

DP Barcode : D190337
PC Code No : 109702
EEB Out : JAN 10 1995

To: Kathryn Davis
Product Manager 52
Special Review and Reregistration Division (H7508W)

From: Anthony F. Maciorowski, Chief
Ecological Effects Branch/EFED (H7507C)

Attached, please find the EEB review of...

Reg./File # : 109702-279
Chemical Name : Cypermethrin
Type Product : Insecticide - Synthetic pyrethroid
Product Name :
Company Name : FMC Corporation
Purpose : Study review - mysid life cycle

Action Code : 627 Date Due : 07/15/93
Reviewer : Renee Lamb

EEB Guideline/MRID Summary Table: The review in this package contains an evaluation of the following:

| GDLN NO | MRID NO | CAT | GDLN NO | MRID NO | CAT | GDLN NO | MRID NO | CAT |
|---------|---------|-----|---------|-----------|-----|----------|---------|-----|
| 71-1(A) | | | 72-2(A) | | | 72-7(A) | | |
| 71-1(B) | | | 72-2(B) | | | 72-7(B) | | |
| 71-2(A) | | | 72-3(A) | | | 122-1(A) | | |
| 71-2(B) | | | 72-3(B) | | | 122-1(B) | | |
| 71-3 | | | 72-3(C) | | | 122-2 | | |
| 71-4(A) | | | 72-3(D) | | | 123-1(A) | | |
| 71-4(B) | | | 72-3(E) | | | 123-1(B) | | |
| 71-5(A) | | | 72-3(F) | | | 123-2 | | |
| 71-5(B) | | | 72-4(A) | | | 124-1 | | |
| 72-1(A) | | | 72-4(B) | 427253-01 | Y | 124-2 | | |
| 72-1(B) | | | 72-5 | | | 141-1 | | |
| 72-1(C) | | | 72-6 | | | 141-2 | | |
| 72-1(C) | | | | | | 141-5 | | |

Y=Acceptable (Study satisfied Guideline)/Concur

P=Partial (Study partially fulfilled Guideline but additional information is needed)

S=Supplemental (Study provided useful information but Guideline was not satisfied)

N=Unacceptable (Study was rejected)/Nonconcur

DP BARCODE: D190337

REREG CASE # 2130

CASE: 816341
SUBMISSION: S438950

DATA PACKAGE RECORD
BEAN SHEET

DATE: 04/16/93
Page 1 of 1

* * * CASE/SUBMISSION INFORMATION * * *

CASE TYPE: REREGISTRATION ACTION: 627 GENERIC DATA SUBMISSION
CHEMICALS: 109702 Cypermethrin (ANSI)

100.00 %

ID#: 109702-000279

COMPANY: 000279 FMC CORP.

PRODUCT MANAGER: 52 KATHRYN DAVIS

703-308-8156 ROOM: CS1 3F3

PM TEAM REVIEWER: VERONICA DUTCH

703-308-8585 ROOM: CS1 3A3

RECEIVED DATE: 04/05/93

DUE OUT DATE: 07/04/93

* * * DATA PACKAGE INFORMATION * * *

DP BARCODE: 190337

EXPEDITE: N

DATE SENT: 04/16/93

DATE RET.: / /

CHEMICAL: 109702 Cypermethrin (ANSI)

DP TYPE: 999 Miscellaneous Data Package

ADMIN DUE DATE: 07/15/93

CSF: N

LABEL: N

ASSIGNED TO

DATE IN

DATE OUT

DIV : EFED

4/22/93

/ /

BRAN: EEB

4/27/93

/ /

SECT:

/ /

/ /

REVR :

/ /

/ /

CONTR:

/ /

/ /

* * * DATA REVIEW INSTRUCTIONS * * *

Please review the following invertibrate toxicity study for
the chemical cypermethrin;

