IRB PERFORMANCE REVIEW

IN 1/30/81 OUT 3/12/81

FILE OR REG. NO. 4822-RIN	
PETITION EXP. PERMIT S. 18, 24c, No.	-
DATE OF SUBMISSION 12/5/80	
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TYPE PRODUCT(S): (I), D, H, F, N, R, S	
DATA ACCESSION NO(S). 244158, 244159	
PRODUCT MGR. NO. 17	
RODUCT NAME(S) Raid Indoor Fogger II	
COMPANY NAME S. C. Johnson	
SUBMISSION PURPOSE Registration	
HEMICAL & FORMULATION 0.54% Tetramethrin	
0.40% Sumithrin	
0.05% Pyrethrins	
1.00% Piperonyl butoxide	
1.67% N-octyl bicycloheptene dicarboxin	nide

- Introduction The application contains data to demonstrate performance of Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger II, formulation of .54% tetramethrin, .40% sumithrin, .05% pyrethrins, 1.00% piperonyl butoxide and 1.67% Proposed claims for public health insects include cockroaches, fleas, ticks, spiders, flies, mosquitoes, wasps, hornets, and yellow jackets. Proposed dosage rate is one 8 ounce fogger per 6,000 cu. ft. of unobstructed space.
- 201.0 Data Summary Data consist of 6,000 cu. ft. chamber tests with cat fleas and German roaches and 1,000 cu. ft. chamber tests with ticks, flies, waterbugs, mosquitoes, and wasps.

For fleas, the testing consisted of placing boxes lined with terrycloth (25 cat fleas/box) in each corner of the chamber. A total of 10 replicates was tested. After a 2-hour exposure period the insects were transferred to clean containers and held for knockdown and mortality counts. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation	Dosage gms/6,000 cu.ft.	Percent Knockdown 24 hrs.	Percent Dead a 24 hrs.	and Moribund 48 hrs.
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger		100	98	97
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger	225.22	89	79	81
Untreated Cont	rol	0	0 //	0

For German roaches, tests of exposed and sheltered roaches were conducted. For exposed roaches, containers (25 adult male roaches/container) were placed in each corner of the 6,000 cu. ft. chamber. After a 2-hour exposure period, the insects were transferred to clean containers and held for knockdown and mortality counts. A total of 10 replicates were tested. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation	Dosage gms/6,000 cu.ft.	Percent Knockdown 24 hrs.	Percent Dead a 24 hrs.	nd Moribund 48 hrs.
Raid Automati Indoor Fogger		100	98	97
Raid Automati Indoor Fogger		89	79	81
Untreated Con	trol	0	0	0

For concealed roaches, the containers (25 adult male roaches/container) were placed in trays in each corner of the chamber. Covers were placed on the containers. The covers were elevated 1/4 inch above the containers. After the 2-hour exposure period knockdown and flushing counts were recorded and the insects were transferred to clean containers and held for knockdown and mortality counts. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation	Dosage gms/6,000 cu. ft.	% Knockdown 2 hrs.	% Flushed 2 hrs.	% Dead and 24 hrs.	Moribund 48 hrs.
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger		90	87	78	77
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger	225.22	92	90	84	84
Untreated Cont	rol	0	0	0	0

For flies and mosquitoes, testing consisted of releasing 100 flies or mosquitoes in the 1000 cu. ft. chamber and recording knockdown at 5, 10, and 15 minutes, as well as 2 hours. Mortality at 24 hours was recorded. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation 24 hrs.	Dosage gms/1,000 cu.ft.	Flie % k 5 min.	s Knockdown 10 min.	Perc 15 min.	ent Dead 2 hrs.	
Raid Automati Indoor Fogger		84 92	95 100	100		
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger	c 37.76	79 90	95 99	.3	98.8	
Untreated Con			0	0		
Formulation 24 hrs.	Dosage gms/1,000 cu.ft.	Mosquit % K 5 min.	oes nockdown 10 min.	15 min.	Percent Dead 2 hrs.	Retranturad 24 hts.
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger		100	100	100	100	(00
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger	37.76	99.5	100	100	100	100
Untreated Cont	crol			0	O	Ø

