

113501  
SHAUGHNESSEY NO.

15  
REVIEW NO.

EEB BRANCH REVIEW

DATE: IN 7/29/81 OUT 8/31/81

FILE OR REG. NO. 100-607

PETITION OR EXP. PERMIT NO. \_\_\_\_\_

DATE OF SUBMISSION 7/15/81

RD REQUEST COMPLETION DATE 10/13/81

EEB ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE \_\_\_\_\_

RD ACTION CODE/TYPE OF REVIEW 330/Amendments - Label Revisions- Food Use.

TYPE PRODUCT(S): I, D, H, F, N, R, S Fungicide

DATA ACCESSION NO(S). No new data

PRODUCT MANAGER NO. H. Jacoby (21)

PRODUCT NAME(S) Ridomil 2E

COMPANY NAME Ciba-Geigy

SUBMISSION PURPOSE Proposed conditional registration of

hops use

SHAUGHNESSEY NO.

113501

CHEMICAL, & FORMULATION

Ridomil 2E

& A.I.

25.11 %

Metalaxyl: N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl) - N - (methoxyacetyl)

alanine methyl ester

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## 100.0 Pesticide Use

The ammended registration under consideration is the use of Ridomil® 2E on Hops to control Downy Mildew (Pseudoperonospora humuli).

### 100.1 Application Method/Directions

Apply 0.5 lb. a.i. Ridomil 2E per acre in a minimum of 20 gallons of water to the soil surface over the perennial crowns after pruning, but before training. Early applications before shoots are six inches long is preferable. Do not apply after training or make more than one application per year.

### 100.2 Application Rate

Ridomil 2E will be applied once in the spring at the rate of 0.5 lb. a.i. per acre using 20 or more gallons of water.

### 100.3 Precautionary Labeling

The signal word is "DANGER"

Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Apply only as specified on this label. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

## 101.0 Chemical and Physical Properties.

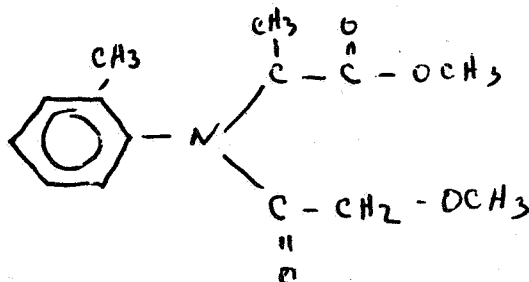
### 101.1 Chemical Name

N-(2,6 - dimethylphenyl)- N -(methoxyacetyl) alanine methyl ester

### 101.2 Common Name

Metalaxyl

### 101.3 Structural Formula



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101.4 Molecular Weight 279.34

101.5 Physical State

Technical: odorless tan powder or brown solid material

Formulation: brown liquid

101.6 Solubility

Solubility of technical unknown.

Solubility of the formulated product is as follows:

|             |       |
|-------------|-------|
| water       | 0.7 % |
| methanole   | 65 %  |
| benzene     | 55 %  |
| hexane      | 0.9 % |
| isopropanol | 27 %  |

102.0 Behavior in the Environment

See the 6-26-81 review for Ridomil.

103.0 Toxicological Properties

See the appended Section 103 taken from the 6-26-81 review.

104.0 Discussion

#### VEGETATION RESIDUES

Using the maximum application rate of 0.5 lb. a.i. per acre the estimated residues on various substrates are as follows:

|                        |         |
|------------------------|---------|
| Leaves and leafy crops | 65 ppm  |
| long grasses           | 55 ppm  |
| short range grasses    | 120 ppm |
| fruit                  | 4 ppm   |

#### WILDLIFE UTILIZATION

According to Gusey and Maturgo (Shell Oil Co.), Wildlife Utilization of Croplands (1973), wildlife associated with

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hops are; pheasants, quail, songbirds, hawks, owls and morning doves. Not listed but presumed in the area are rodents and other small mammals.

104.1 Likelihood of Exposure to Non-target Organisms.

Exposure to wildlife is likely, however, since metalaxyl is relatively nontoxic to avian and mammalian species, it is unlikely that the relatively small residues will have an adverse effect on wildlife in the area.

Metalaxyl is not expected to enter the aquatic environment.

