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Data Evaluation Report on the acute toxicity of Prothioconazole to aquatic vascular plants *Lemna gibba*PMRA Submission #:2004-0843
EPA MRID#: 46246101

Data Requirement: PMRA Data Code: 9.8.5

EPA DP Barcode: D303488 OECD Data Point: IIA 8.6.1 EPA MRID: 46246101 EPA Guideline: 123-2

Test material: JAU 6476 Technical **Purity:** 98.2%

Common name: Prothioconazole

Chemical name: IUPAC: 2-[2-(1-Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-

1,2,4,-triazole-3-thione

CAS name: 2-[2-(1-Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chloropheny1)-2-hydroxypropyl]-1,2-dihydro-

Date: 8/16/05

Date: 9/1/2005

3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione CAS No.: 178928-70-6 Synonyms: JAU6476

Primary Reviewer: Rebecca BryanSignature:Staff Scientist, Dynamac CorporationDate: 8/18/04

QC Reviewer:Teri MyersSignature:Staff Scientist, Dynamac CorporationDate: 8/31/04

EPA/OPP/EFED/ERB-III

Secondary Reviewer(s): Christopher J. Salice

EPA/OPP/EFED/ERB-IV

Secondary Reviewer: Émilie Larivière

HC, PMRA, EAD

Company Code: BCZ
Active Code: PRB
Use Site Category: 7, 13, 14

EPA PC Code: 113961

Date Evaluation Completed: {dd-mmm-yyyy}

CITATION: Kern, M.E., Banman, C.S., and Lam, C.V. 2003. Toxicity of JAU 6476 Technical to Duckweed (*Lemna gibba* G3) Under Static-Renewal Conditions. Unpublished study performed by Bayer CropScience, Research and Development Department, Ecotoxicology, Stilwell, Kansas, Laboratory Study No. EBJAY002 (J6883701), and sponsored by Bayer CropScience, RTP, NC. Experimental start date January 17, 2003 and experimental termination date January 24, 2003. The final report issued March 3, 2004.



In a 7-day acute toxicity study, freshwater aquatic vascular plants Duckweed, Lemna gibba G3, were exposed to Prothioconazole at nominal concentrations of 0 (negative and solvent controls), 0.97, 3.24, 10.8, 36.0, 120, and 400 ppb a.i. under static renewal conditions. The measured concentrations were ≤0.5 (<LOQ, negative and solvent controls), 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i.. The percent inhibitions for mean frond numbers were 0, 0, 10, 39, 64, and 71% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. The percent inhibitions for dry weights were 10, 4, 8, 43, 55, and 60% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the solvent control. The percent inhibitions for growth rates were 0, 0, 3, 17, 36, and 44% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. The percent inhibitions for areas under the growth curve were 2, -3, 8, 30, 51, and 60% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. Frond number was the most sensitive endpoint tested, with an EC₅₀ of 73 ppb a.i.; the NOAEC was 3.34 ppb a.i..

This toxicity study is scientifically sound and satisfies the U.S. EPA Guideline Subdivision J, §123-2 for an aquatic vascular plant study with Lemna gibba. As a result, this study is classified as ACCEPTABLE.

Results Synopsis

Test Organism: Lemna gibba G3 Test Type: Static Renewal

Number of fronds:

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

 EC_{05} : 1.6 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 0.56-4.6 ppb a.i. EC_{50}/IC_{50} : 73 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 51-110 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.988±0.102

Growth rates (0-7 day):

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 14 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 2.5-73 ppb a.i. EC_{50}/IC_{50} : >404 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: N/A

Slope: 0.981±0.258

Plant biomass (area under the growth curve):

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

 EC_{05} : 1.9 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 0.59-6.1 ppb a.i. EC₅₀/IC₅₀: 150 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 100-210 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.868±0.0988

Dry Weights:

NOAEC: <1.01 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 1.01 ppb a.i.

 EC_{05} : 1.3 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 0.20-7.9 ppb a.i. EC_{50}/IC_{50} : 150 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 84-250 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.799±0.132

Most Sensitive Endpoint: Frond number

I. MATERIALS AND METHODS

GUIDELINE FOLLOWED: The test was based on the following guidelines: U.S. Environmental Protection

Agency, Series 850-Ecological Effects Test Guidelines (draft), OPPTS

850.4400: Aquatic Plant Toxicity Test Using Lemna spp., Tiers I and II (1996).

The following deviations from U.S. EPA Guideline 123-2 are noted:

1. The dilution water characteristics were not reported.

2. The number of plants (3) was slightly less than the required 5 plants, however, there were 16 fronds per replicate.

These deviations did not affect the acceptability or the validity of the study.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and No Data Confidentiality

statements were provided. This test was conducted in accordance with 40 CFR

Part 160.

A. MATERIALS:

1. Test Material Prothioconazole (JAU 6476 Technical)

Description: Light beige powder

Lot No./Batch No.: 6233/0031

Purity: 98.2%

Stability of Compound

Under Test Conditions: The new test concentrations (days 0 and 5) were 89-104% of nominal

concentrations and the old test concentrations (days 3 and 7) were not detected

and 3-27% of nominal concentrations.

(OECD requires water solubility, stability in water and light, pKa, Pow, vapor pressure of test compound)

Water solubility: 0.3 g/L in distilled water at 20°C and approximately pH 8.0.

Storage conditions

of test chemicals: Stored at 4°C in the dark.

2. Test organism:

Name: Duckweed, Lemna gibba (EPA requires a vascular species: <u>Lemna gibba.</u>)

Strain, if provided: G3

Source: Laboratory cultures (original supplier: Department of Horticulture Science, University of

Minnesota, St. Paul, Minnesota). **Age of inoculum**: 7 days old

Method of cultivation: 20X AAP Medium

B. STUDY DESIGN:

1. Experimental Conditions

a) Range-finding Study: Two preliminary range-finding studies were conducted to determine the nominal test concentrations for the definitive test. The first preliminary test concentrations were 60.0, 120, 270, 610, 1350, and 3000 ppb a.i.. The test concentrations were compared to a pooled control (dilution water control and solvent control). The percent inhibitions for frond counts and dry weights were 52-78% and 47-69%, respectively, in all treatment groups. The second preliminary test concentrations were 2.56, 6.4, 16, 40, and 100 ppb a.i.. The test concentrations were compared to a pooled control (dilution water control and solvent control). The percent inhibitions for frond counts and dry weights were 13-56% and 7-50%, respectively, in all treatment groups. A NOAEC was not observed in either preliminary test.

