REVIEW NO.

EEB BRANCH REVIEW

	DATE: IN	8-26-83	OUT	10/14/83	_
FILE OR REG. NO					•
PETITION OR EXP. PR					
DATE OF SUMBMISSION	N	7-18-83	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DATE RECEIVED BY HE	ED	8-24-83	,		
RD REQUESTED COMPLI	ETION DATE	11-3-83			
EEB ESTIMATED COMPI	LETION DATE	10-27-8	3		· Jacob va da sa
RD ACTION CODE/TYPE	OF REVIEW	701/	EUP		
	-	والمراجع والم			-
TYPE PRODUCT(S): I	D, H, F, N	, R, S Ins	ecticide	·	
DATA ACCESSION NO(S	5).				
PRODUCT MANAGER NO	·	G. LaRocca	(15)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PRODUCT NAME(S)	Ave	ermectin B. (MK-936)		
COMPANY NAME	Mer	ck Sharp & Do	hme Resea	ırch Laborat	ories
SUBMISSION PURPOSE	Submis	sion of data	(avian) t	o support E	UP
	and as	discussed in	4-28-83	meeting wit	h
	EEB re	presentatives			
SHAUGHNESSEY NO.	CH	EMICAL, & FOR	MULATION		% A.I.
122804	Averm	ectin Bl			918

Avermectin

The purpose of this submission was to provide more toxicity data.

103 Toxicological Properties

Three studies were submitted and validated.

103.2.1 Avian Acute Oral LD50

Test Species: Bobwhite Quail

Test Material: 91% pure Avermectin

LD50: >2000 mg/kg (equivalent to a 100% pure a.i.)

Category: Core

103.2.2 Avian 8-day Dietary LC50

Test Species: Bobwhite Quail

Test Material: 91% pure Avermectin

LC50: 3102 ppm (adjusted to equal a 100% a.i.

test material).

Category: Core

Test Species: Mallard Duck

Test Material: 91% pure Avermectin

LC50: 383 ppm (adjusted to 100% a.i. equivalent)

10/14/83

Category: Core

107 Conclusions

The three studies submitted fulfilled the guideline requirements for the 3 basic avian studies.

Daniel Rieder

Wildlife Biologist

Ecological Effects Branch, HED

Norm Cook

Head, Section 2

Ecological Effects Branch, HED

10-14-83

Ecological Effects Branch, HED

DATA EVALUATION REPORT

- 1. CHEMICAL: Avermectin (MK-936)
- 2. FORMULATION: 91% a.i.

Shaughnessey Number:

- 3. CITATION: Beavers, Joann B. 1983. An Acute Oral Toxicity in Bobwhite Quail with MK-936. An unpublished report prepared by Wildlife International Ltd. for Merck Sharp & Dohme Research Laboratories. Accept 250762
- 4. <u>REVIEWER:</u> Daniel Rieder Wildlife Biologist EEB/HED
- 5. REVIEW DATE: 10/6/83
- 6. TEST TYPE: Avian LD₅₀
 - A. Species: Bobwhite Quail
 - B. Material: 91% pure MK-936

7. RESULTS:

 $LD_{50} > 2000$ mg/kg. The no-effect level was less than 62.5 mg/kg. Mortalities occurred as low as 250 mg/kg.

8. REVIEWERS CONCLUSION:

This study meets guideline requirements for an avian LD_{50} and shows that MK-936 is practically non-toxic to birds.

METHODS

The test material was labeled as MK-936 technical 91% a.i.

Ten (5 male & 5 female) 12-month old bobwhite quail were tested in each of 6 treatment groups and a control. The test material was dispersed in corn oil which was intubated into the crop. The control birds received a corresponding volume of corn oil. Food was withheld for 15 hours prior to treatment. Dosages were adjusted so the reported doses are equivalent to 100% a.i.

The birds were housed indoors in cages (72 x 90 x 24 cm high). Temperature ranged from $71^{\circ}F + 4^{\circ}F$; Average relative humidity was 86%. The photoperiod was 17 hrs of light per day.