GDLN 72-4(b) Chronic Toxicity to Mysidopsis bahia
MRID 42725301

* * * ADDITIONAL DATA PACKAGES FOR THIS SUBMISSION * * *

| DP BC | BRANCH/SECTION | DATE OUT | DUE BACK | INS | CSF | LABEL |
|-------|----------------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-------|
|-------|----------------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-------|

2



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

JAN 10 1995

MEMORANDUM

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Subject: Cypermethrin (109702) mysid life cycle study (427253-01)

From: *for* Anthony F. Maciorowski, Branch Chief
Ecological Effects Branch
Environmental Fate and Effects Division (H7507C) *Douglas J. Urban 1/4/95*

To: Kathryn Davis, PM 52
Special Review and Reregistration Division (H7508W)

The Ecological Effects Branch (EEB) has completed its review of the chronic mysid study submitted by FMC Corporation. The following is a summary of the data reviewed:

CITATION: Wheat, Jeff. 1992. FMC-30980 (¹⁴C-labeled Cypermethrin): Chronic toxicity to the mysid, Mysidopsis bahia, under flow through test conditions. EPA Guideline 72-4. Performed by Toxikon Environmental Sciences, Jupiter, Florida. Sponsored by FMC Corporation, Princeton, New Jersey. FMC Study Number A91-3480. EPA MRID No. 427253-01.

CONCLUSIONS: This study appears to be scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirement for a chronic toxicity study using the mysid. The MATC based upon mortality and growth was $0.781 < 1.976$ ng/L with a geometric mean of 1.242 ng/L. Therefore, cypermethrin is considered very highly toxic to developing mysid embryos.

If there are any questions contact Renee Lamb at 305-5294.

3



Recycled/Recyclable
Printed with Soy/Canola ink on paper that
contains at least 50% recycled fiber

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

1. **CHEMICAL:** Cypermethrin Shaughnessey Number: 109702
2. **TEST MATERIAL:** FMC-30980 (^{14}C -labeled Cypermethrin) 98.1 % active ingredient, tan liquid.
3. **STUDY TYPE:** Early life stage toxicity test with the mysid (Mysidopsis bahia)
4. **CITATION:** Wheat, Jeff. 1992. FMC-30980 (^{14}C -labeled Cypermethrin): Chronic toxicity to the mysid, Mysidopsis bahia, under flow through test conditions. EPA Guideline 72-4. Performed by Toxikon Environmental Sciences, Jupiter, Florida. Sponsored by FMC Corporation, Princeton, New Jersey. FMC Study Number A91-3480. EPA MRID No. 427253-01.


5. **REVIEWED BY:**

Renee Lamb
Biologist
Ecological Effects Branch (H7507C)
Environmental Fate & Effects Division

Signature: 

Date: 5/24/93

6. **APPROVED BY:**


 Ann Stavola
Section Head Section 5
Ecological Effects Branch (H7507C)
Environmental Fate & Effects Division

Signature: 

Date: 12-29-94

7. **CONCLUSIONS:** This study appears to be scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirement for a chronic toxicity study using the mysid. The MATC based upon mortality and growth was $> 0.781 < 1.976$ ng/L with a geometric mean of 1.242 ng/L. Therefore, cypermethrin is considered very highly toxic to developing mysid embryos.
8. **RECOMMENDATIONS:** N/A
9. **BACKGROUND:** N/A
10. **DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL TESTS:** N/A
11. **MATERIALS AND METHODS:**

A. **TEST ANIMALS:** Post-larval mysids (< 24 hours old) collected from mysid cultures at Toxikon were used in the chronic tests. They were fed live brine shrimp hatched daily. No diseases were observed.

B. **TEST SYSTEM:** The definitive exposure was conducted under flow-through conditions in a modified proportional vacuum siphon diluter system based on the 

original Mount and Brungs design. It was constructed of glass, silicone adhesive, and silicone tubing. The system was volumetrically calibrated to provide a test concentration series with a 50% dilution and equal solvent concentration in all test concentrations. A stock solution was mixed and the four lower test concentrations were proportionately diluted. A dilution water control and a solvent control (DMF) were maintained concurrently with the test solutions.