b) Definitive Study

Table 1 . Experimental Parameters

able 1 . Experimental Parameters						
Parameter	Details	Remarks Criteria				
Acclimation period:	7 days					
culturing media and conditions: (same as test or not)	20X AAP Medium; same as test.					
health: (any toxicity observed)	The batch culture was in log phase growth.					
Test system static/static renewal/ renewal rate for static renewal:	Static Renewal Days 3 and 5	EPA expects the test concentrations to be renewed every 3 to 4 days (one renewal for the 7 day test, 3-4 renewals for the 14 day test).				
Incubation facility	Environmental chamber					
Duration of the test	7 days					
		EPA requires a duration of 14 days. Seven day studies will be accepted for review by the Agency.				
Test vessel material: (glass/polystyrene) size: fill volume:	Borosilicate glass crystallization dishes 650 mL (125 mm diameter and 65 mm height) 260 mL	Test vessels were covered with petri dish lids.				

		Remarks
Parameter	Details	Criteria
Details of growth medium name: pH at test initiation: pH at test termination: Chelator used: Carbon source:	20X AAP Medium 7.6-7.9 8.7-9.0 disodium EDTA NaHCO ₃	EPA recommend the following culture media: Modified hoagland's E+ or 20X-AAP.
If non-standard nutrient medium was used, detailed composition provided (Yes/No)	Not applicable	
Dilution water source/type: pH: water pretreatment (if any): Total Organic Carbon: particulate matter: metals: pesticides: chlorine:	Distilled water 7.5 Filter-sterilized (0.22 µm) and pH-adjusted with dilute hydrochloric acid N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	The dilution water characteristics were not reported. EPA recommends a pH of ~5.0. A solution pH of 7.5 is acceptable if type 20X-AAP nutrient media is used.
Indicate how the test material is added to the medium (added directly or used stock solution)	Stock solutions	
Aeration or agitation	Not reported.	
Sediment used (for rooted aquatic vascular plants) origin: textural classification (% sand, silt and clay): organic carbon (%): geographic location:	Not applicable.	
Number of replicates control: solvent control: treatments:	3 3 3	
Number of plants/replicate	Three plant with 16 fronds per replicate.	There were three plants for each treatment level. EPA requires 5 plants.
Number of fronds/plant	16 total fronds per replicate	EPA requires 3 fronds per plant.

_		Remarks
Parameter	Details	Criteria
Test concentrations nominal: measured:	0 (negative and solvent controls), 0.97, 3.24, 10.8, 36.0, 120, and 400 ppb a.i. ≤0.5 (<loq, 1.01,="" 10.4,="" 106.4,="" 3.34,="" 35.1,="" 404.0="" a.i.<="" and="" controls),="" negative="" ppb="" solvent="" td=""><td>The mean measured test concentrations are based on day 0 and 5 new solutions. EPA requires at least 5 test concentrations with a dose range of 2X or 3X progression.</td></loq,>	The mean measured test concentrations are based on day 0 and 5 new solutions. EPA requires at least 5 test concentrations with a dose range of 2X or 3X progression.
Solvent (type, percentage, if used)	Acetone, 0.5 mL/L	
Method and interval of analytical verification	HPLC; days 0 and 5 (new solutions), and days 3 and 7 (old solutions).	
Test conditions temperature: photoperiod: light intensity and quality:	24.4-25.6°C continuous light 5.1 klux, cool-white fluorescent light	EPA temperature: 25°C EPA photoperiod: continuous EPA light: 5.0 Klux (±15%)
Reference chemical (if used) name: concentrations:	N/A	
Other parameters, if any	None	

2. Observations:

Table 2: Observation parameters

Parameters	Details	Remarks/Criteria
Parameters measured (eg: number of fronds, plant dry weight or other toxicity symptoms)	Number of fronds and dry weights.	
Measurement technique for frond number and other end points	Direct counts.	
Observation intervals	0, 3, 5, and 7 days.	
Other observations, if any	Area under the growth curve and growth rates were calculated.	

Indicate whether there was an exponential growth in the control	Yes, frond numbers in the dilution water (negative) and solvent controls on day 7 were approximately 17-18X frond numbers on day 0.	
Were raw data included?	Replicate data provided.	

II. RESULTS and DISCUSSION:

A. INHIBITORY EFFECTS:

The percent inhibitions for mean frond numbers were 0, 0, 10, 39, 64, and 71% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. The percent inhibitions for dry weights were 10, 4, 8, 43, 55, and 60% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the solvent control. The percent inhibitions for growth rates were 0, 0, 3, 17, 36, and 44% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. The percent inhibitions for areas under the growth curve were 2, -3, 8, 30, 51, and 60% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 ppb a.i. treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control.

Table 3: Effect of Prothioconazole on frond number and dry weight of Duckweed, Lemna gibba

Treatment measured	Initial frond number/		Mean live frond number at		Mean Growth	Mean Area Under the
(nominal) concentrations ppb a.i.	test solution	7 days	7 days % inhibition at 7 days ^a		Rate ^a	Growth Curve ^a
Negative control (dilution water)	16	279		0.0304	0.01701	12360
Solvent control	16	281		0.0340	0.01705	12520
1.01 (0.97)	16	280	0	0.0304**	0.01702	12172
3.34 (3.24)	16	280	0	0.0325	0.01703	12872
10.4 (10.8)	16	253	10*	0.0314	0.01644	11388*
35.1 (36.0)	16	172	39*	0.0193**	0.01413*	8656*
106.4 (120)	16	101	64*	0.0153**	0.01095*	6044*
404.0 (400)	16	80	71*	0.0138**	0.00958*	5032*
Reference chemical (if used)	N/A					

^a The treatment groups were compared to the pooled control for all endpoints.

^{*} Statistically different from the pooled control (Dunnett's one tailed test; p<0.05).

^{**}Statistically different from the solvent control (Dunnett's one tailed test; p<0.05). The difference in the 1.01 ppb a.i. treatment group was not biologically relevant.

Table 4: Statistical endpoint values.

