1. Chemical: SC-0224

2. <u>Formulation</u>: Trimethylsulfonium carboxymethylaminomethylphosphate 20.0% ai.

3. <u>Citation</u>: Fletcher, D.W. 1982. "8-day dietary study with SC-0224 Technical," Unpublished study prepared by Bio-Life Associates Ltd., Neillsville, Wisconsin, for Stauffer Chemical Co., Farmington, Conn.

4. Reviewed by: Miachel Rexrode Biologist OPP/HED/EEB

5. Date Reviewed: June 22, 1983

6. Test Type: 8-day avian dietary

Test Species: Mallard Duck

7. Reported Results: The LC₅₀ value was determined to be in excess of 5,000 ppm.

8. Reviewers Evaluation: This test appears to be scientifically sound and with an $LC_{50} > 5000$ ppm, SC-0224 appears to be practically non-toxic to mallard ducklings. This study fulfills Guideline requirements for registration.

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Methods/Materials

Birds were received at 1 day of age from Bio-Life's own colony and placed on a 16-day observation period. Following this acclimataintion, birds were randomly selected form the population and arbitrarily assigned to test roups (lo per concentration level).

All birds were housed in 121.9 cm x 61 cm x 121.9 cm wire pens. Lighting was provided by Fluorescent Fixtures that were left on 24 hours per day. Environmental testing parameters were as follows: relative humidity, 67.6% (53-78%); dry bulb temperature, 76.6°F (73-84°F); wet bulb temperature, 68.6°F (65-74°F); minimum temperature, 68.6°F (f1-73°F); maximum temperature, 92.4°F (89-96°F).

The material to be tested (SC-0224 tech) was incorporated into a standard laboratory diet (Purina Gamebird Startena, Ralston Purina, St. Louis, Mo.) Following the 5-day test period, all birds were removed from their respective treated diets and placed on plain feed for a 3-day recovery period.

No abnormal behavioral reactions or systemic signs of toxicity were noted in birds given SC-0224 or the vehicle control birds. Gross pathological examination of selected birds sacrificed on day 8 revealed no abnormal tissue alterations. No mortality occurred in any of vehicle or test groups during the investigation. The above data are presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Mortality data during 8-day dietary IC_{50} study on mallard ducks. Test material: SC-0224 Technical.

Dietary	number <u>dead</u>	percent
Level ppm	number tested	dead
Controls 312 625 1,250 2,500 5,000	0/10 0/10 0/10 0/10 0/10 0/10	0 0 0 0 0

Reviewers Conclusion:

This test appears to be scientifically sound and will support Guideline requirements.

Category: Core