The dilution water was natural filtered saltwater adjusted to a salinity of 20 ppt. It was vigorously aerated prior to use.

- C. **DOSAGE:** A proportional diluter was used to deliver the various test concentrations. Test concentrations were 2.0, 1.0, 0.5, and 0.25 ng ai/L. The diluter delivered approximately 1000 mL to each chamber per cycle over the duration of the test.

- D. **DESIGN:** Ten mysids were impartially distributed by twos to petri dishes, for a total of 20 mysids per treatment replicate and a total of 40 mysids per treatment. The dishes were then transferred into screened retention chambers positioned within each test chamber. The treatment tanks were randomly positioned in a water bath under fluorescent lighting to an overall photoperiod of 16 hours light and 8 hours darkness. The intensity ranged from 258 to 458 lux. Test solutions were not aerated during this study.

Survival and offspring production was monitored daily and any dead were removed. After offspring release, a minimum of 20 per replicate were transferred into additional screen retention chambers within the same test chamber and survival monitored for 96 hours. Mysids were fed live brine shrimp at least once daily throughout the test.

- E. **STATISTICS:** Control mortality was statistically compared using Fisher's Exact Test. Student's t-test was used to evaluate control reproduction and growth of first generation mysids. If not significantly different, the control data were pooled prior to statistical evaluation with the treatments. If statistical difference was found, only the solvent control data were used for statistical evaluation with the treatments. Statistical difference in growth and reproduction were calculated using Fisher's Exact Test. Growth and reproduction was analyzed with ANOVA followed with Dunnett's at the 0.05 probability level. 5

12. **REPORTED RESULTS:** On day 17 of the test, the silicone stopper present in the bottom of the tank for treatment five

became dislodged allowing water from the water bath to enter the test chamber, This resulted in the death of all parental mysids in this replicate. This replicate was excluded from analysis.

Mortality of first generation mysids ranged from 8 percent (mean measured concentration of 0.411 ng/L) to 35 percent (mean measured concentration of 1.976 ng/L). Dilution and solvent control mortality was 10 and 8 percent, respectively. Mortality was statistically reduced only at 1.976 ng/L when compared to the pooled controls.

The mean number of young per female reproductive day (YPFRD) for the control and solvent control was 1.43 and 1.82, respectively. No statistical significance was found between the control, therefore, data were pooled for subsequent analysis. The YPFRD for the 0.125, 0.233, 0.411, 0.781 and 1.976 ng/L test concentrations was 1.23, 1.71, 2.35, 2.24, and 0.85, respectively.

Mean length of mysids in the pooled controls was 7.0 mm. Mean length of mysids were 6.9, 7.1, 7.3, 7.1 and 6.8 mm at each respective test concentration. Mean dry weight of the pooled control mysids was 0.97 mg. Mean dry weights of mysids were 0.97, 1.04, 1.11, 1.10 and 0.82 mg at the respective test concentrations. Total length of mysids was significantly reduced at the 1.976 ng/L while dry weight of mysids was not significantly reduced at any test concentration.

Growth data was analyzed to determine if there were increased differences in growth when sex was taken into account. Both length and dry weight of male mysids in the 1.976 ng/L group was statistically reduced from the pooled controls while only female dry weight in the 1.976 group was statistically reduced.

Second generation mysid survival was not adversely affected. Survival was 98 and 86 percent in the dilution water and solvent control, respectively. Survival was not less than 95% in any of the treatment chambers.

