DATA EVALUATION RECORD

1. Chemical: Lindane

2. Test Material: Technical, 99.5% ai

3. Study/Action Type: Avian Acute Oral Study

Bobwhite Quail (Colinus virginianus)

4. Study Identification: Acute Oral Toxicity Study with Lindane

Technical in Bobwhite Quail. Bio-Life Associates Ltd. May 6, 1986. Submitted by Rhone-Poulenc, Inc. for CIEL. EPA

Accession No. 263944.

5. Reviewed by: Ann Stavola

Aquatic Biologist

EEB/HED

Signature: Own Stavola

Pate: 9 Dec

6. Approved by: Doug Urban

Supervisory Biologist

EEB/HED

Signature:

Date:

7. Conclusions:

The study is scientifically sound and fulfills the EPA Guidelines requirements for an avian acute oral study. With an LC50 value of 122 (90-160) mg/kg, Technical Lindane is moderately toxic to birds.

8. Recommendations: N/A.

9. Background:

Submitted in response to the data requirements of the Lindane Registration Standard.

10. Materials and Methods:

- a. Test Animals: 6-month-old bobwhite quail (Colinus virginianus) from Oak Ridge Game Farm, Gravette, Arkansas.
- b. Dosage: There were five treatment groups: 46.4, 68.1, 100, 147, and 215 mg/kg and a vehicle (corn oil) control group. The doses were administered by gavage.
- c. Study Design: Groups of 10 birds, 5 males and 5 females were housed in steel pens measuring 24" x 21" x 15".

 Mean relative humidty was 67%, and mean minimum and mean maximum temperatures were 66 °F and 69 °F, respectively. After dosing, there was a 21-day observation period during which the birds were fed standard feed.
- d. Statistic: The LC50 value and 95% C.I. were calculated by the method of Litchfield and Wilcoxon.

11. Report Results:

| Dose mg/kg | Number Male | Dead Female | Percent Dead |
|------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Control | 0/5 | 0/5 | 0 |
| 46.4 | 0/5 | 0/5 | 0 |
| 68.1 | 0/5 | 1/5 | 10 |
| 100 | 2/5 | 3/5 | 50 |
| 147 | 4/5 | 3/5 | 70 |
| 215 | 5/5 | 4/5 | 90 |

 LD_{50} and 95% C.I. = 122 (90-160) mg/kg.

All the deaths, but one, occurred within the first 4 days. The remaining death occurred on day 6. Postmortem examinations revealed findings in 20 to 22 dead birds. These findings included hemorrhages of crops and intestines, discoloration of pectoral muscles, and flaccid musculature.

There was a statistically significant decrease in body weight in the groups dosed with 100 and 147 mg/kg on days 4 and 7 and in the group dosed with 215 mg/kg on day 7 only, as compared to the control group.

Food consumption was severely depressed in the first 3 days in all of the test groups as compared to the control group. Food consumption remained low in the 215 mg/kg dosage group throughout day 14.

12. Author's Conclusion/QA Measures

The 21-day LD₅₀ of technical lindane, 99.5% ai, was 122 (90-160) mg/kg of body weight.

QA Statement: "The records will be audited by the Quality Assurance Unit to assure compliance with Good Laboratory Practice regulations and adherence to the protocol and to BLAL Standard Operating Procedures. The final report will be audited by the Quality Assurance Unit prior to submission to the sponsor to assure that the final report accurately describes the conduct and findings of the study."

13. Reviewer's Discussion:

- a. <u>Test Procedures</u>: The study protocol is sound as it follows the protocol recommended by EPA's Pesticide Guidelines of 1982.
- b. Statistics: The LD50 value was calculated by EEB's Toxanal program to be 122 (99.5-152.5) mg/kg by the probit method. The reported LD50 value is acceptable.
- c. Discussion/Results: The results indicate that with an $\overline{\text{LD}_{50}}$ value of 122 (90-160) mg/kg, technical lindane, 99.5% ai, is moderately toxic to birds on an acute basis.

d. Adequacy of Study:

- 1. Classification: Core.
- 2. Rationale: The study is scientifically sound and meets EPA Guidelines requirements for an avian acute oral study.

STAVOLA LINDANE TECHNICAL BOBWHITE QUAIL 11-24-86 ************************** BINOMIAL NUMBER NUMBER PERCENT CONC. DEAD DEAD PROB. (PERCENT) **EXPOSED** 90 1.074219 215 10 9 7 70 17.1875 10 147 30 17.1875 10 3 100 1.074219 10 10 1 68.1 9.765625E-02 0 46.4 10 O

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 68.1 AND 215 CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 121.2436

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE MOVING AVERAGE METHOD

SPAN G LC50 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS

4 .167754 121.1227 98.39602 161.076

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD
ITERATIONS G H GOODNESS OF FIT PROBABILITY
3 .2130882 1 .9738241

SLOPE = 5.548459 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 2.987209 AND 8.10971

LC50 = 121.9096 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 99.49298 AND 152.5456