



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 24, 2021

Gordon Sargent
Agent for Nufarm Inc.
c/o Nufarm Americas, Inc.
4020 Aerial Central Parkway, Suite 101
Morrisville, NC 27560

Subject: Label Amendment – Update use directions for glyphosate tolerant crops
Product Name: Nufarm Credit Duo Herbicide
EPA Registration Number: 71368-25
Application Date: April 12, 2019
Decision Number: 551146

Dear Mr. Sargent:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Theresa Gerber at 703-347-8583 or by email at gerber.theresa@epa.gov.

Sincerely,



Emily Schmid, Product Manager 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

ACCEPTED

5/24/2021

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 71368-25

GLYPHOSATE GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide

[alternate brand names: Nufarm Credit® Duo Extra Herbicide, Roughneck®]

**For use in certain cropping systems, including glyphosate tolerant crops;
For reduced tillage and fallow systems; many noncrop areas and aquatic sites.**

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt* 37.54%
Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its monoammonium salt** 3.42%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 59.04%

TOTAL: 100.00%

* Contains 437 grams per liter or 3.64 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 324 grams per liter or 2.7 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

** Contains 40 grams per liter or 0.33 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its monoammonium salt. Equivalent to 36 grams per liter or 0.3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions.

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

Read "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

AVOID CONTACT WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, SINCE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

EPA REG. NO. 71368-25

EPA EST. NO.

NET CONTENTS _____ GAL. (_____ Liters)

[Designation as "NONREFILLABLE" or "REFILLABLE" for containers > 5 GAL]

Manufactured For

NUFARM, INC.
11901 S. Austin Ave.
Alsip, IL 60803



**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants and
- Shoes plus socks.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed-system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

FIRST AID

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| IF IN EYES | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF SWALLOWED | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| IF INHALED | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning of equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

Killing aquatic weeds can result in depletion or loss of oxygen in the water due to decomposition of dead plant material. This oxygen loss can cause fish suffocation. Consult with your State agency with primary responsibility for regulating pesticides before applying to public waters to determine if a permit is required. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark [*Optional text, if applicable:* except when applying this product by air over the forest canopy]. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters and rinsate.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organism, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

This product may be applied during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or preemergence to annual and perennial crops listed on this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed on this label, application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to planting.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical Resistant Gloves made of any waterproof material and shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL OR CURRENT SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING ISSUED BY MANUFACTURER.

This product, a water soluble liquid, mixes readily with water to be applied as a foliar spray for the control or destruction of most herbaceous plants. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water in accordance with label instructions. Hand-held sprayers may also be used.

This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay visual effects of control. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Unless otherwise specified on this label, delay application until vegetation has emerged and reached the stages described for control of such vegetation under the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow. For this reason, best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the specified range when (1) weed growth is heavy or dense, or (2) weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

Reduced or unacceptable control may result if weeds or brush are treated under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds or brush heavily covered with dust.

Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfall or irrigation occurring within 6 hours after application may reduce effectiveness. Heavy rainfall or irrigation within 2 hours after application may wash the chemical off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, it is recommended that a residual herbicide program specified on this label be used. Read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not specified in this label may result in reduced performance. However, unless otherwise prohibited on this label or the label of an intended tank mix product, this product may be applied in combination with any herbicide registered for the same site, timing, and method of application. Observe the most restrictive label statements of various tank mix products used.

LIABILITY FOR CROP INJURY, HERBICIDE NONPERFORMANCE OR OTHER LOSS OR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM A TANK MIXTURE NOT SPECIFIED ON THIS LABEL, OR SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING DISTRIBUTED FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMED BY MANUFACTURER. BUYER AND ALL USERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OR HANDLING OF MIXTURES OF THIS PRODUCT OR OTHER MATERIALS THAT ARE NOT EXPRESSLY SPECIFIED IN THIS LABEL.

For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

ATTENTION

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product may kill, seriously injure or reduce yields of many desirable forms of vegetation including flowers, fruits, grapes, tomatoes, ornamentals, vegetables, cotton, soybeans, tobacco, beans and other desirable nontarget plants including, where applicable, target crop species not containing a glyphosate tolerant gene. Minute quantities of spray may cause severe plant response. Read and follow Spray Drift Management section of label. It is suggested to use a smoke generator or other means at or near the application site for the detection of air movement, air stability, or temperature inversions. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour or when other conditions, including lesser wind velocities, will allow spray drift to occur. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

Note: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. When not in use, keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

NOTE TO USER

This product must not be used in areas where adverse impact on federally designated endangered / threatened plant or aquatic species is likely. Prior to making applications, the user of this product must determine that no such species are located in or immediately adjacent to the area to be treated.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product contains a Group 9 herbicide- Glyphosate. Any weed population may contain plants that are naturally resistant to glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, and to other Group 9 herbicides. ATTENTION: These resistant weed biotypes will not be controlled by this product. Consult advisors such as your local agricultural extension service for agronomic management practices to minimize the occurrence of glyphosate resistance and considerations for supplemental control measures.

When herbicides that affect the same biological site of action are used repeatedly over several years to control the same weed species in the same field, naturally-occurring resistant biotypes may survive a correctly applied herbicide treatment, propagate, and become dominant in that field. Adequate control of these resistant weed biotypes cannot be expected. If weed control is unsatisfactory, it may be necessary to retreat the problem area using a product affecting a different site of action.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 9 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- [For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact [Nufarm contact] at [one of][any of] the following] [[[X]-XXX-XXX-XXXX] [.]][or] 1-800-345-3330 [.]][or] [Nufarm e-mail address] [.]][or] [Nufarm website] [.]][or][XXXX].]

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biotypes. Contact your local sales representative, crop advisor, or extension agent to find out if suspected resistant weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. Do not assume that each listed weed is being controlled by this mechanisms of action. Co-formulated active ingredients are intended to broaden the spectrum of weeds that are controlled. Some weeds may be controlled by only one of the active ingredient in this product.

Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- * Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- * A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- * Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

Integrated Pest Management

Nufarm recommends the use of Integrated Pest Management (IPM) programs to control pests. This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program which can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. Application of this product should be based on IPM principles and practices including field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop or site systems in your area.

Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Biotypes

Since the occurrence of new glyphosate-resistant weeds cannot be determined until after product use and scientific confirmation, manufacturer is not responsible for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control glyphosate-resistant weed biotypes.

The following good agronomic practices are recommended to reduce the spread of confirmed glyphosate-resistant biotypes:

- If a naturally occurring resistant biotype is present in your field, this product should be tank-mixed or applied sequentially with an appropriately labeled herbicide with a different mode of action to achieve control.
- Cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g. crop rotation or tillage) may also be used as appropriate.
- One method for adding other herbicides into a continuous glyphosate tolerant system to rotate to other glyphosate tolerant crops.
- Scout treated fields after herbicide applications and control escaping weeds including resistant biotypes before they set seed.
- Thoroughly clean equipment before leaving fields known to contain resistant biotypes.

MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WIND OR OTHER CONDITIONS FAVOR DRIFT. HAND-GUN APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE PROPERLY DIRECTED TO AVOID SPRAYING DESIRABLE PLANTS.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS WATER FROM PONDS AND UNLINED DITCHES.

MIXING

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the specified amount of this product (see the "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" and "WEEDS CONTROLLED" sections of this label) near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

TANK MIXTURES

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

1. Place a 20 to 35 mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
2. Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
3. If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
4. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
5. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
6. Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
7. Where nonionic surfactant is recommended, add this to the spray tank before completing the filling process.
8. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive, water soluble liquid followed by surfactant.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near bottom of tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh. Carefully select proper nozzle to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with conventional ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles.

Clean sprayer and parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

For each tank mix product referenced through-out this label, the EPA Registration Numbers and the respective active ingredient(s) are listed in the Appendix

ADDITIVES

SURFACTANTS

Nonionic surfactants which are labeled for use with herbicides may be used. Do not reduce rates of this product below those specified when adding surfactant. When adding additional surfactant, the recommended rate is 0.25% to 0.5% surfactant concentration (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) when using surfactants which contain at least 70% active ingredient (ai) or a 1% surfactant concentration (4 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) for those surfactants containing less than 70% ai. Read and carefully observe surfactant precautionary statements and other information appearing on the surfactant label.

DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON OR ANY POSTEMERGENCE (IN-CROP) APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY AND SPECIFIED GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT COTTON AND ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON.

AMMONIUM SULFATE

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, and this product plus 2,4-D, dicamba (such as Clash or Banvel) or residual herbicide tank mixtures on annual and perennial weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Low-quality ammonium sulfate may contain material that will not readily dissolve, which could result in nozzle tip plugging. To determine quality, perform a jar test by adding 1/3 cup of ammonium sulfate to 1 gallon of water and agitate for 1 minute. If undissolved sediment is observed, predissolve the ammonium sulfate in water and filter prior to addition to the spray tank. If ammonium sulfate is added directly to the spray tank, add slowly with agitation. Adding too quickly may clog outlet line. Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides or surfactant. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion. Agriculturally-approved adjuvants containing equivalent amounts of ammonium sulfate may be used instead of dry ammonium sulfate.

NOTE: The use of ammonium sulfate as an additive does not fulfill the need for adding nonionic surfactant to the herbicide mixture.

MAXIMUM USE RATE

The maximum use rates stated throughout this labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

COLORANTS OR DYES

Agriculturally-approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's directions. For aquatic uses, use a colorant approved for aquatic use.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial – Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Broadcast Spray Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) – Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

Hand-Held and High-Volume Spray Equipment – Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage. *This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective equipment – Recirculating sprayers, shielded sprayers and wiper applicators. See the appropriate part of this section for specific instructions and rates of application.

AERIAL EQUIPMENT

Use the specified rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for specific rates. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 1 quart per acre. **Aerial applications of this product may be made in annual cropping conventional tillage systems, fallow and reduced tillage systems, glyphosate tolerant crops, noncrop areas and preharvest applications. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for specific volumes and application rates. For specific state information, consult following section and state pesticide regulatory agency.**

STATE INFORMATION ON AERIAL APPLICATIONS

ARKANSAS:

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES.

DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION,

APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the specified rate of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range are recommended.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75% of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65% of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing air flow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 mph.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crops.
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

CALIFORNIA – Statewide:

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

1. In fallow and reduced tillage systems prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops.
2. In cotton, prior to harvest. Refer to the specific preharvest application instructions.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label booklet for this product for 30 days following application.

When applied as instructed, under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 2 QUARTS PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR IN FALLOW AND REDUCED TILLAGE SYSTEMS.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 1 QUART PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR IN COTTON, PRIOR TO HARVEST.

Use the specified rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

AVOID DRIFT – DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH WILL ALLOW DRIFT.

DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT

INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops.

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase nozzle pressure.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application – to avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY (Including Fresno County, California)

CROP USES

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

1. Over-the-top applications in glyphosate tolerant corn and cotton. Refer to the product booklet and/or supplemental labels for specific application instructions for over-the-top applications in these crops.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label booklet for 30 days following application.

When applied as instructed, under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

Do not exceed a maximum rate of 2 quarts per acre when making applications by air to glyphosate tolerant cotton.

CALIFORNIA – Fresno County: This section applies to aerial applications in Fresno County from February 15 through March 31 only. For aerial application outside of these dates, refer to the “CALIFORNIA – Statewide” section.

APPLICABLE AREA: This supplement only applies to the area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California only. North: Fresno County line, South: Fresno County line, East: State Highway 99, West: Fresno County line.

PRODUCT INFORMATION: Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application. Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this herbicide. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor, and aerial applicator.

WRITTEN RECOMMENDATIONS: A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer’s applicable product label(s) and this label have been satisfied.

AERIAL APPLICATOR TRAINING AND EQUIPMENT: Aerial application of this herbicide is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight, and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

APPLICATION AT NIGHT: Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

To report known or suspected misuse of this product, or for additional information on the proper aerial application of this product, call 1-800-852-5234.

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

AVOID DRIFT – DO NOT APPLY DURING LOW-LEVEL INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which dispense spray as fine spray droplets.

Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure above the manufacturer's specification.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Apply this product at the appropriate rate in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator must be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the [Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information](#).

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion section of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application: Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion, because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas)

Ensure uniform application – To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills.

PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR ARE MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

This product plus Oust, Banvel, Clash, dicamba or 2,4-D tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California. Check with state guidelines for additional restrictions.

BROADCAST EQUIPMENT

For control of annual or perennial weeds listed on this label using broadcast equipment – Use the specified rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified on this label. See the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label for specific rates. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the specified range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzle to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

CONTROLLED DROPLET APPLICATION (CDA)

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of labeled annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 MPH (1 quart per acre). For the control of labeled perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 40 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 4 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern which is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

HAND-HELD AND HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT

Use Coarse Sprays Only

Mix this product in clean water and apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff.

For control of annual weeds listed on this label, apply a 0.5 percent solution of this product plus nonionic surfactant to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. Allow three or more days before tillage or mowing.

For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or when not using additional surfactant, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1 percent solution. For best results, use a 2 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods which result in less than complete coverage, use a 5 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 5 to 10 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

| AMOUNT OF [NUFARM CREDIT® DUO HERBICIDE] | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Desired Volume | 1/2% | 1% | 1-1/2% | 2% | 5% | 10% |
| 1 Gal. | 2/3 oz. | 1-1/3 oz. | 2 oz. | 2-2/3 oz. | 6-1/2 oz. | 13 oz. |
| 25 Gal. | 1 pt. | 1 qt. | 1-1/2 qt. | 2 qt. | 5 qt. | 10 qt. |
| 100 Gal. | 2 qt. | 1 gal. | 1-1/2 gal. | 2 gal. | 5 gal. | 10 gal. |

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, mix the specified amount of this product with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

This product may be applied through a recirculating spray system, a shielded applicator, or a wiper applicator after dilution and thorough mixing with water to listed weeds growing in any noncrop site specified on this label and only when specifically instructed in cropping systems.

- A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.
- A shielded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide.
- A wiper applicator applies the herbicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution.

AVOID CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of the herbicide solution with the desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desired vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam, or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops (such as wiper applications) should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

SHIELDED APPLICATORS

When applied as directed under conditions described for shielded applicators, this product will control those weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

Use the following equation to convert from a broadcast rate per acre to a band rate per acre.

$$\frac{\text{Band width in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}} \times \text{Herbicide Broadcast Rate per Acre} = \text{Herbicide Band Rate per Acre}$$

$$\frac{\text{Band width in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}} \times \text{Herbicide Broadcast Volume of solution per Acre} = \text{Herbicide Band Volume of solution per Acre}$$

Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on shielded sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

WIPER APPLICATORS

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators – Mix 1 gallon of this product in 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33 percent solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this "WIPER APPLICATORS" section.

For Porous-Plastic Applicators – Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in porous-plastic wiper applicators.

When applied as instructed under the conditions described for "WIPER APPLICATORS", this product controls the following weeds:

ANNUAL GRASSES

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Corn <i>Zea mays</i> | Panicum, Texas <i>Panicum texanum</i> | Rye, common <i>Secale cereale</i> | Shattercane <i>Sorghum bicolor</i> |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|

ANNUAL BROADLEAVES

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| Sicklepod <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i> | Spanishneedles <i>Bidens bipinnata</i> | Starbur, bristly <i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i> |
|---|--|---|

When applied as instructed under the conditions described for "WIPER APPLICATORS", this product SUPPRESSES the following weeds:

ANNUAL BROADLEAVES

| | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Beggarweed, Florida <i>Desmodium tortuosum</i> | Pigweed, redroot <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> | Ragweed, giant <i>Ambrosia trifida</i> | Thistle, musk <i>Carduus nutans</i> |
| Dogfennel <i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i> | Ragweed, common <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> | Sunflower <i>Helianthus annuus</i> | Velvetleaf <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i> |

PERENNIAL GRASSES

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Bermudagrass <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> | Johnsongrass <i>Sorghum halepense</i> | Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> |
| Guineagrass <i>Panicum maximum</i> | Smutgrass <i>Sporobolus poiretii</i> | |

PERENNIAL BROADLEAVES

| | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Dogbane, hemp <i>Apocynum cannabinum</i> | Milkweed <i>Asclepias syriaca</i> | Nightshade, silverleaf <i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i> | Thistle, Canada <i>Cirsium arvense</i> |
|--|---|--|--|

WEEDS CONTROLLED

This herbicide controls many annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds.

ANNUAL WEEDS

- Apply to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds.
- Allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.
- For maximum agronomic benefit, apply when weeds are 6 inches or less in height.
- To prevent seed production, applications should be made prior to seedhead formation.
- This product does not provide residual control; therefore, delay application until maximum weed emergence. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds.

LOW-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATION (LOW-RATE TECHNOLOGY)

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will control the weeds listed below when:

1. Apply this product with water carrier volumes of 3 to 10 gallons per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons per acre for aerial applications. (See the "AERIAL APPLICATION" section of this label for approved sites.)
2. A nonionic surfactant is added at 0.375 percent by total spray volume.

NOTE

- The addition of 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product on annual weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Refer to the "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label.
- Do not tank-mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.
- For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.
- Refer to the "TANK MIXTURES" portion of this section for control of additional broadleaf weeds.

| WEED SPECIES | MAXIMUM HEIGHT / LENGTH | RATE PER ACRE* (Fluid Ounces) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| oxtail | | |
| <i>Setaria spp.</i> | 12" | 8 oz. |
| Barnyardgrass | | |
| <i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> | 6" (0 to 4") | 12 oz. 16 oz ¹) |
| Bluegrass, annual | | |
| <i>Poa annua</i> | (4 to 6" | 24 oz ¹) |
| Brome, downy** | | |
| <i>Bromus tectorum</i> | | |
| Mustard, blue | | |
| <i>Chorispora tenella</i> | | |
| Mustard, tansy | | |
| <i>Descurainia pinnata</i> | | |
| Mustard, tumble | | |
| <i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i> | | |
| Mustard, wild | | |
| <i>Sinapis arvensis</i> | | |
| Spurry, umbrella | | |
| <i>Holosteum umbellatum</i> | | |
| Barley | | |
| <i>Hordeum vulgare</i> | 12" | |
| Rye | | |
| <i>Secale cereale</i> | | |
| Shattercane | | |
| <i>Sorghum bicolor</i> | | |
| Stinkgrass | | |
| <i>Eragrostis ciliaris</i> | | |
| Wheat | | |
| <i>Triticum aestivum</i> | 18" | |
| Morningglory | | |
| <i>Ipomoea spp.</i> | 2" | 16 oz. |
| Sicklepod | | |
| <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i> | | |
| Bluegrass, bulbous | | |
| <i>Poa bulbosa</i> | 6" | 16 oz. |
| Cheat | | |
| <i>Bromus secalinus</i> | | |
| Chickweed, common | | |
| <i>Stellaria media</i> | | |
| Chickweed, mouseear | | |
| <i>Cerastium vulgatum</i> | | |
| Corn | | |
| <i>Zea mays</i> | | |

| WEED SPECIES | MAXIMUM HEIGHT / LENGTH | RATE PER ACRE* (Fluid Ounces) |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Goatgrass, jointed <i>Aegilops cylindrica</i> | 6" | 16 oz. |
| Groundsel, common <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> | | |
| Henbit <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> | | |
| Horseweed / Marestalk <i>Conyza canadensis</i> | | |
| Lambsquarters, common <i>Chenopodium album</i> | | |
| Pennycress, field <i>Fanweed</i> <i>Thlaspi arvense</i> | | |
| Rocket, London <i>Sisymbrium irio</i> | | |
| Ryegrass, Italian <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> | | |
| Shepherdspurse <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> | | |
| Spurge, annual <i>Euphorbia spp.</i> | | |
| Buttercup <i>Ranunculus spp.</i> | 12" | 16 oz. |
| Cocklebur <i>Xanthium strumarium</i> | | |
| Crabgrass <i>Digitaria spp.</i> | | |
| Dwarf dandelion <i>Krigia cespitosa</i> | | |
| Falseflax, smallseed <i>Camelina microcarpa</i> | | |
| Foxtail, Carolina <i>Alopecurus carolinianus</i> | | |
| Johnsongrass, seedling <i>Sorghum halepense</i> | | |
| Oats, wild <i>Avena fatua</i> | | |
| Panicum, fall <i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i> | | |
| Panicum, Texas <i>Panicum texanum</i> | | |
| Pigweed, redroot <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> | | |
| Pigweed, smooth <i>Amaranthus hybridus</i> | | |
| Witchgrass <i>Panicum capillare</i> | | |

(continued)

| WEED SPECIES | MAXIMUM HEIGHT / LENGTH | RATE PER ACRE* (Fluid Ounces) |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Sicklepod <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i> | 3 to 4" | 24 oz. |
| Signalgrass, broadleaf <i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i> | 4" | |
| Horseweed / Marestalk <i>Conyza canadensis</i> | 7 to 12" | |
| Lambsquarters, common <i>Chenopodium album</i> | | |
| Spurge, annual <i>Euphorbia spp.</i> | | |
| Rice, red <i>Oryza sativa</i> | 4" | 32 oz. |
| Teaweed <i>Sida spinosa</i> | | |
| Sprangletop <i>Leptochloa spp.</i> | 6" | |
| Geranium, Carolina <i>Geranium carolinianum</i> | 12" | |
| Goosegrass <i>Eleusine indica</i> | | |
| Primrose, cutleaf evening <i>Oenothera laciniata</i> | | |
| Pusley, Florida <i>Richardia scabra</i> | | |
| Sicklepod <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i> | 5 to 12" | |
| Spanishneedles <i>Bidens bipinnata</i> | | |
| Filaree <i>Erodium spp.</i> | 12" | 48 oz. |
| Sprangletop <i>Leptochloa spp.</i> | | |

¹ Use these rates to control barnyardgrass in Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Missouri, Louisiana, and Texas for preplant treatments.