Test temperature during the study ranged from 21.8 to 29.3°C with a mean and standard deviation of $26.1 \pm 1.1^{\circ}\text{C}$. The salinity remained between 19 and 22 ppt during the test with the exception of one day when it rose to 25 ppt due to a malfunction of the salinity control system. DO concentrations remained ≥ 4.4 mg/L ($\geq 62\%$ saturation) in the controls, and ranged from 4.4 to 7.0 mg/L (61 to 95% saturation) in the test chambers. The pH ranged from 8.1 to 8.5 in all test chambers.

13. STUDY AUTHOR'S CONCLUSIONS/QUALITY ASSURANCE MEASURES:

6

"The MATC based upon mortality and growth was $> 0.781 < 1.976$ ng/L with a geometric mean of 1.242 ng/L."

The report has a quality assurance statement signed by a quality assurance officer.

14. REVIEWER'S DISCUSSION AND INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS:

- A. TEST PROCEDURE:** There is no official EPA SEP protocol for this study, therefore the "Standard Guide for Conducting Life-Cycle Toxicity Tests with Saltwater Mysids", ASTM E 1191-90, was used to evaluate the scientific validity of this study. The test was in accordance with the ASTM, with the exception of the following deviations which did not affect the scientific validity of the study:

oSilicone stopper became dislodged allowing water form the bath to enter the tank. As a result, all parental mysids died. This replicate was excluded from any analyses;

oTemperature deviated from the recommended 27°C. The mean temperature for the study was 26°C.

- B. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS:** The data was analyzed using EEB's Toxanal and Toxstat programs (see attached).
- C. DISCUSSION/RESULTS:** This study appears to be scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirement for a chronic toxicity study using the mysid. The MATC based upon mortality and growth was $> 0.781 < 1.976$ ng/L with a geometric mean of 1.242 ng/L. Therefore, cypermethrin is considered very highly toxic to developing mysid embryos.
- D. ADEQUACY OF STUDY:**
- (1) **CLASSIFICATION:** core
 - (2) **RATIONALE:** N/A
 - (3) **REPAIRABILITY:** N/A

15. COMPLETION OF ONE-LINER: May 24, 1993.

Cypermethrin # of offspring per female reproductive day
 File: d:femrep.dat Transform: NO TRANSFORM

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 1 of 2

| GRP | IDENTIFICATION | N | MIN | MAX | MEAN |
|-----|-----------------|---|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 | control | 4 | 1.160 | 1.670 | 1.430 |
| 2 | solvent control | 4 | 1.570 | 2.210 | 1.815 |
| 3 | 0.125 | 4 | 1.180 | 1.300 | 1.233 |
| 4 | 0.233 | 4 | 1.580 | 1.880 | 1.710 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 4 | 1.690 | 3.250 | 2.350 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 4 | 1.740 | 2.890 | 2.235 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 2 | 0.670 | 1.030 | 0.850 |

Cypermethrin # of offspring per female reproductive day
 File: d:femrep.dat Transform: NO TRANSFORM

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 2 of 2

| GRP | IDENTIFICATION | VARIANCE | SD | SEM |
|-----|-----------------|----------|-------|-------|
| 1 | control | 0.069 | 0.263 | 0.131 |
| 2 | solvent control | 0.084 | 0.290 | 0.145 |
| 3 | 0.125 | 0.003 | 0.057 | 0.029 |
| 4 | 0.233 | 0.018 | 0.134 | 0.067 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 0.438 | 0.662 | 0.331 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 0.257 | 0.507 | 0.253 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 0.065 | 0.255 | 0.180 |

Cypermethrin # of offspring per female reproductive day
 File: d:femrep.dat Transform: NO TRANSFORM

ANOVA TABLE

| SOURCE | DF | SS | MS | F |
|----------------|----|-------|-------|-------|
| Between | 6 | 5.486 | 0.914 | 6.482 |
| Within (Error) | 19 | 2.671 | 0.141 | |
| Total | 25 | 8.157 | | |

Critical F value = 2.63 (0.05,6,19)
 Since $F > \text{Critical } F$ REJECT H_0 : All groups equal

