Memorandum

15 August 1983 Date:

003145

Subject: EPA Reg. No. 279-1830 THIODAN 50 WP

Caswell #420

In 6-15-83; record no. 99296

Fran:

B. T. Backus

IRB/TSS

To:

Mr. George LaRocca Product Manager 15

Registrant: FMC Corp.

Agricultural Chemical Group

2000 Market St.

Philadelphia, PA 19103

Active Ingredient:

Endosulfan (Hexachlorohexahydromethano-

2,4,3-benzodioxathiepin oxide)..... Inert Ingredients:....

Background:

Acute oral LD_{50} , acute dermal LD_{50} , acute inhalation LC_{50} , primary eye and dermal irritation studies have been received for this formulation with proposed labeling incorporating appropriate revisions. This material has been sent in for reregistration purposes.

Comments and Recommendations:

- 1. The acute cral LD_{50} , dermal LD_{50} , primary eye and dermal irritation studies are acceptable. This formulation is in toxicity category I on the basis of potential oral hazard.
- 2. In the inhalation IC_{50} study, there is a considerable difference between analytically (0.08 mg/L) and gravimetrically (1.26 mg/L) determined concentrations in the one exposure for which both values There is also a relatively poor fit of mortality to gravimetrically determined concentration values in this study. According to page 7 of the report analytical sampling was discontinued after the exposure for which the two concentration values are given. However, there were two exposures (02-18-83 and 02-24-83) prior to this for which gravimetric concentrations (6.06 and 2.02 mg/L respectively) are reported with no analytical values. Were analytical concentrations determined for these two runs, and if so, how do they compare with gravimetric values? The deaths of 5/5 /females at 0.08 mg/L suggest near-toxicity category I hazard, as does the run in which a gravimetrically-determined concentration of 0.05 mg/L resulted in 2/6 exposed females rats dying. Given the data, as presented, there is uncertainty as to whether this formulation is in toxicity category I or II with respect to inhalation hazard.

Labeling:

Since there is some question as to whether this formulation is in toxicity category I or II with respect to inhabition hazard, comments regarding the proposed precautionary and first aid labeling will be deferred at this time.

Review:

The following studies were conducted by the FMC Corp. Chemical Pesearch & Development Center, Box 8, Princeton, NJ 08540. Studies were received 6-1-83 and are in Acc. 250424.

1. Acute oral LD₅₀ - rat. FMC reference A82-793; dated 3-14-83.

Procedure: Groups of 10F SD rats received orally dosage levels of 25, 32.9, 43.3 or 75 mg/kg. Groups of 10 or 20M rats received dosage levels of 250, 387 or 600 mg/kg. There was subsequent 14-day observation, necropsies of mortalities and necropsies of survivors following sacrifice at 14 days.

Results:

Mortalities (female):	
	Deaths/Animals Dosed
Dosage Level (mg/kg)	
25	1/10
32.9	0/10
43.3	7/10
75	9/10
	5/ 25
Mortalities (male):	
Dosage Level (mg/kg)	Deaths/Animals Dosed
250	3/10
387	9/20
600	8/10
	-,
Oral LD ₅₀ (F) = 41.2 (32.6-49.9) mg/kg	
Oral LD ₅₀ (M) = 376 (267-485) mg/kg	•

Symptoms: Clonic convulsions, tremors, ataxia, decreased locomotion, chromorhinorrhea and oral discharge. Recovery complete in survivors by day 4. Some animals which died had blood in their intestines. Post-sacrifice recropsies of survivors were unremarkable.

Study Classification: Core Guidelines Data

Iroduct Classification: Tox. Cat. I (on basis of oral LD50 in females)

2. Acute Dermal LD50 - rabbit. FMC reference A82-794; dated 3-14-83.

Procedure: 5M, 5P NZ white rabbits received 24-hr occluded dermal exposure to a dosage level of 2000 mg/kg. Material was moistened with physiological saline solution. Subjects were observed for 14 days following exposure.

<u>Results:</u> No mortalities. Diarrhea, lacrimation and nasal discharge noted in some subjects throughout observation period. Desquamation noted in 9/10 on day 14. Dermal LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg. Post-sacritice necropsies were unremarkable.

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Study Classification: Core Minimum Data

Product Classification: Tox. Cat. III

3. Primary Eye Irritation - rabbit. FMC reference A82-796; dated 2-16-83.

Procedure: 0.1 g was applied to one eye of each of 9 rabbits. Three eyes were flushed with water starting 20-30 seconds after instillation. The remaining 6 eyes were unwashed.

Results: No corneal involvement. 5/6 unwashed eyes, 0/3 washed eyes showed some conjunctival irritation at 24 hours. All eyes scored zero by day 4.

Study Classification: Core Guidelines Data

Product Classification: Tox. Cat. III

4. Primary Dermal Irritation - Rabbit. FMC reference A82-795; dated 2-9-83.

Procedure: 0.5 g test material moistened with physiological saline solution was applied to each of 2 sites, one intact, one abraded, on each of 6 rabbits with 4-hr occluded exposure.