Statistical Endpoint ^a	frond No.	dry weight	growth rate	area under the growth curve (biomass)
NOAEC or EC ₀₅ (ppb a.i.)	3.34	10.4	10.4	3.34
LOAEC (ppb a.i.)	10.4	35.1	35.1	10.4
EC ₅₀ (ppb a.i.) (95% C.I.)	74	404	>404	404
EC ₂₅ (ppb a.i.) (95% C.I.)	15.6	Not reported	70.3	Not reported
Reference chemical NOAEC IC ₂₅ /EC ₂₅	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

^a Results are based on mean measured test concentrations.

B. REPORTED STATISTICS: The formulas for growth rate and area under the growth curve (biomass) are found on page 48. The growth data was analyzed using a t-test for the controls (the pooled controls were used for frond number, growth rate and biomass comparisons, and the solvent control was used for dry weight comparisons), Shapiro-Wilks test for normality, and Levene's test for homogeneity of variances. The statistical analyses included ANOVA followed by the Dunnett's Test using SAS version 8.2 computer program. The NOAEC and LOAEC were determined from analyzed data. Nonparametric analyses were conducted for the biomass and dry weight data. Parametric analyses were conducted for the frond counts and growth rate data. All statistical calculations were performed using the mean measured concentrations.

C. VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS:

Day 7 frond count, biomass, growth rate, and dry weight data satisfied the assumptions of ANOVA (i.e., normality and homogeneity of variances). The NOAEC and LOAEC for these endpoints were determined using ANOVA, followed by William's or Dunnett's test (dry weight). With the exception of dry weight, the solvent control was compared to the nutrient control using a Student's t-test and, upon finding no significant differences, the treatment groups were compared to the pooled control group; for dry weight, there was a difference between the two control groups, so the treatment groups were compared to the solvent control. The analyses described above were conducted using TOXSTAT statistical software. The EC_{05} and EC_{50} values were determined using the Probit method via Nuthatch statistical software.

Number of fronds:

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 1.6 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 0.56-4.6 ppb a.i. EC₅₀/IC₅₀: 73 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 51-110 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.988±0.102

Growth rates (0-7 day):

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 14 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 2.5-73 ppb a.i.

 EC_{50}/IC_{50} : >404 ppb a.i.

95% C.I.: N/A

Slope: 0.981±0.258

Plant biomass (area under the growth curve):

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i.

LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 1.9 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 0.59-6.1 ppb a.i. EC₅₀/IC₅₀: 150 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 100-210 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.868±0.0988

Dry Weights:

NOAEC: <1.01 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 1.01 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 1.3 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 0.20-7.9 ppb a.i. EC₅₀/IC₅₀: 150 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 84-250 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.799±0.132

Most Sensitive Endpoint: Frond number

D. STUDY DEFICIENCIES:

The deviations did not affect the acceptability or the validity of the study.

E. REVIEWER'S COMMENTS:

With the exception of biomass and dry weight, the reviewer's statistical verification provided similar results as the study authors'. Both concluded that frond count (standing crop) was the most sensitive endpoint, based on the EC_{50} value (73 ppb a.i.). The reviewer's toxicity estimates are provided in the Executive Summary and Conclusions sections because they were associated with 95% confidence intervals and slope values.

F. CONCLUSIONS: This toxicity study is scientifically sound and satisfies the U.S. EPA Guideline Subdivision J, $\S123-2$ for an aquatic vascular plant study with *Lemna gibba*. As a result, this study is classified as Acceptable. Frond number was the most sensitive endpoint tested, based on an EC₅₀ of 73 ppb a.i..

Number of fronds:

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 1.6 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 0.56-4.6 ppb a.i. EC₅₀/IC₅₀: 73 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 51-110 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.988±0.102

Growth rates (0-7 day):

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 14 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 2.5-73 ppb a.i.

 EC_{50}/IC_{50} : >404 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: N/A

Slope: 0.981±0.258

Plant biomass (area under the growth curve):

NOAEC: 3.34 ppb a.i.

LOAEC: 10.4 ppb a.i. EC_{05} : 1.9 ppb a.i.

95% C.I.: 0.59-6.1 ppb a.i.

 EC_{50}/IC_{50} : 150 ppb a.i.

95% C.I.: 100-210 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.868±0.0988

Dry Weights:

NOAEC: <1.01 ppb a.i. LOAEC: 1.01 ppb a.i.

EC₀₅: 1.3 ppb a.i. 95% C.I.: 84-250 ppb a.i. EC_{50}/IC_{50} : 150 ppb a.i.

95% C.I.: 0.20-7.9 ppb a.i.

Slope: 0.799±0.132

Most Sensitive Endpoint: Frond number

III. REFERENCES:

American Public Health Association (APHA). 1998. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th edition. Washington, D.C.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 1991. Standard Guide for Conducting Static Toxicity Tests with Lemna gibba G3. ASTM Standard E1415. Philadelphia, PA.

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USEPA, 1982. Pesticide Assessment Guidelines, Subdivision J-Hazard Evaluation: Nontarget Plants. EPA 540/9-82-020. Office of Pesticide Programs, Washington, D.C. 55 pp.

USEPA, 1985. Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms. EPA 600/4-89/001. Office of Research and Development, Cincinnati, OH.

USEPA, 1986. Standard Evaluation Procedure, Non-Target Plants: Growth and Reproduction of Aquatic Plants-Tiers 1 and 2. EPA-540/9-86-134. Office of Pesticide Programs, Washington, D.C.

USEPA, 1989. Pesticide Programs; Good Laboratory Practice Standards; Final Rule (40 CFR, Part 160). Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 158: 34067-34074.

USEPA, 1994. Pesticide Reregistration Rejection Rate Analysis. Ecological Effects. EPA 738-R-94-035: p 160.

USEPA, 1996. Series 850-Ecological Effects test Guidelines (*draft*). OPPTS 850.4400: Aquatic Plant Toxicity Test Using *Lemna* spp., Tiers I and II.

