

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

DEC 5 1986

MEMORANDUM

Request to Amend the Registration of Iprodione to SUBJECT:

Include Tolerances on Rice, Rice Hulls, and Rice straw

Lois Rossi, PM 21 TO:

Registration Division

(TS-767)

FROM:

Margaret L. Jones In 2 gree 11/19/86
Review Section III

Toxicology Branch, HED

(TS-769)

THROUGH:

Marcia Van Gemert, Ph.D., Head Mulau Gunet 11/20/86
Review Section III Review Section III

Toxicology Branch

Theodore M. Farber, Ph.D., Chief and

Toxicology Branch

Compound: Iprodione; Rovral; Glycophene Tox. Chem No: 470A

178651, 178652 Tox. Project No: Registration No:

Petitioner: Rhone Poulenc

Accession No: N/A Petition No: 6F3443, 6H5507

Action Requested: Amend the registration of Iprodione to include tolerances on rice, rice straw, and rice hulls.

Data Considered:

Reproduction in the rat (undated) Chronic/oncogenicity in the mouse (3/6/78)Subchronic dog (undated) Developmental toxicity in the rabbit (12/12/85)

Data Currently Lacking on Iprodione: Toxicology data requirements were published in the Federal Register (Vol.49 No.207, 10/24/84, pp.42892 - 42893). According to these requirements, the following data for the technical chemical are lacking:

Acute Dermal LD50

Dermal sensitization
Developmental Toxicity in a species other than the rabbit
General Metabolism

Actions Under Way to Obtain Missing Data: No known action is presently under way to obtain these data.

<u>Published Tolerances for Iprodione</u>: Tolerances exist for Iprodione in or on raw agricultural commodities as published in 40 CFR 180.399, 21 CFR 193.251 and 21 CFR 561.263.

Effect of Proposed Tolerances on Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI):
The present request for tolerances of Iprodione in or on rice
at 10.0 ppm was analyzed using the Toxicology Branch acceptable
daily intake (ADI) program. The ADI program cannot analyse
the effect of tolerances on rice hulls or rice straw as these
are not human foods. The secondary residues expected to
occur in meat and/or milk as a result of this additional use
will be considered by Residue Chemistry Branch and Toxicology
Branch will then analyse the impact on the acceptable daily intake.

The present analysis used the ADI based on the three generation reproduction study in rats with a no observed effects level (NOEL) of 500 ppm (25 mg/kg/day). The cumulative percent of the ADI used from the existing and proposed actions is 13.56 for the US population. (Please note the previous analysis using the Tolerance Assessment System (TAS) indicated a slightly higher percent ADI. The difference reflects slightly different consumption information for each raw agricultural commodity.)

Acceptable Daily Intake, Maximum Permissible Intake, and Theoretical Maximum Residue Contribution: The ADI is based on the results of the three generation reproduction study discussed above.

ADI = 0.25 mg/kg/day MPI = 15 mg/day (60 kg) TMRC = 0.034 mg/kg/day NOEL = 500 ppm (25 mg/kg/day) Safety Factor (SF) = 100

Recommendation: Toxicology Branch recommends acceptance of the proposed tolerances for Iprodione in or on rice at 10.0 ppm.

If, as expected, this use results in added residues in meat and/or milk from the use of rice straw and rice hulls as feed, a revised petition should be submitted to the Agency reflecting the new levels in those commodities.

It is further recommended that steps be taken to obtain the currently lacking toxicity data on Iprodione.

No known regulatory actions are pending against the registration of Iprodione.

TOXICOLOGY BRANCH ADI PRINTOUT

Date: 11/13/86

Glycophene (Iprodione)

ADI = 0.250000 mg/kg/dayCaswell #470A NOEL = 0.0000 mg/kg Safety Factor =

CFR No. 180.399 0.0000 mg/kg LEL =

Status: ADI NOT VERIFIED BY TOX ADI COMMITTEE OR AGENCY RFD COMMITTEE. WHO last_reviewed 1977.

RESIDUE CONTRIBUTION OF PUBLISHED TOLERADRAFT

*. •	CROP	TOLERANCE (PPM)	PETITION NUMBER	FOOD FACTOR	MG/DAY
1	Almonds	0.050	en e	0.03	0.000023
	Eggs	0.800		2.77	0.033240
61	Garlic	0.100		0.03	0.000045
67	Grapes, not including raisins	60.000		0.45	0.405000
-	Lettuce	15.000	* * *	1.31	0.294750
	Meat, red	0.400		10.81	0.064860
93	Milk and dairy products	0.300	•	28.62	0.128790
128	Poultry	2.000		2.94	0.088200
134	Raisins	300.000		0.04	0.180000
151	a cross and meses	20.000	* .	1.25	0.375000
20,3	Kidney	3.000		0.03	0.001350
204	Kiwi fruit	10.000		0.03	0.004500
211	Liver	3.000	,	0.03	0.001350
4.					
	mma				^

TMRC 0.026285 mg/kg/day (60kg BW, 1.5kg diet)

%ADI 10.514050

RESIDUE CONTRIBUTION OF TOX-APPROVED TOLERANCES

CROP	. TOLERANCE (PPM)	PETITION NUMBER	FOOD FACTOR	MG/DAY
1 Almonds 10 Beans, dry edible 11 Beans, lima 12 Beans, snap 17 Boysenberries 18 Blueberries 19 Broccoli 48 Currants 90 Meat, red 93 Milk and dairy products 105 Onions 115 Peanuts 115 Peanuts 127 Potatoes	0.250 4.000 2.000 2.000 15.000 15.000 0.200 0.400 0.500 0.400 0.500	5F3241 4F3150 4F3150 4F3129 5E3214 6F3305 5E3214 4F3129 4F3129 4F3111 4G3037 4F3129 6F3366	0.03 0.31 0.19 0.98 0.03 0.03 0.10 0.03 10.81 28.62 0.83 0.36 0.36 5.43	0.000112500 0.018600000 0.005700000 0.029400000 0.006750000 0.037500000 0.037500000 0.032430000 0.171720000 0.006225000 0.000540000 0.002160000 0.040725000

CROP	RESIDUE	CONTRI	BUTION OF TOX TOLERANCE (PPM)	-APPROVED PETITION NUMBER	TOLERANO FOOD FACTOR	EES MG/DAY
135 Raspberries 223 Ginseng			15.000 4.000	5E3214 6E3426	0.03 0.03	0.006750000 0.001800000
0.032517	TMRC mg/kg/day	(60kg	BW, 1.5kg die	et)	1	%ADI 3.006800
	RESIDUE	CONTRIE	BUTION OF NEW	(PENDING)	TOLERAN	CES
CROP	1		TOLERANCE (PPM)	PETITION NUMBER	FOOD FACTOR	MG/DAY
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137 Rice			10.000	6F3443	0.55	0.082500000

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