Results: All sites scored zero at 4-1/2, 24, 48 and 72 hrs. PDIS = 0.

Study Classification: Core Minimum Data

Product Classification: Tox. Cat. IV

The following study was conducted by Stil'meadow, Inc. Biological Testing Laboratory, 9525 Town Park Drive, Houston, TX 77036.

5. Acute Inhalation LC50 - rat. Project No. 2879-83; dated March 28, 1983.

Procedure: Groups of from 5-8M were exposed to gravimetrically determined concentration levels of 0.20, 0.37, 0.58, 0.84, 0.93, 0.96, 1.06, 1.16, 1.26, 1.66 and 6.06 mg/L. Groups of 5-8P were exposed to gravimetrically determined concentrations of 0.05, 0.20, 0.38, 0.48, 0.59, 0.66, 0.74, 0.75, 1.06, 1.26, and 2.02 mg/L. Exposures were for 4 hours, with particle sizes usually measured twice during this exposure period. The analytically determined concentration of the exposure which was gravimetrically tound to be 1.26 mg/L was only 0.08 mg/L. There was an additional exposure in which the analytical concentration was found to be 0.44 mg/L, but no gravimetric concentration could be determined.

Results:		Nominal Conc.	Grav. Conc.	Anal. Conc.	Mass Med. Aer. Dia.	Geom. S.D.	Mortalities/Exposed	
quence	Date	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(un)	3 011	<u> </u>	2/6
15	03-11-83	0.018	0.05	-	12.196	3.911	. -	4/0
				, <u></u>	8.565	3.911	075	0/5
5	02-28-83	0.475	0.20		8.050	5.229	0/5	U/3
13	03-10-83	0.694	0.37	***	2.345	4.722	1/5	-
					6.842	2.355		3/6
14	03-11-83	0.549	0.38	-	4.783	1.783 2.767	-	3/0
					4.143 9.561	2.139		6/6
16	03-12-83	2.39	0.48	-	10.207	3.210		0,0
			0.50		4.572	2.295	3/7	
19	03-14-83	1.66	0.58	: -	4.580	1.985	3/ 1	-
		2 255	0.60		5.433	3.518		4/6
20	03-09-83	0.955	0.59	-	5.660	3.454		4,0
	15	0.405	0.66		4.506	1.971		6/6
	03-15-83	0.405	0.00	_	5.749	2.071		5,7 5
10	75 75 75	3 30	0.74		5.561	4.018		5/6
	03-09-33	1.28	0.74	<u> </u>	6.443	2.506		5/ 5
-8	03-04-83	1.98	0.75		5.394	1.825		8/8
	03-04-83	1.90	0.75	,—	5.298	1.878		-, -
	03-10-83	3.13	0.84		6.217	2.177	3/5	-
12	03-10-63	3.13	0.04		11.171	2.557	0 , 0	
9	03-08-83	2.22	0.93		7.369	2.356	2/7	-
9	03-00-03	2.22	0.55		5.769	2.269	<u>_</u>	
17	03-13-83	2.58	0.96		4.537	2.692	3/7	
11	05-15-05	2.50	0.50		4.668	2.894		
6	03-02-83	3.19	1.06	<u></u>	5.341	3.244	0/6	0/6
0	05-02-03	, 3.17	1.00		4.791	2.847	•	
7	03-03-83	10.3	1.16	-	10.581	3.429	8/8	-
•	05-05-05	, 10.5	,		6.848	2.318	•	
4	02-26-83	3 4.04	1.26	0.08	4.519	2.650	0/5	5/5
7	0×-20-0.	, 40Å3		2.00	4.053	3.873	f .	•
18	03-14-83	3 0.812	1.66	-	3.907	2.064	1/7	-
10	05 14-0.	, 0,010	_, -, -, -		5.067	3.207		
3	02-24-83	3 14.4	2.02	-	8.537	2.990	-	5/5
	- UL L4 U.				6.133	2.534		
2	02-18-83	3 33.8	6.06		10.039	2.777	5/5	-
	U_ 10 U.	,			5.361	2.609		- - 2
1	02-16-83	3 6.28	-	0.44	4.185	1.489	2/5	5/5
		 -			3.784	2.511		

By throwing out some of the exposure levels an IC_{50} (M) of 0.693(0.510-0.942) mg/L and an IC_{50} (F) of 0.231 (0.120-0.445) mg/L were obtained. By using most of above figures an IC_{50} (M) of 1.48 (0.675-3.24) mg/L and an IC_{50} (F) of 0.212 (0.0743-0.602) mg/L.

Symptoms: Included piloerection, epistaxis, salivation, dilated pupils, body tremors. Many of animals which died had mucoid material in intestine, mottled lungs.

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Study Classification: Core Supplementary Data

Product Classification: (possibility of toxicity category I)

Mynt 18 mm 08/15/3

Byron T. Backus IRB/TSS

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