APPENDIX I. OUTPUT OF REVIEWER'S STATISTICAL RESULTS:

frond count

File: 6101fc Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

 SOURCE
 DF
 SS
 MS
 F

 Between
 6
 154133.833
 25688.972
 133.442

 Within (Error)
 17
 3272.667
 192.510

 Total
 23
 157406.500

Critical F value = 2.70 (0.05,6,17) Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho:All groups equal

frond count

File: 6101fc Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

В	ONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho:Contro	1 <treatm< th=""><th>ent</th></treatm<>	ent
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	sig
1 2 3 4 5	GRPS 1&2 POOLED 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.4 404	280.000 279.667 280.000 253.333 172.000 100.667 80.333	280.000 279.667 280.000 253.333 172.000 100.667 80.333	0.034 0.000 2.718 11.008 18.279 20.351	* * *

Bonferroni T table value = 2.65 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=17,6)

frond count

File: 6101fc Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 2 OF 2		Ho:Contr	ol <treatment< th=""></treatment<>
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	6			
2	1.01	3	26.048	9.3	0.333
3	3.34	3	26.048	9.3	0.000
4	10.4	3	26.048	9.3	26.667
5	35.1	3	26.048	9.3	108.000
6	106.4	3	26.048	9.3	179.333
7	404	3	26.048	9.3	199.667
- -					

frond count

File: 6101fc Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	WILLIAMS TEST (Isotor	nic	regression mode	1) TABLE 1 0:	F 2
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	N	ORIGINAL MEAN	TRANSFORMED MEAN	ISOTONIZED MEAN
1 2 3 4 5 6	GRPS 1&2 POOLED 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.4 404	6 3 3 3 3 3 3	280.000 279.667 280.000 253.333 172.000 100.667 80.333	280.000 279.667 280.000 253.333 172.000 100.667 80.333	280.000 279.833 279.833 253.333 172.000 100.667 80.333

frond count

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WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 2 OF 2

IDENTIFICATION	ISOTONIZED	CALC.	SIG	TABLE	DEGREES OF
	MEAN	WILLIAMS	P=.05	WILLIAMS	FREEDOM
GRPS 1&2 POOLED 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.4 404	280.000 279.833 279.833 253.333 172.000 100.667 80.333	0.017 0.017 2.718 11.008 18.279 20.351	* * *	1.74 1.82 1.85 1.87 1.87	k= 1, v=17 k= 2, v=17 k= 3, v=17 k= 4, v=17 k= 5, v=17 k= 6, v=17

s = 13.875

Note: df used for table values are approximate when v > 20.

Estimates of EC%

Parameter	Estimate	95% Bounds		Std.Err.	Lower Bound
		Lower	Upper		/Estimate
EC5	1.6	0.56	4.6	0.22	0.35
EC10	3.7	1.5	8.9	0.18	0.41
EC25	15.	8.3	28.	0.13	0.55
EC50	73.	51.	1.1E+02	0.075	0.70

Slope = 0.988 Std.Err. = 0.102

!!!Poor fit: p < 0.001 based on DF= 4.00 17.0

6101FC : frond count

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

 				. 		
Dose	#Reps.	Obs. Mean	Pred. Mean	Obs. -Pred.	Pred. %Control	%Change
0.00 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.	6.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00	280. 280. 280. 253. 172. 101. 80.3	289. 280. 263. 231. 181. 126. 67.1	-9.27 -0.0857 17.4 22.2 -8.57 -25.6 13.2	100. 96.7 90.8 79.9 62.4 43.7 23.2	0.00 3.29 9.24 20.1 37.6 56.3 76.8

biomass

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ANOVA TABLE

					_
SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F	
Between	6	206402298.000	34400383.000	120.801	_
Within (Error)	17	4841088.000	284769.882		
Total	23	211243386.000			-

Critical F value = 2.70 (0.05,6,17)
Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho:All groups equal

biomass

File: 6101b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho:Contro	1 <treatm< th=""><th>ent</th></treatm<>	ent
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1 2 3 4 5 6	GRPS 1&2 POOLED 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.4 404	12440.000 12172.000 12872.000 11388.000 8656.000 6044.000 5032.000	12440.000 12172.000 12872.000 11388.000 8656.000 6044.000 5032.000	0.710 -1.145 2.788 10.028 16.950 19.632	* * *

Bonferroni T table value = 2.65 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=17,6)

biomass

File: 6101b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE	2 OF 2	Ho:Contr	ol <treatment< th=""></treatment<>
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	6			
2	1.01	3	1001.836	8.1	268.000
3	3.34	3	1001.836	8.1	-432.000
4	10.4	3	1001.836	8.1	1052.000
5	35.1	3	1001.836	8.1	3784.000
6	106.4	3	1001.836	8.1	6396.000
7	404	3	1001.836	8.1	7408.000

biomass

File: 6101b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 1 OF 2

GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	1	N	ORIGINAL MEAN	TRANSFORMED MEAN	ISOTONIZED MEAN
1 2 3 4 5	GRPS 1&2 PC	1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.4 404	6 3 3 3 3	12440.000 12172.000 12872.000 11388.000 8656.000 6044.000 5032.000	12440.000 12172.000 12872.000 11388.000 8656.000 6044.000 5032.000	12481.000 12481.000 12481.000 11388.000 8656.000 6044.000 5032.000

biomass

File: 6101b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression	model)	TABLE 2 OF 2	
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IDENTIFICAT	CION	ISOTONIZED MEAN	CALC. WILLIAMS	SIG P=.05	TABLE WILLIAMS	DEGREES OF FREEDOM
GRPS 1&2	POOLED 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.4 404	12481.000 12481.000 12481.000 11388.000 8656.000 6044.000 5032.000	0.109 0.109 2.788 10.028 16.950 19.632	* * *	1.74 1.82 1.85 1.87 1.87	k= 1, v=17 k= 2, v=17 k= 3, v=17 k= 4, v=17 k= 5, v=17 k= 6, v=17

s = 533.638

Note: df used for table values are approximate when v > 20.

