWT	POSTWT
CASE	1	205	214
CASE	2	226	226
CASE	3	192	•
CASE	4	204	186
CASE	5	199	188
CASE	6	206	172
CASE	7	217	194
CASE	8	203	205
CASE	9	209	214
CASE	10	201	216
CASE	11	189	199
CASE	12	201	205
CASE	13	185	183
CASE	14	191	218
CASE	15	198	210
CASE	16	207	218

TREATMENT LEVEL: 100 PPM

		PREWT	POSTWT
CASE	17	190	178
CASE	18	198	196
CASE	19	202	186
CASE	20	195	204
CASE	21	190	190
CASE	22	205	217
CASE	23	188	172
CASE	24	199	219
CASE	25	189	185
CASE	26	184	195
CASE	27	186	.•
CASE	28	182	182
CASE	29	225	171
CASE	30	211	201
CASE	31	211	216
CASE	32	207	205

TREATMENT LEVEL: 300 PPM

		PREWT	POSTWT
CASE	33	209	203
CASE	34	190	176
CASE	35	214	220
CASE	36	222	230
CASE	37	196	186
CASE	38	207	225
CASE	39	202	189
CASE	40	208	213
CASE	41	190	193
CASE	42	170	183
CASE	43	206	204
CASE	44	212	234
CASE	45	198	202
CASE	46	200	199
CASE	47	183	179
CASE	48	180	•

TREATMENT	LEVEL.	600	DDM
TIVELLININI	LIE V E I I I	nuu	

		PREWT	POSTWT
CASE	49	199	207
CASE	50	192	198
CASE	51	210	215
CASE	52	201	212
CASE	53	192	202
CASE	54	198	197
CASE	55	194	196
CASE	56	204	211
CASE	57	221	212
CASE	58	192	211
CASE	59	192	195
CASE	60	192	190
CASE	61	197	194
CASE	62	181	204
CASE	63	187	181
CASE	64	202	209

BOBWHITE QUAIL; MALE BODY WEIGHT

ANOVA on postwt

DEP VAR: POSTWT N: 61 MULTIPLE R: 0.546 SQUARED MULTIPLE R: 0.299

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

SOURCE SUM-OF-SQUARES DF MEAN-SQUARE F-RATIO P TRT 613.843 3 204.614 1.175 0.327 PREWT 3399.302 1 3399,302 19.520 0.000 ERROR 9752.181 56 174.146

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 1 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	245.113 9752.181	1 56	245.113 174.146	1.408	0.240

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 2 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	4.186 9752.181	1 56 .	4.186 174.146	0.024	0.877

Post-hoc contrast of treatment 3 with control.

TEST FOR EFFECT CALLED:

TRT

TEST OF HYPOTHESIS

SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS ERROR	56.977 9752.181	1 56	56.977 174.146	0.327	0.570

BOBWHITE QUAIL - FEMALES

TREATMENT LEVEL: 0 ppm

		PREWT	POSTWT
CASE	1,	176	210
CASE	2	208	148
CASE	3	208	•
CASE	4	203	191
CASE	5	205	208
CASE	6	195	183
CASE	7	.185	227
CASE	8	189	212
CASE	9	203	205
CASE	10	220	249
CASE	11	211	237
CASE	12	199	227
CASE	13	194	222
CASE	14	199	221.
CASE	15	200	204
CASE	16	196	211

TREATMENT LEVEL: 100 ppm

		PREWT	POSTWT
CASE	17	216	211
CASE	18	190	192
CASE	19	186	183
CASE	20	213	218
CASE	21	196	205
CASE	22	190	201
CASE	23	203	212
CASE	24	197	224.
CASE	25	187	208
CASE	26	222	231
CASE	27	192	•
CASE	28	186	227
CASE	29	215	232
CASE	30	183	222
CASE	31	207	234
CASE	32	201	204

TREATMENT LEVEL: 300 ppm

CASE	3 2	PREWT	POSTWT
CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	218 210 200 204 203 205 202 182 201 205 182 200 182 176 204 194	219 230 196 202 248 216 241 208 221 238 198 232 226 208 219
			•

TREATMENT LEVEL: 600 ppm

CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE	49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62	PREWT 189 225 202 208 191 185 206 205 192 190 192 211	POSTWT 205 240 226 253 238 223 224 226 232 200 213 209
		— : -	209
CASE	63	188	223 216
CASE	64	178 189	213 217

BOBWHITE QUAIL - FEMALES

ANOVA on postwt

DEP VAR: POSTWT N: 61 MULTIPLE R: 0.409 SQUARED MULTIPLE R: 0.167

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

SOURCE	sum-of-squares	DF	MEAN-SQUARE	F-RATIO	P
TRT	1715.028	3	571.676	2.012	0.123
PREWT	1746.503	-	1746.503	6.146	0.016
ERROR	15913.913	56	284.177		
ost-hoc contr	ast of treatme	nt 1 w	ith control.		
TEST FOR EFFE TEST OF HYPOTI		TRT			
SOURCE	SS	DF	MS	F	P
HYPOTHESIS	66.900	1	66.900	0.235	0 620
	66.900 15913.913 ast of treatment	1 56 nt 2 w	66.900 284.177 ith control.	0.235	0.629
ERROR	15913.913 ast of treatme	56 nt 2 w	284.177	0.235	0.629
ERROR ost-hoc contra	15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS	56 nt 2 w	284.177	0.235 F	0.629 p
ERROR ost-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECTEST OF HYPOTE	15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS SS 761.723	nt 2 w. TRT DF	284.177 ith control. MS 761.723		
ERROR OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT TEST OF HYPOTE SOURCE	15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS SS	56 nt 2 w. TRT	284.177 ith control.	F	P
ERROR OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT TEST OF HYPOTH SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS SS 761.723	nt 2 w TRT DF 1	284.177 ith control. MS 761.723 284.177	F	P
ERROR OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT TEST OF HYPOTH SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR	15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS SS 761.723 15913.913 ast of treatment	nt 2 w TRT DF 1	284.177 ith control. MS 761.723 284.177	F	P
ERROR OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT	15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS SS 761.723 15913.913 ast of treatment	TRT DF 1 56	284.177 ith control. MS 761.723 284.177	F	P
ERROR OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT SOURCE HYPOTHESIS ERROR OST-hoc contra TEST FOR EFFECT TEST OF HYPOTH	15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS SS 761.723 15913.913 ast of treatment CT CALLED: HESIS	TRT DF 1 56 nt 3 w	284.177 ith control. MS 761.723 284.177 ith control.	F 2.680	P 0.107

Total weight change from initiation to termination:
600 ppm > control