* For those rates less than 32 fluid ounces per acre, this product at rates up to 32 fluid ounces per acre may be used where heavy weed densities exist.

** For control in no-till systems, use 16 fluid ounces per acre.

TANK MIXTURES

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Clash or Banvel or dicamba **plus** Nonionic Surfactant
[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** 2,4-D **plus** Nonionic Surfactant

DO NOT APPLY CLASH, BANVEL, DICAMBA OR 2,4-D TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

This product may be tank-mixed with the listed herbicides provided the specific product is registered for use on these sites. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. User must follow the most restrictive directions and precautionary language of the products in the mixture (for example first aid from one product, spray drift management for another).

These tank mixtures are recommended for use in fallow and reduced tillage areas only. Follow use directions as given in the "LOW-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATION" section.

This product plus Clash, Banvel, dicamba or 2,4-D will control the annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed for this product alone at the indicated heights (except 8 fluid ounces per acre applications), plus the following broadleaf weeds. For those weeds previously listed at 8 fluid ounces of this product alone per acre, use 12 fluid ounces in these tank mixtures.

NOTE: Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and precautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if Clash, Banvel or dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting. The addition of Clash, Banvel or dicamba in a mixture with this product may provide short-term residual control of selected weed species.

Apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product plus Clash, Banvel or dicamba or 2,4-D plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume per acre to control dense populations of the following annual broadleaf weeds when less than the height indicated:

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Cocklebur (12") <i>Xanthium strumarium</i> | Lettuce, prickly (6") <i>Lactuca serriola</i> | Pigweed, redroot (12") <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> |
| Kochia* (6") <i>Kochia scoparia</i> | Marestail / Horseweed (6") <i>Conyza canadensis</i> | Pigweed, smooth (12") <i>Amaranthus hybridus</i> |
| Lambsquarters (12") <i>Chenopodium album</i> | Morningglory (6") <i>Ipomoea spp.</i> | Thistle, Russian (12") <i>Salsola kali</i> |

*Controlled with Clash, Banvel or dicamba tank mixture only.

Apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2,4-D plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume per acre to control the following annual broadleaf weeds when less than 6 inches in height.

| | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Ragweed, common <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> | Ragweed, giant <i>Ambrosia trifida</i> | Smartweed, Pennsylvania <i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i> | Velvetleaf <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i> |
|--|--|--|--|

HIGH-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will control the weeds listed below when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications.

Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume. Use 1 quart per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre if weeds are over 6 inches tall. If weeds have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow adequate time for new growth to reach recommended stages prior to treatment. These rates will also provide control of weeds listed in the "LOW-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATION" section.

WEED SPECIES

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| Balsamapple* <i>Momordica charantia</i> | Fleabane, hairy <i>Conyza bonariensis</i> | Panicum <i>Panicum spp.</i> | Sowthistle, annual <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> |
| Bassia, fivehook <i>Bassia hyssopifolia</i> | Fleabane <i>Erigeron spp.</i> | Ragweed, common <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> | Sunflower <i>Helianthus annuus</i> |
| Brome <i>Bromus spp.</i> | Kochia <i>Kochia scoparia</i> | Ragweed, giant <i>Ambrosia trifida</i> | Thistle, Russian <i>Salsola kali</i> |
| Fiddleneck <i>Amsinckia spp.</i> | Lettuce, prickly <i>Lactuca serriola</i> | Smartweed, Pennsylvania <i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i> | Velvetleaf <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i> |

*Apply with hand-held equipment only.

PERENNIAL WEEDS

Apply this product as follows to control or destroy most perennial weeds:

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product on perennial weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Refer to the "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label.

When applied as instructed under the conditions described, this product WILL CONTROL the following PERENNIAL WEEDS:

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| Alfalfa <i>Medicago sativa</i> | Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass) <i>Paspalum distichum</i> | Canarygrass, reed <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i> | Dock, curly <i>Rumex crispus</i> |
| Alligatorweed* <i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i> | Bindweed, field <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> | Cattail <i>Typha spp.</i> | Dogbane, hemp <i>Apocynum cannabinum</i> |
| Anise (fennel) <i>Foeniculum vulgare</i> | Bluegrass, Kentucky <i>Poa spp.</i> | Clover, red <i>Trifolium pratense</i> | Fescues <i>Festuca spp.</i> |
| Artichoke, Jerusalem <i>Helianthus tuberosus</i> | Blueweed, Texas <i>Helianthus ciliaris</i> | Clover, white <i>Trifolium repens</i> | Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> |
| Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i> | Brackenfern <i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> | Cogongrass <i>Imperata cylindrica</i> | Guineagrass <i>Panicum maximum</i> |
| Bentgrass <i>Agrostis spp.</i> | Bromegrass, smooth <i>Bromus inermis</i> | Dallisgrass <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Horsenettle <i>Solanum carolinense</i> |
| Bermudagrass <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> | Bursage, woollyleaf <i>Franseria tomentosa</i> | Dandelion <i>Taraxacum officinale</i> | Horseradish <i>Armoracia rusticana</i> |
| Ice plant | Napiergrass | Redvine* | Timothy |

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|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>Mesembryanthemum crystallinum</i> | <i>Pennisetum purpureum</i> | <i>Brunnichia ovata</i> | <i>Phleum pratense</i> |
| Johnsongrass | Nightshade, silverleaf | Reed, giant | Torpedograss* |
| <i>Sorghum halepense</i> | <i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i> | <i>Arundo donax</i> | <i>Panicum repens</i> |
| Kikyugrass | Nutsedge; purple, yellow | Ryegrass, perennial | Trumpetcreeper* |
| <i>Pennisetum clandestinum</i> | <i>Cyperus rotundus, C. esculentus</i> | <i>Lolium perenne</i> | <i>Campsis radicans</i> |
| Knapweed | Orchardgrass | Smartweed, swamp | Vaseygrass |
| <i>Centaurea repens</i> | <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | <i>Polygonum coccineum</i> | <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> |
| Lantana | Pampasgrass | Spurge, leafy* | Velvetgrass |
| <i>Lantana camara</i> | <i>Cortaderia spp.</i> | <i>Euphorbia esula</i> | <i>Holcus spp.</i> |
| Lespedeza | Paragrass | Starthistle, yellow | Wheatgrass, western |
| <i>Lespedeza spp.</i> | <i>Brachiaria mutica</i> | <i>Centaurea solstitialis</i> | <i>Agropyron smithii</i> |
| Milkweed | Phragmites* | Sweet potato, wild* | |
| <i>Asclepias spp.</i> | <i>Phragmites spp.</i> | <i>Ipomoea pandurata</i> | |
| Muhly, wirestem | Poison hemlock | Thistle, Canada | |
| <i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i> | <i>Conium maculatum</i> | <i>Cirsium arvense</i> | |
| Mullein, common | Quackgrass | Thistle, artichoke | |
| <i>Verbascum thapsus</i> | <i>Agropyron repens</i> | <i>Cynara cardunculus</i> | |

*Partial Control

See "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for labeled uses and specific application instructions.

Alfalfa – Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make application after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment. Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil freeze-up.

Alligatorweed – Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre or apply a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment to provide partial control. Apply when most of the plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain such control.

Anise (fennel) / Poison hemlock – Apply a 1 to 2 percent solution of this product as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be needed in succeeding years to control plants arising from seeds.

Bentgrass – For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only, apply 1.5 quarts of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should be actively growing and have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results. Failure to use tillage after treatment may result in unacceptable control.

Bermudagrass – For control, apply 5 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 3 quarts per acre. Treat when bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass) – Apply 1.5 quarts of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water bermudagrass is actively growing and 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

Fallow applications only – Apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water bermudagrass that is actively growing and 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tillage.

Bindweed, field – For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are actively growing and are at or beyond full bloom. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Also for control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus of Clash, Banvel or dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Apply using ground application only.

The following tank mixtures with 2,4-D may be applied using aerial application equipment (except in California) in fallow and reduced tillage systems only.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2,4-D, plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, for control of Bindweed apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions.

For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow

maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Bluegrass, Kentucky / Bromegrass, smooth / Orchardgrass – Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the grasses are actively growing and most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product plus 0.5 to 1 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Orchardgrass (sods going to no-till corn) – Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine may be necessary to achieve optimum results.

Blueweed, Texas – Apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when weed is actively growing and is at or beyond full bloom. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Brackenfern – Apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to fully expanded fronds which are at least 18 inches long.

Bursage, woollyleaf – For control, apply 2 quarts of this product per acre plus Clash, Banvel or dicamba. For partial control, apply 1 quart of this product per acre plus Clash, Banvel or dicamba. Add 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume and apply in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

Canarygrass, reed / Timothy / Wheatgrass, western – Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. For best results, apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Cogongrass – Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply when Cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall and actively growing in late summer or fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage or mowing. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.

Dandelion / Dock, curly – Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2,4-D, plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dogbane, hemp – Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and when most weeds have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2,4-D, plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred.

Fescue, tall – Apply 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to actively growing plants when most have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development.

Fall applications only—Apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when actively growing and plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. A sequential application of 1 pint per acre of this product plus nonionic surfactant will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the following spring.

Guineagrass – Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre or use a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing guineagrass when most has reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Johnsongrass / Ryegrass, perennial – Apply 1 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not performed, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For best results, apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart per acre rate.

For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 1 pint per acre plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.

Spot treatment (partial control or suppression) – Apply a 1 percent solution of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete.

Kikuyugrass – Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth) and actively growing. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Knapweed / Horseradish – Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and when most weeds have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Lantana – Apply this product as a 1 to 1.25 percent solution using hand-held equipment only. Apply to actively growing lantana at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Milkweed, common – Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and most of the milkweed has reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following small grain harvest or mowing, allow milkweed to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Muhly, wirestem – Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Use 1 quart of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or noncrop areas. Spray when the wirestem muhly is 8 inches or more in height and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. This product will not provide residual control of wirestem muhly from seeds which germinate after application of this product.

Nightshade, silverleaf – For control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

Nutsedge; purple, yellow – Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, or apply a 1 to 2 percent solution from hand-held equipment to control existing nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets which have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications of 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For suppression to partial control of existing plants, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product per acre plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants. Wait 7 days after treatment before tillage or mowing.

Pampasgrass / Ice plant – Apply this product as a 1.5 to 2 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Apply to plants that are actively growing. Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Phragmites – For partial control of phragmites in Florida and the counties of other states bordering the Gulf of Mexico, apply 5 quarts per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 2 percent solution from hand-held equipment. In other areas of the U.S., apply 3 quarts per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 1 percent solution from hand-held equipment for partial control. For best results, treat during late summer or fall months or when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

Quackgrass – In Annual Cropping Systems, or in Pastures and Sods Followed by Deep Tillage: Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. For the 1 quart rate, apply 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For the 2 quart rate, apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, for best results use a moldboard plow.

Quackgrass – Pasture or Sod or Other Noncrop Areas Where Deep Tillage is Not Planned Following Application: Apply 2 to 3 quarts in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Spray when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and fall application or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Redvine – For suppression, apply 24 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 2 quarts per acre. Apply specified rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume. Apply in late September or early October to actively growing plants, which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Reed, giant – For control of giant reed, apply a 2 percent solution of this product when plants are actively growing. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.

Smartweed, swamp – Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2,4-D, plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. Apply when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Spurge, leafy – For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2,4-D, plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. Apply when plants are actively growing. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Starthistle, yellow – Best results are obtained when applications are made during periods of active growth, including the rosette, bolting and early flower stages. For spray-to-wet applications, apply this product as a 2 percent solution. For broadcast applications, apply 2 quarts per acre in 10 to 40 gallons per acre of water carrier.

Sweet Potato, wild / Thistle, artichoke – Apply this product as a volumetric 2 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing weeds that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required. Allow the plant to reach the recommended stage of growth before retreatment. Allow 7 or more days before tillage.

Thistle, Canada – Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. Apply to actively growing thistles when most are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression of Canada thistle, apply 1 quart per acre of this product, or 1 pint of this product plus 2,4-D, plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall after harvest, mowing or tillage. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Torpedograss – Apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre to provide partial control of torpedograss. Apply to actively growing torpedograss when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Trumpet creeper – For control, apply 2 quarts of this product per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants in late September or October, which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Other perennials listed on this label – Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and most have reached early head or early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES

When applied as instructed under the conditions described, this product CONTROLS or PARTIALLY CONTROLS the following woody brush, plants and trees:

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| Alder <i>Alnus spp.</i> | Coyote brush <i>Baccharis consanguinea</i> | Maple: Red** <i>Acer rubrum</i> | Sage; black, white <i>Salvia spp.</i> |
| Ash* <i>Fraxinus spp.</i> | Creeper, Virginia* <i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i> | Sugar <i>Acer saccharum</i> | Sagebrush, California <i>Artemisia californica</i> |
| Aspen, quaking <i>Populus tremuloides</i> | Dewberry <i>Rubus trivialis</i> | Vine* <i>Acer circinatum</i> | Salmonberry <i>Rubus spectabilis</i> |
| Bearmat (Bearclover) <i>Chamaebatia foliolosa</i> | Dogwood* <i>Cornus spp.</i> | Monkey Flower* <i>Mimulus guttatus</i> | Salt cedar <i>Tamarix spp.</i> |
| Beech <i>Fagus grandifolia</i> | Elderberry <i>Sambucus spp.</i> | Oak: Black* <i>Quercus velutina</i> | Sassafras <i>Sassafras albidum</i> |
| Birch <i>Betula spp.</i> | Elm* <i>Ulmus spp.</i> | Northern Pin <i>Quercus palustris</i> | Sourwood <i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i> |
| Blackberry <i>Rubus spp.</i> | Eucalyptus <i>Eucalyptus spp.</i> | Post <i>Quercus stellata</i> | Sumac: Poison* <i>Rhus vernix</i> |
| Blackgum <i>Nyssa spp.</i> | Gorse <i>Ulex europaeus</i> | Red <i>Quercus rubra</i> | Smooth* <i>Rhus glabra</i> |
| Bracken <i>Peridium spp.</i> | Hasardia* <i>Haplopappus squamosus</i> | Southern Red <i>Quercus falcata</i> | Winged* <i>Rhus copallina</i> |
| Broom: | Hawthorn <i>Crataegus spp.</i> | White* <i>Quercus alba</i> | Sweetgum <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> |
| French <i>Cytisus monspessulanus</i> | Hazel <i>Corylus spp.</i> | Persimmon* <i>Diospyros spp.</i> | Swordfern* <i>Polystichum munitum</i> |
| Scotch <i>Cytisus scoparius</i> | Hickory* <i>Carya spp.</i> | Pine <i>Pinus spp.</i> | Tallowtree, Chinese <i>Sapium sebiferum</i> |
| Buckwheat, California* <i>Eriogonum fasciculatum</i> | Holly, Florida / Brazilian | Poison Ivy <i>Rhus radicans</i> | Tan Oak <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> |
| Cascara* <i>Rhamnus purshiana</i> | Peppertree* <i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i> | Poison Oak <i>Rhus toxicodendron</i> | Thimbleberry <i>Rubus parviflorus</i> |
| Catsclaw* <i>Acacia greggi</i> | Honeysuckle <i>Lonicera spp.</i> | Poplar, yellow* <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> | Tobacco, tree* <i>Nicotiana glauca</i> |
| Ceanothus* <i>Ceanothus spp.</i> | Hornbeam, American* <i>Carpinus caroliniana</i> | Raspberry <i>Rubus spp.</i> | Trumpet creeper <i>Campsis radicans</i> |
| Chamise <i>Adenostoma fasciculatum</i> | Kudzu <i>Pueraria lobata</i> | Redbud, eastern <i>Cercis canadensis</i> | Waxmyrtle, southern* <i>Myrica cerifera</i> |
| Cherry: | Locust, black* <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> | Rose, multiflora <i>Rosa multiflora</i> | Willow <i>Salix spp.</i> |
| Bitter <i>Prunus emarginata</i> | Madrone <i>Arutus menziesii</i> | Russian-olive <i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i> | |
| Black <i>Prunus serotina</i> | Manzanita <i>Arctostaphylos spp.</i> | | |
| Pin <i>Prunus pensylvanica</i> | | | |

* Partial control

** See below for control or partial control instructions.

NOTE: If brush has been mowed or tilled or trees have been cut, treatment will not be effective until regrowth has reached the recommended stages of growth.

Apply this product when plants are actively growing and, unless otherwise directed, after full leaf expansion. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when application is made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

See "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for labeled uses and specific application instructions.

Apply this product as follows to control or partially control the following woody brush and trees:

Alder / Dewberry / Honeysuckle / Post Oak / Raspberry – For control, apply 3 to 4 quarts per acre of this product as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Aspen, quaking / Cherry: bitter, black, pin / Hawthorn / Oak, southern red / Sweetgum / Trumpet creeper – For control, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Birch / Elderberry / Hazel / Salmonberry / Thimbleberry – For control, apply 2 quarts per acre of this product as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Blackberry – For control, apply 3 to 4 quarts per acre of this product as a broadcast spray, or 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Make application after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 3/4 percent solution of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume with hand-held equipment. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Broom: French, Scotch – For control, apply a 1.5 to 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Buckwheat, California / Hasardia / Monkey Flower / Tobacco, tree – For partial control of these species, apply a 1 to 2 percent solution of this product as a foliar spray with hand-held equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Catsclaw – For partial control, apply as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Coyote Brush – For control, apply a 1.5 to 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

Eucalyptus – For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply a 2 percent solution of this product with hand-held equipment when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Apply when plants are growing actively. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.

Kudzu – For control, apply 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

Madrone resprouts – For suppression or partial control, apply a 2 percent solution of this product to resprouts less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with spring / early summer treatments.

Maple, red – For control, apply as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 2 to 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray.

Maple, sugar / Oak, northern pin / Oak, red – For control, apply as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

Poison Ivy / Poison Oak – For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat applications may be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before leaves lose green color.

Rose, multiflora – For control, apply 2 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Treatments should be made prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-feeding insects.

Sage, black / Sagebrush, California / Chamise / Tallowtree, Chinese – For control of these species, apply a 1 percent solution of this product as a foliar spray with hand-held equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Tan oak resprouts – For suppression or partial control, apply a 2 percent solution of this product to resprouts less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications.

Willow – For control, apply 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

Other Woody Brush and Trees listed on this label – For partial control, apply 2 to 5 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

NONCROP USES

See "PRODUCT INFORMATION" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for essential product performance information and the following "NONCROP" sections for specific uses.

PRECAUTION

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE TURFGRASSES, TREES, SHRUBS OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seeds.

Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product (8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, it is recommended that a residual herbicide program specified on this label be used. Read and carefully observe the directions and precautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL AND PUBLIC AREAS

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed on this label growing in areas:

| | |
|---|--|
| Airports | Parking Areas |
| Around Farm, Ranch, Commercial or Industrial Structures | Parks |
| Around Ornamental Gardens | Petroleum & Other Tank Farms |
| Around Ornamental Trees & Shrubs | Pumping Installations |
| Ditch Banks | Pipeline, Power, Telephone & Utility Rights-of-Way |
| Driveways & Ramps | Preplant to Turf & Ornamental Plants |
| Dry Ditches & Canals | Railroads |
| Fences & Fencerows | Schools |
| Golf Courses | Sidewalks |
| Gravel or Ground Bark Mulches | |
| Habitat Restoration & Management Areas | Storage Areas |
| Highways & Roadsides (including aprons, medians & guardrails) | Uncropped Farmstead Areas |
| Industrial Plant Sites | Utility Substations |
| Lanes, Trails & Access Roads | Vacant Lots & Wastelands |
| Lumberyards | |

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of particular annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. These applications may be made to large affected areas or as spot treatments. For general use in small areas, see alternative instructions below under "Small Area Treatment With Hand-held Sprayers".

This product is a nonselective herbicide that is diluted and applied to the foliage of actively growing weeds as a spot or broadcast application. It is absorbed by the leaves and moves throughout the stem and roots to control the entire plant. Visible symptoms may require a week or more to appear, with burndown usually occurring in 2 to 4 weeks. Symptoms are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the sprayed plant followed by deterioration of both shoots and roots. This product has no herbicidal activity in the soil and will not wash or leach to affect nearby vegetation. Any ornamental species may be planted in treated areas 7 days or more after application. For most effective results, delay mowing, clipping, tilling, planting or sodding of treated areas for at least 7 days after application. This allows time for this product to move within the plant.

