### DATA EVALUATION RECORD § 72-2 - ACUTE EC<sub>50</sub> TEST WITH A FRESHWATER INVERTEBRATE

1. CHEMICAL: Metolachlor PC Code No.: 108801

2. TEST MATERIAL: CGA-51202 Purity: Not reported

3. **CITATION**: Author: A. Vial

Title: Report on the Acute Toxicity Test of CGA-51202 On Daphnia (Daphnia

magna STRAUS 1820)

Study Completion Date: August 12, 1991

Laboratory: Ciba-Geigy Limited, Crop Protection Division, Basle, Switzerland

Sponsor: Novartis Crop Protection, Inc., Greensboro, NC

Laboratory Report ID:

918162

MRID No.: 449295-03 DP Barcode: D260007

4. REVIEWED BY: Karl Bullock, M.S., Environmental Scientist, Golder Associates Inc.

Signature:

**Date:** 11/99

APPROVED BY: Pim Kosalwat, Ph.D., Senior Scientist,

Golder Associates Inc.

Signature:

Date:

5. APPROVED BY: Brian Montague, Fisheries Biologist

Environmental Fate and Effects Division, OPP

Date: March 2000

6. STUDY PARAMETERS:

Age of Test Organism:

<24 hours

**Definitive Test Duration:** 

48 hours

Study Method:

Static

Type of Concentrations:

Mean measured

7. **CONCLUSIONS**: This study is scientifically sound, but does not fulfill the guideline requirements. The percent purity of the test material was not reported.

**Results Synopsis** 

EC<sub>50</sub>: 15.4 ppm

95% C.I.: 13.0 - 18.4 ppm

NOEC: 5.2 ppm

Probit Slope: 6.1

8. ADEQUACY OF THE STUDY: A. Classification: Supplemental.



- **B.** Rationale: The percent purity of the test material was not reported. Hardness of 240 mg/L as CaCO3 used in study.
- C. Repairability: No-hardness too high.

## 9. **GUIDELINE DEVIATIONS**:

- 1. The percent purity of the test material was not reported.
- 2. The reported pH (7.8 -7.9) and hardness (240 mg CaCO<sub>3</sub>/L) is higher than recommended (pH: 7.2 7.6; hardness: 40 200 mg CaCO<sub>3</sub>/L).
- 3. Temperature was measured at test initiation and termination; guideline protocol recommends continuous temperature monitoring for a test system controlled by the room temperature.
- 10. **SUBMISSION PURPOSE**: To support reregistration of metolachlor products.

#### 11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

### A. Test Organisms

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Species Preferred species is Daphnia magna.	Daphnia magna		
All organisms are approximately the same size and weight?	Not reported		
Life Stage Daphnids: 1st instar (<24 h)	1 <sup>st</sup> instar (≤24 h)		
Supplier	In-house cultures		
All organisms from the same source?	Yes		

#### B. Source/Acclimation

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Acclimation Period  Minimum 7 days	Cultures were maintained under conditions similar to testing.

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Wild caught organisms were quarantined for 7 days?	N/A
Were there signs of disease or injury?	None reported
If treated for disease, was there no sign of the disease remaining during the 48 hours prior to testing?	N/A
Feeding No feeding during the study.	No feeding during the study
Pretest Mortality No more than 3% mortality 48 hours prior to testing.	Not reported

# C. <u>Test System</u>

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Source of dilution water	
Soft reconstituted water or water from a	Reconstituted water prepared from bi-
natural source, not dechlorinated tap water.	distilled water.
Does water support test animals without	
observable signs of stress?	Not reported
Water Temperature Daphnia: 20°C Amphipods and mayflies: 17°C Midges and mayflies: 22°C Stoneflies: 12°C	20 - 22°C
<b>pH</b> Prefer 7.2 to 7.6.	7.8 - 7.9
Dissolved Oxygen  Static: ≥ 60% during 1 <sup>st</sup> 48 h and ≥ 40% during 2 <sup>nd</sup> 48 h, flow-through: ≥ 60%.	≥99% during the test
Total Hardness Prefer 40 to 200 mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub> .	240 mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub>

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Test Aquaria	
Material:     Glass or stainless steel.	Glass
2. <u>Size:</u> 250 mL (daphnids and midges) or 3.9 L (1 gal).	Not reported
3. Fill volume: 200 mL (daphnids and midges) or 2-3 L.	100 mL
Type of Dilution System  Must provide reproducible supply of toxicant.	N/A
Flow Rate	N/A
Biomass Loading Rate  Static: ≤ 0.8 g/L at ≤ 17°C,  ≤ 0.5 g/L at > 17°C; flow-through: ≤ 1 g/L/day.	1 daphnid/20 mL
Photoperiod 16 hours light, 8 hours dark.	16 hours light, 8 hours dark
Solvents Not to exceed 0.5 mL/L for static tests or 0.1 mL/L for flow-through tests.	None used

# D. Test Design

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Range Finding Test If EC <sub>50</sub> >100 mg/L, then no definitive test is required.	Results of pretests were not reported.
Nominal Concentrations of Definitive Test Control & 5 treatment levels; a geometric series with each concentration being at least 60% of the next higher one.	Negative control, 5.8, 10, 18, 32, and 58 mg/L, not corrected for percent purity.

