

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

004683

SEP 24 1985

OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Sup 23-85

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: FMC 54800 TECHNICAL

TO:

Mr. George LaRocca, PM 15

Registration Division (TS-767)

FROM:

Byron T. Backus

Toxicologist

Toxicology Branch

THROUGH: Cli

Clint Skinner, Ph.D.

Head, Section III

and

Theodore M. Farber, Ph.D.

Chief, Toxicology Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769)

Registration number: 279-3055

Registrant: FMC Corporation

Tox. Chem. 463F

Action Requested:

Review of a set of 5 mutagenicity studies.

Background:

These are the last two mutagenicity studies (out of the original 5).

Comments and Conclusions:

The following is a listing of the studies which have been reviewed (refer to the attached data evaluation reviews), along with a short summary of the comments made regarding their acceptability or unacceptability:

1. Chromosome Aberrations in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) Cells. Study conducted by Microbiological Associates; study no. A83-1105. Report dated 01/05/84.

HAY

This study is acceptable. FMC 54800 at doses ranging from 100 to 10,000 ug/ml with and without S9 activation did not cause chromosomal aberrations in CHO cells.

2. CHO/HGPRT Mutation Assay in the Presence and Absence of Exogenous Metabolic Activation. Study conducted by Microbiological Associates; study no. A83-1144. Report dated 7/11/84.

This study is not acceptable. Results in both activated and nonactivated tests were considered inconclusive. There was test material precipitation at all doses (250, 500, 750 and 1000 ug/ml) without S9 activation. For S9 activation there was a significant increase in mutation frequency at 20 ug/mlm (LDT) but not at higher doses (30, 40, 50 ug/ml).

Copies of the attached data evaluation reviews should be provided to the registrant.