8

Cypermethrin # of offspring per female reproductive day

File: d:femrep.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

BONFERRONI T-TEST

- TABLE 1 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

| GROUP | IDENTIFICATION | TRANSFORMED MEAN | MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS | T STAT | SIG |
|-------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----|
| 1 | control | 1.430 | 1.430 | | |
| 2 | solvent control | 1.815 | 1.815 | -1.450 | |
| 3 | 0.125 | 1.233 | 1.233 | 0.744 | |
| 4 | 0.233 | 1.710 | 1.710 | -1.055 | |
| 5 | 0.411 | 2.350 | 2.350 | -3.465 | |
| 6 | 0.781 | 2.235 | 2.235 | -3.032 | |
| 7 | 1.976 | 0.850 | 0.850 | 1.784 | |

Bonferroni T table value = 2.63 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=19,6)

Cypermethrin # of offspring per female reproductive day

File: d:femrep.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

BONFERRONI T-TEST

- TABLE 2 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

| GROUP | IDENTIFICATION | NUM OF REPS | Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS) | % of CONTROL | DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL |
|-------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | control | 4 | | | |
| 2 | solvent control | 4 | 0.697 | 48.8 | -0.385 |
| 3 | 0.125 | 4 | 0.697 | 48.8 | 0.198 |
| 4 | 0.233 | 4 | 0.697 | 48.8 | -0.280 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 4 | 0.697 | 48.8 | -0.920 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 4 | 0.697 | 48.8 | -0.805 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 2 | 0.854 | 59.7 | 0.580 |

* User name: HWINNIK (15) Queue: DCOPP1/PRINTQ_1024B *

* File name: Server PRINT_SERVER_1 *

* Directory: *

* Description: Quattro Pro *

* May 24, 93 *

10:55am

* *

* H H W W III N N N N III K K *

* H H W W I NN N NN N I K K *

* H H W W I N N N N N N I K K *

* HHHHH W W W I N N N N N N I KK *

* H H W W W I N N N N N N I K K *

* H H WW WW I N NN N NN I K K *

* H H W W III N N N N III K K *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

growth as total length of mysids

File: d:lencyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 1 of 2

| GRP | IDENTIFICATION | N | MIN | MAX | MEAN |
|-----|-----------------|---|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 | control | 4 | 6.900 | 7.200 | 7.025 |
| 2 | solvent control | 4 | 6.900 | 7.200 | 7.025 |
| 3 | 0.125 | 4 | 6.800 | 7.000 | 6.925 |
| 4 | 0.233 | 4 | 7.000 | 7.100 | 7.050 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 4 | 7.100 | 7.500 | 7.350 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 4 | 6.900 | 7.300 | 7.100 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 2 | 6.700 | 6.900 | 6.800 |

growth as total length of mysids

File: d:lencyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 2 of 2

| GRP | IDENTIFICATION | VARIANCE | SD | SEM |
|-----|-----------------|----------|-------|-------|
| 1 | control | 0.016 | 0.126 | 0.063 |
| 2 | solvent control | 0.016 | 0.126 | 0.063 |
| 3 | 0.125 | 0.009 | 0.096 | 0.048 |
| 4 | 0.233 | 0.003 | 0.058 | 0.029 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 0.030 | 0.173 | 0.087 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 0.027 | 0.163 | 0.082 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 0.020 | 0.141 | 0.100 |

growth as total length of mysids

File: d:lencyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

ANOVA TABLE

| SOURCE | DF | SS | MS | F |
|----------------|----|-------|-------|-------|
| Between | 6 | 0.561 | 0.093 | 5.471 |
| Within (Error) | 19 | 0.322 | 0.017 | |
| Total | 25 | 0.883 | | |

Critical F value = 2.63 (0.05,6,19)