The birds were observed daily throughout the study and a record of mortality and toxic symptoms maintained. All birds that died during the study were subject to gross necropsy.

See attachment 1 for detailed procedures.

RESULTS

No mortality occurred in the control.

Dosage mg/kg in 100% a.i.	Mortality 	
Control	0	
62.5	0	
125	0	
250	10	
500	40	
1000	10	
2000	40	

See attachment 1 for daily mortality, results of body weight measurements and estimations of food consumption. See attachment 2 for the EEB calculations of the $\rm LC_{50}$.

REVIEWERS EVALUATION

The $\rm LD_{50}$ is clearly greater than 2000 mg/kg. This study fulfilled guideline requirements and showed that Avermectin was practically non-toxic to Quail when administered orally. There was irregular dose mortality response but there was never greater than 50% mortality at any level.

CONCLUSION

Category: Core

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Avermectin science review
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Attachment 2 EEB statistical analysis

AVERMECTIN MK-936 QUAIL ACUTE ORAL LD50

CONC.	NUMBER EXPOSED	NUMBER DEAD	PERCENT DEAD	BINOMIAL PROB.(PERCENT)
2000	10	4	40	37.6953
1000	10	1	10	1.07422
500	10	4	40	37.6953
250	10	1	10	1.07422
125	10	0	0	.0976563
62.5	10	0	0	.0976563

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 250 AND +INFINITY CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 0

THE MOVING AVERAGE METHOD CANNOT BE USED WITH THIS DATA SET BECAUSE NO SPAN WHICH PRODUCES MOVING AVERAGE ANGLES THAT BRACKET 45 DEGREES ALSO USES TWO PERCENT DEAD BETWEEN 0 AND 100 PERCENT.

RESULTS CALCULATED U ITERATIONS 6	SING THE PROBIT G .565928	r method h 1	GOODNESS	OF FIT PROBABILITY .187035
SLOPE = 95 PERCENT CONFIDENC	1.22644 E LIMITS = .303	3811 AND	2.14907	·
LC50 = 3110.62 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE	E LIMITS = 123	32.32 AND 5	514503	
LC10 = 286.635 95 PERCENT CONFIDENC ************************************			520.778 *******	*****

DATA EVALUATION REPORT

- 1. CHEMICAL: Avermectin Bl (MK-936)
- 2. FORMULATION: 91% a.i.

Shaughnessey Number:

- 3. CITATION: Beavers, Joann & 1983. An Eight-Day Dietary LC50 in Bobwhite Quail with MK-936. A unpublished report prepared by Wildlife International Ltd. for Merck Sharp & Dohme Research Laboratories. Acc # 250763.
- 4. REVIEWER: Daniel Rieder

Wildlife Biologist

EEB/HED

- 5. REVIEW DATE: 10/6/83
- TEST TYPE: Avian dietary LC₅₀
 - A. Species: Bobwhite Quail
 - B. Material: MK-936 is 91% a.i.
- 7. RESULTS: The reported $LC_{50} = 3102 \text{ ppm} (95\% \text{ C.L.} = 2338 \text{ to } 4393 \text{ ppm})$
- 8. REVIEWERS CONCLUSION:

This study meets guideline requirements for an avian LC_{50} and shows that Avermectin is slightly toxic to some upland game birds.

METHODS

The test material was MK-936 technical, 91% a.i. The test animals were 14-day old bobwhite quail. Ten birds were tested per level at 6 concentrations. Fifty birds were tested in an untreated control. Cages were 72 x 90 x 23 cm high; Appropriate diet and water were provided ad libitum; Photoperiod was 14 hours of light per day. Acetone was used as a solvent. The reported concentrations were adjusted to be equivalent to a 100% a.i. test material. The birds were fed the treated feed for 5 days then maintained on a basal (toxicant free) diet for 3 days.

Body weights and food consumption were recorded. See attachment 1 for detailed description of procedures.

RESULTS

No mortality occured in the control test group.

