

## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

JUN 2 4 1986

OFFICE OF
PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT:

March 26, 1986 Meeting with Representative from E.I.

du Pont de Nemours and Company and Associates from Nissan

Chemical Industries re: DPX-Y6202 (Assure®) Herbicide

on Cotton and Soybeans (PP#5F3252/FAP#6H5479)

FROM:

Michael P. Firestone, Ph.D., Chemist

Tolerance Petition Section II

Residue Chemistry Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769C)

TO:

RCB Files

THRU:

John H. Onley, Ph.D., Section Head

Tolerance Petition Section II

Residue Chemistry Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769C)

ATTENDEES:

Du Pont

U.S. EPA

Richard Holt

Albert Parsells

Michael Firestone (RCB)

Robert Taylor (RD)

Nissan

Kunihiro Veda

Masaru Ide

Representatives of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company (petitioner) and their associates from Nisson Chemical Industries came to the Agency to discuss PP#5F3252/FAP#6H5479, the first petition request for establishing tolerances for the herbicide DPX-Y6202 (Assure®) on soybeans and cottonseed.

The petitioner stated that the meeting was requested to help du Pont in further generating the data requested in several RCB reviews (see M. Firestone memos dated Septemer 25, 1985; October 23, 1985; November 29, 1985; and February 21, 1986).

RCB suggested the petitioner check on the status of any submitted amendments before sending additional amendments to the Agency for review.

RCB also encouraged the petitioner to first generate the requested plant commodity residue data prior to conducting any animal feeling studies. Since the petitioner has apparently devloped a method capable of determining residues of parent compound and its acid metabolite (2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2-yloxy) phenoxy] proionic acid) (both free and conjugate), RCB advised that this method, if suitable for regulatory purposes, be submitted to the Agency for method trial.

RCB has also requested residue data for phenol metabolities. Only if detectable residues are encountered would a method trial be required for a procedure to determine these residues.

The petitioner expressed satisfaction that RCB agreed with the use of an enzyme hydrolysis step (using beta-glucosidase) in a proposed regulatory method.

cc:RF,Circu,MPFirestone,PMSD/1SB,PP#5F3252/FAP#6H5479 RDI:JHOnley-3/27/86:RDSchmitt-4/1/86 RCB:TS-769C:MPFirestone:CM#2:Rm800b:557-1991

typed by:gm:6/20/86