Estimates of EC%

Parameter	Estimate	95% Bot	ands	Std.Err.	Lower Bound	
		Lower	Upper		/Estimate	
EC5	1.9	0.59	6.1	0.24	0.31	
EC10	5.0	1.9	13.	0.20	0.39	
EC25	25.	13.	46.	0.13	0.54	
EC50	1.5E+02	1.0E+02	2.1E+02	0.073	0.71	

Slope = 0.868 Std.Err. = 0.0988

!!!Poor fit: p < 0.001 based on DF= 4.00 17.0

6101B : biomass

Observed and Durable and Marchaneth Course Warne

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

Dose	#Reps.	Obs. Mean	Pred. Mean	Obs. -Pred.	Pred. %Control	%Change
0.00	6.00	1.24e+04	1.28e+04	-332.	100.	0.00
1.01	3.00	1.22e+04	1.24e+04	-218.	97.0	2.99
3.34	3.00	1.29e+04	1.18e+04	1.07e+03	92.4	7.63
10.4	3.00	1.14e + 04	1.08e+04	635.	84.2	15.8
35.1	3.00	8.66e+03	9.03e+03	-370.	70.7	29.3
106.	3.00	6.04e+03	7.02e+03	-981.	55.0	45.0
404.	3.00	5.03e+03	4.51e+03	524.	35.3	64.7

growth rate

File: 6101g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	6	19509.406	3251.568	207.662
Within (Error)	17	266.183	15.658	
Total	23	19775.589		

Critical F value = 2.70 (0.05, 6, 17)Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho: All groups equal

growth rate

File: 6101g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

Е	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho:Contro	1 <treatm< th=""><th>ent</th></treatm<>	ent
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1 2 3 4 5 6	GRPS 1&2 POOLED 1.01 3.34 104 35.1 106.4 404	170.300 170.210 170.253 164.393 141.287 109.467 95.757	170.300 170.210 170.253 164.393 141.287 109.467 95.757	0.032 0.017 2.111 10.369 21.741 26.641	* * *

Bonferroni T table value = 2.65 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=17,6)

growth rate

File: 6101g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

]	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE	2 OF 2	Ho:Contr	ol <treatment< th=""></treatment<>
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	6			
2	1.01	3	7.429	4.4	0.090
3	3.34	3	7.429	4.4	0.047
4	104	3	7.429	4.4	5.907
5	35.1	3	7.429	4.4	29.013
6	106.4	3	7.429	4.4	60.833
7	404	3	7.429	4.4	74.543

growth rate

File: 6101g

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 1 OF 2

GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	N	ORIGINAL MEAN	TRANSFORMED MEAN	ISOTONIZED MEAN
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	GRPS 1&2 POOLED 1.01 3.34 104 35.1 106.4 404	6 3 3 3 3 3	170.300 170.210 170.253 164.393 141.287 109.467 95.757	170.300 170.210 170.253 164.393 141.287 109.467 95.757	170.300 170.232 170.232 164.393 141.287 109.467 95.757

growth rate

File: 6101g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS	TEST	(Isotonic	regression	model)	TABLE	2	OF	2

IDENTIFICAT	ION	ISOTONIZED MEAN	CALC. WILLIAMS	SIG P=.05	TABLE WILLIAMS	DEGREES OF FREEDOM
GRPS 1&2	POOLED 1.01 3.34 104 35.1 106.4 404	170.300 170.232 170.232 164.393 141.287 109.467 95.757	0.024 0.024 2.111 10.369 21.742 26.641	* * *	1.74 1.82 1.85 1.87 1.87	k= 1, v=17 k= 2, v=17 k= 3, v=17 k= 4, v=17 k= 5, v=17 k= 6, v=17

s = 3.957

Note: df used for table values are approximate when v > 20.

Estimates of EC%

						-
Parameter	Estimate	95% Bot	ınds	Std.Err.	Lower Bound	
		Lower	Upper		/Estimate	
EC5	14.	2.5	73.	0.35	0.19	
EC10	32.	9.1	1.1E+02	0.26	0.29	
EC25	1.3E+02	70.	2.5E+02	0.13	0.53	
EC50	6.4E+02	3.1E+02	1.3E+03	0.15	0.48	

Slope = 0.981 Std.Err. = 0.258

!!!Poor fit: p < 0.001 based on DF= 4.00 17.0

6101G : growth rate

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

Dose	#Reps.	Obs. Mean	Pred. Mean	Obs. -Pred.	Pred. %Control	%Change	•
0.00 1.01 3.34 35.1 104. 106.	6.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00	170. 170. 170. 141. 164. 109.	170. 170. 168. 152. 133. 132. 98.4	0.232 0.649 2.32 -10.5 31.6 -22.9 -2.62	100. 99.7 98.7 89.2 78.1 77.8	0.00 0.298 1.25 10.8 21.9 22.2 42.2	
404.	3.00	95.8	98.4	-2.62	57.8	42.2	

!!!Warning: EC50 not bracketed by doses evaluated.

dry weight

File: 6101dw Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	6	13.809	2.302	88.538
Within (Error)	14	0.361	0.026	
Total	20	14.170		
		·		

Critical F value = 2.85 (0.05, 6, 14)

Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho:All groups equal

dry weight

File: 6101dw Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	DUNNETTS TEST - TA	BLE 1 OF 2	Ho:Control <tr< th=""><th>eatment</th><th></th></tr<>	eatment	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1	solvent control	3.400	3.400		
2	1.01	3.043	3.043	2.709	*
3	3.34	3.253	3.253	1.114	
4	10.4	3.140	3.140	1.975	
5	35.1	1.927	1.927	11.191	*
6	106.4	1.533	1.533	14.178	*
7	404	1.377	1.377	15.368	*

Dunnett table value = 2.53 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=14,6)

dry weight

File: 6101dw Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	DUNNETTS TEST - :	TABLE 2 OF	2 но:	Control <t< th=""><th>reatment</th></t<>	reatment
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	solvent control	3			
2	1.01	3	0.333	9.8	0.357
3	3.34	3	0.333	9.8	0.147
4	10.4	3	0.333	9.8	0.260
5	35.1	3	0.333	9.8	1.473
6	106.4	3	0.333	9.8	1.867
7	404	3	0.333	9.8	2.023

dry weight

File: 6101dw Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 1 OF	WILLIAMS TEST	(Isotonic	regression	model)	TABLE	1	OF	- 2
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GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	N	ORIGINAL MEAN	TRANSFORMED MEAN	ISOTONIZED MEAN
1	solvent control	3	3.400	3.400	3.400
2	1.01	3	3.043	3.043	3.148
3	3.34	3	3.253	3.253	3.148
4	10.4	3	3.140	3.140	3.140
5	35.1	3	1.927	1.927	1.927
6	106.4	3	1.533	1.533	1.533
7	404	3	1.377	1.377	1.377

dry weight

File: 6101dw Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST	Tentonic	regression	/ Labom	TABLE 2 OF 2
MIDDIAMS IEST	(ISOLOHIC	regression	moderi	TABLE Z OF Z

IDENTIFICATION	ISOTONIZED	CALC.	SIG	TABLE	DEGREES OF
	MEAN	WILLIAMS	P=.05	WILLIAMS	FREEDOM
solvent control 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1 106.4 404	3.400 3.148 3.148 3.140 1.927 1.533 1.377	1.920 1.920 1.983 11.238 14.239 15.434	* * * *	1.76 1.85 1.88 1.89 1.90	k= 1, v=14 k= 2, v=14 k= 3, v=14 k= 4, v=14 k= 5, v=14 k= 6, v=14

s = 0.161

Note: df used for table values are approximate when v > 20.

