

1-16-73

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January 9, 1973

Mr. William H. Morgan
Petitions Control Officer
Registration Division
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, D. C. 20250

Dear Mr. Morgan:

This refers to Pesticide Petition No. 2E1293 proposing the establishment of a tolerance of 2 ppm for residues of the growth regulator 2,4-D in or on apricots.

In response to your letter of 20 December 1972, we have sent Dr. J. C. Crane, California, a copy of your letter, and we are awaiting his reply.

Enclosed is a revised "General Label Directions" sheet, petition page 3, for your consideration. "Do not graze livestock in treated area" has been included.

Sincerely,

G. M. Markle
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Asst. IR-4 Project Coordinator

Enclosure

CC Petition Control Section

RECEIVED
CHEMICAL CONTROL
TOXICOLOGY BRANCH

1/16/73

Revised 2 Jan 73

GENERAL LABEL DIRECTIONS

<u>Crop</u>	<u>Use</u>	<u>Maximum Actual 2,4-dichloro- phenoxy acetic acid</u>	<u>Directions for Use</u>	<u>Limitations</u>
Apricots	Growth regulator: Aid in regulating fruit drop for even maturity	50 ppm	Apply 25 to 50 ppm actual 2,4-D spray from the dimethylamine salt formu- lation near the beginning of pithardening, generally, 30 to 40 days after full bloom.	Do not apply to trees younger than 6 years old. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest. Do not use apricot kernel for food or oil. Re- stricted to California, Washington, and Utah. Do not graze livestock in treated area.
			Spray trees to the point of drip for thorough cover- age. Light crops will re- quire lower concentrations; heavy crops require higher concentrations.	

Do not exceed 50 ppm.