For ticks, testing consisted of exposing containers (25 adult ticks/container) in each corner of the 1000 cu. ft chamber. After the 2-hour exposure period, knockdown was recorded and the ticks were transferred to clean containers and held for 24-hour and 48-hour counts. Five replicates were tested. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation	Dosage gms/1,000 cm.ft.	% Knockdown 2 hrs.	% Dead an 24 hrs.	d Moribund 48 hrs.
Raid Automati Indoor Fogger		100	100	99.8
Raid Automati Indoor Fogger		100	100	100
Untreated Con	tro1		0	0

For spiders, testing consisted of exposing containers in each corner of the 1000 cu. ft. chamber (1 adult spider/container). Five replicates were tested. Procedure was the same as for ticks. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation	Dosage gms/1,000 cm.ft.	% Knockdown 2 hrs.	% Dead an 24 hrs.	d Moribund 48 hrs.
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger		100	95	95
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger	37.55	100	100	100
Untreated Cont	trol	0	0	0

For waterbugs (American roaches), testing consisted of exposing containers in each corner of the 1000 cu. ft. chamber (5 adult roaches/container). Five replicates were tested. Procedure was the same as for ticks. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation	Dosage gms/1,000 cm.ft.	Knockdown hrs.	% Dead an 24 hrs.	d Moribund 48 hrs.
Raid Automati Indoor Fogger		100	100	100
Raid Automati Indoor Fogger		100	100	100
Untreated Con	trol	0	0	0

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For wasps, testing consisted of releasing 20 wasps in the 1000 cu. ft. chamber and recording knockdown at 5, 10, and 15 minutes, as well as 2 hours. Mortality at 24 hours was recorded. Five replicates were tested. Results are summarized as follows.

Formulation	Dosage	C	% Knock			Percent	and the second of the second
	gms/1,000 cu.ft.	5 min.	iu min.	15 min.	2 hrs.	24 hrs.	48 hrs.
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger		70	90	94	100	100	100
Raid Automatic Indoor Fogger	37.74	78	93	98	100	97	100
Untreated Cont	rol				0	0	0

202.0 - Conclusions - The 6000 cu. ft. chamber data indicate that the subject formulation was comparable to the standard relative to activity against fleas and exposed roaches. For sheltered roaches, 2-hour knockdown and flushing for the subject formulation was comparable to the standard. Morbidity and mortality counts for the subject formulation at 24 and 48 hours was 78 and 77%, respectively, while these counts for the standard was 84% for both 24 and 48 hours. The flea and cockroach data support the proposed claims for flea and roach control.

The 1000 cu. ft. chamber data indicate that the subject formulation was comparable to the standard for activity against flies, mosquitoes, ticks, spiders, waterbugs, and wasps. Although testing was in a 1000 cu. ft. chamber these data are adequate to support the proposed claims for ticks, spiders and waterbugs because the 6000 cu. ft. chamber data indicate that the 8 ounce fogger will adequately cover 6000 cu. ft. relative to control of crawling insects.

The data do not support the proposed claims for control of flies, mosquitoes, wasps, hormets, and yellow jackets with 8 ounce of formulation per 6,000 cu ft. The data show that the formulation is active against flies, mosquitoes and wasps. The activity against wasps establishes that the formulation would be active against hornets and yellow jackets. However, there are no data to demonstrate that an 8 ounce container of the formulation would fill 6000 cu. ft. adequately enough to control flying insects. Testing in a 6000 cu ft. chamber should be conducted with one type of flying insect (preferably houseflies of the F58WTII strain) to establish that the 8 ounce size of the formulation will be adequate in this size room. Without this testing, the 1000 cu. ft. chamber data cannot be extrapolated to a dosage for 6000 cu. ft. for control of flying insects.

R D. Van Denburgh 3-12-81

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