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Number of Test Organisms  Minimum 20/level, may be divided among containers.	20 per level, 5 per replicate
Test organisms randomly or impartially assigned to test vessels?	Yes
Water Parameter Measurements  1. Temperature  Measured continuously or, if water baths are used, every 6 h, may not vary > 1°C.  2. DO and pH  Measured at beginning of test and every 48 h in the high, medium, and low doses and in the control.	Temperature, DO, and pH were measured at test initiation and termination.
Chemical Analysis Needed if solutions were aerated, if chemical was volatile, insoluble, or known to absorb, if precipitate formed, if containers were not steel or glass, or if flow-through system was used	Solutions collected at 0 and 48 hours and analyzed for CGA-51202 using HPLC.

## 12. <u>REPORTED RESULTS</u>:

## A. General Results

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Quality assurance and GLP compliance statements were included in the report?	The study was conducted in accordance with OECD and Swiss GLP guidelines. A QA statement was also included in the report.
Control Mortality Static: ≤10% Flow-through: ≤5%	0% mortality in the control
Percent Recovery of Chemical 1. Percent of nominal 2. Detection limit 3. Method validation	<ol> <li>Range 89 - 103%</li> <li>1.0 mg/L</li> <li>Average recovery = 108.1%</li> </ol>

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Raw data included?	Yes

Analytical Results

	Toxica	int Concentration (m	g/L)	
		of Study	Mean	Percent
Nominal	O	96	Measured (SD)	of Nominal
Control	<1	<1	-	-
5.8	4.80	5.50	5.15 (0.49)	89
10	7.80	10.30	9.05 (1.77)	91
18	16.20	16.70	16.45 (0.35)	91
32	32.50	33.30	32.90 (0.57)	103
58	56.70	55.60	56.15 (0.78)	97

Mortality/Immobilization

Nominal Concentration (mg/L)	Mean measured Concentration	Number of Daphnids	Cumulative Number Immobile/Dead	
	(mg/L)		24-hr	48-hr
Control	<1.0	20	0	0
5.8	5.15	20	0	0
10	9.05	20	1	1
18	16.45	20	12	13
32	32.90	20	17	19
58	56.15	20	20	20

Other Significant Results: No sublethal signs of toxicity were reported.

B. Statistical Results: Results based on nominal concentrations. Method: Probit

48-hr EC<sub>50</sub>: 16.6 mg/L

95% C.I.: 14.2 - 19.4 mg/L

Probit Slope: N/R

NOEC: 5.8 mg/L

### 13. <u>VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS</u>:

Method: Probit analysis using mean measured concentrations

48-hr EC<sub>50</sub>: 15.4 ppm

95% C.I.: 13.0 - 18.4 ppm

Probit Slope: 6.1

NOEC: 5.2 ppm

14. REVIEWER'S COMMENTS: This study is scientifically sound but does not fulfill the guideline requirements, and is classified as Supplemental. The percent purity of the test substance was not reported. The hardess of the test dilution water was above recommended limits for OECD and USEPA testing requirements which may effect the chemical characteristics and toxicity of the test material. The EC50 for daphnia exposed to CGA-51202 was determined to be 15.4 ppm, which classifies CGA-51202 as slightly toxic to the daphnid. The NOEC was determined to be 5.2 ppm.

MRID No. 449295-03

"Karl

Bullock","10-25-99","Metolachlor","?","108801","?","Daphnia","Acute","STAT","Ciba-Geigy"," 48

h","","20","Suppl",20,0,5,5,14.43565,9.05,32.9,4,15.93281,13.20306,19.09389,6.061267,15.417 59,13.03811,18.42952,.6832855,9.516766

PAGES 9 THROUGH 14 HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM THIS COPY. THOSE PAGES CONSIST OF REGISTRANT-SUBMITTED DATA.

Karl Bullock Metolachlor Daphnia 10-25-99

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CONC.	NUMBER	NUMBER	PERCENT	BINOMIAL
	EXPOSED	DEAD	DEAD	PROB. (PERCENT)
56.15	20	20	100	9.536742E-05
32.9	20	19	95	2.002716E-03
16.45	20	13	65	13.1588
9.05	20	1	5	2.002716E-03
5.15	20	0	0	9.536742E-05

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 9.05 AND 32.9 CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 14.43565

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE MOVING AVERAGE METHOD

SPAN G LC50 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS

4 5.135009E-02 15.93281 13.20306 19.09389

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD

ITERATIONS G H GOODNESS OF FIT PROBABILITY

6 .1428227 1 .6832855

SLOPE = 6.061267 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 3.770599 AND 8.351934

LC50 = 15.41759 MEAN MEASURED 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 13.03811 AND 18.42952