When the "Agricultural Use Requirements" on this label are observed, the following restriction does not apply:

- Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

THIS PRODUCT CAN INJURE OR DESTROY ALL VEGETATION CONTACTED. WHEN USED AS A SPOT TREATMENT IN LAWNS, ALL VEGETATION CONTACTED WILL BE DAMAGED. AVOID SPRAY DRIFT CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE LAWN GRASSES, FLOWERS, VEGETABLES, SHRUBS OR TREES. DO NOT CONTACT GREEN BARK OF TREES OR SHRUBS. IF DESIRABLE VEGETATION IS CONTACTED, WASH IMMEDIATELY WITH WATER.

Depending on the type of noncrop application, this product may be applied with boom equipment, high-volume spray equipment and hand-held sprayers as described in the respective portions of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of the label. Additionally, the product may be applied with recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, or wiper applicators in any noncrop site specified on this label. See the "Selective Equipment" part of "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Small Area Treatment With Hand-held Sprayers – Add 3 to 6 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 fluid ounce of nonionic surfactant to 1 gallon of clean water. Use the lower rate for many grasses and annual weeds. Use the higher specified rate for control of perennials and brush. Use pump-up sprayer, backpack sprayer or other sprayer suitable for small areas. Adjust equipment to deliver a coarse spray pattern. USE OF HOSE-END SPRAYERS OR SPRINKLER-TYPE DEVICES MAY RESULT IN POOR AND/OR ERRATIC RESULTS.

TANK MIXTURES FOR INDUSTRIAL SITES AND FORESTRY SITE PREPARATIONS

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Oust® XP

Apply Nufarm Credit Duo Herbicide plus Oust on industrial sites including airports, industrial plants, lumberyards, petroleum tank farms, pumping stations, railroads, roadsides, storage areas or other similar sites where bare ground is desired.

Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. These tank mixtures may be used in fallow and reduced tillage areas only. Follow use directions as given in the "LOW-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATION" section.

This tank mixture may also be used as a site preparation treatment for sites to be planted to jack pine, loblolly pine, red pine, slash pine and Virginia pine. When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product plus Oust provides control of annual weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the label for this product and Oust, and control or partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.

Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product with Oust in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray to actively growing weeds.

This mixture may be applied by aerial equipment in site prep operations. When applied by air, use the rates specified in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

For control of annual weeds, use the lower rates of both products.

For control of the listed perennial weeds, use the higher rates of both products. For partial control, use the lower rates.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i> | Dock, curly <i>Rumex crispus</i> | Johnsongrass** <i>Sorghum halepense</i> | Trumpet creeper* <i>Campsis radicans</i> |
| Bermudagrass* <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> | Dogfennel <i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i> | Poorjoe** <i>Diodia teres</i> | Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> |
| Broomsedge <i>Andropogon virginicus</i> | Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Quackgrass <i>Agropyron repens</i> | Vervain, blue <i>Verbena hastata</i> |

* Suppression at the higher rates only. **Control at the lower rates.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. User must follow the most restrictive directions and precautionary language of the products in the mixture (for example first aid from one product, spray drift management for another).

TANK MIXTURES NONCROP SITES

When applied as a tank mixture, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and partial control of the emerged perennial weeds listed in this label. When applied as a tank mixture, the following residual herbicides will provide preemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Diuron
[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Krovar® I DF
[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Ronstar® 50WSP
[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Princep® Caliber® 90
[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Simazine 4L, 80W or 90DF
[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Surflan® AS Specialty

When tank mixing with residual herbicides, add an agriculturally approved nonionic surfactant at 0.375 percent by volume of spray solution. See the "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label before preparing these tank mixtures.

Read and carefully observe the label claims, precautionary statements, use rates and all other information on the labels of all products used in these tank mixtures. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

CONTROL OF EMERGED WEEDS

Note: For backpack sprayer and handgun applications, see the "HAND-HELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section for specified rates.

Annual Weeds – Apply 1 quart per acre of this product in these tank mixtures when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre when weeds are more than 6 inches tall.

Perennial Weeds – For partial control of perennial weeds using these tank mixtures, apply 2 to 5 quarts per acre of this product. Follow the instructions in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for stage of growth and rate of application for specific perennial weeds.

PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL

For preemergence weed control, refer to the individual product labels for specific noncrop sites, rates, carrier volumes and precautionary statements.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution which can be used during the same day. Do not allow these tank mixtures to stand overnight as this may result in reduced weed control.

FARMSTEAD WEED CONTROL

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label around areas including farmstead building foundations, along and in fences, shelterbelts and for general nonselective farmstead weed control. For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

FARM DITCHES

This product will suppress perennial grasses along farm ditches. Apply this product at a rate of 6 to 8 fluid ounces per acre. Use 8 fluid ounces per acre when treating tall (coarse) fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass or quackgrass covers. For best suppression of these species, add ammonium sulfate at a rate of 1.7 pounds per 10 gallons of spray solution. Use 6 fluid ounces per acre without ammonium sulfate when treating Kentucky bluegrass.

Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre to actively growing perennial grass covers. For best spray distribution and coverage, use flat fan nozzles.

Add a nonionic surfactant at a rate of 0.375 percent of the spray solution.

Where broadleaf weed control or suppression is desired, tank mix this product with an appropriate, labeled broadleaf weed herbicide.

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP ACRES)

This product can be used to control undesirable vegetation when rotating out of CRP acres or to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres.

For specific rates of application for various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

CRP applications may be made with wiper applicators or conventional spray equipment.

For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 ounces per acre of this product in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy. Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if applications are made when plants are not dormant.

DORMANT RANGELAND

This product will control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheat grass, cereal rye, medusahead rye and jointed goatgrass in dormant rangeland.

Apply 8 to 16 ounces per acre of this product in the early spring when the weeds have greened up, but desirable grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass are still truly dormant.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Do not use additional surfactant or ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant rangeland grasses with this product.

HABITAT MANAGEMENT

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance – When applied as directed, exotic and other undesirable vegetation may be controlled in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broadspectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. For spot treatments, care should be exercised to keep spray off of desirable plants.

Wildlife Food Plots – This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after applying this product before tilling.

Rotational Restrictions - There are no rotational restrictions for planting wildlife food species or for allowing native species to repopulate the treated area following an application of this product.

ORNAMENTALS, TREE NURSERIES AND CHRISTMAS TREES

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT TO BE USED AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES.

Note: Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.

When applied as instructed for the conditions described for "NONCROP USES", this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label prior to planting, within and around greenhouses and shadehouses, and as a postdirected spray around established ornamentals and Christmas trees.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

For non-crop uses - Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product (8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

Site Preparation – Following preplant applications of this product, any ornamental, nursery species or Christmas tree species may be planted. Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

Greenhouse / Shadehouse Use – This product may be used to control weeds listed on this label which are growing in greenhouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off.

Postdirected Spray – Use as a postdirected spray around established woody ornamental species, nursery species or Christmas trees such as those listed below. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage of or green bark of established ornamental species.

Arborvitae

Thuja spp.

Fir

Abies spp.

Pseudotsuga spp.

Magnolia

Magnolia spp.

Privet

Ligustrum spp.

Azalea

Rhododendron spp.

Hollies

Ilex spp.

Maple

Acer spp.

Spruce

Picea spp.

Crabapple

Oak

Yew

| | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| <i>Malus spp.</i> | Jojoba <i>Simmondsia chinensis</i> | <i>Quercus spp.</i> | <i>Taxus spp.</i> |
| Euonymus <i>Euonymus spp.</i> | Lilac <i>Syringa spp.</i> | Pine <i>Pinus spp.</i> | |

SILVICULTURAL SITES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT TO BE USED AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN SILVICULTURAL NURSERIES

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under conditions described, this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label. This product also suppresses or controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label when applied at specified rates for release of established coniferous species listed on this label.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various brush, annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. For specific rates of application for release of listed coniferous species, see the "CONIFER RELEASE" part of this section of the label.

Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product (8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

Aerial Application – This product may be applied using aerial spray equipment for silvicultural site preparation, conifer release and rights-of-way treatments. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" part of the "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label for information on how to apply this product by air.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT BY AIR TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY SITES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

SITE PREPARATION

Following preplant applications of this product, any silvicultural species may be planted.

POSTDIRECTED SPRAY

In established silvicultural sites, use as a spray on the foliage of undesirable vegetation. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable species.

CONIFER RELEASE

For release, apply only where conifers have been established for more than one year. Vegetation should not be disturbed prior to treatment or until visual symptoms appear after treatment. Symptoms of treatment are slow to appear, especially in woody species treated in late fall. Injury may occur to conifers treated for release, especially where spray patterns overlap or the higher rates are applied or when applications are made during periods of active conifer growth. **Do not use additional surfactant with conifer release applications.**

Applications must be made after formation of final conifer resting buds in the fall or prior to initial bud swelling in spring. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Use the following rates for conifer release to control or partially control the weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

For release of the following conifer species:

| | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Douglas fir <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> | Hemlock <i>Tsuga spp.</i> | Spruce <i>Picea spp.</i> |
| Fir <i>Abies spp.</i> | Pines* <i>Pinus spp.</i> | |

*Includes all species except eastern white, loblolly, shortleaf, longleaf or slash pines.

Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product per acre except in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains. For spring treatments west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 quart of this product per acre before conifer bud swell for control of annual weeds. For fall treatments in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre before any major leaf drop of deciduous species.

For release of western hemlock, apply 1 quart of this product per acre.

For release of the following conifer species:

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Loblolly pine <i>Pinus taeda</i> | Eastern white pine <i>Pinus strobus</i> | Slash pine <i>Pinus elliottii</i> |
|--|---|---|

Late Season Application – Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre during early autumn. Applications made prior to September 1 or when conditions are conducive to rapid growth of conifers will create the potential for increased injury in the form of tip and/or needle burn. Injury may decrease with later applications. Some autumn colors are acceptable at time of application. Apply prior to frost or leaf drop of undesirable plants.

Applications made according to label directions will release loblolly pine, eastern white pine and slash pine by reducing competition from the following species:

| | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| Ash <i>Fraxinus spp.</i> | Maple, red <i>Acer rubrum</i> | Poplar, yellow <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> | Sweetgum <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> |
| Cherry: | Oak: | Sassafras | |
| Black <i>Prunus serotina</i> | Black <i>Quercus velutina</i> | <i>Sassafras aibidum</i> | |
| Pin <i>Prunus pensylvanica</i> | Post <i>Quercus stellata</i> | Sourwood <i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i> | |
| Elm | Southern Red | Sumac: | |
| | | Poison | |

| | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| <i>Ulmus spp.</i> | <i>Quercus falcata</i> | <i>Rhus vernix</i> |
| Hawthorn | White | Smooth |
| <i>Crataegus spp.</i> | <i>Quercus alba</i> | <i>Rhus glabra</i> |
| Locust, black | Persimmon | Winged |
| <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> | <i>Diospyros spp.</i> | <i>Rhus copallina</i> |

Apply only to those sites where woody brush and trees listed in this label constitute the majority of the undesirable species.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Oust Tank Mixtures for Conifer Release from Herbaceous Weeds

To release **loblolly pines** from herbaceous weeds, tank mixtures of this product with Oust will provide control of annual weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this and the Oust label, and partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.

Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces of this product with Oust in 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Make application to actively growing weeds as a broadcast spray over the top of the young loblolly pines.

This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

This tank mixture may be applied using aerial equipment. When applying by air, use the rate in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

For control of annual weeds below 12 inches in height (or runner length on annual vines), use the lower rates of both products. Use the higher rates of both products when annual weeds are in more advanced stages of growth and approaching flower or seed formation.

Use the higher rates of both products for partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Bahiagrass | Dogfennel | Poorjoe* | Vervain, blue |
| <i>Paspalum notatum</i> | <i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i> | <i>Diodia teres</i> | <i>Verbena hastata</i> |
| Broomsedge | Fescue, tall | Trumpet creeper** | |
| <i>Andropogon virginicus</i> | <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | <i>Campsis radicans</i> | |
| Dock, curly | Johnsongrass* | Vaseygrass | |
| <i>Rumex crispus</i> | <i>Sorghum halepense</i> | <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> | |

* Control at the higher rates. **Suppression at the higher rates only.

Pine damage may occur or can be accentuated if treatment takes place when young trees are under stress from drought, flood water, insects or disease.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. User must follow the most restrictive directions and precautionary language of the products in the mixture (for example first aid from one product, spray drift management for another).

CUT STUMP TREATMENTS

Woody vegetation may be controlled by treating freshly cut stumps of trees and resprouts with this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut vegetation close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

When used according to directions for cut stump application, this product will CONTROL, PARTIALLY CONTROL or SUPPRESS many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below:

| | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Alder | Oak | Sweetgum |
| <i>Alnus spp.</i> | <i>Quercus spp.</i> | <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> |
| Eucalyptus | Reed, giant | Tan Oak |
| <i>Eucalyptus spp.</i> | <i>Arundo donax</i> | <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> |
| Madrone | Saltcedar | Willow |
| <i>Arbutus menziesii</i> | <i>Tamarisk spp.</i> | <i>Salix spp.</i> |

INJECTION AND FRILL APPLICATIONS

Woody vegetation may be controlled by injection or frill application of this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment which must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1 ml of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this material either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frill or cut areas in species that exude sap freely after frills or cutting. In species such as this, make frill or cut at an oblique angle so as to produce a cupping effect and use undiluted material. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion.

This treatment WILL CONTROL the following woody species:

| | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Oak | Poplar | Sweetgum | Sycamore |
| <i>Quercus spp.</i> | <i>Populus spp.</i> | <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> | <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> |

This treatment WILL SUPPRESS the following woody species:

| | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Black gum | Dogwood | Hickory | Maple, red |
| <i>Nyssa sylvatica</i> | <i>Cornus spp.</i> | <i>Carya spp.</i> | <i>Acer rubrum</i> |

NON-FOOD PERENNIAL GRASS & TREE BIOENERGY CROPS

USE INSTRUCTIONS

This product may be applied as preplant broadleaf weed control, preemergent broadleaf weed control, and for broadleaf weed control when the crop is in a state of dormancy, for giant reedgrass (*Arundo donax*), switchgrass (*Panicum virgatum*) giant Miscanthus (*Miscanthus x giganteus*) and other non-food perennial grass bioenergy crops. It also can be applied as preplant broadleaf weed control, preemergent broadleaf weed control, and for broadleaf weed control when the crop is in a state of dormancy, for broadleaf weed control in hybrid poplar trees, cottonwood trees and willow trees grown as bioenergy crops.

Apply when weeds are actively growing.

PREPLANT / PREEMERGENCE - WEED CONTROL

This product can be used as a preplant or preemergent broadleaf weed control to control undesirable vegetation in bioenergy crops. Bioenergy crops include giant reedgrass (*Arundo donax*), switchgrass (*Panicum virgatum*) giant Miscanthus (*Miscanthus x giganteus*), and other non-food perennial grass bioenergy crops. It can also be used as a preplant or preemergent broadleaf weed control to control undesirable vegetation in hybrid poplar trees, cottonwood trees and willow trees grown as bioenergy crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

This product does not provide residual control; therefore, delay application until maximum weed emergence. Repeat treatments maybe necessary to control later germinating weeds.

CROP STATE OF DORMANCY - WEED CONTROL

This product can be used to control undesirable vegetation when the bioenergy crop is in a state of dormancy for broadleaf weed control. Bioenergy crops include giant reedgrass (*Arundo donax*), switchgrass (*Panicum virgatum*) giant Miscanthus (*Miscanthus x giganteus*), and other non-food perennial grass bioenergy crops. It also can be used to control undesirable vegetation in hybrid poplar trees, cottonwood trees and willow trees grown as bioenergy crops when the bioenergy crop is in a state of dormancy.

Applications may be made with wiper applicators or conventional spray equipment. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 ounces per acre of this product in early spring before desirable bioenergy crops break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy. Treat when bioenergy crops are in a state of dormancy. Bioenergy crop injury may occur if applications are made when crops are not dormant.

PRECAUTIONS

- Use sufficient gallonage for thorough and uniform coverage, but a minimum of 8 gallons per acre for broadcast application.
- Apply to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds.
- This product does not provide residual control; therefore, delay application until maximum weed emergence. Repeat treatments maybe necessary to control later germinating weeds.

RESTRICTIONS

- Applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.
- Maximum of 5.0 quarts of this product (4 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application.
- Do not enter treatment areas until sprays have dried.
- Do not hay or graze treated plantings.
- Treated plantings not to be consumed by human or animal.

TURFGRASSES AND GRASSES FOR SEED PRODUCTION

PREPLANT AND RENOVATION

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls most existing vegetation prior to the planting or renovation of either turfgrasses or grass seed production areas.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, and woody brush and trees, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs.

Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

DO NOT DISTURB SOIL OR UNDERGROUND PLANT PARTS BEFORE TREATMENT. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

TURFGRASSES

Where existing vegetation is growing in a field or unmowed situation, apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.

GRASSES FOR SEED PRODUCTION

Apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth recommended in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label prior to planting or renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production.

DO NOT feed or graze treated areas within 8 weeks after application.

ANNUAL WEED CONTROL IN DORMANT BERMUDAGRASS AND BAHIAGRASS TURF

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product will provide control or suppression of many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf. Refer to the rate table for [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] alone under the "RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS and BAHIAGRASS" section of this label for specified rates and volumes on the species to be suppressed or controlled. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. Spot treatments or broadcast applications of this product in excess of 16 fluid ounces per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained turfgrass areas; i.e., golf courses, lawns, etc. DO NOT APPLY TANK MIXTURES of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas.

RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHIAGRASS

NOTE: Use only in areas where bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. Use tank mixtures of this product plus Oust only on railroads, highways, utility plant sites, or other right-of-way areas.

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product will provide control or suppression of many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. This product may be tank-mixed with Oust as recommended for residual control. Make applications to dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Tank mixtures of this product plus Oust may delay greenup.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is in or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Rate instructions for control or suppression of winter annuals and tall fescue are listed below:

Apply the specified rates of this product alone or as a tank mixture in 10 to 25 gallons of water plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume per acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED WITH [NUFARM CREDIT® DUO HERBICIDE] ALONE*

NOTE: C = Control
S = Suppression

| WEED SPECIES | [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] FLUID OZ / | | | | | |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | ACRE | | | | | |
| | 8 | 12 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 64 |
| Barley, little <i>Hordeum pusillum</i> | S | C | C | C | C | C |
| Bedstraw, catchweed <i>Galium aparine</i> | S | C | C | C | C | C |
| Bluegrass, annual <i>Poa annua</i> | S | C | C | C | C | C |
| Chervil <i>Chaerophyllum tainturieri</i> | S | C | C | C | C | C |
| Chickweed, common <i>Stellaria media</i> | S | C | C | C | C | C |
| Clover, crimson <i>Trifolium incarnatum</i> | • | S | S | C | C | C |
| Clover, large hop <i>Trifolium campestre</i> | • | S | S | C | C | C |
| Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | • | • | • | • | S | S |
| Geranium, Carolina <i>Geranium carolinianum</i> | • | • | S | S | C | C |
| Henbit <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> | • | S | C | C | C | C |
| Ryegrass, Italian <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> | • | • | S | C | C | C |
| Speedwell, corn <i>Veronica arvensis</i> | S | C | C | C | C | C |
| Vetch, common <i>Vicia sativa</i> | * | * | S | C | C | C |

*These rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED WITH [NUFARM CREDIT® DUO HERBICIDE] PLUS OUST

NOTE: C = Control
 S = Suppression
 If multiple, provided amount of control is dependent on amount of Oust added.

| [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] + OUST | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|------|---------|------|
| [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] (FLOZ / A) | [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] + OUST | | | |
| | 8 | 12 | 16 | |
| | + | + | + | + |
| WEED SPECIES | OUST | Oust | Oust | Oust |
| Barley, little <i>Hordeum pusillum</i> | | C | C | C |
| Bedstraw, catchweed <i>Galium aparine</i> | | C | C | C |
| Bluegrass, annual <i>Poa annua</i> | | S | C | C |
| Chervil <i>Chaerophyllum tainturieri</i> | | C | C | C |
| Chickweed, common <i>Stellaria media</i> | | S | C | C |
| Clover, crimson <i>Trifolium incarnatum</i> | | S | S, C | S, C |
| Clover, large hop <i>Trifolium campestre</i> | | • | •, S, C | S, C |
| Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | | • | •, S | •, S |
| Geranium, Carolina <i>Geranium carolinianum</i> | | • | S, C | C |
| Henbit <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> | | • | S, C | C |
| Ryegrass, Italian <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> | | • | S, C | C |
| Speedwell, corn <i>Veronica arvensis</i> | | S | C | C |
| Vetch, common <i>Vicia sativa</i> | | C | C | C |

*These rates or mixtures of rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

RELEASE OF ACTIVELY GROWING BERMUDAGRASS

When applied as directed, this product will aid in the release of bermudagrass by providing control of annual species listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this and the Oust label, and suppression or partial control of certain perennial weeds.