Since $F > \text{Critical } F$ REJECT H_0 : All groups equal

10

growth as total length of mysids

File: d:lencyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

BONFERRONI T-TEST - TABLE 1 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

| GROUP | IDENTIFICATION | TRANSFORMED MEAN | MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS | T STAT | SIG |
|-------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----|
| 1 | control | 7.025 | 7.025 | | |
| 2 | solvent control | 7.025 | 7.025 | 0.000 | |
| 3 | 0.125 | 6.925 | 6.925 | 1.085 | |
| 4 | 0.233 | 7.050 | 7.050 | -0.271 | |
| 5 | 0.411 | 7.350 | 7.350 | -3.525 | |
| 6 | 0.781 | 7.100 | 7.100 | -0.813 | |
| 7 | 1.976 | 6.800 | 6.800 | 1.993 | |

Bonferroni T table value = 2.63 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=19,6)

growth as total length of mysids

File: d:lencyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

BONFERRONI T-TEST - TABLE 2 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

| GROUP | IDENTIFICATION | NUM OF REPS | Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS) | % of CONTROL | DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL |
|-------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | control | 4 | | | |
| 2 | solvent control | 4 | 0.242 | 3.4 | 0.000 |
| 3 | 0.125 | 4 | 0.242 | 3.4 | 0.100 |
| 4 | 0.233 | 4 | 0.242 | 3.4 | -0.025 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 4 | 0.242 | 3.4 | -0.325 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 4 | 0.242 | 3.4 | -0.075 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 2 | 0.297 | 4.2 | 0.225 |

 * User name: HWINNIK (15) Queue: DCOPP1/PRINTQ_1024B *

* File name: Server PRINT_SERVER_1 *

* Directory: *

* Description: Quattro Pro *

* May 24, 93 10:57am *

* H H W W III N N N N III K K *

* H H W W I NN N NN N I K K *

* H H W W I N N N N N N I K K *

* HHHHH W W W I N N N N N N I KK *

* H H W W W I N N N N N N I K K *

* H H WW WW I N NN N NN I K K *

* H H W W III N N N N III K K *

* //

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

Growth as dry weight of mysids

File: d:weicyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 1 of 2

| GRP | IDENTIFICATION | N | MIN | MAX | MEAN |
|-----|-----------------|---|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 | control | 4 | 0.930 | 1.070 | 0.985 |
| 2 | solvent control | 4 | 0.900 | 1.010 | 0.958 |
| 3 | | 4 | 0.880 | 1.030 | 0.958 |
| 4 | | 4 | 0.990 | 1.130 | 1.035 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 4 | 0.990 | 1.170 | 1.118 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 4 | 1.030 | 1.190 | 1.095 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 2 | 0.740 | 0.930 | 0.835 |

Growth as dry weight of mysids

File: d:weicyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 2 of 2

| GRP | IDENTIFICATION | VARIANCE | SD | SEM |
|-----|-----------------|----------|-------|-------|
| 1 | control | 0.004 | 0.065 | 0.032 |
| 2 | solvent control | 0.002 | 0.048 | 0.024 |
| 3 | | 0.004 | 0.062 | 0.031 |
| 4 | | 0.004 | 0.065 | 0.032 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 0.007 | 0.085 | 0.043 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 0.005 | 0.070 | 0.035 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 0.018 | 0.134 | 0.095 |

Growth as dry weight of mysids

File: d:weicyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

ANOVA TABLE

| SOURCE | DF | SS | MS | F |
|----------------|----|-------|-------|-------|
| Between | 6 | 0.163 | 0.027 | 5.400 |
| Within (Error) | 19 | 0.098 | 0.005 | |
| Total | 25 | 0.261 | | |

Critical F value = 2.63 (0.05,6,19)