Estimates of EC%

					
Parameter	Estimate	95% Boı	ınds	Std.Err.	Lower Bound
		Lower	Upper		/Estimate
EC5	1.3	0.20	7.9	0.38	0.16
EC10	3.6	0.82	16.	0.31	0.23
EC25	21.	8.1	54.	0.20	0.39
EC50	1.5E+02	84.	2.5E+02	0.11	0.58

Slope = 0.799 Std.Err. = 0.132

!!!Poor fit: p < 0.001 based on DF= 4.00 17.0

6101DW : dry weight

Observed vs. Dradisted Brostment Chair Many

 Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

 Dose
 #Reps.
 Obs. Mean
 Pred. Pre

Data Evaluation Report on the acute toxicity of Prothioconazole to aqua	itic vascular plants <i>Lemna gibba</i>
PMRA Submission #:2004-0843	EPA MRID#: 46246101

404. 3.00 1.38 1.19 0.183 36.2 63.8

EAD Assessment of USEPA DER

Reviewer: Émilie Larivière (#1269); PMRA Date: September 1, 2005

PMRA Submission Number: 2004-0843

Study Type: Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Vascular Plants (*Lemna gibba*)

Kern, M.E., Banman, C.S., and Lam, C.V. 2003. Toxicity of JAU 6476 Technical to Duckweed (*Lemna gibba* G3) Under Static-Renewal Conditions. Unpublished study performed by Bayer CropScience, Research and Development Department, Ecotoxicology, Stilwell, Kansas, Laboratory Study No. EBJAY002 (J6883701), and sponsored by Bayer CropScience, RTP, NC. Report No. 200488. Experimental start date January 17, 2003 and experimental termination date January 24, 2003. The final report issued March 3, 2004.

PMRA DATA CODE: 9.8.5 EPA DP Barcode: D303488 OECD Data Point: IIA 8.6.1 EPA MRID: 46246101 EPA Guideline: 123-2

Reviewing Agency: US EPA

EAD Executive Summary:

In a 7-day acute toxicity study, freshwater aquatic vascular plants Duckweed, Lemna gibba G3, were exposed to prothioconazole (JAU6476, purity 98.2%) at nominal concentrations of 0 (negative and solvent controls), 0.97, 3.24, 10.8, 36.0, 120, and 400 µg a.i./L under static renewal conditions. The measured concentrations were ≤ 0.5 (<LOQ, negative and solvent controls), 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 µg a.i./L. The study was conducted according to U.S. EPA OPPTS 850.4400, and was in compliance with U.S. EPA 40 CFR Part 160. The percent inhibitions for mean frond numbers were 0, 0, 10, 39, 64, and 71% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 µg a.i./L treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. The percent inhibitions for dry weights were 10, 4, 8, 43, 55, and 60% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1. 106.4, and 404.0 µg a.i./L treatment groups, respectively, compared to the solvent control. The percent inhibitions for growth rates were 0, 0, 3, 17, 36, and 44% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 µg a.i./L treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. The percent inhibitions for biomass (areas under the growth curve) were 2, -3, 8, 30, 51, and 60% in the 1.01, 3.34, 10.4, 35.1, 106.4, and 404.0 µg a.i./L treatment groups, respectively, compared to the pooled control. The EC₅₀ values (95% confidence intervals) determined by the EAD reviewer were 67.1 (58.6-74.0), >404, 101.0 (96.2-105.2), and 76.2 (64.8-88.7) µg a.i./L, for frond numbers, growth rate, biomass and dry weights, respectively; corresponding NOEC values

were 3.34, 10.4, 3.34 and 10.4 μ g a.i./L.

Results Synopsis, as determined by EAD reviewer

Test Organism: Lemna gibba G3

Test Type: Static Renewal

Number of fronds:

NOEC: 3.34 μg a.i./L LOEC: 10.4 μg a.i./L

 EC_{05} : 7.0 µg a.i./L

95% C.I.: 1.4-8.7 μg a.i./L

EC₅₀/IC₅₀:

Growth rates (0-7 day):

NOEC: 10.4 μg a.i./L LOEC: 35.1 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: 13.19 μg a.i./L 95% C.I.: 9.96-15.05 μg a.i./L

 EC_{50}/IC_{50} : >404 µg a.i./L 95% C.I.: N/A

Plant biomass (area under the growth curve):

NOEC: 3.34 μg a.i./L LOEC: 10.4 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: 7.4 μ g a.i./L 95% C.I.: 6.1-9.1 μ g a.i./L EC₅₀/IC₅₀: 101.0 μ g a.i./L 95% C.I.: 96.2-105.2 μ g a.i./L

Dry Weights:

NOEC: 10.4 μg a.i./L LOEC: 35.1 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: 0.7 μg a.i./L 95% C.I.: 0.5-11.5 μg a.i./L EC₅₀/IC₅₀: 76.2 μg a.i./L 95% C.I.: 64.8-88.7 μg a.i./L

EAD comments:

- 1. The appropriate PMRA information (PMRA Submission Number, PMRA Data Code, PMRA company code, PMRA active ingredient code, PMRA use site category, OECD data point, name of PMRA secondary reviewer) was added to the EPA-DER as well as information on the chemical name (CAS name and synonym) available from the PMRA Chemistry review.
- 2. The OECD Guideline requires that the doubling time in the control must be less than 2.5 days

- (60 hours). Based on the formula for the doubling time (T_d) of $T_d = \ln 2/\mu$, where μ is the average specific growth rate. Based on average specific growth rates for the controls (0.017012 for the negative control, 0.017048 for the solvent control and 0.01703 for the pooled controls), the doubling time is 40.7 hours, satisfying the validity criteria for the study.
- 3. The area under the growth curve and the growth rate numbers were verified by the EAD reviewer. The reviewer obtained values identical to those reported by the study author.