For control or suppression of those annual species listed on this label, use 1 to 3 pints of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 25 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or length of runner in annual vines). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation.

Use the higher rate of this product for partial control of the following perennial species. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth. For best results, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for proper stage of growth.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i> | Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Trumpet creeper** <i>Campsis radicans</i> |
| Bluestem, silver <i>Andropogon saccharoides</i> | Johnsongrass* <i>Sorghum halepense</i> | Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> |

* Control at the higher rates.

** Suppression at higher rates only.

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints per acre of this product with Oust.

Use the lower rates of both products to control annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length in annual vines) that are listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this booklet and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages.

Use the higher rates of this product to provide partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

| | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i> | Dock, curly <i>Rumex crispus</i> | Johnsongrass* <i>Sorghum halepense</i> | Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> |
| Bluestem, silver <i>Andropogon saccharoides</i> | Dogfennel <i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i> | Poorjoe** <i>Diodia teres</i> | Vervain, blue <i>Verbena hastata</i> |
| Broomsedge <i>Andropogon virginicus</i> | Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Trumpet creeper* <i>Campsis radicans</i> | |

* Suppression at higher rates only.

** Control at the higher rates.

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Do not use repeat applications in the same season, as severe injury may result.

Read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

COOL SEASON TURF GROWTH REGULATION

When applied as directed, this product will suppress growth and seedhead development of listed turf species in industrial sites.

This product is used for management of coarse turf on roadside rights-of-way or other industrial areas. Do not use on high-quality turf or other areas where some turf color changes cannot be tolerated. Slight turf discoloration may occur but turf will regreen and regrow under moist conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Apply 4 to 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a recommended tank mixture. Use spray volumes of 10 to 40 gallons per acre.

When using this product, mix 2 quarts of a nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

This product can be used for growth and seedhead suppression of:

Tall Fescue, Smooth Brome

For best results, apply this product in a recommended tank mixture to actively growing turfgrasses after greenup in the spring of the year. For suppression of seedheads, applications must be made before boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Applications made from seedhead emergence until maturity may result in turf discoloration or injury.

After mowing or removal of seedheads, this product in a recommended tank mixture may also be used to suppress the growth of certain turfgrasses. Allow turf to recover from stress caused by heat, drought or mowing before making applications. Applications made to turf under stress may increase the potential for discoloration or injury.

ANNUAL GRASSES

For growth suppression of some annual grasses such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats, apply 3 to 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments made after seedhead emergence may cause injury to the desired grasses.

TANK MIXTURES

For the following tank mixtures, consult each product label for weeds controlled and the correct stage of application. Do not treat turf under stress.

Tank mixtures plus 2,4-D Amine

For additional weed control benefits, 2,4-D amine may be added to the following tank mixtures. Consult the label for 2,4-D amine for weeds controlled.

This product may be tank-mixed with the listed herbicides provided the specific product is registered for use on these sites.

TALL FESCUE

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Telar®

For suppression of tall fescue growth and seedheads, and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development.

This tank mixture can also be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression. Make only one of the above applications per growing season.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Oust® XP

For suppression of tall fescue growth and seedheads, and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Escort®

This tank mixture can be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression and control or partial control of some annual weeds.

NOTE: This product is not registered for use with Escort in California.

SMOOTH BROME

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Oust® XP

For suppression of smooth brome growth and seedheads and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development.

BAHIAGRASS SEEDHEAD AND VEGETATIVE SUPPRESSION

When applied as directed in the indicated noncrop areas (roadsides, airports, golf course roughs, plant sites and similar areas that are not high quality turfgrasses), this product will provide significant inhibition of seedhead emergence and will suppress vegetative growth for a period of approximately 45 days with single applications and approximately 120 days with sequential applications.

Apply this product 1 to 2 weeks after full greenup of bahiagrass or after the bahiagrass has been mowed to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. Applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence. Apply 6 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre.

Sequential applications of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume may be made at approximately 45 day intervals to extend the period of seedhead and vegetative growth suppression. For continued seedhead suppression, sequential applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence. Apply no more than 2 sequential applications per year. As a first sequential application, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre plus nonionic surfactant. A second sequential application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre plus nonionic surfactant may be made approximately 45 days after the last application.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust **may be applied only on roadsides** for seedhead inhibition and vegetative suppression. Apply 6 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus Oust, plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing. When using this product plus Oust for suppression of bahiagrass, make only 1 application per year.

CROPPING SYSTEMS

When applied as directed for "CROPPING SYSTEMS", under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed on this label, prior to the emergence of direct seeded crops or prior to transplanting of crops listed on this label. In-crop application to glyphosate tolerant and glyphosate tolerant, soybeans and cotton may be made according to the directions given in those respective sections below.

See "PRODUCT INFORMATION" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for essential product performance information.

See the following "CROPPING SYSTEMS" sections for specific uses.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS OR FRUIT OF DESIRABLE CROPS, PLANTS, TREES OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Except as otherwise specified on this label, repeat treatments must be made before the crop emerges in accordance with the instructions of this label.

Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 8 quarts of this product (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

For any crop not listed below, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

Do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application. Following spot treatment or use of selective equipment, wait 14 days before grazing domestic livestock or harvesting forage grasses and legumes.

ROW CROPS

| | | | | | |
|-------------|---------|---------|-----------------|-----------|------------|
| CORN (ALL)* | COTTON* | PEANUTS | SORGHUM (MILO)* | SOYBEANS* | SUGARCANE* |
|-------------|---------|---------|-----------------|-----------|------------|

CEREAL GRAINS

| | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------------------------|
| BARLEY* | MILLET | OATS* | RYE* | TEFF* | TRITICALE* |
| BUCKWHEAT* | (PEARL, PROSO)* | RICE** | QUINOA* | TEOSINTE* | WHEAT (ALL)* WILD RICE* |

CITRUS

| | | | | |
|------------|------------|----------|--------------|-----------|
| CALAMONDIN | GRAPEFRUIT | LIME | ORANGE (ALL) | TANGERINE |
| CHIRONJA | KUMQUAT | MANDARIN | PUMMELO | TANGORS |
| CITRON | LEMON | ORANGE | TANGELO | |

TREE NUTS

| | | | | |
|------------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------|
| ALMOND | BUTTERNUT | CHINQUAPIN | HICKORY NUT | PISTACHIO |
| BEECHNUT | CASHEW | FILBERT | MACADAMIA | WALNUT |
| BRAZIL NUT | CHESTNUT | (HAZELNUT) | PECAN | (BLACK, ENGLISH) |

SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES

| | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| BLACKBERRY | CRANBERRY | ELDERBERRY | LOGANBERRY | RASPBERRY |
| BLUEBERRY | CURRANT | GOOSEBERRY | OLALLIEBERRY | (BLACK, RED) |
| BOYSENBERRY | DEWBERRY | HUCKLEBERRY | | |

TREE FRUITS

| | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|--------|-----------|-------|-----------------|
| APPLE | CHERRY | LOQUAT | NECTARINE | PEACH | PLUM / PRUNE |
| APRICOTS | (SWEET, SOUR) | MAYHAW | OLIVE | PEAR | (ALL) QUINCE |

VEGETABLES

| | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| ARTICHOKE, | CAULIFLOWER | GROUND CHERRY*** | MUSTARD GREENS | RHUBARB |
| JERUSALEM | CASABA MELON*** | HONEYDEW MELON*** | OKRA | RUTABAGA |
| ASPARAGUS* | CELERIAC | HONEY BALL | ONION | SHALLOT |
| BEANS (ALL) | CELERY | MELON*** | PARSLEY | SPINACH (ALL) |
| BEET GREENS | CHARD, SWISS | HORSERADISH | PARSNIPS | SQUASH |
| BEETS | CHICORY | KALE | PEAS (ALL) | (SUMMER, WINTER)*** |
| (RED, SUGAR) | COLLARDS | KOHLRABI | PEPPER (ALL)*** | TOMATILLO*** |
| BROCCOLI (ALL) | CRENSHAW MELON*** | LEEK | PERSIAN MELON*** | TOMATO***† |
| BRUSSELS SPROUTS | CUCUMBER*** | LENTILS | POTATO | TURNIP |
| CABBAGE (ALL) | EGGPLANT*** | LETTUCE | (IRISH, SWEET) | WATERCRESS*** |
| CABBAGE, CHINESE | ENDIVE | MANGO MELON*** | PUMPKIN*** | WATERMELON*** |
| CANTALOUPE*** | GARLIC*** | MELONS (ALL)*** | RADISH | YAMS |
| CARROT | GOURDS*** | MUSKMELON*** | RAPE GREENS | |

VINE CROPS

| | |
|--------|------------|
| GRAPES | KIWI FRUIT |
|--------|------------|

FORAGE CROPS AND LEGUMES

| | | |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| ALFALFA* | FORAGE GRASSES* | FORAGE LEGUMES* |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|

TROPICAL CROPS

| | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| ACEROLA | CANISTEL | FIGS | LYCHEE | POMEGRANATE | SUGAR APPLE |
| ATEMOYA | CARAMBOLA | GENIP | MANGO | SAPODILLA | TAMARIND |
| AVOCADO | CHERIMOYA | GUAVA | PAPAYA | SAPOTE | TEA |
| BANANA | COCOA BEANS | JABOTICABA | PASSION FRUIT | (BLACK, MAMEY, | |
| (PLAINTAINS) | COFFEE | JACKFRUIT | PERSIMMONS | WHITE) | |
| BREADFRUIT | DATES | LONGAN | PINEAPPLE**** | SOURSOP | |

BULB VEGETABLES

| | | | |
|-------------|------------------------|------|----------------------------|
| GARLIC*** | GREAT-HEADED GARLIC*** | LEEK | ONION (DRY BULB AND GREEN) |
| WELSH ONION | SHALLOT | | |

HERBS AND SPICES

| | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| ALLSPICE | ANGELICA | STAR ANISE | ANNATTO (SEED) | BALM |
| BASIL | BORAGE | BURNET | CAMOMILE | CAPER BUDS |
| CARAWAY | BLACK CARAWAY | CARDAMOM | CASSIA BARK | CASSIA BUDS |
| CATNIP | CELERY SEED | CHERVIL (DRIED) | CHIVE | CHINESE CHIVE |
| CINNAMON | CLARY | CLOVE BUDS | CORIANDER LEAF | CORIANDER SEED |
| COSTMARY | CULANTRO (LEAF) | CULANTRO (SEED) | (CILANTRO OR | (CILANTRO) |
| CUMIN | CURRY (LEAF) | DILL (DILLWEED) | CHINESE PARSLEY) | DILL (SEED) |
| EPAZOTE | FENNEL SEED | FENUGREEK | WHITE GINGER | GRAINS OF PARADISE |
| HOREHOUND | (COMMON AND | HYSSOP | FLOWER | JUNIPER BERRY |
| LAVENDER | FLORENCE) | LEMONGRASS | LOVEAGE (LEAF AND | MACE |
| MARIGOLD | MARJORAM (INCLUDING | MEXICAN OREGANO | SEED) | MIOGA FLOWER |
| MUSTARD (SEED) | OREGANO) | NASTURTIUM | NUTMEG | PARSLEY (DRIED) |
| PENNYROYAL | PEPPER (BLACK AND | PEPPER LEAVES | PEPPERMINT* | PERILLA |
| POPPY (SEED) | WHITE) | ROSEMARY | RUE | SAFFRON |
| SAGE | SAVORY (SUMMER | SPEARMINT* | STEVIA LEAVES | SWEET BAY |
| TANSY | WINTER) | TARRAGON | THYME | VANILLA |
| WINTERGREEN | WOODRUFF | WORMWOOD | | |

OIL SEED CROPS

| | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| BORAGE | BUFFALO GOARD | CANOLA | CRAMBE | FLAX (SEED) |
| JOJOBA | (SEED) | LESQUERELLA | MEADOWFOAM | MUSTARD (SEED) |
| RAPE (SEED) | SAFFLOWER | SESAME | SUNFLOWER**** | |

* Spot treatments may be applied in these crops.

** Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain flood water.

*** Apply only prior to planting. Allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

**** Do not feed or graze treated pineapple or sunflower forage following application.

† Use is restricted to direct seeded crops only.

When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by 0.5 inch natural rainfall or by applying water via a sprinkler irrigation system.

Spot Treatment (Only those crops with “**” can be spot treated.) – Applications in growing crops must be made prior to heading of small grains and milo, initial pod set in soybeans, silking of corn, or boll opening on cotton.

For forage grasses and forage legumes see “SPOT TREATMENT” in the “PASTURES” section of “CROPPING SYSTEMS” in this label.

For dilution and rates of application using boom or hand-held equipment, see “MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS” and “WEEDS CONTROLLED” sections of this label.

NOTE: FOR FORAGE GRASSES AND FORAGE LEGUMES, NO MORE THAN ONE-TENTH OF ANY ACRE SHOULD BE TREATED AT ONE TIME. FOR ALL OTHER CROPS, DO NOT TREAT MORE THAN 10 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL FIELD AREA TO BE HARVESTED.

THE CROP RECEIVING SPRAY IN TREATED AREA WILL BE KILLED. TAKE CARE TO AVOID DRIFT OR SPRAY OUTSIDE TARGET AREA FOR THE SAME REASON.

Selective Equipment – This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton and soybeans. Shielded and wiper applicators may also be used in tree crops and grapes. Wiper applicators may be used in wheat, rutabagas, forage grasses and forage legumes, including pasture sites and grain sorghum (milo).

See the “SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT” part of the “APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES” section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Allow at least the following time intervals between application and harvest:

| | |
|--|---------|
| Cotton, Soybeans | 7 days |
| Apples, Citrus, Pear | 1 day |
| Atemoya, Avocado, Breadfruit, Canistel, Carambola, Cherry, Grapes, Dates, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, | 14 days |

| | |
|---|---------|
| Lychee, Passion Fruit, Persimmons, Rutabagas, Sapodilla, Sapote, Soursop, Sugar Apple, Tamarind | |
| Stone Fruit | 17 days |
| Nut Crops | 3 days |
| Wheat ¹ | 35 days |
| Sorghum (milo) ^{1,2} | 40 days |

¹ Do not use roller applicators.

² Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation.

ASPARAGUS

When applied as directed for "CROPPING SYSTEMS" under the conditions described, this product controls weeds listed on this label in asparagus.

For specific rates of applications and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

Prior to Crop Emergence – Apply this product prior to crop emergence for the control of emerged labeled annual and perennial weeds. DO NOT APPLY WITHIN A WEEK BEFORE THE FIRST SPEARS EMERGE.

Spot Treatment – Apply this product immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

Postharvest – Apply this product after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears. Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury.

NOTE: Select and use instructed types of spray equipment for postemergence postharvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

BERRIES AND SMALL FRUITS

Wiper applicators may be used in cranberries in accordance with instructions in this section.

For other berries, apply as a preplant broadcast application, or as a directed spray or wiper application post-planting.

See "PRODUCT INFORMATION" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for essential product performance information.

See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on use and calibration of this equipment.

Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. For other small fruits and berries, allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.

For Wick or other Wiper Applicators – Mix 1 gallon of this product in 4 gallons of water to prepare a 20 percent solution.

In severe infestations, reduce equipment ground speed to ensure that adequate amounts of this product are wiped on the weeds. A second treatment in the opposite direction may be beneficial.

Do not permit herbicide solution to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes or foliage.

CEREAL GRAIN CROPS

LABELLED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (Pearl and Proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), Wild Rice

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow, Preplant, Fallow Beds, At-Planting, Preemergence, Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles, Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles, Wiper Applicator in Row Middles, Post Harvest plus Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (except rice), Control of Barnyardgrass in Rice Using Renovation Treatment (California only), Wiper Applicator (feed barley and wheat only), Preharvest (feed barley and wheat only)

Preplant, At Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS This product may be applied before during or after the planting of cereal crops but prior to crop emergence.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice and then apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre when the majority of the red rice plants are at the 2 leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves might only be partially controlled. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity as reduced control of red rice could result.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to rice fields or levees when fields contain floodwater. Do not flood fields for a minimum of 8 days following application.

Spot Treatment (Except Rice)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops except rice. Apply before heading in small grains.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

Control of Barnyardgrass in Rice Using Renovation Treatment (California Only)

THIS APPLICATION FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA ONLY.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a renovation treatment in rice crops to control barnyardgrass (*Echinochloa crus galli*) infestations using ground broadcast application equipment or a handheld sprayer. Renovation is defined as an herbicide application that will result in crop and weed destruction in an entire field or contiguous area treated within a field.

RESTRICTIONS: The rice straw and stubble from the application area including a 25-foot buffer zone on all sides may not be used for animal bedding grazing or any other feed purposes. DO NOT make this application using aerial application equipment

Wiper Applicator (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of feed barley and wheat using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. To control common rye or cereal rye apply after weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS Allow a minimum of 35 days between application and harvest Do not use roller applicator

Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat. For feed barley apply after the hard-dough stage when grain moisture is 20 percent or less. For wheat apply after the hard dough stage when grain moisture is 30 percent or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest. Apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre when using ground application equipment and in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre when using aerial application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre for preharvest application. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or grazing.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates might be required to control large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control following harvest of cereal crops. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

CORN

TYPES OF CORN: Field corn, seed corn, silage corn, sweet corn and popcorn.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, hooded sprayers, spot treatment, preharvest, post-harvest.

Add an agriculturally approved nonionic surfactant at 0.375 percent by volume of spray solution. Adding 1 to 2 percent by weight of dry ammonium sulfate (or equivalent from other formulations) may increase the performance of this product

Preplant, Preemergence and At-planting – This product may be applied before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Subject to any limitations stated on labeling of specific products, the following tank mixtures may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

This product may be tank-mixed with the listed herbicides provided the specific product is registered for use on these sites.

| | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| ATRAZINE | DUAL® | LARIAT® | PROWL® / Pendimethalin |
| BANVEL® / Dicamba | DUAL II | LASSO® / Alachlor | SIMAZINE |
| BICEP® | EXTRAZINE® | LINEX® | SURPASS® / Acetochlor |
| BICEP II | FRONTIER® | LOROX®/ Linuron | SURPASS 100 |
| BLADEX® | GUARDSMAN® | MARKSMAN® / | TOPNOTCH® |
| BROADSTRIKE® | HARNESS® / Acetochlor | Atrazine + Dicamba | |
| BULLET® | HARNESS XTRA | MICRO-TECH® | |
| CLASH® | HARNESS XTRA 5.6L | | |

For Southern states (see map as a guide), do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds.



For improved burndown, this product may be tank mixed with 2,4-D (Weedar®, Weedone® and others) or dicamba.

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1 to 1-1/2 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

Do not plant corn until at least 7 days after application of 2,4-D or dicamba.

The tank mix recommendations in this section are not registered in California.

Hooded Sprayers – This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that

completely enclose the spray pattern may be used.

A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator. The spray pattern is completely enclosed on the top and all 4 sides by a hood, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground. Tractor speed must be adjusted to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

When applying to corn that is grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows.

Follow these requirements:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre per application.
- Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.
- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row. For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 mph.
- Maximum wind speed: 10 mph.
- Use low-drift nozzles.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" Section of the label booklet.

Do not graze or feed corn forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers.

Do not apply more than 3 quarts of this product (2.3 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Spot treatment – For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest – Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 3 quarts of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 1 quart of this product per acre.

Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Do not treat corn grown for seed preharvest, because a reduction in germination or vigor may result.

Post-harvest – This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher specified rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

Do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in this label booklet for this product before using. For over-the-top uses on glyphosate tolerant and glyphosate tolerant crop varieties, crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by manufacturer when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin-run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted. If these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

FALLOW AND REDUCED TILLAGE SYSTEMS

Use this product in fallow and reduced tillage systems for control of annual weeds prior to emergence of crops listed in this label. Refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for specific rates and instructions. This product may be applied using ground or aerial spray equipment. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for instructions.

TANK MIXTURES

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Clash, Banvel or dicamba plus Nonionic Surfactant

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus 2,4-D plus Nonionic Surfactant

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Goal plus Nonionic Surfactant

DO NOT APPLY CLASH, BANVEL, DICAMBA OR 2,4-D TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

Applications of 2,4-D, Clash, Banvel or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

The addition of Clash, Banvel or dicamba in a mixture with this product may provide short-term residual control of selected weed species. Some crop injury may occur if Banvel or dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting. Refer to the Banvel, dicamba or 2,4-D labels for cropping restrictions and other use instructions.

This product may be tank-mixed with the listed herbicides provided the specific product is registered for use on these sites.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Goal Tank Mixtures

This product alone or in tank mixtures with Goal plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume will provide control of those weeds listed below.