104.2 Endangered Species Considerations

Since metalaxyl is relatively nontoxic to most species tested and due to the relatively small residues associated with this application rate and technique, there should be little or no hazard to endangered species associated with this use.

107.0 Conclusions

The Ecological Effects Branch has no objection to the conditional registration of Ridomil® 2E for use on hops to control Downy Mildew.

John Tice  
Fish and Wildlife Biologist, Section 4

8-31-81  
8/31/81

H.T. Craven 8-31-81  
Harry Craven  
EEB, Section Head

Clayton Bushong 8/31/81  
Clayton Bushong  
Chief, Ecological Effects Branch.

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## 103.2 Birds

| Organism       | Test                           | Results      | % Active | Category |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| Mallard duck   | acute oral LD <sub>50</sub>    | 1466 mg/kg   | Tech     | Core     |
| Bobwhite quail | 8-day dietary LC <sub>50</sub> | > 10,000 ppm | "        | "        |
| Japanese quail | "                              | "            | "        | Supp.    |
| Mallard duck   | "                              | "            | "        | Core     |

## 103.3 Fish.

| Organism       | Test                    | Results       | % Active    | Category |
|----------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| Carp           | 96-hr. LC <sub>50</sub> | >100 ppm      | Tech        | Supp.    |
| catfish        | "                       | "             | "           | "        |
| bluegill       | "                       | "             | "           | "        |
| guppy          | "                       | "             | "           | "        |
| trout          | "                       | "             | "           | "        |
| bluegill       | "                       | 150 mg/l      | "           | Core     |
| rainbow trout  | "                       | 130 mg/l      | "           | "        |
| "              | "                       | 132 mg/l      | "           | "        |
| bluegill       | "                       | 139 ppm       | "           | "        |
| rainbow trout  | "                       | 18.4 ppm      | Ridomil 2EG | "        |
| bluegill       | "                       | 27.0 ppm      | "           | "        |
| Fathead minnow | embryo-larvae           | MTC >9.1 mg/l | Tech        | "        |

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## 103.4 Aquatic invertebrates

| Organism             | Test                    | Results                                 | % Active    | Category |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|----------|
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 48 hr. EC <sub>50</sub> | 29.2 ppm                                | Tech        | Supp.    |
| "                    | "                       | 28 mg/l                                 | "           | Core     |
| "                    | "                       | 121 ppm                                 | "           | "        |
| "                    | "                       | 12.5 ppm                                | Ridomil 2EG | "        |
| "                    | invertebrate life-cycle | Adverse response between 1.2 & 2.7 mg/l | Tech        | Core     |

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.03.1 Mammals

(From reviews by K. K. Locke, 10/31/79 and by S.-L. Chan, Toxicology Branch 3/21/79, based in part on previous reviews by W. Woodrow 11/8 & 11/27/78)

Technical (90% A.I.)

Rats - Acute Oral LD<sub>50</sub> = 669 mg/kg

Rabbits - Acute Dermal LD<sub>50</sub> > 6 gm/kg

Rabbits - Skin Irritation Index = 0.1/8 = mild irritant

Rabbits - Eye Irritation Index = 9.5/110

Guinea pig - Skin Sensitization - Negative

Mouse - Dominant Lethal - Negative Mutagenic Potential

Formulation - CGA-48988 5W

Rats - Acute Oral LD<sub>50</sub> >5000 mg/kg; tremors & convulsions

Rabbits - Acute Dermal LD<sub>50</sub> >10,000 mg/kg; depression & loss of appetite

Rabbits - Eye Irritation - Unwashed: recovery by day 10  
washed: no irritation

Rabbits - Skin Irritation - None

Rats - Acute Inhalation LC<sub>50</sub> >2.97 mg/l

Formulation - Ridomil-2E (27.8% AI; contains [REDACTED])

Rats - Acute Oral LD<sub>50</sub> = 1889.48 mg/kg

Rabbits - Acute Dermal LD<sub>50</sub> = 3571.5 mg/kg

Rabbits - Eye Irritation - Corneal opacity

Rabbits - Skin Irritation - Very slight irritant

Formulation - Ridomil-2EG (27.9% AI; does not contain [REDACTED])

Rats - Intraperitoneal LD<sub>50</sub> = 312 mg/kg

Rats - Acute Inhalation LC<sub>50</sub> - (not determined)

INERT INGREDIENT INFORMATION IS NOT INCLUDED