Data satisfied the assumptions of ANOVA (i.e., normality and homogeneity of variances), so the NOEC and LOEC were determined using this test followed by Dunnett's multiple comparison test. These analyses were conducted using SigmaStat statistical software. Controls were pooled when a t-test showed no significant differences between the negative and solvent controls.

The EC_{xx} values were calculated using a linear interpolation method. (Norberg-King, T. 1993. A Linear Interpolation Method for Sublethal Toxicity: The Inhibition Concentration (ICp) Approach (Version 2.0). USEPA, Duluth, MN). Mean measured concentrations of the mixture were used for all toxicity determinations. The EC_{xx} values calculated by the EAD reviewer will be used by the PMRA, as opposed to those of the EPA reviewer.

- 4. The EAD reviewer obtained similar results than the study authors and the EPA reviewer for fron numbers and biomass (area under the growth curve). The EAD reviewer agrees with the study authors that the NOEC for dry weight should be $10.4~\mu g$ a.i./L, as opposed to the $<1.01~\mu g$ a.i./L determined by the EPA reviewer. The lack of significant differences at the 3.34 and $10.4~\mu g$ a.i./L treatment levels indicate that the statistically significant effect observed at the $1.01~\mu g$ a.i./L treatment level was not treatment-related.
- 5. The EAD reviewer observed a significant inhibition in growth rate at the 35.1 μg a.i./L and higher treatment levels. The 3% inhibition in growth rate observed at the 10.4 μg a.i./L treatment level was not statistically significant, contrary to the results obtained by the EPA reviewer with the use of a Williams test. The EAD reviewer believes the NOEC should be 10.4 μg a.i./L, as also determined by the study author.

Study Acceptability: This toxicity study is scientifically sound and satisfies the data requirements for an aquatic vascular plant study with *Lemna gibba*. As a result, this study is classified as ACCEPTABLE.

Statistical analyses of the EAD reviewer

Frond numbers:

Conc. ID		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Conc. Tes	ted	00	.101	3.34	10.4	35.11	06.4	404
Response Response Response Response Response Response	1 2 3 4 5	292 272 273 261 280 302	286 294 259	303 260 277	259 244 257	184 169 163	100 103 99	89 70 82

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: Prothioconazole FROND

Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna

Test Duration: 168 hrs

DATA FILE: aifrond.icp OUTPUT FILE: aifrond.i05

Conc.	Number Replicates	Concentration ug a.i./L	Response Means	Std. Dev.	Pooled Response Means
1	6	0.000	280.000	14.846	280.000
2	3	0.101	279.667	18.339	279.833
3	3	3.340	280.000	21.656	,279.833
4	3	10.400	253.333	8.145	253.333
5	3	35.100	172.000	10.817	172.000
6	3	106.400	100.667	2.082	100.667
7	3	404.000	80.333	9.609	80.333

The Linear Interpolation Estimate: 7.0254 Entered P Value: 5

Number of Resamplings: 80

The Bootstrap Estimates Mean: 6.0655 Standard Deviation: 1.9473
Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 1.3895 Upper: 8.6938

Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 1.3895 Upper: 8.6938 Expanded Confidence Limits: Lower: -0.3013 Upper: 9.1944 Resampling time in Seconds: 0.00 Random_Seed: -1345127637

Conc. ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Conc. Teste	d 00	0.101	3.34	10.4	35.11	L06.4	404
Response 1 Response 2 Response 3 Response 4 Response 5 Response 6	292 272 273 261 280 302	286 294 259	303 260 277	259 244 257	184 169 163	100 103 99	89 70 82

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: Prothioconazole FROND

Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna

Test Duration: 168 hrs

DATA FILE: aifrond.icp OUTPUT FILE: aifrond.i50

Conc.	Number Replicates	Concentration ug a.i./L	Response Means	Std. Dev.	Pooled Response Means
1	6	0.000	280.000	14.846	280.000
2	3	0.101	279.667	18.339	279.833
3	3	3.340	280.000	21.656	279.833
4	3	10.400	253.333	8.145	253.333
5	3	35.100	172.000	10.817	172.000
6	3	106.400	100.667	2.082	100.667
7	3	404.000	80.333	9.609	80.333

The Linear Interpolation Estimate: 67.0850 Entered P Value: 50 _____

Number of Resamplings: 80

The Bootstrap Estimates Mean: 66.2268 Standard Deviation: Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 58.5588 Upper: 74.0336 Expanded Confidence Limits: Lower: 56.0009 Upper: 76.1181 Resampling time in Seconds: 0.00 Random_Seed: -140174165

Dry Weight

Conc. ID		1	2	3	4	5 6	7
Conc. Test	ed	0 1	.01 3	34 10	.4 35.	1106.4	404
Deanenge	1 0 0	2200	02150		02020	01020	01550

Response 1 0.03380.03150.0320.02930.01920.01550.0154 Response 2 0.03280.03150.03360.03420.01950.0160.0112 Response 3 0.03540.02830.0320.03070.01910.01450.0147 _____

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: Prothioconazole Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna gibba

Test Duration: 168 hours DATA FILE: aiweight.icp

OUTPUT FILE: aiweight.i05

Conc.	Number Replicates	Concentration ug ai/L	Response Means	Std. Dev.	Pooled Response Means
1	3	0.000	0.034	0.001	0.034
2	3	1.010	0.030	0.002	0.031
3	3	3.340	0.033	0.001	0.031
4	3	10.400	0.031	0.003	0.031
5	3	35.100	0.019	0.000	0.019
6	3	106.400	0.015	0.001	0.015

7 3 404.000 0.014 0.002 0.014

The Linear Interpolation Estimate: 0.6823 Entered P Value: 5

Number of Resamplings: 80

The Bootstrap Estimates Mean: 2.7639 Standard Deviation: 3.8885

Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 0.4898 Upper: 11.4770

Expanded Confidence Limits: Lower: 0.2781 Upper: 23.3512

Resampling time in Seconds: 0.06 Random_Seed: 2101222003

Conc. ID 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Conc. Tested 0 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1106.4 404

Response 1 0.03380.03150.0320.02930.01920.01550.0154
Response 2 0.03280.03150.03360.03420.01950.0160.0112
Response 3 0.03540.02830.0320.03070.01910.01450.0147

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: Prothioconazole
Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna gibba

