

#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

DEC 15 1986

Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances

#### **MEMORANDUM**

IR-4 Proposal to establish tolerances for Iprodione and SUBJECT:

its isomer and metabolite(s) in or on carrots

TO: Hoyt Jamerson, PM 43

Emergency Response and Minor Use Section

Registration Support and Emergency Response Branch

Registration Division (TS-767)

Margaret L. Jones M. J. Jones (2)11)86
Review Section III FROM:

Review Section III Toxicology Branch

Marcia Van Gemert, Ph.D., Head M. Waus Queet 12./2.86
Review Section III THROUGH:

and Theodore M. Farber, Ph.D., D.A.B.T., Chief

Toxicology Branch

Compound: Iprodione (Rovral, Glycophene) Tox. Chem.: 470A

Record No.: 184709 Tox. Project: 7-0187

Interregional Research Project No. 4 Petitioner:

Accession No.: 265922 Petition No.: 7E3474

Action Requested: Establish tolerances for Iprodione and its isomer and metabolite in or on the raw agricultural commodity carrots at 5 ppm.

Data Considered: 1 year dog study

3 generation reproduction in the rat

chronic/oncogenicity in the mouse (3/6/78)

developmental toxicity in the rabbit (12/12/85)

Data Currently Lacking on Iprodione: Data gaps were recently discussed with the PM for this chemical. Action is apparently under way to correct the deficiencies of acute dermal and sensitization and metabolism for the technical chemical; and developmental toxicity in a species other than the rat has apparently been submitted to the Agency (not yet received by Toxicology Branch).

Actions Under Way to Obtain Missing Data: See above

Published Tolerances for Iprodione: Tolerances exist for Iprodione in or on raw agricultural commodities as published in 40 CFR 180.399, 21 CFR 193.251, and 21 CFR 561.263.

Effect of Proposed Tolerance on Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI): The present request for tolerances of Iprodione in or on carrots at 5 ppm was analyzed in a Toxicology Branch ADI Printoun (copy attached). The acceptable daily intake (ADI) is based on the three generation reproduction study in rats with a no observed effects level of 500 ppm (25 mg/kg/day). The cumulative percent of the ADI used from the existing and proposed actions is 13.7968% for the U.S. population.

Acceptable Daily Intake, Maximum Permissible Intake, and Theoretical Maximum Residue Contribution:

ADI= 0.25 mg/kg/day MPI= 12 mg/kg/day (60 kg person) TMRC= 0.034492 mg/kg/day (60 kg BW, 1.5 kg diet) NOEL= 500 ppm (25 mg/kg/day) Safety Factor= 100

Comments: Iprodione is currently under consideration by the Toxicology Branch ADI committee and the Agency-wide Rfd Committee which decides on the ADI for pesticide chemicals. The committee is considering changing the study used to set the ADI to the one year dog study which has a NOEL of 100 ppm (2.5 mg/kg/day). It is possible a safety factor of 100 will be chosen for this study, which could result in an ADI of 0.025 mg/kg/day for this chemical.

## TOXICOLOGY BRANCH ADI PRINTOUT

Date: 12/09/86

Glycophene (Iprodione)

Caswell #470A

NOEL = 0.0000 mg/kg ADI = 0.250000 mg/kg/daSafety Factor = 100

0.0000 mg/kg LEL =

CFR No. 180.399 Status: ADI NOT VERIFIED BY TOX ADI COMMITTEE OR AGENCY RFD COMMITTEE.

WHO last reviewed 1977.

# RESIDUE CONTRIBUTION OF PUBLISHED TOLERADRAFT

	CROP	TOLERANCE (PPM)	PETITION NUMBER	FOOD FACTOR	MG/DAY	
i	Almonds	0.050		0.03	0.000022500	
54	Eggs	0.800		2.77	0.033240000	
61	Garlic	0.100		0.03	0.000045000	
67	Grapes, not including raisins	60.000	•	0.45	0.405000000	
84	Lettuce	15.000		1.31	0.294750000	
90	Meat, red	0.400		10.81	0.064860000	
93	Milk and dairy products	0.300		28.62	0.128790000	
	Poultry	2.000		2.94	0.088200000	
134	Raisins	300.000		0.04	0.180000000	
151	Stone fruits	20.000		1.25	0.375000000	
203	Kidney	3.000	•	0.03	0.001350000	
204	Kiwi fruit	10.000		0.03	0.004500000	
211	Liver	3.000	en e	0.03	0.001350000	
4,8-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• 1. •			
	TMRC			%ADI		
	0 006005 ma/ka/don /60ka Di	7 9 Elem 21.			A = 3 4 A = A	

0.026285 mg/kg/day (60kg BW, 1.5kg diet)

10.514050

## RESIDUE CONTRIBUTION OF TOX-APPROVED TOLERANCES

•	CROP	TOLERANCE (PPM)	PETITION NUMBER	FOOD FACTOR	MG/DAY
1	Almonds	0.250	5F3241	0.03	0.000112500
10	Beans, dry edible	4.000	4F3150	0.31	0.018600000
11	Beans, lima	2.000	4F3150	0.19	0.005700000 -
12	Beans, snap	2.000	4F3150	0.98	0.029400000
17	Boysenberries	15.000	4F3129	0.03	0.006750000
18	Blueberries	15.000	5E3214	0.03	0.006750000
19	Broccoli	25.000	6F3305	0.10	0.037500000
48	Currants	15.000	5E3214	0.03	0.006750000
90	Meat, red	0.200	4F3129	10.81	0.032430000
93	Milk and dairy products	0.400	4F3129	28.62	0.171720000
105	Onions	0.500	4F3111	0.83	0.006225000
115	Peanuts	0.100	4G3037	0.36	0.000540000
115	Peanuts	0.400	4F3129	0.36	0.002160000
127	Potatoes	0.500	6F3366	5.43	0.040725000

	CROP	RESIDUE	CONTRIB	UTION OF TOX- TOLERANCE (PPM)	-APPROVED PETITION NUMBER	TOLERANC FOOD FACTOR	ES MG/DAY
137	Raspberries Rice Ginseng			15.000 10.000 4.000	5E3214 6F3443 6E3426	0.03 0.55 0.03	0.006750000 0.082500000 0.001800000
	0.033892	TMRC mg/kg/day	/ (60kg	BW, 1.5kg die	et)		%ADI 3.556800
**************************************	1	RESIDUE	CONTRIB	UTION OF NEW	(PENDING)	TOLERAN	CES
•	CROP	•		TOLERANCE (PPM)	PETITION NUMBER	FOOD FACTOR	MG/DAY
				i.			
24	Carrots			5.000	7E3474	0.48	0.036000000

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