Make applications when weeds are actively growing and at the recommended stages of growth. Avoid spraying when weeds are subject to moisture stress, when dust is on the foliage or when straw canopy covers the weeds.

| [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] 12 fluid oz / acre | | [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] 16 fluid oz / acre - Annual grasses at left plus: | | | |
|--|-----|---|----|------------------------|-----|
| Wheat | 18" | Ryegrass, annual | 6" | Crabgrass | 12" |
| Barley | 12" | Chickweed | 6" | Johnsongrass, seedling | 12" |
| Bluegrass, annual | 6" | Groundsel | 6" | Lambsquarters | 12" |
| Barnyardgrass | 6" | Marestail | 6" | Oats, wild | 12" |
| Rye | 6" | Rocket, London | 6" | Pigweed, redroot | 12" |
| | | Shepherdspurse | 6" | Mustards | 12" |

NOTE: Use 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

| [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] 12 fluid oz / acre + Goal | [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] 16 fluid oz / acre + Goal |
|---|---|
| Annual grasses above plus: | Annual weeds above plus: |
| Cheeseweed, common 3" | Cheeseweed, common 6" |
| Chickweed 3" | Groundsel 6" |
| Groundsel 3" | Chickweed 12" |
| Rocket, London 6" | Rocket, London 12" |
| Shepherdspurse 6" | Shepherdspurse 12" |

NOTE: Use 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre in mixtures with Goal per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

These recommended tank mixtures may be applied using ground or aerial spray equipment. Refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for specific rates and instructions.

ECOFARMING SYSTEMS

The use instructions made in this section are not registered for use in California.

The Ecofarming System consists of the following rotation: winter wheat, corn / sorghum, ecofallow.

Use the following tank mixtures for control of emerged annual weeds before planting corn or sorghum in the Ecofarming System.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] at 16 to 20 fluid ounces per acre plus
 2,4-D at 0.375 to 0.5 pound a.i. per acre plus
 Atrazine at 0.75 to 1 pound a.i. per acre plus
 Lasso® at 2.5 to 3 quarts per acre

The above tank mixture should be applied in 28-0-0 or 32-0-0 liquid fertilizer carrier at 20 to 30 gallons per acre. The liquid fertilizer may be diluted with water to achieve the desired carrier volume.

This product may be tank-mixed with the listed herbicides provided the specific product is registered for use on these sites.

WEEDS CONTROLLED – The following weeds, up to a maximum height of 4 inches, will be controlled:

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Brome, downy <i>Bromus tectorum</i> | Foxtail, yellow <i>Setaria lutescens</i> | Pigweed, redroot <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> |
| Cheat <i>Bromus secalinus</i> | Kochia* <i>Kochia scoparia</i> | Thistle, Russian <i>Salsola kali</i> |
| Foxtail, green <i>Setaria viridis</i> | Lettuce, prickly <i>Lactuca serriola</i> | Wheat, volunteer <i>Triticum aestivum</i> |

* For improved control of kochia, add Banvel or dicamba to the above tank mixture.

Risk of crop injury from 2,4-D, Banvel or dicamba can be reduced by applying this treatment 7 to 14 days before planting.

Refer to the label booklet for Lasso herbicide for preemergence weed control achieved by this tank mixture.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation directions, restrictions and precautionary statements for all products used in these tank mixtures.

AID TO TILLAGE

This product, when used in conjunction with preplant tillage practices, will provide control of downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications when weeds are actively growing and before they are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage. Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

POSTHARVEST GRAIN SORGHUM, SORGHUM REGROWTH CONTROL

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 1 quart of this product per acre for control, or 1.5 pints of this product per acre for suppression. Apply this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of spray solution per acre.

PASTURES

Apply this product prior to planting forage grasses and legumes.

Pasture or Hay Crop Renovation – When applied as a broadcast spray, this product controls the annual and perennial weeds listed in this label prior to planting forage grasses or legumes. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Spot Treatment – When applied as a spot treatment as specified, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in this label which are growing in pastures, forage grasses and forage legumes composed of bahiagrass, bermudagrass, bluegrass, brome, fescue, orchardgrass, ryegrass, timothy, wheatgrass, alfalfa or clover.

Wiper Application – When applied as directed, this product controls or suppresses the weeds listed under “WIPER APPLICATORS” in the “SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT” section of this label.

For spot treatment and wiper application, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than one-tenth of any acre should be treated at one time. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

SUGARCANE

When applied as directed for “CROPPING SYSTEMS”, under the conditions described, this product controls those emerged annual and perennial weeds listed on this label growing in or around sugarcane or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane. This product will also control undesirable sugarcane.

NOTE: Where repeat treatments are necessary, do not exceed a total of 10.6 quarts of this product (8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year. Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

Broadcast Treatment – Apply this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre on emerged weeds prior to the emergence of plant cane.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label.

For removal of last stubble or ratoon cane, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 or more new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Spot Treatment in or Around Sugarcane Fields – For dilution and rates of application using hand-held equipment, see “MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS” and “WEEDS CONTROLLED” sections of this label.

For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray to wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled.

NOTE: When spraying volunteer or diseased sugarcane, the plants should have at least 7 new leaves.

Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane forage following application.

CONSERVATION TILLAGE, MINIMUM TILLAGE AND NO-TILL SYSTEMS

CORN AND SOYBEANS TANK MIXTURES

The use instructions in this section are not registered for use in California.

When applied as instructed under the conditions described, the tank mixtures listed in this section control many emerged weeds, and give preemergence control of many annual weeds where corn or soybeans will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residues.

Refer to specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and precautionary statements of all products used in these tank mixtures. For mixing instructions, see the “MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS” section of this label.

Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre before, during or after planting. Do not apply these mixtures after crop emergence.

When tank mixing with residual herbicides, add an agriculturally approved nonionic surfactant at 0.375 percent by volume of spray solution. The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight may increase the performance of this product.

NOTE: When using these tank mixtures, do not exceed 4 quarts of this product per acre.

SOYBEANS

For residual control, this product may be tank-mixed with the following herbicides or combination of herbicides:

| | | | | |
|----------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|----------|
| CANOPY | GEMINI® | LOROX® PLUS | PROWL® | SENCOR® |
| CLOAK® | LASSO® / ALACHLOR | MICRO-TECH® | PURSUIT® | SCEPTER® |
| COMMAND® | | PREVIEW® | PURSUIT PLUS® | |
| DUAL® | | | | |

For improved burndown, this product may be tank-mixed with the following herbicides:

2,4-DB

2,4-D* (WEEDONE® 638, WEEDAR® 64, others)

* See the label for 2,4-D for intervals between application and planting.

This product may be tank-mixed with the listed herbicides provided the specific product is registered for use on these sites.

CORN AND SOYBEANS

Annual Weeds – For difficult-to-control weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1 to 1.5 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints when weeds are over 6 inches tall. For a complete list of annual weeds controlled, see the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label.

Perennial Weeds – At normal application times in minimum tillage systems, perennial weeds may not be at the proper stage of growth for control. See the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label for the proper stage of growth for perennial weeds.

Use of 2 to 4 quarts of this product per acre in the tank mixtures mentioned above, under these conditions provides top kill and reduces competition from many emerged perennial grass and broadleaf weeds. For emerged perennial weeds controlled, see the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label.

To obtain the desired stage of growth, it may be necessary to apply this product alone in the late summer or fall and then follow with a label-approved, seedling weed-control program at planting.

CORN

For residual control, this product may be tank-mixed with the following herbicides or combination of herbicides:

| | | | |
|----------|---------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| ATRAZINE | DUAL® | LASSO® / ALACHLOR | PROWL® or pendimethalin |
| BICEP® | LARIAT® | MICRO-TECH® | SIMAZINE |
| BULLET® | | | |

For improved burndown, this product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba. Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn. See the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section for specific rate information.

DO NOT USE TANK MIXTURES FOR BERMUDAGRASS OR JOHNSONGRASS CONTROL IN MINIMUM TILLAGE SYSTEMS. For bermudagrass control, follow the instructions under “CONTROL OF PERENNIAL WEEDS” section of this label and then use a label-approved, seedling weed-control program in a minimum tillage or conventional tillage system. For Johnsongrass control, follow instructions under “CONTROL OF PERENNIAL WEEDS” section of this label, and then use a label-approved, seedling weed-control program with conventional tillage.

PREHARVEST APPLICATIONS ON ALFALFA COTTON, GRAIN SORGHUM, SOYBEANS AND WHEAT

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed on this label prior to the harvest of cotton, grain sorghum, soybeans and wheat.

For specific rates and application instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label.

This product may be applied by both ground and aerial application equipment. DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN 1 QUART PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT BY AIR. See the “APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES” section of this label for instructions for ground and aerial applications.

NOTE: Do not apply to crops grown for seed unless the likelihood of a reduction in germination and/or vigor is acceptable. Reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (Milo) is not registered in California.

SOYBEANS

Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 5 quarts of this product per acre for preharvest application using ground application equipment or more than 66 fluid ounces per acre when making the application using aerial application equipment. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybean. If the preharvest application rate is greater than 33 fluid ounces per acre do not graze or harvest hay or fodder within the application area for livestock feed within 25 days of application. If the application rate is 33 fluid ounces per acre or less the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after application.

ALFALFA

This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of alfalfa. The application rate of 2 quarts per acre will control most annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa.

The treated crop can be harvested and fed to livestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. For best results, harvest within 7 days of spraying.

Applications may be made at any time of year. Make only one preharvest application to an existing stand of alfalfa per year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing and at the proper growth stage (6 to 8 inches or more in height). Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN 2 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE AS A PREHARVEST TREATMENT TO ALFALFA.

COTTON

Broadcast Applications – This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to the harvest of cotton. Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for cotton regrowth inhibition. Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre for preharvest applications. THE USE OF ADDITIVES FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON IS PROHIBITED.

This product may be tank mixed with DEF® 6, Folex® or Prep® to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton.

Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

Do not feed or graze treated cotton forage or hay following preharvest applications.

Do not add surfactant or tank mix this product with additives containing a surfactant for pre-harvest application to cotton or any postemergence (in-crop) application to glyphosate tolerant cotton, glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton, or other glyphosate tolerant cotton..

GRAIN SORGHUM (MILO)

Make applications at 30% grain moisture or less and at least 7 days prior to harvest.

Apply up to 2 quarts of this product per acre.

WHEAT

Apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30% or less grain moisture) and at least 7 days prior to harvest.

DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN 1 QUART PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATIONS TO WHEAT.

PREHARVEST (FEED BARLEY AND WHEAT ONLY)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of wheat or feed barley. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest. This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

PRECAUTION: Do not make preharvest application for wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest, feeding or grazing.

PREHARVEST AND SPOT TREATMENTS OF WEEDS IN DRY PEAS, LENTILS, AND CHICKPEAS

BROADCAST SPRAY

This product may be applied as an over-the-top broadcast spray to control labeled weeds prior to the harvest of dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas. Apply up to 24 fluid ounces in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less). Either ground broadcast or aerial applications may be made.

PRECAUTION:

- Do not apply preharvest for peas, lentils, or chickpeas grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Apply at least 14 days before harvest.
- Only one application per year may be made; do not combine a preharvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area.
- Employ at least a 30 day plant-back interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in this product's label.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not treat field (feed) peas, since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.

SPOT TREATMENTS

This product may be applied as a spot treatment to control troublesome weeds such as Canada thistle, quackgrass, mayweed (dog fennel), and milkweed in dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas. Apply up to 20 fluid ounces in 10 to 20 gallons of water through ground spray equipment or use a 2 percent solution in a handheld sprayer. For best results, applications should be made at or beyond the bud stage of growth. The crop receiving spray in treated areas will be killed.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Apply at least 14 days before harvest.
- Only one application per year may be made; do not combine a preharvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area.
- Employ at least a 30 day plant-back interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in this product's label.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

- Do not treat field (feed) peas, since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.

PREHARVEST AND SPOT TREATMENTS OF WEEDS IN DRY BEANS

BROADCAST SPRAY

This product may be applied as an over-the-top broadcast spray to control labeled weeds prior to the harvest of dry beans. Apply up to 32 fluid ounces in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less). Either ground broadcast or aerial applications may be made.

PRECAUTION:

- Do not apply preharvest for peas, lentils, or chickpeas grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Apply at least 7 days before harvest.
- Only one application per year may be made; do not combine a preharvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area.
- Employ at least a 30 day plant-back interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in this product's label.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not treat field cowpeas, since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.

SPOT TREATMENTS

This product may be applied as a spot treatment to control troublesome weeds such as Canada thistle, quackgrass, mayweed (dog fennel), and milkweed in dry beans. Apply up to 26 fluid ounces in 10 to 20 gallons of water through ground spray equipment or use a 2 percent solution in a handheld sprayer. For best results, applications should be made at or beyond the bud stage of growth. The crop receiving spray in treated areas will be killed.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Apply at least 14 days before harvest.
- Only one application per year may be made; do not combine a preharvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area.
- Employ at least a 30 day plant-back interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in this product's label.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not treat field (feed) peas, since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.

TREE AND VINE CROPS

This product may be used for weed control in established groves, vineyards, and orchards, or for site preparation prior to transplanting crops listed in this section. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed in this section. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for specific information on use of equipment.

When applying this product, refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label and to specific directions in this section for rates to be used.

NOTE

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds originating from underground parts of untreated weeds or from seeds. This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent weed control, use repeated applications of this product. Do not apply more than 10.6 quarts of this product (8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE SOLUTION, SPRAY, DRIFT OR MIST WITH FOLIAGE OR GREEN BARK OF TRUNK, BRANCHES, SUCKERS, FRUIT OR OTHER PARTS OF TREES OR VINES. CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH OTHER THAN MATURED BROWN BARK CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE.

AVOID PAINTING OUT STUMPS WITH THIS PRODUCT AS INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES.

Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut and have not been allowed to regrow to the specified stage for treatment.

For specific rates of applications and instructions, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label, and to specific directions which follow.

MIDDLES MANAGEMENT

FOR ANNUAL WEEDS IN MIDDLES BETWEEN ROWS OF TREE AND VINE CROPS

For citrus crops, treat uniformly between trees.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] [Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] plus Goal

This product alone or in mixtures with Goal will control or suppress the annual weeds listed below.

Apply the specified rates of this product, either alone or in mixtures with Goal plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when weeds are actively growing and less than 6 inches in height or diameter. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may occur if weeds have been mowed prior to application.

Up to 48 fluid ounces per acre of this product may be used to control weeds, which have been mowed, are stressed or are growing in dense populations.

| WEED SPECIES | MAXIMUM HEIGHT / DIAMETER (INCHES) | RATE PER ACRE [NUFARM CREDIT® DUO HERBICIDE] (FLUID OUNCES) | | GOAL (FLUID OUNCES) |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|----|------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Barley <i>Hordeum vulgare</i> | 6 | 8 | | -- |
| Bluegrass, annual <i>Poa annua</i> | | | | |
| Barnyardgrass <i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> | 6 | 12 | | -- |
| Chickweed, common <i>Stellaria media</i> | | | | |
| Red Maids <i>Calandrinia ciliata</i> | | | | |
| Crabgrass <i>Digitaria spp.</i> | 6 | 16 | | -- |
| Fleabane, hairy <i>Conyza bonariensis</i> | | | or | |
| Groundsel, common <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> | | | | |
| Junglerice <i>Echinochloa colonum</i> | | 16 to 32 | + | 4 to 16** |
| Lambsquarters, common <i>Chenopodium album</i> | | | | |
| Pigweed, redroot <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> | | | | |
| Rocket, London <i>Sisymbrium irio</i> | | | | |
| Ryegrass, common <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> | | | | |
| Shepherdspurse <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> | | | | |
| Sowthistle, annual <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> | | | | |
| Cheeseweed, common <i>Malva spp.</i> | 3 | 12 to 32 | + | 4 to 16 |
| Cheeseweed, common <i>Malva spp.</i> | 6 | 16 to 32 | + | 4 to 16 |
| Filaree* <i>Erodium spp.</i> | | | | |
| Horseweed / Marestalk <i>Conyza canadensis</i> | | | | |
| Nettle, stinging <i>Urtica dioica</i> | | | | |
| Purslane, common* <i>Portulaca oleracea</i> | | | | |

*Suppression only.

**The mixture of this product plus Goal is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations.

STRIPS

FOR ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL WEEDS IN STRIPS OF TREE AND VINE CROPS

TANK MIXTURES WITH RESIDUAL HERBICIDES

When applied as a tank mixture, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and control or suppression of emerged perennial weeds listed in this label. The following residual herbicides will provide preemergence control of those weeds listed in the individual product labels.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Goal 2XL [Nufarm

Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Karmex® DF

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Krovar I DF

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Princep Caliber 90

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Simazine 4L, 80W or 90DF

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Solicam® 80DF

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Surflan AS

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Princep Caliber 90, Simazine 4L, 80W or 90DF **plus** Surflan AS

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Goal 2XL **plus** Surflan AS

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Goal 2XL **plus** Princep Caliber 90, Simazine 4L, 80W or 90DF

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Systemic Herbicide] **plus** Goal 2XL **plus** Surflan AS or Princep Caliber 90, Simazine 4L, 80W or 90DF

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

When tank-mixing with residual herbicides, add an agriculturally approved nonionic surfactant at 0.375 percent by volume of spray solution.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographical restrictions and precautionary statements.

Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, rates and all other information on the labels of all products.

APPLICATION RATES

Annual Weeds – Apply 1 to 5 quarts per acre of this product in these tank mixtures. Use rates at the higher end of the specified range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall.

Perennial Weeds – Apply 1 pint to 5 quarts per acre of this product in these tank mixtures to control or suppress perennial weeds. Follow the directions in the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label for stage of growth and application rates for specific perennial weeds.

[Nufarm Credit® Duo Herbicide] **plus** Goal **plus** Simazine / Surflan

This product plus low rates of Goal in 3-way or 4-way mixtures with simazine and/or Surflan will provide postemergence control of the weeds listed below.

Refer to the individual simazine and Surflan labels for preemergence rates, weeds controlled, precautionary statements and other important information.

Apply these tank mixtures in 3 to 40 gallons of water. Add 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume to the spray solution.

Apply 1 to 5 quarts per acre of this product plus Goal, plus labeled rates of simazine and/or Surflan to control the following weeds:

| | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Barley, wild <i>Hordeum leporinum</i> | Chickweed, common <i>Stellaria media</i> | Groundsel, common <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> | Pineappleweed <i>Matricaria matricarioides</i> | Sowthistle, annual <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> |
| Bluegrass, annual <i>Poa annua</i> | Filaree* <i>Erodium spp.</i> | Horseweed / Marestail <i>Conyza canadensis</i> | Rocket, London <i>Sisymbrium irio</i> | |
| Cheeseweed, common <i>Malva spp.</i> | Fleabane, hairy <i>Conyza bonariensis</i> | Nettle, stinging <i>Urtica dioica</i> | Shepherdspurse <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> | |

*Use a minimum of 1.5 quarts of this product in these mixtures.

NOTE: This recommendation does not preclude the use of Goal in these mixtures at higher, labeled rates for preemergence weed control.

PERENNIAL GRASS SUPPRESSION ON ORCHARD FLOORS

When applied as directed, this product will suppress vegetative growth as indicated below.

Bahiagrass

This product will provide significant inhibition of seedhead emergence and will suppress vegetative growth for a period of approximately 45 days with a single application and approximately 120 days with sequential applications. Apply this product 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. Applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence. Apply 6 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre.

Sequential applications of this product plus nonionic surfactant may be made at approximately 45-day intervals to extend the period of seedhead and vegetative growth suppression. For continued seedhead suppression, sequential applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence. Apply no more than 2 sequential applications per year. As a first sequential application, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product plus nonionic surfactant. A second sequential application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces may be made approximately 45 days after the last application.

Bermudagrass

For burndown, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use 1 quart of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre east of the Rocky Mountains. Use 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Use this treatment only if reduction of the bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

Suppression only (east of the Rocky Mountains) – Apply 6 to 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. Mowing prior to application may occur provided a minimum height of 3 inches is maintained. Rates of 6 to 10 fluid ounces of this product plus nonionic surfactant should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated.

Suppression only (west of the Rocky Mountains) – Apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre to bermudagrass up to 6 inches in height and no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. Mowing prior to application may occur provided a minimum height of 3 inches is maintained. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated.

Cool Season Grass Covers

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 8 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For best suppression, add ammonium sulfate to the spray solution at a rate of 2 percent by weight or 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray solution.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool-season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply the specified rate of this product 3 to 4 days after mowing. Avoid treating cool season grass covers under poor growing conditions, such as drought stress (drip irrigation), disease or insect damage.

LOW VOLUME APPLICATION (FLORIDA AND TEXAS)

For burndown or control of the weeds listed, apply the specified rates of this product plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

Annual Weeds

Goatweed – Apply 2 to 3 quarts per acre of this product plus 17 pounds of ammonium sulfate per 100 gallons of water plus 0.375 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 2 quarts per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 3 quarts per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of II or Karmex DF may improve control. Use labeled rates for these residual products.

Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, rates and all other information on the Karmex DF labels.

Perennial Weeds

Apply when weeds are actively growing and at the growth stages listed in the “PERENNIAL WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label. If perennial weeds are mowed, allow weeds to regrow to the recommended stage of growth.

S = Suppression B = Burndown

PC = Partial control C = Control

| WEED SPECIES | [Nufarm Credit® Herbicide] RATE PER ACRE | | | |
|-------------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | 1 qt | 2 qts | 3 qts | 5 qts |
| Bermudagrass | B | • | PC | C |
| Guineagrass | | | | |
| Texas and Florida Ridge | B | C | C | C |
| Florida Flatwoods | • | B | C | C |
| Paragrass | B | C | C | C |
| Torpedograss | S | • | PC | C |

TREE CROPS

Citrus**:** calamondin, chironja, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, lemon, lime, mandarin orange, orange, pummelo, tangelo, tangerine, tangors.

Nuts:** almond, beechnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnuts, chinquapin, filbert, hazel nut, hickory nut, macadamia, pecan, pistachio, walnut.

Pome Fruit***:** apple, loquat, mayhaw, pear, quince.

Stone Fruit*:** apricots, cherries, nectarines, olives, peaches, plums / prunes.

For cherries, any application equipment listed in this section may be used in all states.

For citron and olives, apply as a directed spray only.

Any application equipment listed in this section may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums / prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees which have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

Tropical Fruit

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| acerola* | carambola* | guava***** | papaya***** | sugar apple* |
| atemoya* | cherimoya* | jaboticaba* | passionfruit* | tamarind* |
| avocado* | cocoa beans* | jackfruit* | persimmons* | tea* |
| banana***** (plantains)***** | coffee***** | longan* | pomegranate* | |
| breadfruit* | dates* | lychee* | sapodilla* | |
| canistel* | figs* | mango* | sapote* | |
| | genip* | mayhaw* | soursop* | |

In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

NOTE

- * Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.
- ** Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of these crops.
- *** Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest.
- **** Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest.
- ***** Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest.

NON-FOOD TREE CROPS APPLICATIONS

Post-Directed, Spot Treatment, Trim and Edge Application: This product may be used as a post-directed spray, spot treatment and trim and edge around established poplar, eucalyptus, Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.

Wiper Application: This product may be used through wick or other suitable wiper applications to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established eucalyptus and poplar trees.

VEGETABLES

THIS SECTION PROVIDES DIRECTIONS FOR USE THAT APPLY TO ALL VEGETABLE CROPS LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE PREHARVEST INTERVALS PRECAUTIONS AND **RESTRICTIONS**.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow, Preplant, Fallow Beds, At Planting, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles, Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles, Wiper Applicator in Row Middles, Directed Application (non-bearing ginseng only), Wiper Applicator (rutabaga only), Post-Harvest

PRECAUTIONS: This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct seeding crops into plastic mulch. Remove residual product from the plastic prior to planting with a single 0.5 inch application of water either by natural rainfall or by irrigation. Ensure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter the transplant holes. Application of this product at crop emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of this herbicide with foliage green shoots or stems bark exposed roots (including those emerging from the plastic mulch) or fruit of crops as severe crop injury or destruction could result. Transplanted seedlings coming into contact with freshly sprayed weeds could result in significant crop injury.

Preemergence application must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops with vines make hooded sprayer shielded sprayer and wiper applications in row middles prior to vine development otherwise severe crop injury or destruction could result.

RESTRICTIONS: Unless otherwise directed on this label application using selective equipment including wiper applicators and hooded sprayers must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest. Postharvest and fallow applications must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label. See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens

Bulb Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Garlic, Great headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot

Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (all), Momordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ballmelon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow zucchini), Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon

RESTRICTIONS: For cantaloupe, casaba melon, crenshaw melon, cucumber, gherkin, gourds, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, melons (all), muskmelon, Persian melon, pumpkin squash (summer winter) and watermelon allow a minimum of 3 days between application and planting.

Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edible-leaved chrysanthemum, Garland chrysanthemum, Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole),

Florence fennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach

RESTRICTIONS: For watercress allow a minimum of 3 days between application and seeding. Do not apply this product during the period between seeding and emergence.

Fruiting Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry, (*Physalis* spp.) Pepino, Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and planting

PRECAUTION: For tomato and tomatillo do not apply this product using a hooded or shielded sprayer in row middles because of the potential for crop injury.

Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celenac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted), Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black salsify, Spanish salsify, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tamer, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yam bean, True yam

Directed Application (Non Bearing Ginseng Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control in established non bearing ginseng using a boom sprayer CDA shielded sprayer wiper applicator handheld or backpack wand lance or orchard gun. Control the application so as not to allow any contact of this product with the ginseng plant. See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Application must be made a minimum of one year prior to harvest.

Wiper Applicator (Rutabaga Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: A wiper applicator may be used over the top of rutabaga for the control of tall weeds. See additional use instructions for wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of rutabaga.

VINE CROPS

(Kiwi Fruit, Grapes, Hops and Passion Fruit)

This product may be used for weed control in established groves, vineyards, and orchards, or for site preparation prior to transplanting crops listed in this section. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed in this section. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section for specific information on use of equipment and directions. When applying this product, refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section and to specific directions in that section for rates to be used.

Any variety of table, wine or raisin grape may be treated with any equipment listed in this section. Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes, or foliage are in the spray zone. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.

In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury.

HERBS AND SPICES

(Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Chamomile, Capers buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles, Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles, Wiper Application in Row Middles, Post-Harvest, plus Wiper Application (Peppermint and Spearmint Only), Spot Treatment (Peppermint and Spearmint Only)

PRECAUTIONS: This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch. Remove residual product from the plastic prior to planting with a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or by irrigation. Ensure that the washwater flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter the transplant holes. Application made at crop emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Wiper Application, Spot Treatment (Peppermint and Spearmint Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in peppermint and spearmint, or over the top of peppermint and spearmint using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. Application may be repeated on the same area at 30-day intervals. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. For spot treatment application, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

OIL SEED CROPS

(Borage, Buffalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax (seed), Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape (seed), Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower)

For use directions with glyphosate tolerant canola, see the "GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles, Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles, Wiper Application in Row Middles, Post-Harvest, plus Preharvest (Safflower and Sunflower Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product for use in canola, safflower and sunflower. Refer to other applicable sections of the label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|--|-------------------|
| CANOLA | |
| Combined total for all preemergence and selective equipment applications | 2 quarts per acre |
| SAFFLOWER | |
| Combined total for all preemergence and selective equipment applications | 3 quarts per acre |
| Preharvest application | 3 quarts per acre |
| SUNFLOWER | |
| Combined total for all preemergence and selective equipment applications | 1 quart per acre |
| Preharvest application | 1 quart per acre |

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops listed in this section, but prior to crop emergence. Observe the maximum application rates for canola, safflower and sunflower listed at the beginning of this section.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with pendimethalin may be applied before, during or after planting into conventionally tilled soil, a cover crop, established sod or previous crop residue.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using a wiper applicator or shielded sprayer in between rows once the crop is established. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators and hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label. Observe the maximum application rates for canola, safflower and sunflower listed at the beginning of this section.

Preharvest (Safflower and Sunflower Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control as a harvest aid when applied to a physiologically mature crop of safflower and sunflower prior to harvest. For safflower, apply a maximum of 3 quarts of this product when seed has lost its opaque character, approximately 20 to 30 days after the end of flowering of the secondary branches. For sunflower, apply a maximum of 1 quart of this product when the backsides of sunflower heads are yellow and bracts are turning brown, and seed moisture content is less than 35%.

RESTRICTIONS: Application must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or livestock feeding.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of oil seed crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the specific product being used is labeled for post-harvest application in the crop harvested. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation. Application must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS

The following instructions or those separately published on Nufarm [manufacturer] labeling include all applications which can be made onto glyphosate tolerant crops during the complete cropping season. DO NOT combine these instructions with other instructions for crops that do not provide use directions for glyphosate tolerant crops. USE THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS (including but not limited to e.g. ENLIST, GLYTOL, LLGT27, OPTIMUM, ROUNDUP READY) CONTAIN A PATENTED GENE THAT PROVIDES TOLERANCE TO GLYPHOSATE, THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT IN THIS PRODUCT. THIS PRODUCT WILL CAUSE SEVERE CROP INJURY OR DESTRUCTION AND YIELD LOSS IF APPLIED TO CROPS THAT ARE NOT GLYPHOSATE-RESISTANT. AVOID CONTACT WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS, OR ANY DESIRABLE PLANTS THAT DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANCE GENE, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

The Glyphosate Tolerance designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on glyphosate tolerant crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier.

For Ground Applications: Use the required rates of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. Carefully select

correct nozzles and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For Aerial applications: Use the required rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre. See “APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES” section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN a GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT GENE.

See the “MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS” sections of the label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise noted on this product label, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to glyphosate tolerant crops. Refer to the “MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS” section for use instructions for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

Note: The following directions are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burndown treatment of this product may be needed to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

TANK MIXTURES: Tank mixtures of this product with other herbicides insecticides fungicides micronutrients or foliar fertilizers could result in reduced weed control or crop injury when applied over the top of glyphosate tolerant crops. Read the label of all products used in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury. Always read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use all products according to rates and timing specified on the product label. Always predetermine the compatibility of tank mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Nufarm has not tested all tank mix product formulations for compatibility antagonism or product performance. Buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not specifically listed on this label or on separate supplemental labeling or Fact Sheets for this product. See the “MIXING” section of this label for more information on tank mixtures.

NOTE: The following use directions are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no till and stale seedbed systems apply this product as a preplant burndown application to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morning glory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds might require a second application of this product for complete control. Make second application after some re-growth has occurred and a minimum of 10 days after a previous application of this product.

Application rates of this product specified on this label for the control of tough weeds or those specified on separate supplemental labeling for this product supersede rates in the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label.

RESTRICTIONS: Observe the maximum application rates stated throughout this label. Maximum application rates apply to the use of this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing glyphosate whether applied separately or as mixtures. Calculate the application rates (glyphosate acid equivalents) and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate-containing products does not exceed the stated maximum rate. See the “PRODUCT INFORMATION” section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates. When applying this product as a tank mixture with one or more products refer to each individual tank-mix product label for restrictions and apply the tank mixture in accordance with the most restrictive statements for each product in the tank mixture.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT (e.g. ROUNDUP READY) ALFALFA

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence, Post-emergence (In-crop).

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|---|--|
| Combined total per year for all applications, including Preplant during year of establishment | 8 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Combined total per year for in-crop applications for newly established and established stands | 6 quarts per acre (4.5 pounds of glyphosate acid) (192 fluid ounces per acre) |
| Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence single applications | 64 fluid ounces (0.4 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |

See the “GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS” section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the “PRODUCT INFORMATION” section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting glyphosate tolerant alfalfa.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications of this product may be made over the top of glyphosate tolerant alfalfa (in-crop) from emergence until 5 days prior to cutting. To maximize crop yield and quality potential of forage and hay, applications of this product should be made after weeds have emerged but before alfalfa growth or re-growth interferes with spray coverage of the target weeds.

Refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section in the label for specified rates for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control these annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. In addition to those weeds listed in these sections, this product will suppress or control the parasitic weed Dodder (*Cuscuta* spp.) in glyphosate tolerant alfalfa. Repeat applications may be necessary for complete control.

New Stand Establishment (Seeding Year): Due to the biology and breeding constraints of alfalfa, up to 10 percent of the seedlings may not contain a glyphosate tolerant gene and will not survive after the first application of this product. To eliminate the undesirable effects of stand gaps created by this loss of plants, a single application of at least 32 fluid ounces per acre of this product should be applied at or before the 4-trifoliolate growth stage. Refer to the following table for application rates during stand establishment (seeding year).

| NEW STAND ESTABLISHMENT (Seeding Year) Application Rates | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Prior to First Cutting | |
| From emergence up to 4 trifoliolate leaves | 1 to 2 quarts per acre |
| From 5 trifoliolate leaves before first cutting | Up to 2 quarts per acre |
| After First Cutting | |
| In-crop application, per cutting up to 5 days before cutting | Up to 2 quarts per acre |

Established Stands (Non-seeding Year): Refer to the following table for directions and application rates for in-crop applications to established stands of alfalfa non-seeding year.

| ESTABLISHMENT (Non-Seeding Year) Application Rates | |
|--|-------------------------|
| In-crop applications, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting | Up to 2 quarts per acre |

PRECAUTIONS: Where glyphosate tolerant alfalfa is grown with a companion or cover crop, or is overseeded with a second species, in-crop (over-the-top) applications of this product will eliminate the non-glyphosate tolerant (non-glyphosate tolerant) species.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not exceed 2 quarts per acre for any single in-crop application of this product. Sequential applications of this product should be at least 10 days apart. The combined total per year for all in-crop applications in both newly established (seeding year) and established stands (non-seeding year) must not exceed 6 quarts (192 fluid ounces) of product (4.5 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre. Remove domestic livestock before application. Wait a minimum of 5 days after last application before grazing, or cutting and feeding of forage and hay.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of established stands of glyphosate tolerant alfalfa in tank mixtures described below according to the growing condition of the crop. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in crop) to alfalfa. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

Actively Growing Alfalfa

For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds when alfalfa is actively growing this product may be applied at up to 2 quarts per acre in a tank mixture with the following herbicides.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use on glyphosate tolerant alfalfa:

clethodim, imazamox, imazethapyr, sethoxydim, quizalofop p ethyl

Assure II, Poast, Pursuit, Raptor, Select MAX]

Do not include crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil in tank mixtures of this product with Pursuit or Raptor as unsatisfactory crop injury could result.

Dormant Alfalfa

For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds when alfalfa is dormant this product may be applied at up to 2 quarts per acre in a tank mixture with the following herbicides when daily temperatures remain above freezing.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use on glyphosate tolerant alfalfa:

imazamox, imazethapyr, metribuzin, pronamide, propyzamide

Kerb 50 W, Pursuit, Raptor, Sencor]

Do not include crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil in tank mixtures of this product with Pursuit or Raptor as unsatisfactory crop injury could result.

PRECAUTIONS: Where glyphosate tolerant alfalfa is grown with a companion or cover crop or is overseeded with a second species in crop (over-the-top) application of this product will eliminate the non glyphosate tolerant (non glyphosate tolerant) species.

RESTRICTIONS: Do not exceed 66 fluid ounces per acre for any single in-crop application of this product. Sequential applications of this product must be a minimum of 7 days apart. The combined total per year for all in-crop applications in both newly established (seeding year) and established stands (non seeding year) must not exceed 192 fluid ounces per acre. Do not apply to frozen or snow covered ground. Remove domestic livestock before application. Wait a minimum of 5 days after application before grazing or cutting and feeding of forage and hay.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT (e.g. GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT) CANOLA (SPRING VARIETIES)

glyphosate tolerant spring canola is defined as those glyphosate tolerant canola varieties that are seeded in the spring and harvested in the fall and do not enter a winter dormancy period.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop).

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates for this product with glyphosate tolerant canola (spring varieties).

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|--|--|
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 2 quarts (1 pound of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total of all In-crop applications from emergence To 6-leaf stage | 1 quart (0.8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |

See the “GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS” section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the “PRODUCT INFORMATION” section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting glyphosate tolerant spring canola.

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 2 quarts per acre per season.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence (in crop) to spring varieties of glyphosate tolerant canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Single Application: Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications as this may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and/or growth reduction. Similar crop injury may result when applications of more than 16 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Applications: Apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre to 1- to -3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass, or when multiple applications are needed for adequate weed control.

RESTRICTIONS: No more than two in-crop (over-the-top) broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development, and the total of all in-crop applications must not exceed 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT (e.g. ROUNDUP READY) CANOLA (WINTER VARIETIES)

glyphosate tolerant winter canola is defined as those glyphosate tolerant canola varieties that are seeded in early fall and harvested the following spring or summer. Winter canola varieties are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the winter.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop).

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product with glyphosate tolerant canola (winter varieties).

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|--|-------------------|
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 2 quarts per acre |
| Total of all In-crop applications from emergence to canopy closure or prior to bolting in the spring | 2 quarts per acre |

See the “GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS” section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the “PRODUCT INFORMATION” section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting glyphosate tolerant winter canola.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to glyphosate tolerant winter canola varieties from emergence to canopy closure in the fall and prior to bolting in the spring. Applications made during or after bolting may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Some weeds with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, or weeds that have overwintered may require sequential applications of this product for control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 60 days after a previous application of this product.

Single Application: Apply 24 to 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre in the fall. Applications in the fall should be made when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the recommended range when weed densities are high, when weeds have overwintered or when weeds become large and well established. Applications of greater than 24 fluid ounces per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage may result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Avoid spray overlaps. Spray overlaps may result in temporary yellowing and/or growth reduction.

Sequential Applications: Apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre to 2-leaf or larger canola in the fall, followed by a sequential application at the same rate and at a minimum interval of 60 days, but before bolting in the spring. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and winter emerging weeds such as downy brome, jointed goatgrass and ryegrass, and for weeds that have overwintered. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, sequential applications may be required to reduce competition with the crop.

RESTRICTIONS: No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence up to the onset of bolting, and the total in-crop application must not exceed 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and harvest of canola grain. No waiting period is required between application and open grazing of livestock. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of the product and harvest of corn forage and 7 days between application and harvest of corn grain. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product.

PRECAUTION: Applications of greater than 24 fluid ounces per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage may result in reduced crop growth in the fall.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS TO GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT (including but not limited to e.g. ENLIST, OPTIMUM® GAT®,) CORN

PRODUCT INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER INSTRUCTS USE OF THIS PRODUCT ONLY ON CORN HYBRIDS DESIGNATED BY YOUR SEED SUPPLIER AS GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT (including but not limited to e.g. ROUNDUP READY AND OPTIMUM GAT). BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT, CONFIRM WITH YOUR SEED SUPPLIER THAT YOUR CORN HYBRID IS GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT.

- Applying this product to corn hybrids which are not designated as glyphosate tolerant will result in severe crop injury and yield loss.
- The Glyphosate Tolerance (including but not limited to e.g. ROUNDUP READY or OPTIMUM GAT) designation indicates that the corn contains a patented gene which provides tolerance to glyphosate herbicides.
- Information on glyphosate tolerant corn may be obtained from your seed supplier or representative.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

This product may be applied postemergence to glyphosate tolerant corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 1 quart per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches must not exceed 2 quarts per acre per growing season.

Maximum Allowable Yearly Rates:

- **Preplant:** Maximum amount of this product which can be applied prior to crop emergence is 5 quarts per acre.
- **In-crop:** Maximum combined total of multiple in-crop applications from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches is 2 quarts per acre.
- **Preharvest:** Maximum amount of this product that can be applied after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest is 1 quart per acre.
- **Cropping Season:** Combined total per year for all applications may not exceed 8 quarts per acre.

When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleaf weeds in glyphosate tolerant corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Applications should be made to actively growing weeds before they reach the maximum size listed in the label booklet. Refer to the label booklet for proper use instructions.

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank mixed with Bullet®, or Micro-Tech® herbicides. Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion. The addition of other additives, including fertilizers and micronutrients is not recommended with this product since they may result in increased potential for crop injury.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE TOLERANCE GENE.

THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

For ground applications: Use the specified rates of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast_spray. Carefully select correct nozzles and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications: Use the specified rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre but do not exceed 1 quart of product per acre. Refer to label booklet for weeds controlled or suppressed. AVOID DRIFT – DO NOT APPLY DURING INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITIONS WHICH FAVOR DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

WEED CONTROL DIRECTIONS

Apply 24 to 32 fluid ounce of this herbicide per acre for control of labeled grasses and broadleaf weeds in conventional and no-till corn production systems. Refer to the label booklet for rate directions for specific annual weeds. Up to 1 quart per acre will control or suppress the growth of perennial weeds such as: bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed, and wirestem muhly. For additional information on perennial weeds, see the label booklet.

Preemergence followed by Postemergence Weed Control Program: This product may be applied postemergence in-crop following any labeled preemergence herbicide application. The post application of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop. A single in-crop application of this product at the specified rate will provide control of emerged weeds listed on the label. This product may be applied postemergence to glyphosate tolerant corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches (free standing), whichever comes first.

Postemergence Only Weed Control Program: This product may be applied alone as a postemergence in-crop application to provide control of emerged weeds listed on the label. The postemergence application of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 24 to 32 fluid ounces per acre will control the labeled grasses and broadleaf weeds. This product may be applied postemergence to glyphosate tolerant corn from emergence through the V8 stage or until corn height reaches 30 inches (free standing), whichever comes first.

This product may be applied in a tank mixture with a labeled rate of Harness[®], Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, Micro-Tech, Bullet, Permit[®] or atrazine. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the labels for all products used in tank mixtures, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping interval and rotational guidelines— the more restrictive requirements apply. Tank mixtures with other products may result in increased potential for crop injury and/or weed antagonism. Refer to the tank mix partner's label for rates and for height limitation for tank mixes.

*Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

FIELD CORN HYBRIDS WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY

Field corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 Technology include glyphosate tolerant Corn 2 and seed products displaying the glyphosate tolerant 2 Technology logo.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop), Spot Treatment, Preharvest and Post-Harvest.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 Technology.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|--|---|
| Combined total per year for all applications | 8 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 5 quarts (3.8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Maximum single In-crop application rate up to 48 inch corn | 1.5 quarts (1.2 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total of all in-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch corn | 3 quarts (2.2 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre (48 fluid ounces per acre per application) |
| Maximum preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest | 1 quart (0.8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |

*See **RESTRICTIONS** for Preharvest application.

See the "GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

PRECAUTION: The use of the in-crop (over-the-top) rates described in these instructions on other than corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 Technology may cause crop injury and reduced yields.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting of corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 Technology.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the products listed below. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to emergence of corn. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water, or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution, per acre.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use preplant at planting and/or preemergence to field corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 technology:

2,4-D, acetochlor, alachlor, atrazine, carfentrazone ethyl, clopyralid, dicamba, diflufenzopyr, dimethenamid, dimethenamid p, flufenacet, flumetsulam, flumiclorac pentyl ester, isoxaflutole, metolachlor, s-metolachlor, metribuzin, pendimethalin, rimsulfuron, saflufenacil, simazine, thiencazone methyl

Aim, Aim EC, Axiom, Balance Flexx, Banvel, Bicep MAGNUM, Bicep II MAGNUM, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM, Bullet, Cinch, Cinch ATZ, Clash, Clarity, Corvus, Degree, Degree Xtra, Distinct, Dual MAGNUM, Dual II MAGNUM, Frontier, FulTime, Guardsman, Guardsman MAX, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, Hornet, Keystone, Keystone LA, Lariat, Leadoff, Linex, Lorox, Marksman, Me-Too Lachlor II, Micro Tech, Outlook, Prowl, Python, Radius, Resolve, Resource, Shark, Sharpen, Simazine, Stalwart, Stalwart C, Stalwart Xtra, Surpass, TopNotch, TnpleFLEX]

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts per acre per season. Application of 2 4-D or dicamba must be made a minimum of 7 days prior to planting corn.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, apply postemergence (in-crop) following the use of preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture over the top of corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 Technology from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars), or until corn height reaches 30 inches (free standing), whichever comes first. Use of drop nozzles is desirable for optimum spray coverage and weed control when corn height is 24 to 30 inches. For corn heights 30 to 48 inches (free standing), apply this product using only ground application equipped with drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying into the whorls of the corn plants. Single in-crop application of this product up to 48 inch corn must not exceed 48 fluid ounces per acre. Sequential in-crop application of this product from emergence through 48 inches in height must not exceed 3 quarts per acre per growing season.

When applied as directed, this product will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. Apply postemergence 24 to 33 fluid ounces of this product per acre before weeds exceed 4 inches in height, or before they become competitive with the crop. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product as 24 to 33 ounces per acre may be made before weeds exceed 4 inches in height.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 Technology. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to corn. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use postemergence (in-crop) to field corn hybrids with glyphosate tolerant 2 technology:

2,4-D, acetochlor, alachlor, atrazine, carfentrazone ethyl, clopyralid, dicamba, diflufenzopyr, flumetsulam, flumiclorac pentyl ester, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron-methyl, iodosulfuron methyl-sodium, isoxaflutole, mesotrione, nicosulfuron, rimsulfuron, trembotrione, thiencazone methyl, thifensulfuron methyl, topramezone

Aim EC, Banvel, Basis, Basis Gold, Bullet, Callisto, Capreno, Clash, Clarity, Corvus, Degree, Degree Xtra, Distinct, Equip, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, Hornet, Impact, Laudis, Marksman, Micro-Tech, Resolve, Resource, Shark, Status, TnpleFLEX, Warrant]

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage or grain.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest at up to 33 fluid ounces per acre. Make application at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

RESTRICTIONS: A preharvest application may only be made if the combined total of previously applied over-the-top or drop nozzle applications does not exceed 64 fluid ounces (2 quarts) of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of corn stover or grain.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after crop harvest. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the specific product being used is labeled for post-harvest application in field corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or the feeding of vegetation within the application area. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT SWEET CORN

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop).

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with glyphosate tolerant sweet corn.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|---|---|
| Combined total per year for all applications | 8 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 5 quarts (3.8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Maximum single In crop application rate up to 48-inch sweet corn | 2 quarts (1.5 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total of all in-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch sweet corn | 6.1 quarts (4.8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre (66 fluid ounces per acre per application) |

See the “GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS” section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the “PRODUCT INFORMATION” section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

RESTRICTIONS: The maximum combined total quantity of this product for all applications in a season is 8 quarts per acre. Refer to other applicable sections of the label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

PRECAUTIONS: The use of the in crop (over-the-top) applications described in this section on other than glyphosate tolerant sweet corn could cause crop injury and reduced yields.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting glyphosate tolerant sweet corn.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the products listed below. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to emergence of sweet corn. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water, or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution, per acre.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use preplant at-planting and/or preemergence to glyphosate tolerant sweet corn:

acetochlor, alachlor, atrazine, carfentrazone ethyl, dimethenamid p, metolachlor, s-metolachlor

Aim EC, Bicep II MAGNUM, Bicep Lite II Magnum, Bullet, Cinch, Cinch ATZ, Degree, Degree Xtra, Dual MAGNUM, FullTime, Guardsman MAX, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, Keystone, Keystone LA, Lariat, Me-Too Lachlor II, Micro Tech, Outlook, TopNotch]

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts per acre per season.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, apply postemergence (in-crop) following the use of preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture over the top of glyphosate tolerant sweet corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars), or until sweet corn height reaches 30 inches (free standing), whichever comes first. Use of drop nozzles is desirable for optimum spray coverage and weed control when sweet corn height is 24 to 30 inches. For sweet corn heights 30 to 48 inches (free standing), avoid spraying if the crop has reached the reproductive stage and apply this product using only ground application equipped with drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying into the whorls of the sweet corn plants. Single in-crop application of this product up to 48 inch corn must not exceed 66 fluid ounces per acre. Sequential in-crop application of this product from emergence through 48 inches in height must not exceed 6.1 quarts per acre per growing season.

When applied as directed, this product will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. Apply postemergence 24 to 33 fluid ounces of this product per acre before weeds exceed 4 inches in height, or before they become competitive with the crop. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product as 24 to 33 ounces per acre may be made before weeds exceed 4 inches in height.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of glyphosate tolerant sweet corn. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to sweet corn. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use postemergence (in-crop) to glyphosate tolerant sweet corn:

atrazine, carfentrazone-ethyl, foramsulfuron, trembotrione, topramezone

Aim EC, Callisto, Impact, Laudis]

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Do not apply atrazine in a tank mix with this product when sweet corn plants are greater than 12 inches tall. Allow a minimum of 30 days between application of this product and harvest of sweet corn forage or grain.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT (including but not limited to e.g. ENLIST, GLYTOL, ROUNDUP READY) COTTON

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop), Selective Equipment (In-crop), Preharvest.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with glyphosate tolerant cotton.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|---|--|
| Combined total per year for all applications | 8 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 5 quarts (3.8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total in-crop applications from cracking to layby | 3.75 quarts (2.8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Maximum preharvest application rate | 2 quarts (1.5 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Combined total of all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest | 6 quarts (4.5 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |

See the "GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, At Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before during or after planting glyphosate tolerant cotton.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba (such as Clash or Clarity) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to the emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use prior to the emergence of glyphosate tolerant cotton:

acetochlor, clomazone, diuron, flumioxazin, fluometuron, fomesafen, metolachlor, s metolachlor, norflurazon, pendimethalin, prometryn, pyriithiobac-sodium, saflufenacil,

Caparol, Command, Cotoran, Cotton Pro, Dawn, Direx, Dual MAGNUM, Dual II MAGNUM, Karmex DF, Panther, Prowl, Prowl H2O, Reflex, Sharpen, Stalwart, Staple, Valor, Warrant, Zonal]

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts per acre per season.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of glyphosate tolerant cotton (in-crop) at rates up to 1 quart per acre per application from cranking until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). NO MORE THAN TWO OVER THE TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4 LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT SEQUENTIAL OVER THE-TOP OR POST DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN CROP MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. Over the top application made after the 4 leaf (node) stage of development could result in boll loss delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products and applied over the top of glyphosate tolerant cotton up to the 4 leaf stage. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use postemergence (in-crop) to glyphosate tolerant cotton:

acetochlor, clethodim, fluazifop P butyl, fomesafen, metolachlor, s metolachlor, monosodium acid methanearsonate, pyriithiobac sodium, quizalofop P ethyl, sethoxydim, trifloxysulfuron sodium

Assure II, Dual MAGNUM, Envoke, Fusilade, MSMA, Poast Plus, Reflex, Select, Select MAX, Stalwart, Staple, Warrant]

Salvage Treatment

This application may be made after the 4-leaf stage of development and only when weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop Apply 1 quart of this product per acre either as an over the top application or as a post directed application sprayed higher on the cotton plants and onto the weeds.

IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA ONLY up to 1.5 quarts of this product may be applied per acre either as an over the top application or a post directed application for salvage treatment.

NOTE SALVAGE TREATMENT WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT MAY BE MADE PER GROWING SEASON.

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in crop applications from cranking to layby combined is 3.75 quarts per acre per season. Allow a minimum of 1 days between application and harvest of cotton. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR OVER THE TOP APPLICATION TO GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT COTTON.

Selective Equipment (In crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates of up to 1 quart per acre per application to glyphosate tolerant cotton through layby. At this stage use post directed application equipment to direct the spray towards the base of the cotton plants avoiding contact of the herbicide spray with the leaves of the plant. To minimize spray contact maintain a low spray pressure (less than 30 pounds per square inch) and place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the leaves of the cotton plant and onto the weeds in the row. For best results apply this product while weeds are small (less than 3 inches in height). See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label

TANK MIXTURES This product may be tank mixed with the following products for in crop application using precision post directed or hooded sprayers Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use postemergence (in-crop) to glyphosate tolerant cotton:

carfentrazone ethyl, diuron, flumioxazin, fluometuron, metolachlor, monosodium acid methanearsonate, pendimethalin, prometryn, pyriithiobac-sodium, trifloxysulfuron sodium

Aim, Caparol, Cotoran, Direx, Envoke, Layby-Pro, MSMA, Panther, Prowl, Prowl H2O, Staple, Valor]

Staple could cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in crop) to glyphosate tolerant cotton.

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in crop applications from cranking to layby combined is 3.75 quarts per acre per season. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MAY BE MADE FROM THE 5 LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY SEQUENTIAL OVER THE-TOP OR POST DIRECTED IN CROP APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS Apply up to 2 quarts of this product per acre after 20 percent boll crack for annual and perennial weed control prior to crop harvest.

NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to glyphosate tolerant cotton.

PRECAUTIONS: Do not apply this product for preharvest weed control to cotton grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor could occur. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the preharvest use of this product on glyphosate tolerant cotton grown for seed.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT COTTON.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT COTTON HOWEVER DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUITING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS IN SOME CASES THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to and may only be used with varieties designated as glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton. Applications described in this section made over the top of cotton other than glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton will cause crop injury and reduced yields. DO NOT combine the directions for use in this section with those in the “glyphosate tolerant Cotton” section of this label, or with any other directions for use on glyphosate tolerant cotton or glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton on labeling for this or any other Glyphosate-containing product. Drift of this product from an application made to glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) glyphosate tolerant cotton could cause extensive crop injury, including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant; At-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|--|---------------------|
| Combined total per year for all applications | 7.9 quarts per acre |
| Total for all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 4.9 quarts per acre |
| Total for all In-crop applications from cracking to 60 percent open bolls | 6.0 quarts per acre |
| Total for all In-crop applications between layby and 60 percent open bolls | 2.0 quarts per acre |
| Total for all In-crop applications from 60 percent open bolls to 7 days prior to harvest | 2.0 quarts per acre |
| Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest | 6.0 quarts per acre |

See the “GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS” section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the “PRODUCT INFORMATION” section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or Clash / Clarity and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that, at the time of printing, are registered for use prior to the emergence of cotton:

acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; norflurozon; pendimethalin; prometryn; pyriithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

Caparol; Command; Cotoran; Cotton Pro; Dawn; Direx; Dual MAGNUM; Dual II MAGNUM; Karmex DF; Panther; Prowl; Prowl H2O; Reflex; Rowel; Sharpen; Stalwart; Staple; Valor; Warrant; Zorial Radod]

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 4.9 quarts per acre per season.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label in glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early. Many perennial weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Use an initial application rate of 1.0 quart per acre to control or suppress 1 to 3 inch tall annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. This product may be applied postemergence to glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton using ground application equipment at rates up to 1.5 quarts per acre per application. In addition to broadcast application, post-directed spray equipment may be used to achieve more thorough weed coverage. IN THE STATES OF ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO AND TEXAS (WEST OF I-35) ONLY, up to 2.0 quarts of this product per acre may be applied per postemergence application using ground application equipment.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that, at the time of printing, are registered for use postemergence (in-crop) to cotton:

acetochlor; clethodim; fluazifop-P-butyl; fomesafen; metolachlor; s-metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pyriithiobac-sodium; quizalofop-p-ethyl; sethoxydim; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

Assure II; Dual MAGNUM; Envoke; Fusilade; MSMA; Poast Plus; Reflex; Select; Select MAX; Stalwart; Staple; Warrant]

[Optional text: Staple could cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop) in glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton. Dual MAGNUM and Stalwart applied over the top of glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton could cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting.]

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for in-crop application using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that, at the time of printing, are registered for use postemergence (in-crop) to cotton:

carfentrazone-ethyl; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; linuron; metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pendimethalin; prometryn; pyriithiobac-sodium; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

Aim; Caparol; Cotoran; Direx; Envoke; Layby-Pro; MSMA; Panther; Prowl; Prowl H2O; Rowel; Staple; Valor]

[Optional text: Staple could cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop) in glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton.]

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: The maximum single, in-crop application rate of this product to glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton using ground application equipment is 1.5 quarts per acre, except in Arizona, New Mexico and west Texas (west of I-35 only), where up to 2.0 quarts per acre may be applied in a single application using ground application equipment. Do not exceed a maximum single, in-crop application rate of 1.0 quart of this product per acre when using aerial application equipment, except in Arizona, New Mexico and west Texas (west of I-35 only), where up to 1.5 quarts may be applied as a single application using aerial application equipment. Between layby and 60 percent open bolls, the maximum combined total application rate of this product is 2.0 quarts per acre. The combined total for all applications of this product made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls must not exceed 6.0 quarts per acre.

DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR OVER-THE-TOP APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON.

PRECAUTION:

In-crop application rates above 1.0 quart per acre made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products containing surfactant could cause a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 2.0 quarts of this product per acre may be applied to glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest after 60 percent boll crack.

NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of glyphosate tolerant Flex cotton. DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON. HOWEVER, DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUITING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT (including but not limited to e.g. ENLIST, LLGT27, OPTIMUM GAT, ROUNDUP READY, VISTIVE GOLD) SOYBEANS

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant, At Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In crop), Preharvest, Post Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with glyphosate tolerant soybean.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|---|---|
| Combined total per year for all applications | 8 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 5 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Total in-crop applications from cracking throughout flowering | 3 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Maximum preharvest application rate | 1 quart (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |
| Combined total of all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest | 1 quarts (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre |

See the “GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS” section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the “PRODUCT INFORMATION” section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, At Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before during or after planting glyphosate tolerant soybean.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with 2 4-D, dicamba (such as Clash, Banvel or Clarity) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use preplant at planting and/or preemergence to glyphosate tolerant soybeans:

alachlor, atrazine, carfentrazone ethyl, chlorimuron ethyl, clethodim, clomazone, cloransulam methyl, dimethenamid, dimethenamid-p, fenoxaprop, fluazifop-p butyl, flufenacet, flumetsulam, flumiclorac pentyl ester, flumioxazin, fluthiacet methyl, fomesafen, imazaquin, imazethapyr, lactofen, metolachlor, s metolachlor, metribuzin, pendimethalin, quizalofop P ethyl, saflufenacil, sulfentrazone, tribenuron methyl, trifluralin

Aim, Assure II, Authority, Authority Assist, Authority First, Authority MTZ, Authority XL, Axiom, Blanket, Boundary, Cadet, Canopy, Canopy EX, Classic, Cloak, Cloak EX, Cobra, Command, Dawn, Domain, Dual MAGNUM, Dual II MAGNUM, FirstRate, Flexstar, Frontier, Fusion, Gangster, Gauntlet INTRRO, , Linex, LoroX, Me Too Lachlor, Micro-Tech, Optill, Outlook, Phoenix, Prowl, Prowl H2O, Panther, Pursuit, Pursuit Plus, Python, Reflex, Resource, Rhythm, Scepter Select, Select MAX, Sencor, Sharpen, Spartan, Treflan, Valor, Valor XLT]

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts per acre per season.

Postemergence (In crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in glyphosate tolerant soybean from emergence (cracking) through flowering (R2 stage soybean). R2 stage soybean ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the “WEEDS CONTROLLED” section of this label for application rates for specific annual weeds. An initial application of 1 quart of this product per acre will control or suppress most 2- to 8 inch tall weeds. Weeds will be 2 to 8 inches tall approximately 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be applied up to 2 quarts per acre as a single in crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Application of 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre (single or multiple applications) will control or suppress perennial weeds including bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp, dogbane, Horsenettle, mareetail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, Redvine, Trumpet creeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before applying this product.

Under adverse growing conditions including drought, hail or wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product might be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, apply 1 quart of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of glyphosate tolerant soybean. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use preplant at planting and/or preemergence to glyphosate tolerant 2 yield soybeans:

alachlor, atrazine, carfentrazone ethyl, chlorimuron ethyl, clethodim, clomazone, cloransulam-methyl, dimethenamid, dimethenamid p, fenoxaprop, fluzifop p butyl, fluthiacet, flumetsulam, flumiclorac pentyl ester, flumioxazin, fluthiacet methyl, fomesafen, imazaquin, imazethapyr, lactofen, metolachlor, s metolachlor, metribuzin, pendimethalin, quizalofop P ethyl, saflufenacil, sulfentrazone, tribenuron methyl, trifluralin

Aim, Assure II, Authority, Authority Assist, Authority First, Authority MTZ, Authority XL, Axiom, Blanket, Boundary, Cadet, Canopy, Canopy EX, Classic, Cloak, Cloak EX, Cobra, Command, Dawn, Domain, Dual MAGNUM, Dual II MAGNUM, FirstRate, Flexstar, Frontier, Fusion, Gangster, Gauntlet, INTRRO, Linex, Lorox, Me-Too-Lachlor, MicroTech, Optill, Outlook, Panther, Phoenix, Prowl, Prowl H2O, Pursuit, Pursuit Plus, Python, Reflex, Resource, Rhythm, Scepter Select, Select MAX, Sencor, Sharpen, Spartan, Treflan, Valor, Valor XLT]

PRECAUTIONS: In some cases these tank-mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 2 quarts per acre. The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybean) is 2 quarts per acre.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply up to 1 quart of this product per acre to glyphosate tolerant soybean for weed control prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain forage or hay.