Test Duration: 168 hours

DATA FILE: aiweight.icp OUTPUT FILE: aiweight.i50

Conc. ID	Number Replicates	Concentration ug ai/L	Response Means	Std. Dev.	Pooled Response Means
1	3	0.000	0.034	0.001	0.034
2	3	1.010	0.030	0.002	0.031
3	3	3.340	0.033	0.001	0.031
4	3	10.400	0.031	0.003	0.031
5	3	35.100	0.019	0.000	0.019
6	3	106.400	0.015	0.001	0.015
7	3	404.000	0.014	0.002	0.014

The Linear Interpolation Estimate: 76.1881 Entered P Value: 50

Number of Resamplings: 80

The Bootstrap Estimates Mean: 76.4900 Standard Deviation: 6.6615

Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 64.7558 Upper: 88.7385 Expanded Confidence Limits: Lower: 52.1801 Upper: 102.5440

Resampling time in Seconds: 0.05 Random_Seed: 107242435

Biomass (Area under the growth curve)

Conc. ID 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Conc. Tested 0 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1106.4 404

Response 1 12696125281362011700 9168 6072 5784
Response 2 12228126961245611136 8412 6072 4308
Response 3 12156112921254011328 8388 5988 5004

Response 4 11796

Response 5 12588 Response 6 13176

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: prothioconazole Biomass

Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna gibba Test Duration: 168 hours

DATA FILE: biomass.icp OUTPUT FILE: biomass.i05

Conc.	Number Replicates	Concentration ug a.i./L	Response Means	Std. Dev.	Pooled Response Means
1	6	0.000	12440.000	483.626	12481.000
2	3	1.010	12172.000	766.718	12481.000
3	3	3.340	12872.000	649.147	12481.000
4	3	10.400	11388.000	286.747	11388.000
5	3	35.100	8656.000	443.567	8656.000
6	3	106.400	6044.000	48.497	6044.000
7	3	404.000	5032.000	738.398	5032.000

The Linear Interpolation Estimate: 7.3709 Entered P Value: 5

Number of Resamplings: 80

The Bootstrap Estimates Mean: 7.2468 Standard Deviation: 0.8603
Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 6.0569 Upper: 9.1113
Expanded Confidence Limits: Lower: 5.6627 Upper: 9.6334
Resampling time in Seconds: 0.00 Random_Seed: 1463279087

Conc. ID		1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Conc. Tes	tec		 1	01	3 34	10 4	35 11	06 4	404
Response	1	12696	125	5281	L36201	L1700	9168	6072	5784
Response		12228							
Response	3	12156	112	2921	L25401	L1328	8388	5988	5004
Response	4	11796							
Response	5	12588							

Response 4 11796 Response 5 12588 Response 6 13176

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: prothioconazole Biomass

Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna gibba

Test Duration: 168 hours DATA FILE: biomass.icp

OUTPUT FILE: biomass.i50

Conc. ID	Number Replicates	Concentration ug a.i./L	Response Means	Std. Dev.	Pooled Response Means
1	6	0.000	12440.000	483.626	12481.000
2	3	1.010	12172.000	766.718	12481.000
3	3	3.340	12872.000	649.147	12481.000
4	3	10.400	11388.000	286.747	11388.000
5	3	35.100	8656.000	443.567	8656.000

•	3		5032.000		
6	3	106.400	6044.000	48.497	6044.000

The Linear Interpolation Estimate: 101.0361 Entered P Value: 50

Number of Resamplings: 80

The Bootstrap Estimates Mean: 100.3608 Standard Deviation: 2.4157 Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 96.1582 Upper: 105.2035 Expanded Confidence Limits: Lower: 94.6948 Upper: 106.4537 Resampling time in Seconds: 0.00 Random_Seed: -302385297

Growth Rate

Response 1 0.0172870.0171630.0175070.0165730.0145380.0109080.010215 Response 2 0.0168640.0173270.0165960.0162180.0140320.0110840.008785 Response 3 0.0168860.0165730.0169730.0165270.0138160.0108480.009727

Response 4 0.016619 Response 5 0.017037 Response 6 0.017487

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: Prothioconazole growth rate Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna gibba

Test Duration: 168 hours

DATA FILE: growth.icp OUTPUT FILE: growth.i05

 Conc.
 Number Replicates
 Concentration ug a.i./L
 Response Means
 Std.
 Pooled Pooled Response Means

 1
 6
 0.000
 0.017
 0.000
 0.017

 2
 3
 1.010
 0.017
 0.000
 0.017

 3
 3
 3.340
 0.017
 0.000
 0.017

 4
 3
 10.400
 0.016
 0.000
 0.016

 5
 3
 35.100
 0.014
 0.000
 0.014

 6
 3
 106.400
 0.011
 0.000
 0.011

 7
 3
 404.000
 0.010
 0.001
 0.010

The Linear Interpolation Estimate: 13.1882 Entered P Value: 5

Number of Resamplings: 80

The Bootstrap Estimates Mean: 12.9370 Standard Deviation: 1.4206 Original Confidence Limits: Lower: 9.9608 Upper: 15.0497 Expanded Confidence Limits: Lower: 8.9926 Upper: 15.6082

Resampling time in Seconds: 0.05 Random_Seed: -558238660

Conc. ID 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Conc. Tested 0 1.01 3.34 10.4 35.1106.4 404

Response 1 0.0172870.0171630.0175070.0165730.0145380.0109080.010215

Response 2 0.0168640.0173270.0165960.0162180.0140320.0110840.008785 Response 3 0.0168860.0165730.0169730.0165270.0138160.0108480.009727

Response 4 0.016619 Response 5 0.017037 Response 6 0.017487

*** Inhibition Concentration Percentage Estimate ***

Toxicant/Effluent: Prothioconazole growth rate

Test Start Date: Test Ending Date:

Test Species: Lemna gibba
Test Duration: 168 hours

DATA FILE: growth.icp OUTPUT FILE: growth.i50

Conc.	Number Replicates	Concentration ug a.i./L	Response Means	Std. Dev.	Pooled Response Means
1	6	0.000	0.017	0.000	0.017
2	3	1.010	0.017	0.000	0.017
3	3	3.340	0.017	0.000	0.017
4	3	10.400	0.016	0.000	0.016
5	3	35.100	0.014	0.000	0.014
6	3	106.400	0.011	0.000	0.011
7	3	404.000	0.010	0.001	0.010

^{***} No Linear Interpolation Estimate can be calculated from the input data since none of the (possibly pooled) group response means were less than 50% of the control response mean.