Concentration (ppm)	Mortality/Tested	
288	0/10	
511	0/10	
910	0/10	
1620	1/10	
2876	5/10	
5114	8/10	

See attachment 1 for the reported results.

See attachment 2 for the statistical analysis performed "in house" using the "TOXANAL" $\rm LC_{50}$ generating program on the Lexitron.

REVIEWERS EVALUATION

The statistical analysis show that the LC_{50} for this group is approximately 3102 ppm with 95% C.L. of 2344 to 4415 ppm.

The study was done using acceptable protocol.

CONCLUSION

Category: Core

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Attachment 2 PEB statistics

AVERMECTIN MK-936 QUAIL 8-DAY DIETARY LC50

CONC.	NUMBER EXPOSED	NUMBER DEAD	PERCENT DEAD	BINOMIAL PROB.(PERCENT)
5114	10	8	80	5.46875
2876	10	5	50	62.3047
1620	10	1	10	1.07422
910	10	0	0	.0976563
511	10	0	0	.0976563
288	10	0	0	.0976563

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 1620 AND +INFINITY CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 2876

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE MOVING AVERAGE METHOD

SPAN G LC50 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS 2 .370772 3023.92 2118.57 4576.76

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD

TTERATIONS G H GOODNESS OF FIT PROBABILITY
7 .28439 1 .989139

SLOPE = 4.45345 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 2.0785 AND 6.82839

LC50 = 3102.43

95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 2344.15 AND 4415.94

DATA EVALUATION REPORT

- 1. CHEMICAL: Avermectin MK-936
- 2. FORMULATION: 91% a.i.

Shaughnessey Number:

- 3. CITATION: Beavers, Joann B. 1983. An Eight-Day Dietary LC₅₀ in Mallard Duck with MK-936. An unpublished report prepared by Wildlife International Ltd. for Merck, Sharp & Dohme Research Laboratories. Acc # 250761
- 4. REVIEWER: Daniel Rieder
 Wildlife Biologist
 EEB/HED
- 5. REVIEW DATE: 10/11/83
- 6. TEST TYPE: Avian 8-day Dietary LC50
 - A. Species: Mallard Duck
 - B. Material: 91% a.i. Avermectin
- 7. RESULTS:

 $LC_{50} = 383.6 \text{ ppm } 95\% \text{ C.L.} = 302 \text{ to } 486$

8. REVIEWERS CONCLUSION:

The study meets guideline requirements for an avian LC_{50} and shows that Avermectin is nightly toxic to some waterfowl.

METHODS

See attachment 1 "Materials and Methods" for a detailed description of procedure provided by the registrant.

RESULTS

See attachment 1 "Results" for the reasearchers account of the test results to include mortality data, food consumption and weight changes. The reported IC_{50} was 385 ppm (95% C.L. = 302 to 487 ppm)

REVIEWERS EVALUATION

See attachment 2 for the statistical calculations. These agree with the reported statistics. The no-effect level is 162 ppm. This is based on food consumption, weight gain and toxic symptoms exhibited by the test birds.

The study followed acceptable protocol. Note that reported concentrations are 100% a.i. equivalent.

CONCLUSION

Category: Core

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Attachment EEB statistical analysis

AVERMECTIN MK-936 MALLARD 8-DAY DIETARY LC50

CONC.	NUMBER EXPOSED	NUMBER DEAD	PERCENT DEAD	BINOMIAL PROB.(PERCENT)
1620	10	10	100	.0976563
910	10	10	100	.0976563
511	10	8	80	5.46875
288	10	2	20	5.46875
162	10	0	0	.0976563

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 162 AND 910 CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 383.625

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE MOVING AVERAGE METHOD

SPAN G LC50 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS 4 .113806 384.121 275.982 496.831

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD

TTERATIONS G H GOODNESS OF FIT PROBABILITY 8 .316771 1 .991468

SLOPE = 7.2564 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 3.17232 AND 11.3405

LC50 = 383.641 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 302.456 AND 486.705