Since $F > \text{Critical } F$ REJECT H_0 : All groups equal

12

Growth as dry weight of mysids

File: d:weicyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

BONFERRONI T-TEST

- TABLE 1 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

| GROUP | IDENTIFICATION | TRANSFORMED MEAN | MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS | T STAT | SIG |
|-------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----|
| 1 | control | 0.985 | 0.985 | | |
| 2 | solvent control | 0.958 | 0.958 | 0.550 | |
| 3 | 0.125 | 0.958 | 0.958 | 0.550 | |
| 4 | 0.233 | 1.035 | 1.035 | -1.000 | |
| 5 | 0.411 | 1.118 | 1.118 | -2.650 | |
| 6 | 0.781 | 1.095 | 1.095 | -2.200 | |
| 7 | 1.976 | 0.835 | 0.835 | 2.449 | |

Bonferroni T table value = 2.63 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=19,6)

Growth as dry weight of mysids

File: d:weicyp.dat

Transform: NO TRANSFORM

BONFERRONI T-TEST

- TABLE 2 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

| GROUP | IDENTIFICATION | NUM OF REPS | Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS) | % of CONTROL | DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL |
|-------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | control | 4 | | | |
| 2 | solvent control | 4 | 0.131 | 13.3 | 0.028 |
| 3 | 0.125 | 4 | 0.131 | 13.3 | 0.028 |
| 4 | 0.233 | 4 | 0.131 | 13.3 | -0.050 |
| 5 | 0.411 | 4 | 0.131 | 13.3 | -0.132 |
| 6 | 0.781 | 4 | 0.131 | 13.3 | -0.110 |
| 7 | 1.976 | 2 | 0.161 | 16.3 | 0.150 |

NOTE: BECAUSE THERE WAS CONTROL MORTALITY, AND NONE OF THE LOWER CONCENTRATIONS PRODUCED ZERO MORTALITY, THE DATA HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO ABBOTT'S CORRECTION.

lamb cypermethrin CYPERMETHRIN CUMUL. MORTALITY

| CONC. | NUMBER EXPOSED | NUMBER DEAD | PERCENT DEAD | BINOMIAL PROB. (PERCENT) |
|-------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| 1.976 | 16.5 | 3.5 | 21.2121 | 0 |
| .781 | 40 | 6 | 15 | 0 |
| .411 | 40 | 3 | 7.500001 | 0 |
| .233 | 33 | 1 | 3.0303 | 0 |
| .125 | 33 | 1 | 3.0303 | 0 |

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 1.976 AND +INFINITY CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 1.976

THE MOVING AVERAGE METHOD CANNOT BE USED WITH THIS DATA SET BECAUSE NO SPAN WHICH PRODUCES MOVING AVERAGE ANGLES THAT BRACKET 45 DEGREES ALSO USES TWO PERCENT DEAD BETWEEN 0 AND 100 PERCENT.

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD
ITERATIONS G H

GOODNESS OF FIT PROBABILITY

3 .5743692 1
.927063

SLOPE = 1.045869
95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = .2532346 AND 1.838502

LC50 = 9.471048
95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 2.547858 AND 74494.04

LC10 = .5782243
95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = .2341407 AND 1.595613

NOTE: BECAUSE THERE WAS CONTROL MORTALITY, AND NONE OF THE LOWER CONCENTRATIONS PRODUCED ZERO MORTALITY, THE DATA HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO ABBOTT'S CORRECTION.

lamb cypermethrin CYPERMETHRIN SECOND GEN SURVIVAL

| CONC. | NUMBER EXPOSED | NUMBER DEAD | PERCENT DEAD | BINOMIAL PROB. (PERCENT) |
|-------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| 1.976 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| .781 | 40 | 1 | 2.5 | 0 |
| .411 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| .233 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| .125 | 40 | 2 | 5 | 0 |

14

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 1.976

| RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD | | |
|--|----------|---|
| ITERATIONS | G | H |
| GOODNESS OF FIT PROBABILITY | | |
| 5 | 4.211926 | 1 |
| .3370469 | | |

LC50 = 2.806691E-04
95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 0 AND 3.031336E-02

LC10 = 1.819165E-02
95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 0 AND .137051

15