Post Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of glyphosate tolerant soybean. Higher rates might be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTIONS: Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

ROUNDUP READY® 2 YIELD SOYBEANS

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop), Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with glyphosate tolerant 2 Yield soybeans.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|---|-------------------|
| Combined total per year for all applications | 8 quarts per acre |
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 5 quarts per acre |
| Total of all in-crop applications from cracking through flowering (R2 stage soybeans) | 3 quarts per acre |
| Maximum preharvest application rate | 1 quart per acre |

See the "GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting glyphosate tolerant 2 Yield soybeans.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, dicamba (such as Clash, Banvel or Clarity) and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to emergence of soybeans. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use preplant at planting and/or preemergence to glyphosate tolerant 2 yield soybeans:

alachlor, atrazine, carfentrazone ethyl, chlorimuron ethyl, clethodim, clomazone, cloransulam-methyl, dimethenamid, dimethenamid p, fenoxaprop, fluazifop p butyl, fluthiacet, flumetsulam, flumiclorac pentyl ester, flumioxazin, fluthiacet methyl, fomesafen, imazaquin, imazethapyr, lactofen, metolachlor, s metolachlor, metribuzin, pendimethalin, quizalofop P ethyl, saflufenacil, sulfentrazone, tribenuron methyl, trifluralin

Aim, Assure II, Authority, Authority Assist, Authority First, Authority MTZ, Authority XL, Axiom, Blanket, Boundary, Cadet, Canopy, Canopy EX, Classic, Cloak, Cloak EX, Cobra, Command, Dawn, Domain, Dual MAGNUM, Dual II MAGNUM, FirstRate, Flexstar, Frontier, Fusion, Gangster, Gauntlet, INTRRO, Linex, Lorox, Me-Too-Lachlor, MicroTech, Optill, Outlook, Panther, Phoenix, Prowl, Prowl H2O, Pursuit, Pursuit Plus, Python, Reflex, Resource, Rhythm, Scepter Select, Select MAX, Sencor, Sharpen, Spartan, Treflan, Valor, Valor XLT]

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts per acre per season.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in glyphosate tolerant 2 Yield soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in glyphosate tolerant 2 Yield soybeans from emergence (cracking) through flowering (R2 stage soybeans). R2 stage soybeans end when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the "Annual Weeds Rate Section" of the label for this product for application rates for specific annual weeds. In general apply an initial application of 32 fluid ounces per acre on 2 to 8 inch tall weeds. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be applied up to 2 quarts per acre as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

A 1 to 2 quarts per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds, such as, Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestalk (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions, such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. **IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEAN CROP.** To control giant ragweed, apply 1 quart of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of glyphosate tolerant 2 Yield soybeans. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybeans. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use postemergence (in crop) to glyphosate tolerant 2 yield soybeans:

acetochlor, acifluorfen, bentazon, chlorimuron ethyl, clethodim, cloransulam methyl, fenoxaprop p ethyl, fluazifop p butyl, flumiclorac pentyl ester, fluthiacet methyl, fomesafen, imazamox, imazethapyr, lactofen, pendimethalin, quizalofop P-ethyl, sethoxydim, thifensulfuron-methyl

Arrow, Assure II, Basagran, Cadet, Classic, Cobra, Dawn, Extreme, FirstRate, Flexstar, Fusilade DX, Fusion, Harmony GT XP, Phoenix, Poast, Poast Plus, Pursuit, Pursuit Plus, Raptor, Reflex, Resource, Rhythm, Select, Select MAX, Synchrony XP, Targa, Ultra Blazer, Warrant]

RESTRICTIONS: This combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 2 quarts per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybeans) is 2 quarts per acre.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to glyphosate tolerant 2 Yield soybeans for weed control prior to harvest. Apply up to 1 quart of this product per acre after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of glyphosate tolerant 2 Yield soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

SUGAR BEETS – ROUNDUP READY

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (In-crop).

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with glyphosate tolerant sugar beets.

| Maximum Application Rates | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Combined total per year for all applications | 8 quarts per acre |
| Total of all Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications | 5 quarts per acre |
| Total of all applications made from emergence to 8 leaf stage | 84 fluid ounces per acre |
| Total of all applications made between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure | 2 quarts per acre |

See the "GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in glyphosate tolerant crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of glyphosate tolerant sugar beets.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of sugarbeet. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use preplant at planting and/or preemergence to glyphosate tolerant sugar beets:

ethofumesate

Norton SC]

RESTRICTIONS: Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant at planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts per acre per season.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergent over-the-top of glyphosate tolerant sugar beets for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. Refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section for rate directions for specific weeds.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of glyphosate tolerant sugarbeet. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to sugar beets. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

[Insert active ingredient(s) or brand name of product(s) containing the following active ingredients that at the time of printing are registered for use postemergence (in-crop) to glyphosate tolerant sugar beets:

clethodim, clopyralid, desmedipham, dimethenamid P, ethofumesate, s metolachlor, phenmedipham, quizalofop p ethyl, trisulfuron methyl

Assure II, Betamix, Betanex, Dual MAGNUM, Norton SC, Outlook, Select, Stinger, Upbeet]

RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application rate from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 4.5 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 47 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single applications between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 1 quart per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

AQUATIC SITES AND WETLANDS

This product may be applied to emerged weeds in all bodies of fresh and brackish water which may be flowing, nonflowing or transient. This includes lakes, rivers, streams, ponds, estuaries, rice levees, seeps, irrigation and drainage ditches, ditch banks, canals, reservoirs, agricultural drainage systems, wastewater treatment facilities, wildlife habitat restoration and management areas and similar sites.

This product does not control plants which are completely submerged or have a majority of their foliage under water.

Do not add surfactant for aquatic applications.

- There is no restriction on the use of treated water for irrigation, recreation or domestic purposes.
- Consult local state fish and game agency and water control authorities before applying this product to public water. Permits may be required to treat such water.
- NOTE: Do not apply this product directly to water within 1/2 mile upstream of an active potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within 1/2 mile of an active potable water intake in a standing body of water such as lake, pond or reservoir. To make aquatic applications around and within 1/2 mile of active potable water intakes, the water intake must be turned off for a minimum period of 48 hours after the application. The water intake may be turned on prior to 48 hours if the Glyphosate level in the intake water is below 0.7 parts per million as determined by laboratory analysis. These aquatic applications may be made only in those cases where there are alternative water sources or holding ponds which would permit the turning off of an active potable water intake for a minimum period of 48 hours after the applications. This restriction does not apply to intermittent inadvertent overspray of water in terrestrial use sites.
- For treatments after drawdown of water or in dry ditches, allow 7 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within 1 day after drawdown to ensure application to actively growing weeds.
- Floating mats of vegetation may require retreatment. Avoid wash-off of sprayed foliage by spray boat or recreational boat backwash or by rainfall within 6 hours of application. Do not re-treat within 24 hours following the initial treatment.
- Applications made to moving bodies of water must be made while traveling upstream to prevent concentration of this herbicide in water. When making any bankside applications, do not overlap more than 1 foot into open water. Do not spray in bodies of water where weeds do not exist. The maximum application rate of 10 pints per acre must not be exceeded in any single broadcast application that is being made over water.
- When emerged weed infestations cover the total surface area of an impounded waterbody, apply this product to the emerged vegetation in strips to help avoid oxygen depletion in the water due to decaying vegetation. Oxygen depletion in the water can result in increased fish mortality

This treatment will control or partially control the following weeds:

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Alligatorweed* | Loosestrife, purple | Reed, giant | Waterlettuce |
| <i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i> | <i>Lythrum salicaria</i> | <i>Arundo donax</i> | <i>Pistia stratiotes</i> |
| Cattail | Lotus, American | Spatterdock | Waterprimrose |
| <i>Typha spp.</i> | <i>Nelumbo lutea</i> | <i>Nuphar luteum</i> | <i>Ludwigia spp.</i> |
| Cordgrass | Maidencane | Torpedograss* | |
| <i>Spartina spp.</i> | <i>Panicum hematomon</i> | <i>Panicum repens</i> | |
| Cutgrass, giant* | Paragrass | Tules, common | |
| <i>Zizaniopsis miliacea</i> | <i>Brachiaria mutica</i> | <i>Scirpus acutus</i> | |
| Dock, curly | Phragmites** | Waterhyacinth | |
| <i>Rumex crispus</i> | <i>Phragmites spp.</i> | <i>Eichornia crassipes</i> | |

* Partial control.

** Partial control in southeastern states. See specific recommendations below.

Alligatorweed - Apply 8 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1-1/4 percent solution with hand-held equipment to provide partial control of alligatorweed. Apply when most of the target plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain such control.

Cattail - Apply 6 to 8 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 3/4 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and are at or beyond the early-to-full bloom stage of growth. Best results are achieved when application is made during the summer or fall months.

Cordgrass - Apply 6 to 10 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Schedule applications in order to allow 6 hours before treated plants are covered by tidewater. The presence of debris and silt on the cordgrass plants will reduce performance. It may be necessary to wash targeted plants prior to application to improve uptake of this product into the plant.

Cutgrass, giant - Apply 8 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment to provide partial control of giant cutgrass. Repeat applications will be required to maintain such control, especially where vegetation is partially submerged in water. Allow for substantial regrowth to the 7- to 10-leaf stage prior to retreatment.

Loosestrife, purple - Apply 5-1/3 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1-1/2 percent solution using handheld equipment. Treat when plants are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Best results are achieved when application is made during summer or fall months. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Lotus, American - Apply 5-1/3 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 3/4 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Treat when plants are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Best results are achieved when application is made during summer or fall months. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Repeat treatment may be necessary to control regrowth from underground parts and seeds.

Maidencane/Paragrass - Apply 8 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 3/4 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat treatments will be required, especially to vegetation partially submerged in water. Under these conditions, allow for regrowth to the 7- to 10-leaf stage prior to retreatment.

Phragmites - For partial control of phragmites in Florida and the counties of other states bordering the Gulf of Mexico, apply 10 pints per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 1-1/2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. In other areas of the U.S., apply 5-1/3 to 8 pints per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 3/4 percent solution with hand-held equipment for partial control. For best results, treat during late summer or fall months when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage and uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

Reed, giant - For control of giant reed and ice plant, apply a 1-1/2 percent solution of this product with hand-held equipment when plants are actively growing. For giant reed, best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.

Torpedograss - Apply 8 to 10 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 3/4 to 1-1/2 percent solution with handheld equipment to provide partial control of torpedograss. Use the lower rates under terrestrial conditions, and the higher rates under partially submerged or a floating mat condition. Repeat treatments will be required to maintain such control.

Tules, common - Apply this product as a 1-1/2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing plants at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. After application, visual symptoms will be slow to appear and may not occur for 3 or more weeks.

Waterhyacinth - Apply 5 to 6-2/3 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 3/4 to 1 percent solution with handheld equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and at or beyond the early bloom stage of growth. After application, visual symptoms may require 3 or more weeks to appear with complete necrosis and decomposition usually occurring within 60 to 90 days. Use the higher rates when more rapid visual effects are desired.

Waterlettuce - For control, apply a 3/4 to 1 percent solution using hand-held equipment to actively growing plants. Use higher rates where infestations are heavy. Best results are obtained from mid-summer through winter applications. Spring applications may require retreatment.

Waterprimrose - Apply this product as a 3/4 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Apply to plants that are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage of growth, but before fall color changes occur. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Other perennials listed on this label - Apply 6 to 10 pints of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 3/4 to 1-1/2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply when target plants are actively growing and most have reached early head or early bud stage of growth.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: STORE ABOVE 10°F (-12°C) TO KEEP PRODUCT FROM CRYSTALLIZING. Crystals will settle to the bottom. If allowed to crystallize, place in a warm room 68°F (20°C) for several days to redissolve and shake or roll to mix well before using.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed must be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all label safeguards until container is destroyed.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Note to Reviewer: The following statement will be included on all Final Printed Labels bearing multiple Container Disposal (Container Handling) statements] **“NOTE:** This product is available in multiple containers. Refer to the Net Contents section of this products labeling for the applicable “No refillable” or “Refillable” designation. Follow the container disposal [handling] instructions below that apply to your container type / size.”

[Note to Reviewer: The bracketed section headers will be included when multiple container types / sizes are listed on the label.]

[Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less:] Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

[Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:] Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. If recycling or reconditioning not available, puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

[Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:] Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR ARISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of the directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

(RV032719)

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All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

[Note to Reviewer: If this product is not registered in a state, then associated state verbiage will not be included on the container label.]

APPENDIX List of tank mix products with their respective EPA Registration Number and active ingredient(s).

| | PRODUCT NAME | EPA Reg. No. | ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S) |
|----|-------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 1 | Aatrex 4L | 100-497 | Atrazine |
| 2 | Aim | 279-3241 | Carfentrazone-ethyl |
| 3 | Aim EC | 279-3194 | Carfentrazone-ethyl |
| 4 | Arrow | 66222-60 | Clethodim |
| 5 | Assure II | 352-541 | Quizalofop-P-Ethyl |
| 6 | Authority Assist | 279-3330 | Imazethapyr, Sulfentrazone |
| 7 | Authority First | 279-3246 | Cloransulam-methyl, Sulfentrazone |
| 8 | Authority MTZ | 279-3340 | Sulfentrazone, Metribuzin |
| 9 | Authority XL | 279-3413 | Sulfentrazone, Chlorimuron Ethyl |
| 10 | Axiom | 264-3413 | Metribuzin, Flufenacet |
| 11 | Balance Flexx | 264-1067 | Isoxaflutole |
| 12 | Banvel | 66330-276 | DMA salt of Dicamba |
| 13 | Basagran | 66330-413 | Sodium salt of bentazon |
| 14 | Basis | 352-571 | Rimsulfuron, Thifensulfuron |
| 15 | Basis Gold | 352-585 | Nicosulfuron + Rimsulfuron + Atrazine |
| 16 | Betanex | 264-620 | Desmedipham |
| 17 | Bicep II MAGNUM | 100-817 | Atrazine, S-Metolachlor |
| 18 | Bicep Lite II MAGNUM | 100-827 | Atrazine, S-Metolachlor |
| 19 | Blanket 4F | 82534-5-55467 | Sulfentrazone |
| 20 | Boundary | 100-1162 | Metribuzin, S-Metolachlor |
| 21 | Bullet | 524-418 | Alachlor + Atrazine |
| 22 | Cadet | 279-3338 | Fluthiacet-methyl |
| 23 | Callisto | 100-1131 | Mesotrione |
| 24 | Canopy | 352-444 | Metribuzin, Chlorimuron Ethyl |
| 25 | Canopy EX | 352-635 | Metribuzin, Chlorimuron Ethyl |
| 26 | Caparol | 100-620 | Prometryn |
| 27 | Capreno | 264-1063 | Thiencarbazone-methyl, Tembotrione |
| 28 | Cinch | 352-625 | S-Metolachlor |
| 29 | Cinch ATZ | 352-624 | S-Metolachlor, Atrazine |
| 30 | Clarity | 7969-137 | Dicamba, diglycolamine salt |
| 31 | Clash | 228-165 | Dicamba, diglycolamine salt |
| 32 | Classic | 352-436 | Chlorimuron Ethyl |
| 33 | Cloak | 71368-83 | Metribuzin, Chlorimuron Ethyl |
| 34 | Cloak EX | 71368-84 | Tribenuron Ethyl, Chlorimuron Ethyl |
| 35 | Cobra | 59639-34 | Lactofen |
| 36 | Command 3ME | 279-3158 | Clomazone |
| 37 | Corvus | 264-1066 | Thiencarbazone-methyl, Isoxaflutole |
| 38 | Cotoran | 66222-181 | Fluometuron |
| 39 | Cotton Pro | 66222-15 | Prometryn |
| 40 | Dawn | 279-3568 | Sodium salt of fomesafen |
| 41 | Degree Xtra | 524-511 | Acetochlor, Atrazine |
| 42 | Direx | 66222-54 | Diuron |
| 43 | Distinct | 7969-150 | Diflufenzopyr-sodium, Dicamba, sodium salt |
| 44 | Diuron 4L | 34704-854 | Diuron |
| 45 | Drexel MSMA | 19713-41 | MSMA |

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| 46 | Dual II MAGNUM | 100-818 | S-Metolachlor |
| 47 | Dual MAGNUM | 100-816 | S-Metolachlor |
| 48 | Envoke | 100-1132 | Trifloxysulfuron-sodium |
| 49 | Equip | 83100-57-83979 | Rimsulfuron, Mesotrione |
| 50 | Extreme | 74530-86 | Imazethapyr, Glyphosate |
| 51 | FirstRate | 62719-275 | Cloransulam-methyl |
| 52 | Flexstar | 100-1101 | Sodium salt of fomesafen |
| 53 | Frontier | 7969-144 | Dimethenamid |
| 54 | FulTime | 62719-371 | Atrazine, Acetochlor |
| 55 | Fusilade | 100-1084 | Fluazifop-P-butyl |
| 56 | Fusilade DX | 100-1070 | Fluazifop-P-butyl |
| 57 | Fusion | 100-1059 | Fluazifop-P-butyl, Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl |
| 58 | Gangster | 59639-131 | Cloransulam-methyl, Flumioxazin |
| 59 | GEMINI® Granular | 58185-100 | Prodiamine, Isoxaben |
| 60 | Guardsman MAX | 7969-192 | Atrazine, Dimethenamide |
| 61 | Harmony GT XP | 279-9577 | Thifensulfuron methyl |
| 62 | Harness | 524-473 | Acetochlor |
| 63 | Harness Xtra | 524-480 | Atrazine, Acetochlor |
| 64 | Harness Xtra 5.6L | 524-485 | Atrazine, Acetochlor |
| 65 | Hornet | 62719-253 | Clopyralid, Flumetsulam |
| 66 | Impact | 5481-524 | Topramezone |
| 67 | Karmex | 66222-51 | Diuron |
| 68 | Kerb 50 W | 62719-397 | Pronamide |
| 69 | Keystone | 62719-368 | Atrazine, Acetochlor |
| 70 | Keystone LA | 62719-479 | Atrazine, Acetochlor |
| 71 | Krovar I DF | 432-1551 | Diuron, Bromacil |
| 72 | Lariat | 542-329 | Alachlor + Atrazine |
| 73 | Laudis | 264-860 | Tembotrione |
| 74 | Layby-Pro | 61842-20 | Diuron, Linuron |
| 75 | Leadoff | 352-853 | Rimsulfuron, Thifensulfuron methyl |
| 76 | Linex | 61842-21 | Linuron |
| 77 | Lorox DF | 61842-23 | Linuron |
| 78 | Marksmen | 7969-136 | Atrazine, Dicamba, potassium salt |
| 79 | Me Too Lachlor | 19713-549 | Metolachlor |
| 80 | MICRO-TECH® | 524-344 | Alachlor |
| 81 | Optill | 7969-20 | Imazethapyr, Saflufenacil |
| 82 | Oust XP | 432-1552 | Sulfometuron methyl |
| 83 | Outlook | 7969-156 | Dimethenamide-P |
| 84 | Panther | 71368-102 | Flumioxazin |
| 85 | Phoenix | 59639-118 | Lactofen |
| 86 | Poast | 7969-58 | Sethoxydim |
| 87 | Poast Plus | 7969-88 | Sethoxydim |
| 88 | Preview DF | 70506-349 | Metribuzin , Sulfentrazone |
| 89 | Princep | 100-526 | Simazine |
| 90 | Prowl | 241-337 | Pendimethalin |
| 91 | Prowl H2O | 241-418 | Pendimethalin |

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|-----|----------------------|---------------|---|
| 92 | Pursuit | 241-310 | Ammonium salt of Imazethapyr |
| 93 | Pursuit Plus | 241-331 | Pendimethalin, Imazethapyr |
| 94 | Python WDG | 62719-277 | Flumetsulam |
| 95 | Radius | 264-852 | Isoxaflutole, Flufenacet |
| 96 | Raptor | 241-379 | Imazamox |
| 97 | Reflex | 100-993 | Formesafen |
| 98 | Resolve | 352-748 | Rimsulfuron |
| 99 | Resource | 59369-82 | Flumiclorac |
| 100 | Rhythm | 279-3569 | Fomesafen |
| 101 | Ronstar 50 WSP | 432-893 | Oxadiazon |
| 102 | Rowel | 59639-99 | Flumioxazin |
| 103 | Scepter | 5481-597 | 3-Quinolinecarboxylic acid |
| 104 | Select | 59639-3 | Clethodim |
| 105 | Select MAX | 59639-132 | Clethodim |
| 106 | Sencor | 432-1469 | Metribuzin |
| 107 | Shark | 279-3242 | Carfentrazone-ethyl |
| 108 | Sharpen | 7969-278 | Saflufenacil |
| 109 | Simazine | 9779-296 | Simazine |
| 110 | Spartan | 279-3220 | Sulfentrazone |
| 111 | Spartan 4F | 279-3220 | Sulfentrazone |
| 112 | Stalwart | 60063-63 | Metolachlor, Mesotrione |
| 113 | Stalwart C | 60063-22 | Metolachlor |
| 114 | Stalwart Xtra | 228-690 | Sulfometuron, Metsulfuron |
| 115 | Status | 7969-242 | Diflufenzopyr-sodium, Dicamba, sodium salt |
| 116 | Stinger | 62719-73 | Clopyralid |
| 117 | Surflan AS Specialty | 70506-44 | Oryzalin |
| 118 | Surpass | 62719-367 | Acetochlor |
| 119 | Synchrony XP | 352-648 | Chlorimuron ethyl + Thifensulfuron methyl |
| 120 | Targa | 33906-9-81880 | Quizalofop-P-Ethyl |
| 121 | TopNotch | 62719-369 | Acetochlor |
| 122 | Treflan | 34704-853 | Trifluralin |
| 123 | TripleFLEX | 570-524 | Acetochlor, Clopyralid, Flumetsulam |
| 124 | Ultra Blazer | 70506-60 | Sodium acifluorfen |
| 125 | Upbeet | 279-9584 | Triflurosulfuron methyl |
| 126 | Valor SX | 59639-99 | Flumioxazin |
| 127 | Valor XLT | 59369-117 | Flumioxazin, Chlorimuron Ethyl |
| 128 | Warrant | 524-591 | Acetochlor |
| 129 | WEEDAR 64 | 71368-1 | 2, 4-D, Dimethylamine salt |
| 130 | WEEDONE 638 | 71368-3 | 2,4-D, Butoxyethyl ester; 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic |
| 131 | Zorial Radid 80 | 100-848 | Norflurazon |

[Optional Marketing Claims]

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