Reviewed by: Marcia van Gemert, Ph.D. A. Waufared 3/9/87
Head, Section III, Tox. Branch (TS-769C)
Secondary Reviewer: Theodore M. Farber, Ph.D.
Chief, Toxicology Branch (TS-769C)

DATA EVALUATION REPORT

Study Type: Repeated dose metabolism

Tox. Chem No. 323EE

Accession No.: 265794

Test Material: CGA 64 250 fungicide

Synonyms: Tilt, propiconazole

Study Number: 12/86

Sponsor: Ciba Geigy

Testing Facility: Ciba Geigy Agricultural Division, Basle Switzerland

Title of Report: Effect of repeated oral administration of CGA 64 250 on the liver weight of male and female mice Author: R. Bissig

Report Issued: Aug. 20, 1986

Conclusions:

Male and female mice were fed unlabeled CGA 64 250 for 21 days at doses of 5, 100, 2500 ppm CGA 64 250 followed by a single oral dose of 14C CGA 64250 at the corresponding dose level. Liver weights were recorded 4 days post 14C dosing and were significantly increased in the high dose (2500 ppm) males and females. When presented as liver/body weight ratios, data for both males and females showed an increase in the high dose. A female animal treated with a single dose (equivalent to a daily dietary dose of 2500 ppm) only of 14C CGA 64250 also showed an increase in absolute and relative liver weights.

Core Classification: supplementary

A. Materials:

1. Test Compound:

Description: Labelled compound: Specific Activity = 56.9uCi/mg

Batch: GAN-VI-43

Supplier: H. Mory, N. Wigger

Purity: 92%, increased to 97%

Structure:

MANUFACTURING

Description: Unlabelled Compound:

Batch: OP 412127.

Purity: 91.1%

Dilution of labelled compound to a specific activity of 18.9 uCi/mg and 17.8 uCi/mg for males and females respectively.

2. Test Animals:

Species: Mice

Strain: CD-1

Age: 4 weeks

Weight:22-26 gms

Source: Charles River WIGA, GmbH, Switzerland, Germany

<u>Study Design:</u>

Animal assignments and study procedures:

Mice: 21 males (7/dose level) and 24 females (7/dose level at end of study). 2/sex were used as control. After dosing animals were kept in glass metabolism cages. Food containing the radioactive 14C- test compound administration. After 14C dosing animals were allowed food and water ad libitum. Urine and feces were collected at 24 hour intervals. 4 days post 14C-dosing animals were killed and blood, liver, kidneys, lungs and remaining carcass were analyzed. Body weights were taken at weekly intervals.

Test Procedure:

Test material was mixed in the diet and given for 21 days. Test doses were 5, 100 and 2500 ppm. 14C CGA 64 250 was dissolved in ethanol/polyethylene glycol 200/water (7/9/4 v/v). Dosing solution was 0.1 ml by stomach tube for mice. Labelled 14C CGA 64 250 was equivalent to 5, 100 and 2500 ppm in the 24 hour food assuming a daily consumption of 5 gms for mice. Livers were taken four days after 14C dose was administered for Comparison and two additional animals/group were maintained on standard diet for 21 days before being given a single oral dose of 14C-CGA 64 250 corresponding to 2500 ppm in food.

Measurement of radioactivity is on appended pages 1-4. Procedures for thin layer chromatography, liquid chromatography, high performance liquid chromatography, spectroscopic methods, enzymatic hydrolysis and calculations are on appended pages 4-12.

Results:

Liver weights were significantly increased in high dose (2500 ppm) males and females. When presented as liver/body weight ratios, both high dose males and females showed increased liver weight ratios. The female animal treated with a single dose of only 14°C CGA 64 250 also showed an increase in absolute and relative liver weights. Data are on appended pages 1 and 2.

TILT CGA-64250 Reviews

next iews.	page(s) is/are not included in this copy of the T
	material not included contains the following type of ination:
. •	Identity of product inert ingredients
	Identity of product impurities
1	Description of the product manufacturing process
I	Description of product quality control procedures
:	Identity of the source of product ingredients
	Sales or other commerical/financial information
	A draft product label
	The product confidential statement of formula
	Information about a pending registration action
	Detailed methods and results of a registrant submission.
	Duplicate pages.
tial mati	information not included generally is considered confiden- by product registrants. If you wish to obtain the infor- on deleted, please contact the individual who prepare- response to your request.